Registration number: 10774921

# WXL & CO Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

# LUCRAFT HODGSON DAWES

Lucraft Hodgson & Dawes LLP

2/4 Ash Lane
Rustington
Littlehampton
West Sussex
BN16 3BZ

# Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>10</u>

# **Company Information**

**Director** Mr Andrew York Yau

Registered office 2/4 Ash Lane

Rustington Littlehampton West Sussex BN16 3BZ

Accountants Lucraft Hodgson & Dawes LLP

2/4 Ash Lane Rustington Littlehampton West Sussex BN16 3BZ

# (Registration number: 10774921) Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	4		11,200
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> 5	6,084	6,714
- Tangible assets	<u>=</u>	0,004	0,714
		6,084	17,914
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u> 7	2,000	2,000
Debtors	<u>7</u>	3,900	4,113
Cash at bank and in hand		28,854	26,405
		34,754	32,518
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(9,699)	(6,884)
Net current assets		25,055	25,634
Total assets less current liabilities		31,139	43,548
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>8</u>	(50,000)	(55,000)
Provisions for liabilities		(1,029)	(1,136)
Net liabilities		(19,890)	(12,588)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>9</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account	<u>-</u> 	(19,990)	(12,688)
Shareholders' deficit		(19,890)	(12,588)

For the financial year ending 31 August 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 6 October 2022

(Registra	ation nur	nber:	1077492	1)
Balance	Sheet as	s at 31	August	2022

..... Mr Andrew York Yau Director

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

2/4 Ash Lane Rustington Littlehampton

West Sussex

**BN16 3BZ** 

United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 6 October 2022.

## 2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

These financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is also the company's functional currency. The financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

# 2 Accounting policies (continued)

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Plant and machinery
Fixture and fittings

Short leasehold

Depreciation method and rate

10% straight line10% straight lineover length of the lease (15 years)

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class Goodwill Amortisation method and rate

20% Straight line

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

# 2 Accounting policies (continued)

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

## 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 3 (2021 - 3).

## 4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 September 2021	56,000	56,000
At 31 August 2022	56,000	56,000
Amortisation		
At 1 September 2021	44,800	44,800
Amortisation charge	11,200	11,200
At 31 August 2022	56,000	56,000
Carrying amount		
At 31 August 2022		-
At 31 August 2021	11,200	11,200

WXL & CO Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

# 5 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 September 2021	1,000	2,179	6,872	10,051
Additions		-	338	338
At 31 August 2022	1,000	2,179	7,210	10,389
Depreciation				
At 1 September 2021	264	676	2,397	3,337
Charge for the year	66	217	685	968
At 31 August 2022	330	893	3,082	4,305
Carrying amount				
At 31 August 2022	670	1,286	4,128	6,084
At 31 August 2021	736	1,503	4,475	6,714

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £670 (2021 - £736) in respect of short leasehold land and buildings.

# 6 Stocks

	£		£
Raw materials and consumables	2,000		2,000
	2,000		2,000
7 Debtors			
		2022	2021
Current		£	£
Other debtors		3,900	4,113

2022

2021

WXL & CO Ltd

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			
			2022	2021
		Note	£	£
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>10</u>	2,730	882
Taxation and social security		<del>_</del>	1,121	321
Accruals and deferred income			4,080	4,200
Other creditors			1,768	1,481
			9,699	6,884
		Note	2022 £	2021 £
Due after one vear				
Due after one year Loans and borrowings		10	50,000	55,000
		<u>10</u>	50,000 50,000	
Loans and borrowings		<u>10</u>	•	
Loans and borrowings  9 Share capital	res	<u>10</u>	•	
Loans and borrowings	res 2022	<u>10</u>	•	55,000 <b>55,000</b>
Loans and borrowings  9 Share capital		<u>10</u>	50,000	

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2022

10 Loans and borrowings		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Other borrowings	50,000	55,000
	50,000	55,000
	2022	2021
	£	£
Current loans and borrowings		
Other borrowings	2,730	882
	2,730	882

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.