

**VIKING GARDEN SERVICES LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**

Viking Garden Services Ltd
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

Contents

	Page
Balance Sheet	1–2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3–5

Viking Garden Services Ltd
Balance Sheet
As at 30 June 2022

Registered number: 10824486

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		22,695		29,542
			22,695		29,542
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	4	8,500		7,500	
Debtors	5	892		16,084	
Cash at bank and in hand		7,979		8,947	
		17,371		32,531	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(39,633)		(41,015)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(22,262)		(8,484)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			433		21,058
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	7		(28,666)		(32,000)
NET LIABILITIES			(28,233)		(10,942)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		1		1
Profit and Loss Account			(28,234)		(10,943)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(28,233)		(10,942)

Viking Garden Services Ltd
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 30 June 2022

For the year ending 30 June 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Michael Rudd

Director

25/11/2022

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Viking Garden Services Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Going Concern Disclosure

The directors have identified material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern, however, the going concern basis remains appropriate.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis even though at the balance sheet date the company had net (liabilities) amounting to (£28,233) 2021: (£10,942) and incurred a net (loss) after tax of (£9,868) 2021: (£9,802)

The directors have concluded that a material uncertainty exists that cast's significant doubt upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern and that, therefore, the company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

However, the shareholders have expressed their willingness to provide financial support for the next 12 months as from the date of approval of the financial statements in order for the company to meet its current liabilities, therefore the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting.

1.3. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	15% on reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	25% on reducing balance

1.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

Viking Garden Services Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 3 5 (2021: 5)

3. Tangible Assets

	Motor Vehicles
	£
Cost	
As at 1 July 2021	49,522
Additions	7,608
Disposals	(12,250)
As at 30 June 2022	<u>44,880</u>
Depreciation	
As at 1 July 2021	19,980
Provided during the period	8,282
Disposals	(6,077)
As at 30 June 2022	<u>22,185</u>
Net Book Value	
As at 30 June 2022	<u>22,695</u>
As at 1 July 2021	<u>29,542</u>

4. Stocks

	2022	2021
	£	£
Stock - materials	8,500	7,500
	<u>8,500</u>	<u>7,500</u>

Viking Garden Services Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

5. Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
CIS Recoverable	(1,290)	16,083
Called up share capital not paid	1	1
	<u>(1,289)</u>	<u>16,084</u>
Due after more than one year		
Amounts owed by associates	2,181	-
	<u>2,181</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>892</u>	<u>16,084</u>

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	240	-
Bank loans and overdrafts	8,000	8,000
Corporation tax	-	1
Other taxes and social security	1,161	1,083
VAT	2,438	3,347
Net wages	2,983	-
Director's loan account	24,811	28,584
	<u>39,633</u>	<u>41,015</u>

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
BB Loan > 1 year less than 5 years	28,666	32,000
	<u>28,666</u>	<u>32,000</u>

8. Share Capital

	2022	2021
Called Up Share Capital not Paid	1	1
Amount of Allotted, Called Up Share Capital	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

9. General Information

Viking Garden Services Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 10824486 . The registered office is 77 Cove Road, Farnborough, GU14 0EY.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.