Registered number: 10654983

AMENDED

# KAM COMMERCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

## **UNAUDITED**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019



# KAM COMMERCIAL SERVICES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 10654983

## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2019

	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		1,14 <del>4</del>		1,067
,		_	1,144	_	1,067
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	21,633		19,171	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	8,225		15,141	
,		29,858		34,312	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(24,031)		(23, 128)	
Net current assets	,		5,827		11,184
Total assets less current liabilities Provisions for liabilities			6,971		12,251
Deferred tax		(248)		(31)	
	•		(248)		(31)
Net assets		_	6,723		12,220
Capital and reserves		_		_	,
Called up share capital	10		100		100
Profit and loss account			6,623		12,120
			6,723		12,220

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

# KAM COMMERCIAL SERVICES LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 10654983

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2019

Kevin Munro

Director

Date: 14 January 2020

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

#### 1. General information

KAM Commercial Services Limited is a private company limited by shares, registered in the United Kingdom number 10654983. Its registered office is Manor House, 35 St. Thomas's Road, Chorley, Lancashire, PR7 1HP.

The principal activity of the company was that of a surveyor.

## 2. Accounting policies

## 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

## Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.3 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

## 2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment

20% Straight Line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

#### 2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.8 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of income and retained earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

#### 2.9 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

#### 2.10 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

#### 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2018 - 1).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

4.	Dividends		
		2019 £	2018 £
•	Dividends analysis -	68,500	42,000
		68,500	42,000
5.	Tangible fixed assets		
			Office equipment £
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 March 2018		1,264
	Additions		307
	At 28 February 2019		1,571
	Depreciation		
	At 1 March 2018		196
	Charge for the year on owned assets		231
	At 28 February 2019		427
	Net book value		
	At 28 February 2019		1,144
	At 28 February 2018		1,067
6.	Debtors		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Trade debtors	21,633	19,171
		21,633	19,171

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2019

7. (	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2019 £	2018 £
C	Cash at bank and in hand	8,225	15,141
	•	8,225	15,141
8. (	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2019 £	2018 £
C	Corporation tax	14,884	12,546
C	Other taxation and social security	7,200	7,653
C	Other creditors	189	1,034
A	Accruals and deferred income	1,758	1,895
		24,031	23,128
9. F	inancial instruments		
		2019	2018
· F	inancial assets	£	£
F	inancial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	8,225 ===================================	15,141
10. S	hare capital		
		2019 £	2018 £
	llotted, called up and fully paid	_	
1	00 <i>(2018 - 100)</i> Ordinary shares shares of £1.00 each	100	100

## 11. Transactions with directors

During the year the directors loan account for Kevin Munro amounted to £189, this was made up of an opening balance of £1,034, advances totalling £102,922, credits totalling £33,578 and dividends of £68,500. This is represented within other creditors.