

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10706676

FWE Quant Limited

Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements

30 April 2023

FWE Quant Limited

Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 30 April 2023

Contents	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Abridged statement of financial position	2
Notes to the abridged financial statements	4

FWE Quant Limited

Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors	Mr W Rehman
	Mr O Clifford
Registered office	The Manor House
	Nightingales Lane
	Chalfont St Giles
	England
	HP8 4SR
Accountant	ADK
	Chartered accountants
	Scottsdale House
	Springfield Avenue
	Harrogate
	England
	HG1 2HR

FWE Quant Limited

Abridged Statement of Financial Position

30 April 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	—	138
Current assets			
Debtors		170	172
Cash at bank and in hand		7,392	8,453
		-----	-----
		7,562	8,625
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		7,460	160,475
		-----	-----
Net current assets/(liabilities)		102	(151,850)
		---	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		102	(151,712)
		---	-----
Net assets/(liabilities)		102	(151,712)
		---	-----
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		2	(151,812)
		---	-----
Shareholder funds/(deficit)		102	(151,712)
		---	-----

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged income statement has not been delivered. For the year ending 30 April 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged income statement and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 30 April 2023 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

FWE Quant Limited

Abridged Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

30 April 2023

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 13 October 2023 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr W Rehman Director

Company registration number: 10706676

FWE Quant Limited

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 30 April 2023

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is The Manor House, Nightingales Lane, Chalfont St Giles, HP8 4SR, England.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings	-	20% reducing balance
-----------------------	---	----------------------

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 May 2022	420
Disposals	(420)

At 30 April 2023	—

Depreciation	
At 1 May 2022	282
Disposals	(282)

At 30 April 2023	—

Carrying amount	
At 30 April 2023	—

At 30 April 2022	138

5. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2023		
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr W Rehman	(159,750)	153,165	(6,585)
	-----	-----	-----
	2022		
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr W Rehman	(159,750)	—	(159,750)
	-----	----	-----

6. Related party transactions

During the year the company was under the control of Mr Rehman. As at the year end Mr Rehman was owed £6,585 by the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.