Registration number: 10638872

The Bristol Distilling Company Limited

Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Newsham Hanson Accountants Limited Accountant & Business Advisors Edinburgh House 1-5 Bellevue Road Clevedon North Somerset BS21 7NP

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Company Information

Directors Mr Jake Black

Mr Simon Edwards Mrs Emily Astley-Cooper Abigail Lise Buszard

Registered office The Bristol Distilling Co

Unit D Malago Vale Trading Estate

St Johns Lane

Bristol BS3 5BQ

Accountants Newsham Hanson Accountants Limited

Accountant & Business Advisors

Edinburgh House 1-5 Bellevue Road

Clevedon North Somerset BS21 7NP

(Registration number: 10638872) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 €	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	32,588	41,004
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	143,208	179,000
Investments	6	<u> </u>	1,378
		175,796	221,382
Current assets			
Stocks	7	86,371	112,127
Debtors	<u>7</u> <u>8</u>	36,494	70,112
Cash at bank and in hand		37,359	53,585
		160,224	235,824
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	(210,980)	(209,891)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(50,756)	25,933
Total assets less current liabilities		125,040	247,315
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(217,193)	(229,475)
Net (liabilities)/assets		(92,153)	17,840
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>10</u>	1,798	1,798
Share premium reserve		570,367	570,367
Retained earnings		(664,318)	(554,325)
Shareholders' (deficit)/funds		(92,153)	17,840

For the financial year ending 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

(Registration number: 10638872) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022

Approved and authorised by the Board on 17 May 2023 and signed on its behalf by:
Mr Jake Black
Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: The Bristol Distilling Co Unit D Malago Vale Trading Estate St Johns Lane Bristol BS3 5BO

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 17 May 2023.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Asset class

Plant & Machinery Office & Computer Equipment Fixtures & Fittings Whiskey Barrels

Depreciation method and rate

10% straight line basis 25% straight line basis 10% straight line basis 100% straight line basis

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class Amortisation method and rate

Website development 25% straight line basis

Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 17 (2021 - 35).

4 Intangible assets

	Other intangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
Additions acquired separately	75,521	75,521
At 31 December 2022	75,521	75,521
Amortisation		
Amortisation charge	42,933	42,933
At 31 December 2022	42,933	42,933
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2022	32,588	32,588
At 31 December 2021	41,004	41,004

The aggregate amount of research and development expenditure recognised as an expense during the period is £- (2021 - £16,038).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

5 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings	Plant and machinery £	Office equipment £	Motor vehicles
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2022	106,394	106,409	6,963	33,202
Additions	2,809	4,926	-	-
Disposals		(12,478)	-	(4,645)
At 31 December 2022	109,203	98,857	6,963	28,557
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2022	19,113	41,830	2,403	10,622
Charge for the year	14,454	6,030	1,018	4,902
At 31 December 2022	33,567	47,860	3,421	15,524
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2022	75,636	50,997	3,542	13,033
At 31 December 2021	87,281	64,579	4,560	22,580
				Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2022				252,968
Additions				7,735
Disposals				(17,123)
At 31 December 2022				243,580
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2022				73,968
Charge for the year			_	26,404
At 31 December 2022			_	100,372
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2022			_	143,208
At 31 December 2021			_	179,000
6 Investments				
			2022 £	2021 £
Investments in subsidiaries			<u>-</u> _	1,378

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Subsidiaries	£
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2022	1,378
Disposals	(1,378)
At 31 December 2022	
Provision	
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2022	
At 31 December 2021	1,378

Details of undertakings

Details of the investments (including principal place of business of unincorporated entities) in which the company holds 20% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital are as follows:

Undertaking	Registered office	Holding	Proportion of voting rights and shares held	
			2022	2021
Subsidiary undertakings				
Blue Teal Ltd	Orchard Street Business Centre 13-14 Orchard Street Bristo BS1 5EH	Ordinary	0%	100%
	England & Wales			

Subsidiary undertakings

Blue Teal Ltd

The principal activity of Blue Teal Ltd is That of a resturant.

7 Stocks

	2022	2021
	£	£
Other inventories	86,371	112,127

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

8 Debtors			
Current		2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors		13,581	38,880
Prepayments		12,763	21,232
Other debtors		10,150	10,000
Other debtors		<u> </u>	
		36,494	70,112
9 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>11</u>	41,578	34,920
trade creditors		24,212	58,266
Amounts owed to related parties		147	551
Taxation and social security		27,595	44,411
Other creditors		117,448	71,743
		210,980	209,891
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>11</u>	217,193	229,475
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>11</u>	217,193	229,475

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

10 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

,	2022		2022 2021		21
	No.	£	No.	£	
Ordinary of £1 each	1,798	1,798	1,798	1,798	
11 Loans and borrowings					
			2022 £	2021 £	
Non-current loans and borrowings			~	~	
Bank borrowings			45,570	49,790	
Finance lease liabilities			-	12,847	
Other borrowings			171,623	166,838	
			217,193	229,475	
			2022	2021	
			£	£	
Current loans and borrowings			10.004		
Finance lease liabilities			12,904	4,011	
Other borrowings			28,674	30,909	
			41,578	34,920	

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.