COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10822960

Pinball Brothers Limited Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements 30 June 2023

Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2023

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Chartered Accountants Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Abridged Financial Statements of Pinball Brothers Limited

Year ended 30 June 2023

As described on the abridged statement of financial position, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the abridged financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023, which comprise the abridged statement of financial position and the related notes. You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006. In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these abridged financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to us.

HARPER SHELDON LIMITED Chartered Accountants
Midway House Staverton Technology Park Herrick Way, Staverton Cheltenham, Glos. GL51 6TQ
6 February 2024

Abridged Statement of Financial Position

30 June 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	5	13,404	28,881
Current assets			
Debtors		131	105
Cash at bank and in hand		373	219
		504	324
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	54	16,323	551,018
Net current liabilities	54	 15,819	550,694
Total assets less current liabilities	(53	2,415)	(521,813)
Net liabilities	(53	2,415)	(521,813)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	•	10,000	10,000
Share premium account	5	15,000	515,000
Profit and loss account	(1,05	7,415)	(1,046,813)
Shareholders deficit	(53	2,415)	(521,813)

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 June 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 30 June 2023 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Abridged Statement of Financial Position (continued)

30 June 2023

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 6 February 2024, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr M D Janson

Director

Company registration number: 10822960

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2023

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is Midway House, Staverton Technology Park, Herrick Way, Staverton, Cheltenham, GL51 6TQ, UK.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss. The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The directors consider that there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern, but the company is reliant on the support of it's directors and shareholders. Therefore, the going concern basis remains appropriate.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Any intangible assets carried at revalued amounts, are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation, as determined by reference to an active market, less any subsequent accumulated amortisation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are only recognised separately from goodwill when they arise from contractual or other legal rights, are separable, the expected future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value can be measured reliably.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Development costs - 20% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Research and development

Research expenditure is written off in the period in which it is incurred. Development expenditure incurred is capitalised as an intangible asset only when all of the following criteria are met: - It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale; - There is the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it; - There is the ability to use or sell the intangible asset; - The use or sale of the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits; - There are adequate technical, financial and other resources available to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and - The expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be measured reliably. Expenditure that does not meet the above criteria is expensed as incurred.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 50% straight line Fixtures and fittings - 50% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 3 (2022: 3).

5. Intangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 July 2022 and 30 June 2023	77,388
Amortisation	
At 1 July 2022	48,507
Charge for the year	15,477
At 30 June 2023	63,984
Carrying amount	
At 30 June 2023	13,404
At 30 June 2022	28,881
At 30 Julie 2022	20,001
6. Tangible assets	
	£
Cost	
At 1 July 2022 and 30 June 2023	8,395
Depreciation	
At 1 July 2022 and 30 June 2023	8,395
	,
Carrying amount	
At 30 June 2023	_
At 30 June 2022	-

7. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

There were no material transactions with Directors during the year that were not concluded under normal market conditions.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.