

Company number 10823869

WRITTEN RESOLUTION

of

NEXTPHARMA UK TOPCO LIMITED (the "Company")

A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

Passed on 31 DECEMBER 2018

Notice is hereby given that, on 31 DECEMBER 2018, the following resolution was passed as a special resolution of the Company:

SPECIAL RESOLUTION:

THAT the draft regulations attached to this resolution be adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing articles of association.

Director
for and on behalf of the Company



Company No. 10623869

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

NEXTPHARMA UK TOPCO LIMITED

(Adopted by special resolution passed on 31 December 2018)

KIRKLAND & ELLIS INTERNATIONAL LLP

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PRELIMINARY

1 Exclusion of Model Articles

The model articles of association contained in Schedule 1 to the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 are excluded and do not apply to the company.

2 Defined terms

In these articles:

“ <u>2006 Act</u> ”	means the Companies Act 2006;
“ <u>A Preference Shares</u> ”	means shares of €1.00 each in the capital of the company having the rights ascribed to A Preference Shares under these articles;
“ <u>A Shares</u> ”	means shares of €0.01 each in the capital of the company having the rights ascribed to A Shares under these articles;
“ <u>articles</u> ”	means the company’s articles of association;
“ <u>Asset Sale</u> ”	means a sale by the company or any other Group Company of all or substantially all of the Group’s business, assets and undertakings to a single buyer or to one or more buyers as part of a single transaction or series of connected transactions (other than as part of a Reorganisation Transaction);
“ <u>B Preference Shares</u> ”	means shares of €1.00 each in the capital of the company having the rights ascribed to B Preference Shares under these articles;
“ <u>B Shares</u> ”	means shares of €0.01 each in the capital of the company having the rights ascribed to B Shares under these articles;
“ <u>Business Day</u> ”	means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or bank or public holiday in London, United Kingdom;
“ <u>C Shares</u> ”	means shares of €0.0001 each in the capital of the company having the rights ascribed to C Shares under these articles;
“ <u>C1 Shares</u> ”	means shares of €0.0001 each in the capital of the company having the rights ascribed to C1 Shares under these articles;

<u>“C2 Shares”</u>	means shares of €0.0001 each in the capital of the company having the rights ascribed to C2 Shares under these articles;
<u>“Companies Acts”</u>	means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the 2006 Act), in so far as they apply to the company;
<u>“conflict of interest”</u>	means a situation in which a director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the company, and which the director has a duty to avoid under section 175 of the 2006 Act;
<u>“director”</u>	means a director of the company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called;
<u>“distribution recipient”</u>	has the meaning given in article 58.2;
<u>“document”</u>	includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form;
<u>“electronic form”</u>	has the meaning given in section 1168 of the 2006 Act;
<u>“Exit”</u>	means a Sale, Asset Sale, IPO or Winding-Up;
<u>“Exit Event”</u>	means completion of an Exit;
<u>“fully paid”</u>	in relation to a share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the company in respect of that share has been paid to the company;
<u>“Group”</u>	means, together, the company and any undertaking which is a subsidiary undertaking of the company from time to time and references to <u>“Group Company”</u> shall be construed accordingly
<u>“hard copy form”</u>	has the meaning given in section 1168 of the 2006 Act;
<u>“holder”</u>	in relation to shares means the person whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares;
<u>“IPO”</u>	means the admission of the whole of any class of the issued share capital of any Group Company (including any New Holding Company) to trading on a regulated market or other recognised investment exchange;
<u>“instrument”</u>	means a document in hard copy form;
<u>“lien enforcement notice”</u>	has the meaning given in article 52.3(b);

<u>“Loan Note Preference Shares”</u>	means shares of €1.00 each in the capital of the company having the rights ascribed to Loan Note Preference Shares under these articles;
<u>“New Holding Company”</u>	means any new holding company of the Group formed for the purposes of facilitating a Reorganisation Transaction, Refinancing or IPO;
<u>“ordinary resolution”</u>	has the meaning given in section 282 of the 2006 Act;
<u>“paid”</u>	means paid or credited as paid;
<u>“person”</u>	includes any individual, firm, company, corporation, government, state or agency of a state or any undertaking (within the meaning of section 1161 of the 2006 Act) or other association (whether or not having separate legal personality);
<u>“proxy notice”</u>	has the meaning given in article 73.1;
<u>“Redemption Date”</u>	has the meaning given in article 42.1;
<u>“Refinancing”</u>	shall have the same meaning as contained in any Relevant Agreement;
<u>“Relevant Agreement”</u>	means any agreement entered into among the company and the holders of a majority of the A Shares, the B Shares, the C Ordinary Shares and the Loan Note Preference Shares on the date of adoption of these articles (as such agreement may be amended, supplemented or replaced from time to time in accordance with the terms of such agreement);
<u>“Reorganisation Transaction”</u>	shall have the same meaning as contained in any Relevant Agreement;
<u>“Sale”</u>	means the sale of any shares to a third party on arm’s length terms as part of a single transaction or a series of related transactions which results in the CapVest Investors and their Investor Associates together ceasing to hold (in aggregate) 50% or more of the A Shares;
<u>“shareholder”</u>	means a person who is the holder of a share;
<u>“shares”</u>	means shares in the company;
<u>“special resolution”</u>	has the meaning given in section 283 of the 2006 Act;
<u>“subsidiary”</u>	has the meaning given in section 1159 of the 2006 Act;

<u>“transmittee”</u>	means a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or otherwise by operation of law;
<u>“Winding-Up”</u>	means a distribution pursuant to a winding up, dissolution or liquidation of the Company or any New Holding Company (including following an Asset Sale); and
<u>“writing”</u>	means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in hard copy form, in electronic form or otherwise, and <u>“written”</u> means in writing.

3 Liability of members

The liability of the members is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them.

4 Name

The name of the company may be changed by written notice to the company given by members together representing not less than 75% of the total voting rights of all members who would be entitled to vote on a special resolution to that effect.

DIRECTORS’ POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

5 Directors’ general authority

- 5.1 Subject to these articles, the directors are responsible for the management of the company’s business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the company.
- 5.2 In particular, the directors may exercise all the powers of the company:
 - (a) to borrow money;
 - (b) to mortgage or charge all or part of the undertaking, property and assets (present or future) and uncalled capital of the company;
 - (c) to issue debentures and other securities, subject to the Companies Acts and the articles; and
 - (d) to give security, either outright or as collateral security, for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or of any third party.
- 5.3 If the company has only one director, the sole director shall have authority to exercise all the powers and discretions expressed by these articles to be vested in the directors generally.

6 Shareholders' reserve power

- 6.1 The shareholders may, by special resolution, direct the directors to take, or refrain from taking, specified action.
- 6.2 No such special resolution invalidates anything which the directors have done before the passing of the resolution.

7 Directors may delegate

- 7.1 Subject to the articles, the directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the articles:
- (a) to such person or committee;
 - (b) by such means (including by power of attorney);
 - (c) to such an extent;
 - (d) in relation to such matters or territories; and
 - (e) on such terms and conditions,
- as they think fit.
- 7.2 If the directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the directors' powers by any person to whom those powers are delegated.
- 7.3 The directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions.
- ## **8 Committees**
- 8.1 Committees to which the directors delegate any of their powers must follow procedures which are based, as far as applicable, on the provisions of these articles governing decision-making by directors.
- 8.2 The directors may make rules of procedure for all or any committees, which shall prevail over rules derived from these articles if they are not consistent with them.

DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS

9 Sole director

If the company has only one director, the sole director may take decisions without regard to the following regulations relating to directors' decision-making.

10 Directors to take decisions collectively

Any decision of the directors must be:

- (a) a majority decision; and

- (b) taken either at a directors' meeting or in the form of a directors' written resolution.

11 Calling a directors' meeting

- 11.1 Any director may call a directors' meeting by giving notice of the meeting to each director or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice.
- 11.2 Notice of any directors' meeting must indicate:
 - (a) the proposed date and time of the meeting;
 - (b) where the meeting is to take place; and
 - (c) if it is anticipated that directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting.
- 11.3 Notice of a directors' meeting may be given to each director by word of mouth (including by telephone) or in writing to an address given by him to the company for that purpose or, if none has been given, to his last known address.
- 11.4 A director may waive his entitlement to notice of any directors' meeting either prospectively or retrospectively. Where notice is so waived, the validity of the meeting, or any business conducted at it, shall not be called into question on the grounds that notice was not given to that director.

12 Participation in directors' meetings

- 12.1 Any director may take part in a directors' meeting by way of any communication equipment that allows each participant:
 - (a) to hear each of the other participants; and
 - (b) to speak to all other participants simultaneously.
- 12.2 A director taking part in this way shall be treated as being present at the meeting and, subject to the articles, will count in the quorum and will be entitled to vote.

13 Quorum for directors' meetings

- 13.1 At a directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal may be voted on except a proposal to call another meeting.
- 13.2 The quorum for directors' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the directors, and unless otherwise fixed it is two.
- 13.3 If, at any time, the total number of directors is less than the quorum, the quorum shall be the total number of directors then in office.

14 Chairman

- 14.1 The directors may appoint a director to be the chairman of directors' meetings.

- 14.2 The directors may terminate the chairman's appointment at any time.
- 14.3 The chairman shall chair every directors' meeting in which he is participating, but if the chairman is not participating in a directors' meeting within ten minutes of the time at which the meeting was to start, the participating directors may appoint one of themselves to chair that meeting.
- 15 Directors' written resolutions**
- 15.1 Any director may propose a directors' written resolution by giving written notice of the proposed resolution to each director or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice.
- 15.2 A resolution passed as a directors' written resolution shall be effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors.
- 15.3 A resolution is passed as a directors' written resolution when a majority of the directors who would be entitled:
- (a) to participate in a directors' meeting to consider such resolution; and
 - (b) to count in the quorum and vote on such resolution at that meeting,
- have signed a copy of such resolution or otherwise approved such resolution in writing, but if a later time for adoption was specified in the notice proposing such resolution, the resolution shall not be treated as passed until the specified time.
- 15.4 A directors' written resolution that is signed or approved by an alternate director need not also be signed or approved by the director who appointed him and vice versa.
- 15.5 A director may waive his entitlement to notice of any directors' written resolution either prospectively or retrospectively. Where notice is so waived, the validity of the directors' written resolution shall not be called into question on the grounds that notice was not given to that director.
- 16 Directors' discretion to make further rules**
- Subject to the preceding regulations, the directors may regulate their decision-making processes as they think fit.
- 17 Record keeping**
- 17.1 The directors must ensure that the company keeps:
- (a) minutes of all proceedings at directors' meetings; and
 - (b) written records of all directors' written resolutions passed,
- for at least ten years from the date of the meeting or the date on which the directors' written resolution was passed, as applicable.

DIRECTORS' CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

18 Directors' interests

- 18.1 A director is to be counted in the quorum and may vote in respect of any proposed decision of the directors relating to:
- (a) a transaction or arrangement with the company in which he is, in any way, directly or indirectly, interested, provided that he has complied with any obligation he may have to declare such interest under the Companies Acts; or
 - (b) a matter in respect of which he has a conflict of interest, if and to the extent that he has obtained authorisation in respect of such matter in accordance with these articles and provided that he is not prevented from doing so by any terms or conditions attached to such authorisation.
- 18.2 The company may by ordinary resolution disapply article 18.1, either generally or in respect of a specific matter or matters.

19 Authorisation of conflicts

- 19.1 A director may seek authorisation in respect of any matter that would otherwise involve a breach by that director of his duty to avoid a conflict of interest.
- 19.2 If and to the extent that authorisation is given, a director's duty to avoid a conflict of interest is not infringed in relation to that matter.
- 19.3 Authorisation may be given:
- (a) by the directors as permitted by section 175 of the 2006 Act, but subject to article 19.4; or
 - (b) by written notice to the company given by members together representing a simple majority of the total voting rights of all members who would be entitled to vote on an ordinary resolution to authorise such conflict of interest as at the date of such notice,
- and may subsequently be revoked in like manner, provided that any revocation shall not affect the legitimacy of anything done by the relevant director prior to such revocation.
- 19.4 If the directors propose to give or revoke authorisation in respect of any matter pursuant to article 19.3(a):
- (a) the directors must notify the members of the company of that proposal, which notice shall:
 - (i) in the case of a proposal to give authorisation, set out the nature and extent of the director's interest in the matter; or
 - (ii) in the case of a proposal to revoke authorisation, set out the reasons for the proposed revocation; and

- (b) the directors may give or revoke authorisation only if:
 - (i) members representing a simple majority of the total voting rights in the company have consented in writing to such authorisation being given or revoked (as applicable); or
 - (ii) within 14 clear days after notice is given pursuant to article 19.4(a), members representing a simple majority of the total voting rights in the company have not notified the company in writing that authorisation should not be given or revoked (as applicable).
- 19.5 Authorisation may, either at the time of authorisation or subsequently, be made subject to such terms and conditions as the directors or the members (as applicable) think fit. In particular, but without limitation, the relevant director may be excluded from any or all of:
- (a) receiving information;
 - (b) participating in discussion;
 - (c) counting in the quorum at directors' meetings; and
 - (d) making decisions,
- in relation to any matter in respect of which he has a conflict of interest.
- 19.6 Subject to the Companies Acts and to any applicable rule of law, the company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax the provisions of this article 19 to any extent, either generally or in respect of a specific matter or matters.
- 20 Confidential information**
- 20.1 Subject to article 20.2, a director shall be under no duty to the company with respect to any information that he obtains or has obtained otherwise than as a director of the company and in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to another person. In particular, the director shall not be in breach of his general duties to the company because he:
- (a) fails to disclose any such information to the directors or to any director or other officer or employee of the company;
 - (b) does not use or apply any such information in performing his duties as a director of the company.
- 20.2 To the extent that a director's relationship with another person to whom he owes a duty of confidentiality gives rise to a conflict of interest, article 20.1 applies only if the existence of that relationship has been authorised in accordance with article 19.
- 20.3 Where the existence of a director's relationship with another person gives rise to a conflict of interest and it has been authorised in accordance with article 19, the director shall not be in breach of his general duties to the company because he:

- (a) absents himself from directors' meetings at which any matter relating to the conflict of interest will or may be discussed or from the discussion of any such matter at a directors' meeting or otherwise; and/or
- (b) makes arrangements not to receive documents and information sent or supplied by the company relating to any matter which gives rise to the conflict of interest,

for so long as he reasonably believes the conflict of interest subsists.

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

21 Methods of appointing directors

- 21.1 Any person who is willing to act as a director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a director:
- (a) by written notice to the company given by members together representing a simple majority of the total voting rights of all members who would be entitled to vote on an ordinary resolution to appoint such person as a director as at the date of such notice; or
 - (b) by a decision of the directors.
- 21.2 In any case where, as a result of death, the company has no shareholders and no directors, the personal representatives of the last shareholder to have died have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a person to be a director.
- 21.3 For the purposes of article 21.2, where two or more shareholders die in circumstances rendering it uncertain who was the last to die, a younger shareholder is deemed to have survived an older shareholder.

22 Termination of director's appointment

- 22.1 A person ceases to be a director as soon as:
- (a) that person ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Acts or is prohibited from being a director by law;
 - (b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person;
 - (c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts;
 - (d) a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the company stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months;

- (e) notification is received by the company from the director that the director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms.
- 22.2 A director may be removed from office by written notice to the company given by members together representing a simple majority of the total voting rights of all members who would be entitled as at the date of such notice to vote on an ordinary resolution to remove such person as a director pursuant to section 168 of the 2006 Act. The director named in the notice shall cease to be a director on the date specified in the notice or, if no date is specified, on the date on which such notice is received by the company.
- 23 Executive directors**
- 23.1 Subject to the Companies Acts, the directors may appoint any director as an executive of the company, and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services to the company outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director.
- 23.2 The terms of any such appointment, agreement or arrangement shall be determined by the directors.
- 23.3 Unless the terms of the appointment provide otherwise, or the directors (excluding the director concerned) decide otherwise, a director's appointment as an executive shall terminate as soon as he ceases to be a director, but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of contract.
- 24 Directors' remuneration**
- 24.1 Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the directors determine:
- (a) for their services to the company as directors; and
 - (b) for any other service which they undertake for the company.
- 24.2 Subject to the articles, a director's remuneration may:
- (a) take any form; and
 - (b) include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that director.
- 24.3 Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors' remuneration accrues from day to day.
- 24.4 Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors are not accountable to the company for any remuneration which they receive as directors or other officers or employees of the company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the company is interested.

25 Directors' expenses

The company may pay any reasonable expenses which the directors properly incur in connection with their attendance at:

- (a) meetings of directors or committees of directors;
- (b) general meetings; or
- (c) separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company,

or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the company.

26 Alternate directors

26.1 Any director (other than an alternate director) may:

- (a) appoint any person who is willing to act as an alternate director; and
- (b) remove any alternate director appointed by him from office,

by notice in writing to the company.

26.2 An alternate director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a director, and shall not be deemed to be the agent of or for the director who appointed him.

26.3 An alternate director shall be entitled to:

- (a) participate in decision-making (but only if the director who appointed him is not participating); and
- (b) perform all other functions,

in the place of the director who has appointed him, provided that an alternate director (in his capacity as such) shall not be entitled to vote or count in the quorum in respect of any decision for which the director who appointed him would not be so entitled.

26.4 The provisions of these articles relating to directors shall apply to an alternate director in the same way as they apply to a director, except that:

- (a) an alternate director shall not be entitled to any remuneration or other benefit from the company for acting as an alternate director;
- (b) in addition to the cases listed in article 22, a person shall cease to be an alternate director as soon as the director who appointed him ceases to be a director.

26.5 An alternate director is liable for his own decisions, acts and omissions, and a director is not responsible for the decisions, acts or omissions of any alternate director appointed by him.

SHARES

27 All shares to be fully paid

- 27.1 No share is to be issued that is not fully paid, or credited as fully paid.
- 27.2 This does not apply to shares taken on the formation of the company by the subscribers to the company's memorandum.

28 Powers to issue different classes of share

Subject to these articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing share, the company may issue shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution.

A SHARES

The rights attaching to the A Shares are set out below.

29 Exit Event, Dividend and Return of capital

- 29.1 On an Exit Event and on a distribution of assets on a liquidation, distribution or other return of capital, the assets of the company available for distribution among the shareholders shall be applied in paying to the holders of A Shares in respect of each A Share in the manner described by and in accordance with the steps set out at the Schedule to these articles.

30 Voting

- 30.1 The holders of A Shares are entitled to receive notice of, attend and speak at general meetings of the company and to vote on resolutions (including written resolutions).
- 30.2 Subject to article 32.1, on a vote on a show of hands at a meeting, each holder of A Shares has one vote, and on a vote on a written resolution or on a poll taken at a meeting, each holder of A Shares has one vote in respect of each A Share held.

B SHARES

The rights attaching to the B Shares are set out below.

31 Exit Event, Dividend and Return of capital

- 31.1 On an Exit Event and on a distribution of assets on a liquidation, distribution or other return of capital, the assets of the company available for distribution among the shareholders shall be applied in paying to the holders of B Shares in respect of each B Share in the manner described by and in accordance with the steps set out at the Schedule to these articles.

32 Voting

- 32.1 The holders of B Shares shall be entitled to receive notice of, attend and speak at general meetings of the company and to vote on resolutions (including written resolutions).
- 32.2 Subject to article 32.1, on a vote on a show of hands at a meeting, each holder of B Shares has one vote, and on a vote on a written resolution or on a poll taken at a meeting, each holder of B Shares has one vote in respect of each B Share held.

C SHARES, C1 SHARES AND C2 SHARES

The rights attaching to the C Shares, C1 Shares and C2 Shares are set out below.

33 Exit Event, Dividend and Return of capital

- 33.1 On an Exit Event and on a distribution of assets on a liquidation, distribution or other return of capital, the assets of the company available for distribution among the shareholders shall be applied in paying to the holders of C Shares, C1 Shares or C2 Shares in respect of each C Share, C1 Share or C2 Share (respectively) in the manner described by and in accordance with the steps set out at the Schedule to these articles.

34 Voting

- 34.1 The holders of C Shares and/or C2 Shares shall not be entitled to receive notice of, attend and speak at general meetings of the company or to vote on any resolutions (including written resolutions).
- 34.2 The holders of C1 Shares shall be entitled to receive notice of, attend and speak at general meetings of the company and to vote on resolutions (including written resolutions).
- 34.3 Subject to article 34.2, on a vote on a show of hands at a meeting, each holder of C1 Shares has one vote, and on a vote on a written resolution or on a poll taken at a meeting, each holder of C1 Shares has 0.0001 votes in respect of each C Share held.

A PREFERENCE SHARES

35 Exit Event, Dividend, Return of capital

- 35.1 On an Exit Event and on a distribution of assets on a liquidation, distribution or other return of capital, the assets of the company available for distribution among the shareholders shall be applied in paying to the holders of A Preference Shares in respect of each A Preference Share in the manner described by and in accordance with the steps set out at the Schedule to these articles.
- 35.2 Without prejudice to article 35.1, the A Preference Shares shall have no entitlement to any accrue any dividends.

36 Redemption

- 36.1 The A Preference Shares are, subject to the 2006 Act, redeemable at the company's option at any time by written notice to the holders of A Preference Shares specifying the number of A Preference Shares to be redeemed and a date on which the redemption is to take place (the "A Redemption Date").
- 36.2 If the company is, at any time, redeeming only some of the A Preference Shares then in issue, the number of A Preference Shares to be redeemed shall (subject to any contrary agreement in writing between the company and all of the holders of A Preference Shares and entered into on or before the A Redemption Date) be apportioned between the holders of A Preference Shares pro rata to the number of A Preference Shares held by them on the relevant A Redemption Date.
- 36.3 On an A Redemption Date, each holder of A Preference Shares to be redeemed shall deliver to the company the certificate(s) for such A Preference Shares for cancellation (or an indemnity in respect of any lost share certificate in a form reasonably satisfactory to the directors), and if a certificate includes any A Preference Shares that are not to be redeemed, the company shall issue a new certificate for the balance.
- 36.4 On delivery of the relevant share certificate (or an indemnity in respect of any lost share certificate) in accordance with article 36.3 (or, in respect of a redemption on an IPO, immediately after the IPO), the company shall pay to the holder (or, in the case of joint holders, to the holder whose name stands first in the register of members) of each redeemed A Preference Share the price for which that A Preference Share was issued (including any premium) (or, if lower, an amount equal to the price for which that A Preference Share was issued (including any premium) less the amount of any returns already paid in respect of such A Preference Share in accordance with article 35.1), which, to the extent that the company has funds that may lawfully be applied in redeeming the A Preference Shares, shall become a debt due from and immediately payable by the company and the company shall not be entitled to opt to redeem any A Preference Shares prior to an Exit Event unless the company has funds (equal to the full amount payable on redemption of those A Preference Shares) that may lawfully be applied on the relevant A Redemption Date in redeeming the relevant A Preference Shares and such funds are available to be paid on the A Redemption Date.

37 Voting

- 37.1 The holders of A Preference Shares shall not be entitled to receive notice of, attend and speak at general meetings of the company or to vote on any resolutions (including written resolutions).

B PREFERENCE SHARES

38 Exit Event, Dividend, Return of capital

- 38.1 On an Exit Event and on a distribution of assets on a liquidation, distribution or other return of capital, the assets of the company available for distribution among the shareholders shall be applied in paying to the holders of B Preference Shares in

respect of each B Preference Share in the manner described by and in accordance with the steps set out at the Schedule to these articles.

- 38.2 Without prejudice to article 38.1, the B Preference Shares shall have no entitlement to any accrue any dividends.

39 Redemption

- 39.1 The B Preference Shares are, subject to the 2006 Act, redeemable at the company's option at any time by written notice to the holders of B Preference Shares specifying the number of B Preference Shares to be redeemed and a date on which the redemption is to take place (the "B Redemption Date").
- 39.2 If the company is, at any time, redeeming only some of the B Preference Shares then in issue, the number of B Preference Shares to be redeemed shall (subject to any contrary agreement in writing between the company and all of the holders of B Preference Shares and entered into on or before the B Redemption Date) be apportioned between the holders of B Preference Shares pro rata to the number of B Preference Shares held by them on the relevant B Redemption Date.
- 39.3 On a Redemption Date, each holder of B Preference Shares to be redeemed shall deliver to the company the certificate(s) for such B Preference Shares for cancellation (or an indemnity in respect of any lost share certificate in a form reasonably satisfactory to the directors), and if a certificate includes any B Preference Shares that are not to be redeemed, the company shall issue a new certificate for the balance.
- 39.4 On delivery of the relevant share certificate (or an indemnity in respect of any lost share certificate) in accordance with article 39.3 (or, in respect of a redemption on an IPO, immediately after the IPO), the company shall pay to the holder (or, in the case of joint holders, to the holder whose name stands first in the register of members) of each redeemed B Preference Share the price for which that B Preference Share was issued (including any premium) (or, if lower, an amount equal to the price for which that B Preference Share was issued (including any premium) less the amount of any returns already paid in respect of such B Preference Share in accordance with article 38.1), which, to the extent that the company has funds that may lawfully be applied in redeeming the B Preference Shares, shall become a debt due from and immediately payable by the company and the company shall not be entitled to opt to redeem any B Preference Shares prior to an Exit Event unless the company has funds (equal to the full amount payable on redemption of those B Preference Shares) that may lawfully be applied on the relevant B Redemption Date in redeeming the relevant B Preference Shares and such funds are available to be paid on the B Redemption Date.

40 Voting

- 40.1 The holders of Loan Note Preference Shares shall not be entitled to receive notice of, attend and speak at general meetings of the company or to vote on any resolutions (including written resolutions).

LOAN NOTE PREFERENCE SHARES

41 Exit Event, Dividend, Return of capital

- 41.1 On an Exit Event and on a distribution of assets on a liquidation, distribution or other return of capital, the assets of the company available for distribution among the shareholders shall be applied in paying to the holders of Loan Note Preference Shares in respect of each Loan Note Preference Share in the manner described by and in accordance with the steps set out at the Schedule to these articles.
- 41.2 Without prejudice to article 41.1, the Loan Note Preference Shares shall have an entitlement to accrue a compounding dividend at a rate of 8% per annum (calculated on the basis of a 360 day year), such compounding to take place at the end of each year from the date on which the relevant Loan Note Preference Share is issued, and such dividend to be paid (by way of a redemption (pursuant to article 42 below) or otherwise) on an Exit Event or the completion of a re-financing of the Debt Financing (as defined in the Schedule to these articles).

42 Redemption

- 42.1 The Loan Note Preference Shares are, subject to the 2006 Act, redeemable at the company's option at any time by written notice to the holders of Loan Note Preference Shares specifying the number of Loan Note Preference Shares to be redeemed and a date on which the redemption is to take place (the "Redemption Date").
- 42.2 If the company is, at any time, redeeming only some of the Loan Note Preference Shares then in issue, the number of Loan Note Preference Shares to be redeemed shall (subject to any contrary agreement in writing between the company and all of the holders of Loan Note Preference Shares and entered into on or before the Redemption Date) be apportioned between the holders of Loan Note Preference Shares pro rata to the number of Loan Note Preference Shares held by them on the relevant Redemption Date.
- 42.3 On a Redemption Date, each holder of Loan Note Preference Shares to be redeemed shall deliver to the company the certificate(s) for such Loan Note Preference Shares for cancellation (or an indemnity in respect of any lost share certificate in a form reasonably satisfactory to the directors), and if a certificate includes any Loan Note Preference Shares that are not to be redeemed, the company shall issue a new certificate for the balance.
- 42.4 On delivery of the relevant share certificate (or an indemnity in respect of any lost share certificate) in accordance with article 42.3 (or, in respect of a redemption on an IPO, immediately after the IPO), the company shall pay to the holder (or, in the case of joint holders, to the holder whose name stands first in the register of members) of each redeemed Loan Note Preference Share the price for which that Loan Note Preference Share was issued (including any premium) (or, if lower, an amount equal to the price for which that Loan Note Preference Share was issued (including any premium) less the amount of any returns already paid in respect of such Loan Note Preference Share in accordance with article 41.1), which, to the extent that the company has funds that may lawfully be applied in redeeming the Loan Note Preference Shares, shall become a debt due from and immediately payable by the company and the company shall not be entitled to opt to redeem any

Loan Note Preference Shares prior to an Exit Event unless the company has funds (equal to the full amount payable on redemption of those Loan Note Preference Shares) that may lawfully be applied on the relevant Redemption Date in redeeming the relevant Loan Note Preference Shares and such funds are available to be paid on the Redemption Date.

43 Voting

- 43.1 The holders of Loan Note Preference Shares shall not be entitled to receive notice of, attend and speak at general meetings of the company or to vote on any resolutions (including written resolutions).

GENERAL

44 Redeemable shares

- 44.1 The company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the holder, and the directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares.

45 Share warrants

- 45.1 The company may issue, with respect to any fully paid share, a warrant stating that the bearer of the warrant is entitled to the shares specified in it.
- 45.2 A share warrant shall be issued in such form and on such conditions as the directors may decide, and the directors may make provision for the payment of future dividends (by coupons or otherwise) on the shares included in the warrant.

46 Payment of commissions on subscription for shares

- 46.1 The company may pay commissions in accordance with section 553 of the 2006 Act.

47 Allotment of shares

- 47.1 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 550 of the 2006 Act, the Directors may:
- (a) allot shares in the company; and/or
 - (b) grant rights to subscribe for, or convert any security into, shares in the company,
- only if and to the extent that they are authorised to do so by resolution of the company in accordance with section 551 of the 2006 Act.

48 Exclusion of pre-emption rights

- 48.1 Sections 561 and 562 of the 2006 Act are excluded.

49 Company not bound by less than absolute interests

- 49.1 Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or the articles, the

company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it.

50 Share certificates

50.1 The company must issue each shareholder, free of charge, with one or more certificates in respect of the shares held by that shareholder.

50.2 Every certificate must specify:

- (a) the number and class of shares in respect of which it is issued;
- (b) the nominal value of those shares;
- (c) that the shares are fully paid; and
- (d) any distinguishing numbers assigned to those shares.

50.3 No certificate may be issued in respect of shares of more than one class.

50.4 If more than one person holds a share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of that share.

50.5 A share certificate must be executed by the company in accordance with the Companies Acts.

51 Replacement share certificates

51.1 If a share certificate is:

- (a) damaged or defaced; or
- (b) said to be lost, stolen or destroyed,

the shareholder is entitled to be issued with a replacement certificate in respect of the same shares.

51.2 A shareholder exercising the right to be issued with such a replacement certificate:

- (a) may at the same time exercise the right to be issued with a single certificate or separate certificates;
- (b) if the certificate is damaged or defaced, must return the certificate which is to be replaced to the company; and
- (c) must comply with such conditions as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee as the directors decide.

52 Lien

52.1 The company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share registered (whether solely or jointly with others) in the name of any member who is indebted

or under liability to the company for all moneys due to the company by him or his estate:

- (a) whether solely or jointly with any other person (whether that other person is a member or not);
- (b) whether such moneys are presently payable or not; and
- (c) whether such moneys are in respect of the shares in question or not.

52.2 The company's lien on any share shall extend to all distributions or other moneys and assets attributable to it.

52.3 The company may sell, in such manner as the directors determine, any shares on which the company has a lien, if:

- (a) a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable;
- (b) notice has been given to the holder of the shares or to any transmittee demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold (a "lien enforcement notice"); and
- (c) the sum is not paid within 14 clear days after such notice is given.

52.4 To give effect to a sale, the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser in respect of the shares sold. The title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale. The transferee shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in the transfer (whether the share certificate has been produced or not) and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase consideration.

52.5 The net proceeds of the sale shall be applied:

- (a) in payment of any costs associated with the sale; then
- (b) in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable,

and, upon surrender of the certificate for the shares sold to the company for cancellation, and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, the remainder (if any) shall be paid to the person entitled to the shares immediately prior to the sale.

52.6 Any lien on shares which the company has shall not apply in respect of any shares that have been charged by way of security to a bank, financial institution or other person or a subsidiary of a bank, financial institution or other person or that are transferred in accordance with article 53.6.

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

53 Share transfers

- 53.1 Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the directors, which is executed by or on behalf of the transferor.
- 53.2 No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share.
- 53.3 The company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered.
- 53.4 The transferor remains the holder of a share until the transferee's name is entered in the register of members as holder of it.
- 53.5 The directors may, in their absolute discretion, refuse to register the transfer of a share, and if they do so, the instrument of transfer must be returned to the transferee with the notice of refusal unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent.
- 53.6 Notwithstanding article 53.5 or any other provision of these articles, any pre-emption rights conferred on existing members by these articles or otherwise and any other restrictions on transfer of shares contained in these articles or otherwise shall not apply to, and the directors shall not decline to register, any transfer of shares where such transfer is:
- (a) in favour of any bank, financial institution or other person (or any nominee or nominees of such a bank, financial institution or other person) to whom such shares are being transferred by way of security (whether such bank, financial institution or other person is acting as agent, trustee or otherwise); or
 - (b) duly executed by any such bank, financial institution or other person (or any such nominee or nominees) to whom such shares (including any further shares in the company acquired by reason of its holding of such shares) are to be transferred as aforesaid pursuant to a power of sale under any security document which creates any security interest over such shares; or
 - (c) duly executed by a receiver appointed by a bank, financial institution or other person (or any such nominee or nominees) pursuant to any security document which creates any security interest over such shares.

54 Transmission of shares

- 54.1 If title to a share passes to a transmittee, the company may recognise only the transmittee as having any title to that share.

54.2 A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the directors may properly require:

- (a) may, subject to the articles, choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person; and
- (b) subject to the articles, and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had.

54.3 However, transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of shares to which they are entitled by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those shares.

55 Exercise of transmittees' rights

55.1 Transmittees who wish to become the holders of shares to which they have become entitled must notify the company in writing of that wish.

55.2 If the transmittee wishes to have a share transferred to another person, the transmittee must execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it.

55.3 Any transfer made or executed under this article 55 is to be treated as if it were made or executed by the person from whom the transmittee has derived rights in respect of the share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred.

56 Transmittees bound by prior notices

If any notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares to which a transmittee is entitled, before the transmittee's name has been entered in the register of members, the transmittee is bound by that notice.

DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS

57 Procedure for declaring dividends

57.1 The company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the directors may decide to pay interim dividends.

57.2 A dividend must not be declared unless the directors have made a recommendation as to its amount. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the directors.

57.3 No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with shareholders' respective rights.

57.4 Unless the shareholders' resolution to declare or directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each shareholder's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it.

57.5 If the company's share capital is divided into different classes, no interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear.

57.6 The directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment.

57.7 If the directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights.

58 Payment of dividends and other distributions

58.1 Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means:

- (a) transfer to a bank or building society account specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide;
- (b) sending a cheque made payable to the distribution recipient by post to the distribution recipient at the distribution recipient's registered address (if the distribution recipient is a holder of the share), or (in any other case) to an address specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide;
- (c) sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such address as the distribution recipient has specified either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide; or
- (d) any other means of payment as the directors agree with the distribution recipient either in writing or by such other means as the directors decide.

58.2 In the articles, "the distribution recipient" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable:

- (a) the holder of the share; or
- (b) if the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members; or
- (c) if the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee.

59 Deductions from distributions in respect of sums owed to the company

59.1 If:

- (a) a share is subject to the company's lien; and
- (b) the directors are entitled to issue a lien enforcement notice in respect of it,

they may, instead of issuing a lien enforcement notice, deduct from any dividend or other sum payable in respect of the share a sum of money up to but not exceeding such part of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable.

59.2 Money so deducted must be applied towards payment of the sum for which the lien exists.

59.3 The company must notify the distribution recipient in writing of:

- (a) the fact and amount of any such deduction;
- (b) any non-payment of a dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share resulting from any such deduction; and
- (c) how the money deducted has been applied.

60 No interest on distributions

60.1 The company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by:

- (a) the terms on which the share was issued; or
- (b) the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the company.

61 Unclaimed distributions

61.1 All dividends or other sums which are:

- (a) payable in respect of shares; and
- (b) unclaimed after having been declared or become payable,

may be invested or otherwise made use of by the directors for the benefit of the company until claimed.

61.2 The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the company a trustee in respect of it.

61.3 If:

- (a) twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment; and
- (b) the distribution recipient has not claimed it,

the distribution recipient is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the company.

62 Non-cash distributions

- 62.1 Subject to the terms of issue of the share in question, the company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the directors, decide to pay all or part of a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by transferring non-cash assets of equivalent value (including, without limitation, shares or other securities in any company) provided always that where any part of a dividend is satisfied by transferring non-cash assets each class of shareholder receiving the dividend shall receive the same proportion of it in non-cash assets.
- 62.2 For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the directors may make whatever arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution:
- (a) *fixing the value of any assets;*
 - (b) *paying cash to any distribution recipient on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients; and*
 - (c) *vesting any assets in trustees.*

63 Waiver of distributions

- 63.1 Distribution recipients may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by giving the company notice in writing to that effect, but if:
- (a) *the share has more than one holder; or*
 - (b) *more than one person is entitled to the share, whether by reason of the death or bankruptcy of one or more joint holders, or otherwise,*
- the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to the share.*

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

64 Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums

- 64.1 Subject to the articles, the directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary resolution:
- (a) *decide to capitalise:*
 - (i) *any profits of the company (whether or not they are available for distribution) that are not required for paying a preferential dividend; or*
 - (ii) *any sum standing to the credit of the company's share premium account, capital redemption reserve or other non-distributable reserve; or*

- (iii) any other amount permitted by law to be so capitalised; and
 - (b) appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a “capitalised sum”) to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (the “persons entitled”) and in the same proportions.
- 64.2 Capitalised sums must be applied:
- (a) on behalf of the persons entitled; and
 - (b) in the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them.
- 64.3 Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new shares of a nominal amount equal to the capitalised sum which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct.
- 64.4 A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in paying up new debentures of the company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct.
- 64.5 Subject to the articles the directors may:
- (a) apply capitalised sums in accordance with articles 64.3 and 64.4 partly in one way and partly in another;
 - (b) make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this article 64 (including the issuing of fractional certificates or the making of cash payments); and
 - (c) authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the company on behalf of all the persons entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of shares and debentures to them under this article 64.

GENERAL MEETINGS

65 Attendance and speaking at general meetings

- 65.1 A person is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting.
- 65.2 A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when:
- (a) that person is able to vote, during the meeting, on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting; and
 - (b) that person’s vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting.

65.3 The directors may make whatever arrangements they consider appropriate to enable those attending a general meeting to exercise their rights to speak or vote at it.

65.4 In determining attendance at a general meeting, it is immaterial whether any two or more members attending it are in the same place as each other.

65.5 Two or more persons who are not in the same place as each other attend a general meeting if their circumstances are such that, if they have (or were to have) rights to speak and vote at that meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them.

66 Quorum for general meetings

66.1 No business other than the appointment of the chairman of the meeting is to be transacted at a general meeting if the persons attending it do not constitute a quorum.

67 Chairing general meetings

67.1 If the directors have appointed a chairman, the chairman shall chair general meetings if present and willing to do so.

67.2 If the directors have not appointed a chairman, or if the chairman is unwilling to chair the meeting or is not present within ten minutes of the time at which a meeting was due to start:

(a) the directors present; or

(b) if no directors are present, shareholders representing a simple majority of the total voting rights of the shareholders attending the meeting,

must appoint a director or shareholder to chair the meeting, and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.

67.3 The person chairing a meeting in accordance with this article 67 is referred to in these articles as “the chairman of the meeting”.

68 Attendance and speaking by directors and non-shareholders

68.1 Directors may attend and speak at general meetings, whether or not they are shareholders.

68.2 The chairman of the meeting may permit other persons who are not:

(a) shareholders of the company; or

(b) otherwise entitled to exercise the rights of shareholders in relation to general meetings,

to attend and speak at a general meeting.

69 Adjournment

- 69.1 If the persons attending a general meeting within half an hour of the time at which the meeting was due to start do not constitute a quorum, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present:
- (a) if the meeting was called pursuant to a requisition of the members, the meeting shall be dissolved; otherwise
 - (b) the chairman of the meeting must adjourn it.
- 69.2 The chairman of the meeting may adjourn a general meeting at which a quorum is present if:
- (a) the meeting consents to an adjournment; or
 - (b) it appears to the chairman of the meeting that an adjournment is necessary to protect the safety of any person attending the meeting or ensure that the business of the meeting is conducted in an orderly manner.
- 69.3 The chairman of the meeting must adjourn a general meeting if directed to do so by the meeting.
- 69.4 When adjourning a general meeting, the chairman of the meeting must:
- (a) either specify the time and place to which it is adjourned or state that it is to continue at a time and place to be fixed by the directors; and
 - (b) have regard to any directions as to the time and place of any adjournment which have been given by the meeting.
- 69.5 If the continuation of an adjourned meeting is to take place more than 14 days after it was adjourned, the company must give at least 7 clear days' notice of it (that is, excluding the day of the adjourned meeting and the day on which the notice is given):
- (a) to the same persons to whom notice of the company's general meetings is required to be given; and
 - (b) containing the same information which such notice is required to contain.
- 69.6 No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place.

70 Voting

- 70.1 A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded in accordance with the articles.

71 Errors and disputes

- 71.1 No objection may be raised to the qualification of any person voting at a general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting is valid.
- 71.2 Any such objection must be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision is final.

72 Poll votes

- 72.1 A poll on a resolution may be demanded:
- (a) in advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote; or
 - (b) at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared.
- 72.2 A poll may be demanded by:
- (a) the chairman of the meeting;
 - (b) the directors;
 - (c) two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution; or
 - (d) a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having the right to vote on the resolution.
- 72.3 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if:
- (a) the poll has not yet been taken; and
 - (b) the chairman of the meeting consents to the withdrawal.
- 72.4 Polls must be taken immediately and in such manner as the chairman of the meeting directs.

73 Content of proxy notices

- 73.1 Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (a “proxy notice”) which:
- (a) states the name and address of the shareholder appointing the proxy;
 - (b) identifies the person appointed to be that shareholder’s proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed;
 - (c) is signed by or on behalf of the shareholder appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the directors may determine; and

- (d) is delivered to the company in accordance with the articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate.

73.2 The company may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes.

73.3 Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions.

73.4 Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as:

- (a) allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting; and
- (b) appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself.

74 Delivery of proxy notices

74.1 A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the company by or on behalf of that person.

74.2 An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the company a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given.

74.3 A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates.

74.4 If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf.

75 Amendments to resolutions

75.1 An ordinary resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if:

- (a) notice of the proposed amendment is given to the company in writing by a person entitled to vote at the general meeting at which it is to be proposed not less than 48 hours before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the chairman of the meeting may determine); and
- (b) the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the chairman of the meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution.

- 75.2 A special resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if:
- (a) the chairman of the meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed; and
 - (b) the amendment does not go beyond what is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution.
- 75.3 If the chairman of the meeting, acting in good faith, wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the chairman's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

76 Means of communication to be used

- 76.1 Subject to the articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the company under the articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the 2006 Act provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the company.
- 76.2 Subject to the articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a director in connection with the taking of decisions by directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being.
- 76.3 Section 1147 of the 2006 Act shall apply in respect of anything sent or supplied by or to the company under the articles, provided that:
- (a) where a document or information is sent or supplied by the company by electronic means, and the company is able to show that it was properly addressed, it is deemed to have been received by the intended recipient at the time of transmission; and
 - (b) where a document or information is sent by airmail to an address outside the United Kingdom, and the company is able to show that it was properly addressed, prepaid and posted, it is deemed to have been received by the intended recipient at 9.30 am in the place of receipt on the fifth clear day after it was posted.
- 76.4 A director may agree with the company that notices or documents sent to that director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within a specified time of their being sent, and for the specified time to be less than 48 hours.

77 Company seal

- 77.1 The company shall not have a company seal.

78 No right to inspect accounts and other records

- 78.1 Except as provided by law or authorised by the directors or an ordinary resolution of the company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a shareholder.

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

79 Indemnity

- 79.1 Subject to article 79.2, a relevant director of the company or an associated company shall be indemnified out of the company's assets against:

- (a) any liability incurred by that director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the company or an associated company;
- (b) any liability incurred by that director in connection with the activities of the company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the 2006 Act); and
- (c) any other liability incurred by that director as an officer of the company or an associated company.

- 79.2 This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law.

- 79.3 In this article:

- (a) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate; and
- (b) a "relevant director" means any director, alternate director or former director or alternate director of the company or an associated company.

80 Insurance

- 80.1 The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the company, for the benefit of any relevant director in respect of any relevant loss.

- 80.2 In this article:

- (a) a "relevant director" means any director, alternate director or former director or alternate director of the company or an associated company;
- (b) a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant director in connection with that director's duties or powers in relation to the company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the company or associated company; and companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are

SCHEDULE

Distribution of Exit Proceeds and Ranking of Shares

1. Generally

Subject to an Exit Event occurring (or other return of capital in accordance with articles 29.1, 31.1, 33.1, 35.1, 38.1 and 41.1), any and all Exit Proceeds shall be distributed or be payable:

- 1.1 first, to the holders of the Loan Note Preference Shares in accordance with any redemption of Loan Note Preference Shares which the company elects to undertake in connection with such distribution or payment pursuant to the articles, provided always that on the occurrence of an Exit Event all of the Loan Note Preference Shares shall be redeemed (to the extent that the company is lawfully able to effect such redemption on the date of completion of the Exit Event);
- 1.2 second, to the holders of A Preference Shares and B Preference Shares in accordance with any redemption of A Preference Shares and B Preference Shares (respectively) which the company elects to undertake in connection with such distribution or payment pursuant to the articles, provided always that on the occurrence of an Exit Event all of the A Preference Shares and the B Preference Shares shall be redeemed (to the extent that the company is lawfully able to effect such redemption on the date of completion of the Exit Event);
- 1.3 third, to the holders of A Shares and B Shares *pro rata* to their holding of A Shares and B Shares (as if A Shares and B Shares were one class) until the holders of A Shares have received an amount equal to the subscription price paid in respect of such A Shares on their issue;
- 1.4 fourth, any remaining Exit Proceeds (following distributions or payments made pursuant to paragraphs 1.1 to 1.3 above) to the holders of A Shares and B Shares (as if A Shares and B Shares were one class) until the 1st Hurdle has been reached;
- 1.5 fifth, once the 1st Hurdle has been reached, any remaining Exit Proceeds (following distributions or payments made pursuant to paragraphs 1.1 to 1.4 above) (the “First Catchup Proceeds”) to the holders of C Shares and C1 Shares until such holders of C Shares and C1 Shares receive an aggregate amount equal to the 1st Catchup Percentage of the aggregate of: (a) the Exit Proceeds distributed or paid under paragraph 1.4 in respect of the Day 1 Institutional Shares only; (b) accrued interest in respect of the Shareholder Loan and the Loan Note Preference Shares; and (c) the First Catchup Proceeds;
- 1.6 sixth, any remaining Exit Proceeds, until the 2nd Hurdle has been reached, (following distributions or payments made pursuant to paragraphs 1.1 to 1.5 above) (the “Additional First Catchup Proceeds”) to the holders of A Shares and B Shares (as if A Shares and B Shares were one class) and an amount to the holders of C Shares and C1 Shares equal to the 1st Catchup Percentage of the aggregate of: (a) the Additional First Catchup Proceeds distributed or paid in respect of the Day 1 Institutional Shares only; and (b) the Additional First Catchup Proceeds distributed or paid to the holders of C Shares and C1 Shares (holders of C Shares and/or C1 Shares shall receive no

- more than an aggregate amount equal to the 1st Catchup Percentage of the aggregate of Exit Proceeds distributable in accordance with paragraphs 1.4 to 1.6 in each case only in respect of the Day 1 Institutional Shares, the C Shares, the C1 Shares and accrued interest in respect of the Shareholder Loan and the Loan Note Preference Shares);
- 1.7 seventh, once the 2nd Hurdle has been reached, any remaining Exit Proceeds (following distributions or payments made pursuant to paragraphs 1.1 to 1.6 above) (the “Second Catchup Proceeds”) to the holders of C Shares, C1 Shares and C2 Shares until such holders of C Shares, C1 Shares and C2 Shares receive an aggregate amount equal to the 2nd Catchup Percentage of the aggregate of: (a) the Exit Proceeds distributed or paid under paragraphs 1.4 to 1.6 above in respect of the Day 1 Institutional Shares only; (b) accrued interest in respect of the Shareholder Loan and the Loan Note Preference Shares; and (c) the Second Catchup Proceeds;
- 1.8 eighth, any remaining Exit Proceeds, until the 3rd Hurdle has been reached, (following distributions or payments made pursuant to paragraphs 1.1 to 1.7 above) (the “Additional Second Catchup Proceeds”) to the holders of A Shares and B Shares (as if A Shares and B Shares were one class) and an amount to the holders of C Shares, C1 Shares and C2 Shares equal to the 2nd Catchup Percentage of the aggregate of: (a) the Additional Second Catchup Proceeds distributed or paid in respect of the Day 1 Institutional Shares only; and (b) the Additional Second Catchup Proceeds distributed or paid to the holders of C Shares, C1 Shares and C2 Shares (holders of C Shares, C1 Shares and/or C2 Shares shall receive no more than an aggregate amount equal to the 2nd Catchup Percentage of the aggregate of Exit Proceeds distributable in accordance with paragraphs 1.4 to 1.8 in each case only in respect of the Day 1 Institutional Shares, the C Shares, the C1 Shares, the C2 Shares and accrued interest in respect of the Shareholder Loan and the Loan Note Preference Shares);
- 1.9 ninth, once the 3rd Hurdle has been reached, any remaining Exit Proceeds (following distributions or payments made pursuant to paragraphs 1.1 to 1.8 above) (the “Third Catchup Proceeds”) to the holders of C Shares, C1 Shares and C2 Shares until such holders of C Shares, C1 Shares and C2 Shares receive an amount equal to the 3rd Catchup Percentage of the aggregate of: (a) the Exit Proceeds distributed or paid under paragraphs 1.4 to 1.8 above in respect of the Day 1 Institutional Shares only; (b) accrued interest in respect of the Shareholder Loan and the Loan Note Preference Shares; and (c) the Third Catchup Proceeds; and
- 1.10 tenth, any remaining Exit Proceeds (following distributions or payments made pursuant to paragraphs 1.1 to 1.9 above) (the “Additional Third Catchup Proceeds”) to the holders of A Shares and B Shares (as if A Shares and B Shares were one class) and an amount to the holders of C Shares, C1 Shares and C2 Shares equal to the 3rd Catchup Percentage of the aggregate of: (a) the Additional Third Catchup Proceeds distributed or paid in respect of the Day 1 Institutional Shares only; and (b) the Additional Third Catchup Proceeds distributed or paid to the holders of C Shares, C1 Shares and C2 Shares (holders of C Shares, C1 Shares and/or C2 Shares shall receive no more than an aggregate amount equal to the 3rd Catchup Percentage of the aggregate of Exit Proceeds distributable in accordance with paragraphs 1.4 to 1.10 in each case only in respect of the Day 1 Institutional Shares, the C Shares, the C1

Shares, the C2 Shares and accrued interest in respect of the Shareholder Loan and the Loan Note Preference Shares),

provided always that, (i) any share with a nominal value which is not fully paid up at the date an Exit Event occurs shall only be entitled to participate in the distribution of Exit Proceeds in a proportion equal to the proportion of nominal value paid up on such share; (ii) subject to any maximum amount payable pursuant to the terms of issue of a First Ranking Leaver Consideration Security, for the purposes of this Schedule, B Shares shall include a reference to First Ranking Leaver Consideration Securities; and (iii) subject to any maximum amount payable pursuant to the terms of issue of a Second Ranking Leaver Consideration Security, for the purposes of this Schedule, C Shares, C1 Shares and C2 Shares shall include a reference to Second Ranking Leaver Consideration Securities.

2. Disputes

- 2.1 If any dispute arises between the shareholders in respect of the amounts payable pursuant to this Schedule and the matter has not been resolved by the relevant shareholders acting in good faith within ten Business Days of any shareholder notifying the other shareholders in writing of the matters in dispute (the “Agreement Period”) then the CapVest Investors and the Managers’ Representative shall use their reasonable endeavours within two Business Days of the expiry of the Agreement Period to agree the identity of an independent expert from one of the ‘Big 4’ international accountancy firms for determination. If the Managers’ Representative and the CapVest Investors fail to agree on the identity of the independent expert within such time, then either the CapVest Investors or the Managers’ Representative shall apply to the President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales who shall appoint a suitable qualified and experienced valuation expert from a firm of independent accountants of international repute (the person appointed by either the Managers’ Representative and the CapVest Investors or nominated by the President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England and Wales being the “Independent Expert”).
- 2.2 Each of the shareholders acknowledge and agree that:
- (a) the costs and expenses of the Independent Expert will be borne by the company and will be included as ‘Exit Costs’ for the purpose of this Schedule and the Independent Expert’s valuation;
 - (b) the company (and if required by the Independent Expert any of the other shareholders) will sign an engagement letter from the Independent Expert in a form agreed between the Independent Expert and the company; and
 - (c) if any dispute arises in relation to this Schedule, which cannot be agreed or determined within a reasonable period of time prior to an Exit Event then that shall entitle the shareholders shall procure that all Exit Proceeds received on or after an Exit Event shall be paid into an interest bearing joint solicitors’ bank account in the name of the shareholders (the “Escrow Account”) pending agreement or determination of the dispute in accordance with this Schedule and no shareholder shall be entitled to injunctive relief, relief from forfeiture or any other remedies which would prejudice an Exit Event occurring. Any

interest accruing on the Exit Proceeds whilst in the Escrow Account shall be paid to the shareholders in proportion to the principal amounts of Exit Proceeds finally payable to them.

3. Excess Receipts

- 3.1 Subject to paragraph 3.2, if a holder of any shares (a "Recovering Holder") receives any amount of any Exit Proceeds where any such amount is in excess of the amount the Recovering Holder would have been entitled to receive in respect of its holding of shares had such amounts been distributed, redeemed or paid in accordance with paragraph 1 of this Schedule (the "Excess Receipts") then the Recovering Holder shall, within three Business Days of demand by any shareholder who, had the Excess Receipts been distributed in such a manner as to ensure that the provisions of paragraph 1 of this Schedule had been complied with, would have received a greater share of the Exit Proceeds as a result of his holding of any class of share than he has actually received (each an "Out-of-Pocket Holder"), account to any such Out-of-Pocket Holder(s) for any such amounts of Excess Receipts. If, in any circumstances, there is more than one Out-of-Pocket Holder, the Recovering Holder(s) shall account to the Out-of-Pocket Holders *pro rata* to the holdings of each Out-of-Pocket Holder of the relevant class of share in respect of which such holder has received a lesser amount of the proceeds than it would otherwise have been entitled pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Schedule.
- 3.2 No payment shall be made to any shareholder pursuant to paragraph 3.1 of this Schedule to the extent that any such payment would result in such shareholder receiving any Exit Proceeds that are in excess of any amounts that such holder of shares is entitled to receive pursuant paragraph 1 of this Schedule from the proceeds available.

4. New Shares

If any new shares are issued in accordance with the terms of any Relevant Agreement which would necessitate making an amendment to the ranking provisions set out in paragraph 1 of this Schedule, the company may make such reasonable amendments as may be required to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this Schedule to enable such new class of share to be incorporated (if required) into such paragraph, save that no amendment shall be made to the ranking provisions set out in paragraph 1 of this Schedule to the extent such amendment varies: (i) the way in which the A Shares and the B Shares relate to each other; (ii) the way in which the A Shares (which are Day 1 Institutional Shares) relate to the C Shares, the C1 Shares and the C2 Shares for the purposes of making distributions to the C Shares, the C1 Shares and the C2 Shares; or (iii) the way in which the A Preference Shares and/or the B Preference Shares rank as compared to each other and/or the A Shares, the B Shares, the C Shares, the C1 Shares and the C2 Shares.

5. Definitions

In this Schedule:

- (a) "1st Catchup Percentage" means 6%;

- (b) “1st Hurdle” means: (i) the Cash Receipts received (or to be received upon an Exit Event) by each of the CapVest Investors and their Investor Associates equal or exceed 1.75 times the Cash Payments made by such CapVest Investors and their Investor Associates; and (ii) Cash Payments made by each of the CapVest Investors and their Investor Associates have returned (or will return upon an Exit Event) a Project IRR of at least 15%;
- (c) “2nd Catchup Percentage” means 9%;
- (d) “2nd Hurdle” means: (i) the Cash Receipts received (or to be received upon an Exit Event) by each of the CapVest Investors and their Investor Associates equal or exceed 2.5 times the Cash Payments made by such CapVest Investors and their Investor Associates; and (ii) Cash Payments made by each of the CapVest Investors and their Investor Associates have returned (or will return upon an Exit Event) a Project IRR of at least 17%;
- (e) “3rd Catchup Percentage” means 15%;
- (f) “3rd Hurdle” means: (i) the Cash Receipts received (or to be received upon an Exit Event) by each of the CapVest Investors and their Investor Associates equal or exceed 3.0 times the Cash Payments made by such CapVest Investors and their Investor Associates; and (ii) Cash Payments made by each of the CapVest Investors and their Investor Associates have returned (or will return upon an Exit Event) a Project IRR of at least 17%;
- (g) “CapVest Investors” means:
- | | |
|--|---|
| CapVest Equity Partners
III, L.P. (registered
number: 1539) | of Aztec Group House, 11-15 Seaton
Place, St Helier, Jersey JE4 0QH |
| CapVest Equity Partners
III B, L.P. (registered
number: 1646) | of Aztec Group House, 11-15 Seaton
Place, St Helier, Jersey JE4 0QH |
| CapVest Equity Partners
III C, L.P. (registered
number: 16049) | of Ogier House, The Esplanade, St
Helier, Jersey JE4 0QH |
| CV Element III, L.P.
(registered number: 2411) | of Aztec Group House, PO Box 730, 11-
15 Seaton Place, St. Helier, Jersey JE4
0QH |
- (h) “Cash Receipts” means, in respect of Day 1 Institutional Shares and the Day 1 Shareholder Loan only, any cash receipts or deemed receipts of cash by any shareholder or its Investor Associates on or after the date of adoption of these articles and before, on or in connection with, an Exit Event including, without limitation (but without double counting):
- (i) any redemptions of capital received or deemed received from the Group at any time following the date of adoption of these articles;

- (ii) the cash value of any dividends or accrued interest received, declared or deemed received from the Group after the date of adoption of these articles;
- (iii) the cash value of any distribution in specie by the Group;
- (iv) the proceeds of sale of any shares by the relevant person on or before the Exit Event; and
- (v) the amount of the Equity Capitalisation of the company (whether or not in the form of marketable securities) attributable to the shares held by the relevant person on the date of the Exit Event (computed on the basis that the Exit Event has completed),

but excluding, (i) reimbursement of expenses from the Group; (ii) any amounts paid by any Group Company in respect of Debt Finance provided to any Group Company by any direct or indirect limited partner of, or other investor in, any Investor, or any underwriting fee in connection with a fundraise paid to any Investor; and (iii) the payment by the Group to any shareholder or such shareholder's Investor Associates of any fees under a Deal Fee Agreement or Monitoring Fee Agreement (or any other similar arrangements);

- (i) “Cash Payments” means, in respect of Day 1 Institutional Shares and the Day 1 Shareholder Loan only, all sums actually paid in cash to the Group in respect of shares issued on or before the adoption date of these articles by any Capvest Investor in subscribing for or acquiring shares, but excluding any amounts of Debt Finance provided to any Group Company by any direct or indirect limited partner of, or other investor in, any Investor;
- (j) “Day 1 Institutional Shares” means the Institutional Shares in issue on the date of adoption of these articles;
- (k) “Day 1 Shareholder Loan” means the Shareholder Loan in the amount of principal in issue on the date of adoption of these articles;
- (l) “Deal Fee Agreement” means the deal fee agreement entered into by Apollo UK Bidco Limited and CapVest Partners III, L.P. on or around the adoption date of these articles;
- (m) “Debt Finance” means the facilities (senior and subordinated facilities, together with any related hedging arrangements) for the funding of the acquisition of Isaac Holdings S.à r.l. on or around the date of adoption of these articles, the repayment of third party and intra-group debt of the Group and capital expenditure and working capital and, from time to time, any further facilities, letters of credit or guarantees of the Group for or in connection with the funding of any future acquisitions, repayment of or refinancing of third party debt and capital expenditure and working capital;
- (n) “Equity Capitalisation” means:

- (i) if the Exit Event occurs as a result of an IPO, such amount as shall be agreed not less than three Business Days prior to the relevant IPO between the CapVest Investors and the majority in number of the holders of the B Shares, the holders of the C Shares, the holders of the C1 Shares and the holders of the C2 Shares (as if the B Shares, the C Shares, the C1 Shares and the C2 Shares were one class) or, failing such agreement, the aggregate value of the shares at the date of such IPO (or shares deriving therefrom following any capital reorganisation effected in connection with the IPO) as determined by the financial adviser to the company in relation to the IPO by reference to the Listing Price; or
 - (ii) if the Exit Event occurs by virtue of a Sale, the aggregate value attributable to the whole of the shares by reference to the value of the consideration the relevant purchaser is willing to pay for the number of shares it proposes to acquire;
 - (iii) if the Exit Event occurs by virtue of an Asset Sale or Winding-Up, the aggregate amount which the holders of the shares receive (or would be entitled to receive) in cash or securities in respect of their shareholdings on a Winding-Up as they would have received (or been entitled to receive) as at the Exit Event;
- (o) “Exit Costs” means the costs and expenses incurred by any Group Company in connection with an Exit in accordance with the terms of any Relevant Agreement and/or those borne by the shareholders pursuant to the express terms of any Relevant Agreement;
- (p) “Exit Proceeds” means any return of proceeds, repayment or distribution of any amount by any Group Company (whether by way of interest, redemption, repayment, conversion, distribution, return of capital or otherwise) to the shareholders and any proceeds, repayment or distribution of any amount received by the shareholders in respect of their holding of shares in connection with an Exit Event (which for the avoidance of doubt shall be after the deduction of any Exit Costs incurred by any Group Company and outstanding fees under the Monitoring Fee Agreement) or otherwise (including any dividend declared and paid by any Group Company);
- (q) “First Ranking Leaver Consideration Securities” means loan notes issued in respect of payment for B Shares pursuant to the terms of any Relevant Agreement;
- (r) “Fund” means any fund, bank, company, unit trust, investment trust, investment company, limited, general or other partnership, industrial provident or friendly society, any collective investment scheme (as defined by the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the “FSMA”)), any investment professional (as defined in article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion Order) 2005 (the “FPO”)), any high net worth company, unincorporated association or partnership (as defined in article 49(2)(a) and (b) of the FPO) or any high value trust (as defined in article 49(6)

of the FPO), any pension fund or insurance company or any person who is an authorised person under FSMA;

- (s) “Investor Associate” means, in relation to an Investor:
 - (i) each member of that Investor’s Investor Group (other than the Investor itself);
 - (ii) any general partner, limited partner or other partner in, or trustee, nominee, custodian, operator or manager of that Investor or any member of its Investor Group;
 - (iii) any group undertaking of any general partner, trustee, nominee, custodian, operator or manager of that Investor or any member of its Investor Group (excluding any portfolio company thereof);
 - (iv) any Fund which has the same general partner, trustee, nominee, operator, manager as that Investor or any member of its Investor Group;
 - (v) any Fund which is advised, or the assets of which (or some material part thereof) are managed (whether solely or jointly with others), by that Investor or any member of its Investor Group; or
 - (vi) any Fund in respect of which that Investor or any member of its Investor Group is a general partner, manager or investment adviser;
- (t) “Investor Group” means in relation to an Investor, that Investor and its subsidiary undertakings or, as the case may be, that Investor, any parent undertaking of that Investor and any other subsidiary undertaking of any such parent undertaking from time to time (in each case, excluding any portfolio company thereof) and references to “member” or “members” of the or an “Investor Group” shall be construed accordingly;
- (u) “Investors” means:
 - (i) each CapVest Investor for so long as such CapVest Investor (or any person who holds the legal title to shares as nominee, custodian or trustee on their behalf) hold any shares;
 - (ii) any Investor Associate for so long as it holds any Shares; and
 - (iii) any other person who undertakes to perform the obligations of an Investor under any Relevant Agreement pursuant to the terms of a deed of adherence entered into in accordance with the terms of any Relevant Agreement;
- (v) “Listing Price” means the price per share at which any shares in the company or shares in any new holding company formed for the purpose of facilitating an IPO are sold, offered to be sold or offered as stated in any document required to be published in connection with an IPO (in the case of an offer for sale being the underwritten price or, in the case of an offer for sale by tender,

the striking price under such offer and in the case of a placing, the price at which such shares are sold under the placing);

(w) “Monitoring Fee Agreement” means the monitoring fee agreement entered into by Apollo UK Bidco Limited and CapVest Partners III, L.P. on or around the adoption date of these articles;

(x) “Project IRR” means, at any date, the weighted average annual internal rate of return of all Cash Payments made by the CapVest Investors on the date of adoption of these articles (IRR), determined by the CapVest Investors (acting reasonably and in good faith) in respect of any Cash Payment made by any CapVest Investors on the date of adoption of these articles in accordance with

the following formula:
$$\sum_{i=0}^n \frac{F_i}{(1 + \text{IRR})^{i/365}} = 0$$
, where F_i = the amount of such Cash Payment (if negative) or the Cash Receipts received by such shareholder(s) in respect of such Cash Payment (if positive), and i = the number of days from (and excluding) the date on which such Cash Payment was made to (and including) such date;

(y) “Second Ranking Leaver Consideration Securities” means loan notes issued in respect of payment for C Shares, C1 Shares and/or C2 Shares pursuant to the terms of any Relevant Agreement; and

(z) “Shareholder Loan” means the loan by the CapVest Investors to UNA 304 Equity Management GmbH pursuant to loan notes issued to the CapVest Investors by UNA 304 Equity Management GmbH on or around the date of adoption of these articles.