Registration number: 10790798

Lance Merlin Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

DSK Partners LLP Chartered Accountants 163 Herne Hill London SE24 9LR

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Company Information

Directors Mr N Raveendran

Mr K Karunenthiranathan

Registered office 163 Herne Hill

London SE24 9LR

Accountants DSK Partners LLP

Chartered Accountants

163 Herne Hill London SE24 9LR

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Accounts of Lance Merlin Ltd for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Lance Merlin Ltd for the year ended 31 May 2020 as set out on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{8}$ from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/regulation.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Lance Merlin Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Lance Merlin Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Lance Merlin Ltd, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Lance Merlin Ltd and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Lance Merlin Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Lance Merlin Ltd. You consider that Lance Merlin Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Lance Merlin Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

DSK Partners LLP Chartered Accountants 163 Herne Hill London SE24 9LR

28 May 2021

(Registration number: 10790798) Abridged Statement of Financial Position as at 31 May 2020

Not	2020 e £	2019 £
Fixed assets		
Tangible assets $\underline{4}$	28,395	37,859
Current assets		
Stocks	37,000	37,000
Debtors	11,280	17,624
Cash at bank and in hand	116,088	3,477
	164,368	58,101
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	(158,369)	(148,773)
Net current assets/(liabilities)	5,999	(90,672)
Total assets less current liabilities	34,394	(52,813)
Accruals and deferred income	(4,000)	(4,000)
Net assets/(liabilities)	30,394	(56,813)
Capital and reserves		
Called up share capital	4	4
Profit and loss account	30,390	(56,817)
Shareholders' funds/(deficit)	30,394	(56,813)

For the financial year ending 31 May 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Income Statement has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Statement of Financial Position in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 28 May 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

(Registration number: 10790798) Abridged Statement of Financial Position as at 31 May 2020 (continued)

Mr K Karunenthiranathan Director

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 163 Herne Hill London SE24 9LR United Kingdom

The presentation currency of the financial statements is Pound Sterling (£).

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Furniture and fittings
Office equipment

Depreciation method and rate 25% Reducing balance method 25% Reducing balance method

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities, or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 8 (2019 - 8).

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 May 2020 (continued)

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 June 2019	50,479	50,479
At 31 May 2020	50,479	50,479
Depreciation		
At 1 June 2019	12,620	12,620
Charge for the year	9,464	9,464
At 31 May 2020	22,084	22,084
Carrying amount		
At 31 May 2020	28,395	28,395
At 31 May 2019	37,859	37,859

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.