

FILE COPY

OF A PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY

Company Number 10644098

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that

RENEWABLE ENERGY INCOME PARTNERSHIP HOLDINGS 1 LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a private company, that the company is limited by shares, and the situation of its registered office is in England and Wales

Given at Companies House on 28th February 2017



N10644098J





In accordance with Section 9 of the Companies Act 2006

IN01

Application to register a company



A fee is payable with this form Please see 'How to pay' on the last page

What this form is for You may use this form to register a private or public company COMPANIES HOUSE

А3

What this form is NOT for

You cannot use this form to register a limited liability partnership. To do this, please use form LL INO1 Do not use this form if any individual persol with significant control is applying having their details disclosed on the public register Contact engineer companieshouse goviuk to get a separate form

For further information, please refer to our guidance at www gov uk/companieshouse



28/02/2017 **COMPANIES HOUSE**

Company details Part 1

Company name → Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in Check if a company name is available by using our name availability search bold black capitals All fields are mandatory unless www.companieshouse.gov.uk/info specified or indicated by * O Duplicate names Duplicate names are not permitted Please show the proposed company name below A list of registered names can Proposed company be found on our website There RENEWABLE ENERGY INCOME PARTHERSHIP are various rules that may affect name in full 0 your choice of name More HOLDINGS 1 LIMITED information on this is available in For official use 4 4 our guidance at www.gov.uk/companieshouse A2 Company name restrictions 9 Please tick the box only if the proposed company name contains sensitive O Company name restrictions A list of sensitive or restricted or restricted words or expressions that require you to seek comments of a words or expressions that require government department or other specified body

- I confirm that the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions and that approval, where appropriate, has been sought of a government department or other specified body and I attach a copy of their response
- consent can be found in our guidance at www.gov.uk/companieshouse

Exemption from name ending with 'Limited' or 'Cyfyngedig' 9

Please tick the box if you wish to apply for exemption from the requirement to have the name ending with 'Limited', Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative

- I confirm that the above proposed company meets the conditions for exemption from the requirement to have a name ending with 'Limited', 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative
- Name ending exemption Only private companies that are limited by guarantee and meet other specific requirements or private companies that are charities are eligible to apply for this. For more details, please go to our website www.gov.uk/companieshouse

	IN	01				
		-	tion	to re	egister a company	
A4	Com	pan	y ty	/pe [©]		
		lity (d Pub Priv Priv Priv	only o plic li vate l vate l vate i	one b mited imite imite unlim	that describes the proposed company type and members' ox must be ticked) I by shares I by shares I by guarantee I ted with share capital I ted without share capital	Ocompany type If you are unsure of your company's type, please go to our website www gov uk/companieshouse
A5	Prin	cipa	ıl bu	ISIN	ess activity	-
Classification code 1		se sh			ide classification code number(s) for the principal	Principal business activity You must provide a trade classification code (SIC code 2007) or a description of your company's main business in this section
Classification code 2				_		A full list of the trade classification
Classification code 3	<u> </u>			_		codes is available on our website www gov uk/companieshouse
Classification code 4					mine a code, please give a brief description of the sactivity below	_
Principal activity description						- - -
A6	Situ	atıo	n of	reg	jistered office 0	
	Plea	se tro posed Eng Wa Sco	k the regis gland les otland	appostered	ropriate box below that describes the situation of the d office (only one box must be ticked) Wales	Registered office Every company must have a registered office and this is the address to which the Registrar will send correspondence For England and Wales companies, the address must be in England or Wales. For Welsh, Scottish or Northern Ireland companies, the address must be in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively

Registered office address o	
_	• Registered office address
	You must ensure that the address shown in this section is consistent
	with the situation indicated in section A6
	You must provide an address in England or Wales for companies to
L0N00N	be registered in England and Wales You must provide an address in
<u> </u>	Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland
€ C 1 N 2 N T	for companies to be registered in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively
Articles of association o	
Please choose one option only and tick one box only	Pror details of which company type
I wish to adopt one of the following model articles in its entirety. Please tick only one box	can adopt which model articles, please go to our website www gov uk/companieshouse
Private limited by shares	A Community Interest Company
* =	(CIC) cannot adopt model articles. If you are incorporating a CIC you
	must tick option 3 and attach a copy of the bespoke articles.
I wish to adopt the following model articles with additional and/or amended provisions. I attach a copy of the additional and/or amended provision(s). Please tick only one box. Private limited by shares.	
Private limited by guarantee Public company	
I wish to adopt entirely bespoke articles I attach a copy of the bespoke articles to this application	
Restricted company articles ®	
Please tick the box below if the company's articles are restricted	Restricted company articles Restricted company articles are those containing provision for entrenchment. For more details, please go to our website www.gov.uk/companieshouse
	Articles of association Please choose one option only and tick one box only I wish to adopt one of the following model articles in its entirety. Please tick only one box. Private limited by shares. Private limited by guarantee. Public company. I wish to adopt the following model articles with additional and/or amended provisions. I attach a copy of the additional and/or amended provisions I attach a copy of the additional and/or amended private limited by shares. Private limited by shares. Private limited by guarantee. Private limited by guarantee. Public company. I wish to adopt entirely bespoke articles. I attach a copy of the bespoke articles to this application. Restricted company articles. Please tick the box below if the company's articles are restricted.

Application to register a company

Part 2 Proposed officers

For private companies the appointment of a secretary is optional, however, if you do decide to appoint a company secretary you must provide the relevant details. Public companies are required to appoint at least one secretary.

Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual

For a secretary who is an individual, go to Section B1, For a corporate secretary, go to Section C1, For a director who is an individual, go to Section D1, For a corporate director, go to Section E1

Secretary

B1	Secretary appointments •				
	Please use this section to list all the secretary appointments taken on formation For a corporate secretary, complete Sections C1-C4	9 (
Title*	Miss	5			
Full forename(s)	Sharna				
Surname	LUDLOW	1			
Former name(s) 9		t			
		ØF P			

Ocorporate appointments
For corporate secretary
appointments, please complete
section C1-C4 instead of
section B

Additional appointments if you wish to appoint more than one secretary, please use the 'Secretary appointments' continuation page

⊕ Former name(s)

Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.

B2	Secreta	ary's service ad	dress &	
Building name/number	THE	S' YGAAAQ	PRISTERED OFFI	ce
Street				
Post town				
County/Region				
Postcode				
Country				

Service address

This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.

Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of secretaries as the company's registered office

If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record

Application to register a company

Corporate secretary

_	_	
C1	Corporate secretary appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the corporate secretary appointments taken on formation	Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one corporate secretary, please use the
Name of corporate body/firm		'Corporate secretary appointments' continuation page
Building name/number		Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear
Street		on the public record This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents it cannot be a PO box number (unless contained
Post town		within a full address), DX number or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		
C2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm	
	Is the corporate secretary registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section C3 only → No Complete Section C4 only	
C3	EEA companies [©]	<u> </u>
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	Q EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance
Where the company/ firm is registered •		www gov uk/companieshouse
		◆ This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC)
Registration number		Justine (sur 121/1226)
C4	Non-EEA companies	
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	O Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered,
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		you must also provide its number in that register
Governing law		
If applicable, where the company/firm is		
registered O		
Registration number		

Application to register a company

Director

Please use this section to list all the director a For a corporate director, complete Section Title* Full forename(s) Surname Suenton Former name(s) Country/State of residence ©	
Full forename(s) Surname SHENTON Country/State of	individual Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual Former name(s) Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business
Surname SHENTON Former name(s) Country/State of	which must be an individual Former name(s) Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business
Former name(s) © Country/State of	Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business
Country/State of	which have been used for business
	1
	Country/State of residence This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in
Nationality BRFTISH	section D4
Month/year of birth X X	♥ ● Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only
Business occupation (if any) 9	Business occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here If you do not, please leave blank
	Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page
D2 Director's service address ⁶	
Director's service address [©] Please complete the service address below You sual residential address in Section D4	This is the address that will appear
Please complete the service address below Yo	This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential.
Please complete the service address below Yo usual residential address in Section D4	This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address. Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service
Please complete the service address below You sual residential address in Section D4 Building name/number The Company's Registered	This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address. Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of
Please complete the service address below Yousual residential address in Section D4 Building name/number The COMPANY'S REGISTERS Street	This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address. Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the
Please complete the service address below You sual residential address in Section D4 Building name/number The Company's Registered Street Post town	This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address. Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of directors as the company's

Piletto.	<u> </u>	
D1	Director appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E4	Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an
Title*		individual Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of
Full forename(s)	THOMAS	which must be an individual
Surname	Rosser	② Former name(s) Please provide any previous names
Former name(s) 😉		(including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.
Country/State of residence ©	ENGLAND	Country/State of residence This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in
Nationality	BRITISH	section D4
Month/year of birth 4	X X O S YI Ya Ya Ya	O Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only
Business occupation (if any) ⊙	DIRECTOR	Business occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here If you do not, please leave blank
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page
D2	Director's service address ^O	<u>'</u>
	Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4	O Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record This does not
Building name/number	THE COMPANY'S REGISTERED OFFICE	have to be your usual residential address
Street		Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service
Post town		address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of
County/Region		directors as the company's registered office
Postcode		If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the
Country		public record
		1

INO1 - continuation page Application to register a company

Director

D1	Director appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E4	Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an
Title*		individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of
Full forename(s)	ALEXANDER DAVID KELSON	which must be an individual
Surname	BRIERLEY	Please provide any previous names
Former name(s) @		(including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years
Country/State of residence •	وسره محمدي	Country/State of residence This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in
Nationality	BRITISH	section D4
Month/year of birth	X X 1 2 1 1 4 7 7 8	O Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only
Business occupation (if any) 6	DIRECTOR	Business occupation
(ii any) •		If you have a business occupation, please enter here If you do not, please leave blank
D2	Director's service address ^G	
	Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's	O Service address
	usual residential address in Section D4	This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not
Building name/number	THE COMPANY'S REGISTERSO OFFICE	have to be your usual residential address
Street		Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service
Post town		address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of
County/Region		directors as the company's registered office
Postcode		If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the
Country		public record
	•	

Application to register a company

Corporate director

E1	Corporate director appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the corporate directors taken on formation	Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one
Name of corporate body or firm		corporate director, please use the 'Corporate director appointments' continuation page
Building name/number		Registered or principal address
Street		This is the address that will appear on the public record This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be
Post town		a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or
County/Region		LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number
Postcode		
Country		
E2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm	
	Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section E3 only → No Complete Section E4 only	
E3	EEA companies ®	
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	© EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance
Where the company/ firm is registered €		www gov uk/companieshouse This is the register mentioned in
Registration number		Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC)
E4	Non-EEA companies	
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	O Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered,
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		you must also provide its number in that register
Governing law		
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •		:
if applicable, the registration number		
		İ

Part 3	Statement of capital						
	Does your company have share capital?						
	→ Yes Complete the sections below						
	→ No Go to Part 4 (Statement of g						
F1	Statement of capital						
	Complete the table(s) below to show the sha		tion pages a continuation page				
		Complete a separate table for each currency (if appropriate) For example, add pound sterling in 'Currency table A' and Euros in 'Currency table B'					
Currency	Class of shares	Number of shares	Aggregate no	mınal value	Total aggregate amount		
Complete a separate	E g Ordinary/Preference etc		(£, €, S, etc)	rot irrued	to be unpaid, if any (£, €, \$, etc)		
table for each currency			I	imber of shares issued Including both the nominal value and any share prem			
Currency table A							
GBP	ORDINARY	100	الم الم	0	£0.00		
			_				
					ſ		
	Totals	100	EI O	0	ko 00		
Currency table B							
	Totals						
Currency table C							
					_		
	Totals						
		Total number of shares	Total aggrenation		Total aggregate amount unpaid •		
	Totals (including continuation pages)	100	£100		£0 00		
		• Please list total a For example £100			t currencies separately		

F2	Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)	
	Please give the prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares for each class of share shown in the statement of capital share tables in Section F1	OPrescribed particulars of rights attached to shares
Class of share	DEDINARY	The particulars are a particulars of any voting rights,
Prescribed particulars	THE SHARES HAVE ATTACHED TO THEM FULL VOTING, QUI DEND AND CAPITAL DISTRIBUTION RIGHTS (NICLUOING ON WINDING UP), THEY OD NOT CONFER AND RIGHTS QU REDEMPTION	

Class of share	
Prescribed particulars	Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares
• Prescribed particulars	The particulars are a particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only in certain circumstances, b particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution, c particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in a distribution (including on winding up), and d whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder
	A separate table must be used for each class of share
	Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary

F3	Initial shareho	oldings					
	This section should	only be completed b	y companies inco	orporating with s	hare capital	Initial sharehold	
	Please complete ti	he details below for	each subscriber			in alphabetical or	mpany's subscribers der
	The addresses will subscribers' usual	appear on the publi residential address	c record These	do not need to l	be the	Please use an 'Ini continuation pag	tial shareholdings' e if necessary
Subscriber's details		Class of share	Number of shares	Currency	Nominal value of each share	Amount (if any) to be unpaid on each share (including the nominal value and any share premium)	Amount to be paid on each share (including the nominal value and any share premium)
Name OCTOPUS RENE INCOME PROTNERS	HIP GP LLP	0201NARY	100	GBP	£0 01	NIL	£0 01
Address &	ٽ'						
600 FLOOR						<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ECIN 2HT			•				
Name							
Address							
Name							
Address							
Name							
Address							

	INO1 Application to register a company		
Part 4	Statement of guarantee		
	Is your company limited by guarantee?		
	→ Yes Complete the sections below		
	→ No Go to Part 5 People with significant control (PSC)	<u> </u>	
G1	Subscribers		
	Please complete this section if you are a subscriber of a company limited by guarantee. The following statement is being made by each and every person named below.	Name Please use capital letters. Address	
	I confirm that if the company is wound up while I am a member, or within one year after I cease to be a member, I will contribute to the assets of the company by such amount as may be required for	 The addresses in this section will appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usua residential address. 	
	- payment of debts and liabilities of the company contracted before I	Amount guaranteed Any valid currency is permitted	
	cease to be a member, payment of costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and,	O Class of members	
	- adjustment of the rights of the contributors among ourselves, not exceeding the specified amount below	Only complete this if there will be more than one class of members and if the subscribers are electing to keep members' information on the public register	
	Subscriber's details	Continuation pages Please use a 'Subscribers'	
Forename(s) o		continuation page if necessary	
Surname •			
Address 9			
Postcode			
Amount guaranteed			
Class of member (if applicable) O			
	Subscriber's details		
Forename(s) •			
Surname •			
Address 0			
Postcode			
Amount guaranteed 9			
Class of member (if applicable)			

	Subscriber's details	• Name
Forename(s) •	Subscriber's declaris	Please use capital letters
Surname 0		Address The addresses in this section will
Address ©		appear on the public record They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address
Postcode		Amount guaranteed Any valid currency is permitted
Amount guaranteed €		O Class of members
Class of member (if applicable)		Only complete this if there will be more than one class of members and if the subscribers are electing to keep members' information on the
	Subscriber's details	public register Continuation pages
Forename(s) O		Please use a 'Subscribers'
Surname 0		continuation page if necessary
Address •		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed €		
Class of member (if applicable)		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		1
Surname •		
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed	<u> </u>	}
Class of member (if applicable) •		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		
Class of member (if applicable) [©]		

	INO1 Application to register a company	
Part 5	People with significant control (PSC)	
	Use this Part to tell us about people with significant control or registrable relevant legal entities in respect of the company. Do not use this Part to tell us about any individual people with significant control whose particulars must not be disclosed on the public record. You must use a separate form, which you can get by contacting us enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk	
	If on incorporation there will be someone who will count as a person with significant control (either a registrable person or registrable relevant legal entity (RLE)) in relation to the company, tick the box in H1 and complete any relevant sections. If there will be no registrable person or RLE tick the box in H2 and go to Part 6 Election to keep information on the public register.	
H1	Statement of initial significant control ⁰	
_	On incorporation, there will be someone who will count as a person with significant control (either a registrable person or registrable RLE) in relation to the company	Statement of initial significant control if there will be a registrable person (which includes 'other registrable persons') or RLE, please complete the appropriate details in sections H, I & J Please use the PSC continuation
H2	Statement of no PSC	pages if necessary
	(Please tick the statement below if appropriate)	
	The company knows or has reason to believe that there will be no person with significant control (either a registrable person or RLE) in relation to the company	

Application to register a company

Individual PSC

НЗ	Individual's details	
	Use sections H3-H9 as appropriate to tell us about individuals with significant control who are registrable persons and the nature of their control in relation to the company	● Country/State of residence This is in respect of the usual residential address as stated in section H6
Title*		Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only
Full forename(s)		,
Surname		
Country/State of residence		
Nationality		
Month/year of birth 2	X X M M M Y Y Y	ļ
H4	Individual's service address •	
	Please complete the individual's service address below. You must also complete the individual's usual residential address in Section H6.	Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not.
Building name/number		have to be the individual's usual residential address
Street		If you provide the individual's residential address here it will
Past town		appear on the public record
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		

	INO1 Application to register a company	
H7	Nature of control for an individual ⁰	
	Please indicate how the individual is a person with significant control over the company	• Tick each that apply
	Ownership of shares The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one) more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more Ownership of voting rights	
	The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one) more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
	Significant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply) The individual has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company	
18	Nature of control by a firm over which the individual has significant control •	
	The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and	O Tick each that apply
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one) more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one) more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	
	1	I

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ı	1	a

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and	• Tick each that apply
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly	v.
the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)	´
more than 25% but not more than 50%	
more than 50% but less than 75%	
75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly	у,
the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)	
more than 25% but not more than 50%	
more than 50% but less than 75%	
75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, director or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	
	ŀ

Application to register a company

Individual PSC

H3	Individual's details	
	Use sections H3-H9 as appropriate to tell us about individuals with significant control who are registrable persons and the nature of their control in relation to the company	Country/State of residence This is in respect of the usual residential address as stated in section H6
Title*		Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only
Full forename(s)		,,
Surname		
Country/State of residence •		
Nationality		
Month/year of birth ²	X X M M M Y Y Y	<u> </u>
Н4	Individual's service address 9	
	Please complete the individual's service address below. You must also complete the individual's usual residential address in Section H6	O Service address This is the address that will appear
Building name/number		on the public record This does not have to be the individual's usual residential address
Street		If you provide the individual's
		residential address here it will appear on the public record
Post town		
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		
		j i

	INO1 Application to register a company	
	·	
H7	Nature of control for an individual [©]	
	Please indicate how the individual is a person with significant control over the company	●Trck each that apply
	Ownership of shares The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one) more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	Ownership of voting rights The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one) more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
	Significant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply) The individual has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company	
Н8	Nature of control by a firm over which the individual has significant control •	
	The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and	• Tick each that apply
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one) more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one) more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	

Application to register a company

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Nature of control by a trust over which the individual has

the individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and	Tick each that apply
he trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly,	
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more than 50% but less than 75%	
75% or more	
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more than 50% but less than 75%	
7\$% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	

Application to register a company

Relevant legal entity (RLE)

11	RLE details •	
Corporate or firm name	OCTOPUS REMEMBLE ENERGY INCOME PARTMERSHIP OF LLP	Registered or principal office address This is the address that will appear
Building name/number	6en floor, 33	on the public record
Street	HOROEN	
Post town	(magon)	
County/Region		
Postcode	ECID 2 MT	
Country	en e (and	
12	Legal form and governing law	
	Please give details of the legal form of the RLE and the law by which it is governed if applicable, please also give details of the register of companies in which it is entered (including the country/state) and its registration number in that register	Registration number Where you have provided details of the register (including country/
Legal form	LIMITED WASILITY PARTHERSHIP	state) where the RLE is registered, you must also provide its number in
Governing law	LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIPS ACT 2000	that register
If applicable, register in which RLE is entered •	COMPANIES HOUSE	
Country/State •	encland and wales	
Registration number •	0-416065	

	INO1 Application to register a company	
3	Nature of control for the RLE O	
	Please indicate how the RLE has significant control over the company	O Tick each that apply
	Ownership of shares The RLE holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one) more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	Ownership of voting rights The RLE holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one) more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
	Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors The RLE holds the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
	Significant influence or control (only tick if none of the above apply) The RLE has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company	
1	Nature of control by a firm over which the RLE has significant control •	
	The RLE has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and	© Tick each that apply
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one) more than 25% but not more than 50%	
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	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
	the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	

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]	more than 50% but less than 75%	
]	75% or more	
7	the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly	
	or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of	
	the company	
]	the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to	
_	exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the	
	company	
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	IN01	- — –
	Application to register a company	
Other registrable	person (ORP)	
J1	ORP details	
	 An 'other registrable person' is a corporation sole a government or government department of a country or territory or a part of a country or territory an international organisation whose members include two or more countries or territories (or their governments) a local authority or local government body in the UK or elsewhere 	
Name of ORP		
J2	Principal office address •	<u>'</u>
Building name/number		Principal office address This is the address that will appear
Street		on the public record
Post town	·	
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		
J3	Legal form and governing law	'
Legal form		!
Governing law		

	INO1	
	Application to register a company	
J4	Nature of control [©]	
_	Please show how the ORP has significant control over the company	O Tick each that apply
	Our and the of thouse	
	Ownership of shares The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in	
	the company (tick only one)	
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	more than 50% but less than 75%	
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	more than 50% but less than 75%	
	75% or more	
	Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors	
	The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a	
	majority of the board of directors of the company	
	Significant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply)	
	The ORP has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence	e
	or control over the company	
		<u> </u>
J5	Nature of control by a firm over which the ORP has	
	significant control Ó	
	The ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence	O Tick each that apply
	or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its	
	governing law, and	
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IN01		
Application to	register	a company

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	INO1 Application to register a company	
Part 6	Election to keep information on the public reg	ister (if applicable)
	The subscribers of a private company can agree to elect to keep certain information on the public register at Companies House, rather than keeping their own registers Tick the appropriate box to show which information the subscribers are electing to keep on the public register If the subscribers have not agreed to keep any of this information on the public register, go to Part 7 Consent to Act	
K1	Election to keep secretaries' register information on the public register	
	All subscribers elect to keep secretaries' register information on the public register	• only applies if the proposed company will have a secretary
K2	Election to keep directors' register information on the public register	
	IMPORTANT If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is an individual director while the election is in force will have their full date of birth available on the public record	Off the subscribers don't make this election, only the month and year of birth will be available on the public record
	All subscribers elect to keep directors' register information on the public register	
К3	Election to keep directors' usual residential address (URA) register information on the public register	
	If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, the URA will not be publicly available All subscribers elect to keep directors' URA register information on the public register	
K4	Election to keep members' register information on the public register	
	IMPORTANT If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is a member while the election is in place will have their name and address available on the public record All subscribers elect to keep members' register information on the public register The company will be a single member company (Tick if applicable)	
K5	Election to keep PSC register information on the public register	
	IMPORTANT If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is an individual PSC while the election is in force will have their full date of birth available on the public record All subscribers elect to keep PSC register information on the public register No objection was received by the subscribers from any eligible person within the notice period before making the election	If the subscribers don't make this election, only the month and year of birth will be available on the public record Eligible person An eligible person is a person whose details would have to be entered in the company's PSC register

	INO1 Application to register a company	
Part 7	Consent to act	
II.	Consent statement	
	Please tick the box to confirm consent The subscribers confirm that each of the persons named as a director or secretary has consented to act in that capacity	
Part 8	Statement about individual PSC particulars	
M1	Particulars of an individual PSC ⁰	
	Please tick the box to confirm. The subscribers confirm that each person named in this application as an individual PSC knows that their particulars are being supplied as part of this application	Only tick this if you have completed details of one or more individual PSCs in sections H3-H9
Part 9	Statement of compliance	
	This section must be completed by all companies	
	Is the application by an agent on behalf of all the subscribers? No Go to Section N1 (Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers) Yes Go to Section N2 (Statement of compliance delivered by an agent)	
N1	Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers ®	
	Please complete this section if the application is not delivered by an agent for the subscribers of the memorandum of association. I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with	Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers Every subscriber to the memorandum of association must sign the statement of compliance
Subscriber's signature	Signature X MA CUM X MATT SETCHELL AS DIRECTOR OF DESIGNATED MEMBERS OF SUBSCRIBER LLF	Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers' continuation page if more subscribers need to sign
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	

IN01 Application to register a company N2 Statement of compliance delivered by an agent Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for the subscribers to the memorandum of association Agent's name Building name/number Street Post town County/Region Postcode Country I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with Signature Agent's signature X X

Presenter information You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record SHARNA WOLDW OCTOPUS INVESTMENTS 500C HOLBORN 6000a Postcode ENGLANDO Certificate We will send your certificate to the presenters address (shown above) or if indicated to another address shown below ☐ At the registered office address (Given in Section A7) ☐ At the agents address (Given in Section N2) Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing

Please make sure you have remembered the following

- You have checked that the proposed company name is available as well as the vanous rules that may affect your choice of name. More information can be found in guidance on our website.
- If the name of the company is the same as one already on the register as permitted by The Company LLP and Business (Names and Trading Disclosures) Regulations 2015, please attach consent
- You have used the correct appointment sections
- Any addresses given must be a physical location
 They cannot be a PO Box number (unless part of a
 full service address), DX or LP (Legal Post in Scotland)
 oumber
- The document has been signed, where indicated
- All relevant attachments have been included
- You have enclosed the Memorandum of Association
- You have enclosed the correct fee

Important information

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record, apart from information relating to usual residential addresses. Day of birth will only be shown on the public record if the subscribers have elected to keep PSC and/or directors' information on the public register.

2 How to pay

A fee is payable on this form Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House' For information on fees, go to www.gov.uk/companieshouse

Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below

For companies registered in England and Wales The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff

For companies registered in Scotland
The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2,
139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF
DX ED235 Edinburgh 1
or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post)

For companies registered in Northern Ireland The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG DX 481 N R Belfast 1

Section 243 or 790ZF exemption

If you are applying for, or have been granted a section 243 or 790ZF exemption, please post this whole form to the different postal address below The Registrar of Companies, PO Box 4082, Cardiff, CF14 3WE

Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www gov uk/companieshouse or email enquiries@companieshouse gov uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse

COMPANY HAVING SHARE CAPITAL

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

RENEWABLE ENERGY INCOME PARTNERSHIP HOLDINGS 1 LIMITED

ame of each subscriber Authentication by each subscriber

Malalt

Octopus Renewable Energy Income Partnership GP LLP

Dated: 28/02/2017

The Companies Act 2006

A private company limited by shares

Articles of Association

of

RENEWABLE ENERGY INCOME PARTNERSHIP HOLDINGS 1 LIMITED

(adopted at incorporation)

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- 2 Liability of members

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- 4 Shareholders' reserve power
- 5 Directors may delegate
- 6 Committees

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- 8 Unanimous decisions
- 9 Calling a directors' meeting
- 10 Participation in directors' meetings
- 11 Quorum for directors' meetings
- 12 Chairing of directors' meetings
- 13 Casting vote
- 14 Transactions or arrangements with the company
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PART 1

INTERPRETATION AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Defined terms

- 1. In the articles, unless the context requires otherwise—
 "articles" means the company's articles of association,
 - "bankruptcy" includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy,
 - "chairman" has the meaning given in article 12,
 - "chairman of the meeting" has the meaning given in article 40,
 - "Companies Acts" means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the company,
 - "director" means a director of the company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called,
 - "distribution recipient" has the meaning given in article 32,
 - "document" includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form,
 - "electronic form" has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006,
 - "fully paid" in relation to a share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the company in respect of that share have been paid to the company, "hard copy form" has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006.
 - "holder" in relation to shares means the person whose name is entered in the register of

members as the holder of the shares,

- "instrument" means a document in hard copy form,
- "ordinary resolution" has the meaning given in section 282 of the Companies Act 2006,
- "paid" means paid or credited as paid,
- "participate", in relation to a directors' meeting, has the meaning given in article 10.
- "proxy notice" has the meaning given in article 46,

- "shareholder" means a person who is the holder of a share,
- "shares" means shares in the company,
- "special resolution" has the meaning given in section 283 of the Companies Act 2006,
- "subsidiary" has the meaning given in section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006,
- "transmittee" means a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or otherwise by operation of law, and
- "writing" means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise

Unless the context otherwise requires, other words or expressions contained in these articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act 2006 as in force on the date when these articles become binding on the company

Liability of members

2. The liability of the members is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them

PART 2

DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Directors' general authority

3. Subject to the articles, the directors are responsible for the management of the company's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the company

Shareholders' reserve power

- **4.**—(1) The shareholders may, by special resolution, direct the directors to take, or refrain from taking, specified action
 - (2) No such special resolution invalidates anything which the directors have done before the passing of the resolution

Directors may delegate

- **5.**—(1) Subject to the articles, the directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the articles—
 - (a) to such person or committee,
 - (b) by such means (including by power of attorney),
 - (c) to such an extent,

- (d) in relation to such matters or territories, and
- (e) on such terms and conditions,

as they think fit

- (2) If the directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the
- directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated
- (3) The directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions

Committees

- 6.—(1) Committees to which the directors delegate any of their powers must follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of the articles which govern the taking of decisions by directors
 - (2) The directors may make rules of procedure for all or any committees, which prevail over rules derived from the articles if they are not consistent with them

DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS

Directors to take decisions collectively

- 7.—(1) The general rule about decision-making by directors is that any decision of the directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with article 8
- (2) If—
 - (a) the company only has one director, and
- (b) no provision of the articles requires it to have more than one director, the general rule does not apply, and the director may take decisions without regard to any of the provisions of the articles relating to directors' decision-making

Unanimous decisions

- 8.—(1) A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all eligible directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter
- (2) Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, copies of which have been signed by each eligible director or to which each eligible director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing
- (3) References in this article to eligible directors are to directors who would have been entitled to vote on the matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a directors' meeting
- (4) A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the eligible directors would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting

Calling a directors' meeting

9.—(1) Any director may call a directors' meeting by giving notice of the meeting to the

directors or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice

(2) Notice of any directors' meeting must indicate—

- (a) its proposed date and time,
- (b) where it is to take place, and
- (c) if it is anticipated that directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting
- (3) Notice of a directors' meeting must be given to each director, but need not be in writing
- (4) Notice of a directors' meeting need not be given to directors who waive their entitlement to notice of that meeting, by giving notice to that effect to the company at any time. Where such notice is given after the meeting has been held, that does not affect the validity of the meeting, or of any business conducted at it

Participation in directors' meetings

- 10.—(1) Subject to the articles, directors participate in a directors' meeting, or part of a
- directors' meeting, when-
 - (a) the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the articles, and
 - (b) they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting
- (2) In determining whether directors are participating in a directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any director is or how they communicate with each other
- (3) If all the directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is

Quorum for directors' meetings

- 11.—(1) At a directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting
- (2) The quorum for directors' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the directors, but it must never be less than two, and unless otherwise fixed it is
- (3) If the total number of directors for the time being is less than the quorum required, the

directors must not take any decision other than a decision-

- (a) to appoint further directors, or
- (b) to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further directors
- (4) For the purposes of any meeting (or part of a meeting) held pursuant to article 15 to authorise a director's conflict, if there is only one eligible director in office other than the conflicted director(s), the quorum for that meeting (or part of a meeting) shall be one eligible director

Chairing of directors' meetings

- 12.—(1) The directors may appoint a director to chair their meetings
- (2) The person so appointed for the time being is known as the chairman
- (3) The directors may terminate the chairman's appointment at any time

(4) If the chairman is not participating in a directors' meeting within ten minutes of the time at which it was to start, the participating directors must appoint one of themselves to chair it

Casting vote

- 13.—(1) At any meeting of the directors, each director (or his alternate director) present at the meeting shall be entitled to one vote. If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal are equal, the chairman or other director chairing the meeting has a casting vote.
- (2) But this does not apply if, in accordance with the articles, the chairman or other director is not to be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum or voting purposes

Transactions or arrangements with the company

- 14.-(1) Provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any interest of his in accordance with and to the extent required by the Companies Acts, a director notwithstanding his office
 - (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any contract with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested,
 - (b) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any contract with, or otherwise interested in, any group company or in any body corporate promoted by the company or any group company or in which the company or any group company is interested,
 - (c) may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the company (otherwise than as auditor)
- (2) For the purposes of this article
 - (a) director shall be deemed to have disclosed the nature and extent of an interest which consists of him being a director, officer or employee of any group company, and
 - (b) a general notice given to the directors that a director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any contract in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such contract of the nature and extent so specified
- (3) Where a director is a director or other officer of, or employed by, a group company, he
 - (a) may in exercising his independent judgement take into account the success of other group companies as well as the success of the company, and
 - (b) shall in the exercise of his duties, where that other group company is a parent company, have a duty of confidentiality to the parent company in relation to confidential information of the parent company, but he shall not be restricted by any duty of confidentiality to the company from providing information to any parent company

Conflicts of Interest requiring board authorisation

15.-(1) The directors may, subject to the quorum and voting requirements set out in the articles, authorise any matter which would otherwise involve a director breaching his duty under the Companies Acts to avoid conflicts of interest ("Conflict")

- (2) Any director (including the conflicted director) may propose that the relevant director be authorised in relation to any matter the subject of a Conflict Such proposal and any authority given by the directors shall be effected in the same way that any other matter may be proposed to and decided upon by the directors under the provisions of the articles save that the conflicted director shall not count towards the quorum nor vote on any resolution giving such authority
- (3) Where the directors give authority in relation to a Conflict
 - (a) the terms of the authority shall be recorded in writing (but the authority shall be effective whether or not the terms are so recorded), and
 - (b) the directors may revoke or vary such authority at any time but this will not affect anything done by the relevant director prior to such revocation in accordance with the terms of such authority
- (4) Where the directors give authority in relation to a Conflict or where any of the situations referred to in article 14(1) ("Permitted Situation") applies
 - (a) the directors may (whether at the relevant time or subsequently) (1) require that the conflicted director is excluded from the receipt of information, the participation in discussion and/or the making of decisions (whether at meetings of the directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict or Permitted Situation, and (11) impose upon the conflicted director such other terms for the purpose of dealing with the Conflict as it may determine,
 - (b) the conflicted director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance—with any terms imposed by the board in relation to the Conflict or Permitted Situation, and
 - (c) the directors may provide that where the conflicted director obtains (otherwise than through his position as a director of the company) information that is confidential to a third party, the director will not be obliged to disclose that information to the company, or to use or apply the information in relation to the company's affairs, where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence

A director shall not, by reason of his office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established, be liable to account to the company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefit realised by reason of his having any type of interest in a Conflict authorised under this article or in any Permitted Situation and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of a director having any such interest

Directors may vote when interested

- 16.-(1) Subject where applicable to disclosure in accordance with the Companies Acts or the articles and subject to any terms imposed by the directors in relation to any Conflict or Permitted Situation, a director shall be entitled to vote in respect of any matter in which he is interested directly or indirectly and if he shall do so his vote shall be counted and, whether or not he does, his presence at the meeting he shall be taken into account in ascertaining whether a quorum is present
- (2) Subject to article 15(1), if a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman whose ruling in relation to any director other than the chairman is to be final and conclusive

(3) If any question as to the right to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) should arise in respect of the chairman, the question is to be decided by a decision of the directors at that meeting, for which purpose the chairman is not to be counted as participating in the meeting (or that part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes

Records of decisions to be kept

17. The directors must ensure that the company keeps a record, in writing, for at least 10 years from the date of the decision recorded, of every unanimous or majority decision taken by the directors

Directors' discretion to make further rules

18. Subject to the articles, the directors may make any rule which they think fit about how they take decisions, and about how such rules are to be recorded or communicated to directors

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

Methods of appointing directors

- 19.—(1) Any person who is willing to act as a director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a director—
 - (a) by ordinary resolution, or
 - (b) by a decision of the directors
- (2) In any case where, as a result of death, the company has no shareholders and no directors, the personal representatives of the last shareholder to have died have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a person to be a director
- (3) For the purposes of paragraph (2), where 2 or more shareholders die in circumstances

rendering it uncertain who was the last to die, a younger shareholder is deemed to have survived an older shareholder

Alternate directors

- 20. -(1) Any director (the "appointor) may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors, to
 - (a) exercise that director's powers, and
 - (b) carry out that director's responsibilities in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors in the absence of the alternate's appointor
- (2) Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the company signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors
- (3) The notice must
 - (a) identify the proposed alternate, and

- (b) in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice
- (4) Any meeting of the directors shall not be invalid because notice thereof or any business to be transacted at the meeting was not given to any alternate director id his appointor attends such meeting

Termination of director's appointment

- 21. A person ceases to be a director as soon as-
 - (a) that person ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006 or is prohibited from being a director by law,
 - (b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person,
 - (c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that

person's debts,

- (d) a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the company stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months,
- (e) [paragraph omitted pursuant to The Mental Health (Discrimination) Act 2013]
- (f) notification is received by the company from the director that the director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms

Directors' remuneration

- **22.**—(1) Directors may undertake any services for the company that the directors decide.
- (2) Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the directors determine—
 - (a) for their services to the company as directors, and
 - (b) for any other service which they undertake for the company
- (3) Subject to the articles, a director's remuneration may-
 - (a) take any form, and
 - (b) include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that director
- (4) Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors' remuneration accrues from day to day
- (5) Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors are not accountable to the company for any remuneration which they receive as directors or other officers or employees of the company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the company is interested

Directors' expenses

23. The company may pay any reasonable expenses which the directors properly incur in

connection with their attendance at-

- (a) meetings of directors or committees of directors,
- (b) general meetings, or
- (c) separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company, or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the company

PART 3

SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS

SHARES

All shares to be fully paid up

24.—(1) No share is to be issued for less than the aggregate of its nominal value and any

premium to be paid to the company in consideration for its issue

(2) This does not apply to shares taken on the formation of the company by the subscribers to the company's memorandum

Powers to issue different classes of share

- **25.**—(1) Subject to the articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing share, the company may issue shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution
- (2) The company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the holder, and the directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares

Company not bound by less than absolute interests

26. Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or the articles, the company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it

Share certificates

- 27.—(1) The company must issue each shareholder, free of charge, with one or more certificates in respect of the shares which that shareholder holds
- (2) Every certificate must specify—
 - (a) in respect of how many shares, of what class, it is issued,
 - (b) the nominal value of those shares,
 - (c) that the shares are fully paid, and
 - (d) any distinguishing numbers assigned to them
- (3) No certificate may be issued in respect of shares of more than one class

- (4) If more than one person holds a share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of it
- (5) Certificates must-
 - (a) have affixed to them the company's common seal, or
 - (b) be otherwise executed in accordance with the Companies Acts

Replacement share certificates

- 28.—(1) If a certificate issued in respect of a shareholder's shares is—
 - (a) damaged or defaced, or
 - (b) said to be lost, stolen or destroyed, that shareholder is entitled to be issued with a replacement certificate in respect of the same shares
- (2) A shareholder exercising the right to be issued with such a replacement certificate—
 - (a) may at the same time exercise the right to be issued with a single certificate or separate certificates,
 - (b) must return the certificate which is to be replaced to the company if it is damaged or defaced, and
 - (c) must comply with such conditions as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of a

reasonable fee as the directors decide

Share transfers

- 29.—(1) Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the directors, which is executed by or on behalf of the transferor
- (2) No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share
- (3) The company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered
- (4) The transferor remains the holder of a share until the transferee's name is entered in the register of members as holder of it
- (5) The directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share, and if they do so, the instrument of transfer must be returned to the transferee with the notice of refusal unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent
- (6) Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles (whether by way of or in relation to pre-emption rights, restrictions on, or conditions applicable to, share transfers, or otherwise, including, for the avoidance of doubt, any lien referred to in the articles), the directors shall not decline to register any transfer of shares nor suspend registration thereof
 - (a) where such transfer is in favour of a bank or other financial institution or any nominee of a bank or other financial institution and the transfer is as contemplated by, or pursuant to, any mortgage or charge of shares or any call or other share option granted in favour of such bank or financial institution, or
 - (b) where such transfer is by or on behalf of a bank or financial institution or any nominee of a bank or financial institution in favour of any third party upon disposal or realisation of shares following the bank having become entitled to exercise or enforce its rights under any such mortgage, charge and/or call or other option

and a certificate by any officer of the bank or financial institution that the relevant transfer is within paragraph (a) and (b) above shall be conclusive evidence of that fact

No right of pre-emption

30. Section 561 (existing shareholders' right of pre-emption) and section 562 (communication of pre-emption offers to shareholders) of the Act do not apply to the Company.

Transmission of shares

- 31.—(1) If title to a share passes to a transmittee, the company may only recognise the transmittee as having any title to that share
- (2) A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the directors may properly require—
 - (a) may, subject to the articles, choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person, and
 - (b) subject to the articles, and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had
- (3) But transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of shares to which they are entitled, by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those shares

Exercise of transmittees' rights

- 32.—(1) Transmittees who wish to become the holders of shares to which they have become entitled must notify the company in writing of that wish
- (2) If the transmittee wishes to have a share transferred to another person, the transmittee must execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it
- (3) Any transfer made or executed under this article is to be treated as if it were made or

executed by the person from whom the transmittee has derived rights in respect of the share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred

Transmittees bound by prior notices

33. If a notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares and a transmittee is entitled to those shares, the transmittee is bound by the notice if it was given to the shareholder before the transmittee's name has been entered in the register of members

DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS

Procedure for declaring dividends

34.—(1) The company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the directors may decide to pay interim dividends

- (2) A dividend must not be declared unless the directors have made a recommendation as to its amount. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the directors
- (3) No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with shareholders' respective rights
- (4) Unless the shareholders' resolution to declare or directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each shareholder's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it
- (5) If the company's share capital is divided into different classes, no interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear
- (6) The directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment
- (7) If the directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares

conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights

Payment of dividends and other distributions

- 35.—(1) Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means—
 - (a) transfer to a bank or building society account specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide,
 - (b) sending a cheque made payable to the distribution recipient by post to the distribution recipient at the distribution recipient's registered address (if the distribution recipient is a holder of the share), or (in any other case) to an address specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide,
 - (c) sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such address as the distribution recipient has specified either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide, or
 - (d) any other means of payment as the directors agree with the distribution recipient either in writing or by such other means as the directors decide
- (2) In the articles, "the distribution recipient" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable—
 - (a) the holder of the share, or
 - (b) if the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members, or
 - (c) if the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or

otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee

No interest on distributions

- **36.** The company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by—
 - (a) the terms on which the share was issued, or

(b) the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the company

Unclaimed distributions

- 37.—(1) All dividends or other sums which are—
 - (a) payable in respect of shares, and
 - (b) unclaimed after having been declared or become payable, may be invested or otherwise made use of by the directors for the benefit of the company until claimed
- (2) The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the company a trustee in respect of it
- (3) If—
 - (a) twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment, and
 - (b) the distribution recipient has not claimed it,

the distribution recipient is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the company

Non-cash distributions

- 38.—(1) Subject to the terms of issue of the share in question, the company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the directors, decide to pay all or part of a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by transferring non-cash assets of equivalent value (including, without limitation, shares or other securities in any company)
- (2) For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the directors may make whatever

arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution—

- (a) fixing the value of any assets,
- (b) paying cash to any distribution recipient on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients, and
- (c) vesting any assets in trustees

Waiver of distributions

39. Distribution recipients may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution

payable in respect of a share by giving the company notice in writing to that effect, but if—

- (a) the share has more than one holder, or
- (b) more than one person is entitled to the share, whether by reason of the death or

bankruptcy of one or more joint holders, or otherwise,

the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to the share

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums

40.—(1) Subject to the articles, the directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary

resolution-

- (a) decide to capitalise any profits of the company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying a preferential dividend, or any sum standing to the credit of the company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve, and
- (b) appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a "capitalised sum") to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (the "persons entitled") and in the same proportions
- (2) Capitalised sums must be applied—
 - (a) on behalf of the persons entitled, and
 - (b) in the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them
- (3) Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new shares of a nominal amount equal to the capitalised sum which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- (4) A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in paying up new debentures of the company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- (5) Subject to the articles the directors may-
 - (a) apply capitalised sums in accordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) partly in one way and partly in another,
 - (b) make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this article (including the issuing of fractional certificates or the making of cash payments), and
 - (c) authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the company on behalf of all the persons entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of shares and debentures to them under this article

PART 4

DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

ORGANISATION OF GENERAL MEETINGS

Attendance and speaking at general meetings

- 41.—(1) A person is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting
- (2) A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when—(a) that person is able to vote, during the meeting, on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting, and

- (b) that person's vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such
- resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting
- (3) The directors may make whatever arrangements they consider appropriate to enable those attending a general meeting to exercise their rights to speak or vote at it
- (4) In determining attendance at a general meeting, it is immaterial whether any two or more members attending it are in the same place as each other
- (5) Two or more persons who are not in the same place as each other attend a general meeting if their circumstances are such that if they have (or were to have) rights to speak and vote at that meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them

Quorum for general meetings

42. No business other than the appointment of the chairman of the meeting is to be transacted at a general meeting if the persons attending it do not constitute a quorum

Chairing general meetings

- 43.—(1) If the directors have appointed a chairman, the chairman shall chair general meetings if present and willing to do so
- (2) If the directors have not appointed a chairman, or if the chairman is unwilling to chair the meeting or is not present within ten minutes of the time at which a meeting was due to start—
 - (a) the directors present, or
 - (b) (if no directors are present), the meeting,

must appoint a director or shareholder to chair the meeting, and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting

(3) The person chairing a meeting in accordance with this article is referred to as "the chairman of the meeting"

Attendance and speaking by directors and non-shareholders

- **44.**—(1) Directors may attend and speak at general meetings, whether or not they are shareholders
- (2) The chairman of the meeting may permit other persons who are not-
 - (a) shareholders of the company, or
 - (b) otherwise entitled to exercise the rights of shareholders in relation to general meetings,

to attend and speak at a general meeting

Adjournment

- 45.—(1) If the persons attending a general meeting within half an hour of the time at which the meeting was due to start do not constitute a quorum, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the chairman of the meeting must adjourn it
- (2) The chairman of the meeting may adjourn a general meeting at which a quorum is present if—
 - (a) the meeting consents to an adjournment, or

- (b) it appears to the chairman of the meeting that an adjournment is necessary to protect the safety of any person attending the meeting or ensure that the business of the meeting is conducted in an orderly manner
- (3) The chairman of the meeting must adjourn a general meeting if directed to do so by the meeting
- (4) When adjourning a general meeting, the chairman of the meeting must—
 - (a) either specify the time and place to which it is adjourned or state that it is to continue at a time and place to be fixed by the directors, and
 - (b) have regard to any directions as to the time and place of any adjournment which have been given by the meeting
- (5) If the continuation of an adjourned meeting is to take place more than 14 days after it was adjourned, the company must give at least 7 clear days' notice of it (that is, excluding the day of the adjourned meeting and the day on which the notice is given)—
 - (a) to the same persons to whom notice of the company's general meetings is required to be given, and
 - (b) containing the same information which such notice is required to contain
- (6) No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place

VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS

Voting: general

46. A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded in accordance with the articles

Errors and disputes

47.—(1) No objection may be raised to the qualification of any person voting at a general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting is valid (2) Any such objection must be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision is final

Poll votes

- 48.—(1) A poll on a resolution may be demanded—
 - (a) in advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote, or
 - (b) at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared
- (2) A poll may be demanded by-
 - (a) the chairman of the meeting,
 - (b) the directors,
 - (c) two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution, or
 - (d) a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having the right to vote on the resolution
- (3) A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if-
 - (a) the poll has not yet been taken, and

(b) the chairman of the meeting consents to the withdrawal(4) Polls must be taken immediately and in such manner as the chairman of the meeting directs

Content of proxy notices

49.—(1) Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (a "proxy notice")

which-

- (a) states the name and address of the shareholder appointing the proxy,
- (b) identifies the person appointed to be that shareholder's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed,
- (c) is signed by or on behalf of the shareholder appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the directors may determine, and
- (d) is delivered to the company in accordance with the articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate
- (2) The company may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes
- (3) Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions
- (4) Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as-
 - (a) allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting, and
 - (b) appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself

Delivery of proxy notices

- **50.**—(1) A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the company by or on behalf of that person
- (2) An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the company a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given
- (3) A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates
- (4) If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf

Amendments to resolutions

- 51.—(1) An ordinary resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if—
 - (a) notice of the proposed amendment is given to the company in writing by a person entitled to vote at the general meeting at which it is to be proposed not less than 48 hours before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the chairman of the meeting may determine), and

- (b) the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the chairman of the meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution
- (2) A special resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution, if—
 - (a) the chairman of the meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed, and
 - (b) the amendment does not go beyond what is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution
- (3) If the chairman of the meeting, acting in good faith, wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the chairman's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution

PART 5

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

Means of communication to be used

- **52.**—(1) Subject to the articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the company under the articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the company
- (2) Subject to the articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a director in
- connection with the taking of decisions by directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being
- (3) A director may agree with the company that notices or documents sent to that director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within a specified time of their being sent, and for the specified time to be less than 48 hours

Company seals

- 53.—(1) Any common seal may only be used by the authority of the directors
- (2) The directors may decide by what means and in what form any common seal is to be used
- (3) Unless otherwise decided by the directors, if the company has a common seal and it is
- affixed to a document, the document must also be signed by at least one authorised person in the presence of a witness who attests the signature
- (4) For the purposes of this article, an authorised person is—
 - (a) any director of the company,
 - (b) the company secretary (if any), or
 - (c) any person authorised by the directors for the purpose of signing documents to which the common seal is applied

No right to inspect accounts and other records

54. Except as provided by law or authorised by the directors or an ordinary resolution of the company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a shareholder

Provision for employees on cessation of business

55. The directors may decide to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the company or any of its subsidiaries (other than a director or former director or shadow director) in connection with the cessation or transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the company or that subsidiary.

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

Indemnity

- 56.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), a relevant director of the company or an associated company may be indemnified out of the company's assets against—
 - (a) any liability incurred by that director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the company or an associated company,
 - (b) any liability incurred by that director in connection with the activities of the company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006),
 - (c) any other liability incurred by that director as an officer of the company or an associated company
- (2) This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law
- (3) In this article—
 - (a) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate, and
 - (b) a "relevant director" means any director or former director of the company or an associated company

Insurance

- 57.—(1) The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the company, for the benefit of any relevant director in respect of any relevant loss (2) In this article—
 - (a) a "relevant director" means any director or former director of the company or an associated company,
 - (b) a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant director in connection with that director's duties or powers in relation to the company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the company or associated company, and
 - (c) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate