



FILE COPY

**CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
OF A
PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY**

Company Number **10565816**

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that

WELLESLEY SECURED FINANCE PLC

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a public company, that the company is limited by shares, and the situation of its registered office is in England and Wales

Given at Companies House on **16th January 2017**



N10565816J



Companies House



**THE OFFICIAL SEAL OF THE
REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES**

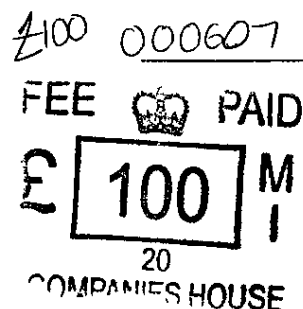
IN01

Application to register a company



Companies House

A fee is payable with this form
Please see 'How to pay' on the last page



☒ What this form is for
You may use this form to register a
private or public company

☒ What this form is NOT for
You cannot use this form to register
a limited liability partnership. To do
this, please use form LL IN01. Do not
use this form if any individual person
with significant control is applying
or has applied for protection from
having their details disclosed on the
public register. Contact enquiries@
companieshouse.gov.uk to get a
separate form



LD1 16/01/2017 #41
COMPANIES HOUSE

Part 1 Company details

A1	Company name	→ Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in bold black capitals All fields are mandatory unless specified or indicated by * ① Duplicate names Duplicate names are not permitted A list of registered names can be found on our website. There are various rules that may affect your choice of name. More information on this is available in our guidance at: www.gov.uk/companieshouse
	Check if a company name is available by using our name availability search www.companieshouse.gov.uk/info	
	Please show the proposed company name below	
Proposed company name in full ①	WELLESLEY SECURED FINANCE PLC	
For official use	10565816	

A2	Company name restrictions ②	② Company name restrictions A list of sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require consent can be found in our guidance at www.gov.uk/companieshouse
	Please tick the box only if the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require you to seek comments of a government department or other specified body	
	<input type="checkbox"/> I confirm that the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions and that approval, where appropriate, has been sought of a government department or other specified body and I attach a copy of their response	

A3	Exemption from name ending with 'Limited' or 'Cyfyngedig' ③	③ Name ending exemption Only private companies that are limited by guarantee and meet other specific requirements or private companies that are charities are eligible to apply for this. For more details, please go to our website, www.gov.uk/companieshouse
	Please tick the box if you wish to apply for exemption from the requirement to have the name ending with 'Limited', 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative	
	<input type="checkbox"/> I confirm that the above proposed company meets the conditions for exemption from the requirement to have a name ending with 'Limited', 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative	

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Company type¹

Please tick the box that describes the proposed company type and members' liability (only one box must be ticked)

- ☒ Public limited by shares
☐ Private limited by shares
☐ Private limited by guarantee
☐ Private unlimited with share capital
☐ Private unlimited without share capital

¹ Company type

If you are unsure of your company's type, please go to our website www.gov.uk/companieshouse

A5

Principal business activity

Please show the trade classification code number(s) for the principal activity or activities ²

Classification code 1	6	4	9	9	9
Classification code 2					
Classification code 3					
Classification code 4					

If you cannot determine a code, please give a brief description of the company's business activity below

Principal activity description

² Principal business activity

You must provide a trade classification code (SIC code 2007) or a description of your company's main business in this section

A full list of the trade classification codes is available on our website www.gov.uk/companieshouse

A6

Situation of registered office ³

Please tick the appropriate box below that describes the situation of the proposed registered office (only one box must be ticked)

- ☒ England and Wales
☐ Wales
☐ Scotland
☐ Northern Ireland

³ Registered office

Every company must have a registered office and this is the address to which the Registrar will send correspondence

For England and Wales companies, the address must be in England or Wales.

For Welsh, Scottish or Northern Ireland companies, the address must be in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively

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A7**Registered office address ①**

	Please give the registered office address of your company
Building name/number	35
Street	Great St Helen's
Post town	London
County/Region	
Postcode	E C 3 A 6 A P

① Registered office address

You must ensure that the address shown in this section is consistent with the situation indicated in section A6

You must provide an address in England or Wales for companies to be registered in England and Wales.

You must provide an address in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland for companies to be registered in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively

A8**Articles of association ②**

	Please choose one option only and tick one box only
Option 1	<p>I wish to adopt one of the following model articles in its entirety Please tick only one box</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Private limited by shares</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Private limited by guarantee</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Public company</p>
Option 2	<p>I wish to adopt the following model articles with additional and/or amended provisions I attach a copy of the additional and/or amended provision(s). Please tick only one box</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Private limited by shares</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Private limited by guarantee</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Public company</p>
Option 3	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I wish to adopt entirely bespoke articles. I attach a copy of the bespoke articles to this application</p>

② For details of which company type can adopt which model articles, please go to our website www.gov.uk/companieshouse

A Community Interest Company (CIC) cannot adopt model articles. If you are incorporating a CIC you must tick option 3 and attach a copy of the bespoke articles.

A9**Restricted company articles ③**

Please tick the box below if the company's articles are restricted

☐
③ Restricted company articles

Restricted company articles are those containing provision for entrenchment For more details, please go to our website www.gov.uk/companieshouse

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Part 2**Proposed officers**

For private companies the appointment of a secretary is optional, however, if you do decide to appoint a company secretary you must provide the relevant details. Public companies are required to appoint at least one secretary.

Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual.

For a secretary who is an individual, go to Section B1; For a corporate secretary, go to Section C1; For a director who is an individual, go to Section D1; For a corporate director, go to Section E1.

Secretary**B1****Secretary appointments ①**

Please use this section to list all the secretary appointments taken on formation.
For a corporate secretary, complete Sections C1-C4.

Title*	
Full forename(s)	
Surname	
Former name(s) ②	- - - - -

① Corporate appointments
For corporate secretary appointments, please complete section C1-C4 instead of section B.

Additional appointments
If you wish to appoint more than one secretary, please use the 'Secretary appointments' continuation page.

② Former name(s)
Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.

B2**Secretary's service address ③**

Building name/number	
Street	
Post town	
County/Region	
Postcode	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Country	

③ Service address
This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.

Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of secretaries as the company's registered office.

If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record.

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Application to register a company

Corporate secretary

C1	Corporate secretary appointments ①		① Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one corporate secretary, please use the 'Corporate secretary appointments' continuation page. Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number
	Please use this section to list all the corporate secretary appointments taken on formation		
Name of corporate body/firm	Intertrust Corporate Services Limited		
Building name/number	35		
Street	Great St Helen's		
Post town	London		
County/Region			
Postcode	E C 3 A 6 A P		
Country	United Kingdom		
C2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm		
	Is the corporate secretary registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section C3 only → No Complete Section C4 only		
C3	EEA companies ②		② EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance www.gov.uk/companieshouse ① This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC)
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register		
Where the company/firm is registered ①	England and Wales		
Registration number	392025		
C4	Non-EEA companies		① Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered, you must also provide its number in that register
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register		
Legal form of the corporate body or firm			
Governing law			
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered ①			
Registration number			

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Application to register a company

Director**D1****Director appointments ^①**

Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation
For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E4.

Title*	Mr
Full forename(s)	Alasdair Bruce
Surname	Lenman
Former name(s) ^②	
Country/State of residence ^③	UK
Nationality	British
Month/year of birth ^④	X X '1 '2 '1 '9 '6 '9
Business occupation (if any) ^⑤	Company Director

① Appointments

Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual

② Former name(s)

Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.

③ Country/State of residence

This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in section D4

④ Month and year of birth

Please provide month and year only

⑤ Business occupation

If you have a business occupation, please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank

Additional appointments

If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page

D2**Director's service address ^①**

Please complete the service address below. You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4

Building name/number	35
Street	Great St Helen's
Post town	London
County/Region	
Postcode	E C 3 A 6 A P
Country	United Kingdom

① Service address

This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address

Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of directors as the company's registered office

If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record

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Application to register a company

Director

D1 Director appointments ^①

Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation
For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E4

Title*										
Full forename(s)										
Surname										
Former name(s) ^②										
Country/State of residence ^③										
Nationality										
Month/year of birth ^④	X	X	m	a	y	y	y	y		
Business occupation (if any) ^⑤										

- ① Appointments**
Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual.
- ② Former name(s)**
Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.
- ③ Country/State of residence**
This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in section D4.
- ④ Month and year of birth**
Please provide month and year only.
- ⑤ Business occupation**
If you have a business occupation, please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank.
- Additional appointments**
If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page.

D2 Director's service address ^⑥

Please complete the service address below. You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4.

Building name/number										
Street										
Post town										
County/Region										
Postcode										
Country										

- ⑥ Service address**
This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.
- Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of directors as the company's registered office.
- If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record.

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Application to register a company

Corporate director

E1	Corporate director appointments ①	
	Please use this section to list all the corporate directors taken on formation	
Name of corporate body or firm	Intertrust Directors 1 Limited	
Building name/number	35	
Street	Great St Helen's	
Post town	London	
County/Region		
Postcode	E C 3 A 6 A P	
Country	United Kingdom	
	① Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one corporate director, please use the 'Corporate director appointments' continuation page Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number	
E2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm	
	Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section E3 only → No Complete Section E4 only	
E3	EEA companies ①	
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	
Where the company/firm is registered ①	England and Wales	
Registration number	03920254	
	① EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance www.gov.uk/companieshouse ① This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC)	
E4	Non-EEA companies	
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register	
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		
Governing law		
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered ①		
If applicable, the registration number		
	① Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered, you must also provide its number in that register	

IN01 - continuation page

Application to register a company

Corporate director

E1	Corporate director appointments		Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number
	Please use this section to list all the corporate directors taken on formation		
Name of corporate body or firm	Intertrust Corporate Directors 2 Limited		
Building name/number	35		
Street	Great St Helen's		
Post town	London		
County/Region			
Postcode	E C 3 A 6 A P		
Country	United Kingdom		
E2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm		
	Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section E3 only → No Complete Section E4 only		
E3	EEA companies		EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance, www.gov.uk/companieshouse This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC)
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register		
Where the company/firm is registered	England and Wales		
Registration number	04017430		
E4	Non-EEA companies		Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered, you must also provide its number in that register
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register		
Legal form of the corporate body or firm			
Governing law			
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered			
If applicable, the registration number			

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Part 3 Statement of capital

Does your company have share capital?

→ Yes Complete the sections below

→ No Go to Part 4 (Statement of guarantee).

F1**Statement of capital**

Complete the table(s) below to show the share capital

Complete a separate table for each currency (if appropriate). For example, add pound sterling in 'Currency table A' and Euros in 'Currency table B'

Continuation pages

Please use a continuation page if necessary.

Currency Complete a separate table for each currency	Class of shares E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc	Number of shares	Aggregate nominal value (£, €, \$, etc) Number of shares issued multiplied by nominal value	Total aggregate amount to be unpaid, if any (£, €, \$, etc) Including both the nominal value and any share premium
---	---	------------------	---	--

Currency table A

Sterling	Ordinary	1	£1 00	
Totals		1	£1.00	NIL

Currency table B

Totals				

Currency table C

Totals				

Totals (including continuation pages)

Total number of shares	Total aggregate nominal value ❶	Total aggregate amount unpaid ❶
1	£1.00	NIL

❶ Please list total aggregate values in different currencies separately
For example: £100 + €100 + \$10 etc

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Application to register a company

F2

Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)

Please give the prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares for each class of share shown in the statement of capital share tables in **Section F1**

Class of share

Ordinary

Prescribed particulars

1

The shares have attached to them full voting, dividend and capital distribution (including winding up) rights. The shares do not confer any rights on redemption

Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares

The particulars are

- a particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only in certain circumstances,
- b particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution,
- c particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in a distribution (including on winding up), and
- d whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder

A separate table must be used for each class of share

Continuation pages

Please use the next page or a 'Statement of Capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary

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Class of share		
Prescribed particulars ①		<p>① Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares</p> <p>The particulars are</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only in certain circumstances, b particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution, c particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in a distribution (including on winding up), and d whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder <p>A separate table must be used for each class of share</p> <p>Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary</p>

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Application to register a company

F3

Initial shareholdings

This section should only be completed by companies incorporating with share capital.

Please complete the details below for each subscriber

The addresses will appear on the public record. These do not need to be the subscribers' usual residential address.

Initial shareholdings

Please list the company's subscribers in alphabetical order

Please use an 'Initial shareholdings' continuation page if necessary

Subscriber's details	Class of share	Number of shares	Currency	Nominal value of each share	Amount (if any) to be unpaid on each share (including the nominal value and any share premium)	Amount to be paid on each share (including the nominal value and any share premium)
Name Intertrust Corporate Services Limited	Ordinary	1	Sterling	1 00	0 00	1 00
Address 35 Great St Helen's, London, United Kingdom, EC3A 6AP						
Name						
Address						
Name						
Address						
Name						
Address						

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Part 4 Statement of guarantee

Is your company limited by guarantee?

→ Yes Complete the sections below

→ No Go to Part 5 People with significant control (PSC).

G1

Subscribers

Please complete this section if you are a subscriber of a company limited by guarantee. The following statement is being made by each and every person named below

I confirm that if the company is wound up while I am a member, or within one year after I cease to be a member, I will contribute to the assets of the company by such amount as may be required for

- payment of debts and liabilities of the company contracted before I cease to be a member,
- payment of costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and,
- adjustment of the rights of the contributors among ourselves, not exceeding the specified amount below.

1 Name

Please use capital letters.

2 Address

The addresses in this section will appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address.

3 Amount guaranteed

Any valid currency is permitted

4 Class of members

Only complete this if there will be more than one class of members and if the subscribers are electing to keep members' information on the public register

Continuation pages

Please use a 'Subscribers' continuation page if necessary

Subscriber's details

Forename(s) 1

Surname 1

Address 2

Postcode

Amount guaranteed 3

Class of member (if applicable) 4

Subscriber's details

Forename(s) 1

Surname 1

Address 2

Postcode

Amount guaranteed 3

Class of member (if applicable) 4

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Subscriber's details

Forename(s) ❶	
Surname ❶	
Address ❷	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed ❸	
Class of member (if applicable) ❹	

Subscriber's details

Forename(s) ❶	
Surname ❶	
Address ❷	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed ❸	
Class of member (if applicable) ❹	

Subscriber's details

Forename(s) ❶	
Surname ❶	
Address ❷	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed ❸	
Class of member (if applicable) ❹	

Subscriber's details

Forename(s) ❶	
Surname ❶	
Address ❷	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed ❸	
Class of member (if applicable) ❹	

❶ Name

Please use capital letters.

❷ Address

The addresses in this section will appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address.

❸ Amount guaranteed

Any valid currency is permitted

❹ Class of members

Only complete this if there will be more than one class of members and if the subscribers are electing to keep members' information on the public register

Continuation pages

Please use a 'Subscribers' continuation page if necessary

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Part 5 People with significant control (PSC)

Use this Part to tell us about people with significant control or registrable relevant legal entities in respect of the company. Do not use this Part to tell us about any individual people with significant control whose particulars must not be disclosed on the public record. You must use a separate form, which you can get by contacting us enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

If on incorporation there will be someone who will count as a person with significant control (either a registrable person or registrable relevant legal entity (RLE)) in relation to the company, tick the box in H1 and complete any relevant sections. If there will be no registrable person or RLE tick the box in H2 and go to Part 6 Election to keep information on the public register

H1

Statement of initial significant control¹

- ☒ On incorporation, there will be someone who will count as a person with significant control (either a registrable person or registrable RLE) in relation to the company

¹ Statement of initial significant control
If there will be a registrable person (which includes 'other registrable persons') or RLE, please complete the appropriate details in sections II, I & J

Please use the PSC continuation pages if necessary

H2

Statement of no PSC

(Please tick the statement below if appropriate)

- ☐ The company knows or has reason to believe that there will be no person with significant control (either a registrable person or RLE) in relation to the company

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Individual PSC

H3	Individual's details	
	Use sections H3-H9 as appropriate to tell us about individuals with significant control who are registrable persons and the nature of their control in relation to the company	
Title*		
Full forename(s)		
Surname		
Country/State of residence ^❶		
Nationality		
Month/year of birth ^❷	<div> <div>X</div> <div>X</div> <div>m</div> <div>m</div> <div>y</div> <div>y</div> <div>y</div> <div>y</div> </div>	

❶ Country/State of residence
This is in respect of the usual residential address as stated in section H6

❷ Month and year of birth
Please provide month and year only

H4	Individual's service address^❶	
	Please complete the individual's service address below. You must also complete the individual's usual residential address in Section H6	
Building name/number		
Street		
Post town		
County/Region		
Postcode	<div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	
Country		

❶ Service address
This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be the individual's usual residential address.

If you provide the individual's residential address here it will appear on the public record

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Application to register a company

H7

Nature of control for an individual^①

Please indicate how the individual is a person with significant control over the company

① Tick each that apply

Ownership of shares

The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

Ownership of voting rights

The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors

- ☐ The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

Significant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply)

- ☐ The individual has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company

H8

Nature of control by a firm over which the individual has significant control^①

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and

① Tick each that apply

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

- ☐ the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

- ☐ the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

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Application to register a company

H9

Nature of control by a trust over which the individual has significant control ^①

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one).

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

☐ the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

☐ the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

① Tick each that apply

IN01

Application to register a company

Individual PSC

H3	Individual's details		① Country/State of residence This is in respect of the usual residential address as stated in section H6 ② Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only
Use sections H3-H9 as appropriate to tell us about individuals with significant control who are registrable persons and the nature of their control in relation to the company			
Title*			
Full forename(s)			
Surname			
Country/State of residence ^①			
Nationality			
Month/year of birth ^②	<div>X</div> <div>X</div> <div>m</div> <div>m</div> <div>y</div> <div>y</div> <div>y</div> <div>y</div>		

H4	Individual's service address^①		① Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be the individual's usual residential address. If you provide the individual's residential address here it will appear on the public record
Please complete the individual's service address below. You must also complete the individual's usual residential address in Section H6			
Building name/number			
Street			
Post town			
County/Region			
Postcode	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div>		
Country			

IN01

Application to register a company

H7

Nature of control for an individual¹

Please indicate how the individual is a person with significant control over the company

Ownership of shares

The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

Ownership of voting rights

The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors

- ☐ The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

Significant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply)

- ☐ The individual has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company

1 Tick each that apply

H8

Nature of control by a firm over which the individual has significant control²

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one).

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

- ☐ the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

- ☐ the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

2 Tick each that apply

IN01

Application to register a company

H9

Nature of control by a trust over which the individual has significant control ^o

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one).

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

☐ the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

☐ the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

o Tick each that apply.

IN01

Application to register a company

Relevant legal entity (RLE)

11	RLE details ^①	
Corporate or firm name	Intertrust Corporate Services Limited	
Building name/number	35	
Street	Great St Helen's	
Post town	London	
County/Region		
Postcode	E C 3 A 6 A P	
Country	United Kingdom	

① Registered or principal office address
This is the address that will appear on the public record

12	Legal form and governing law	
	Please give details of the legal form of the RLE and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register of companies in which it is entered (including the country/state) and its registration number in that register.	
Legal form	Private company limited by shares.	
Governing law	English law.	
If applicable, register in which RLE is entered ^①	Companies House	
Country/State ^①	England and Wales	
Registration number ^①	03920255	

① Registration number
Where you have provided details of the register (including country/state) where the RLE is registered, you must also provide its number in that register

IN01

Application to register a company

13

Nature of control for the RLE ^①

Please indicate how the RLE has significant control over the company

① Tick each that apply

Ownership of shares

The RLE holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☒ 75% or more

Ownership of voting rights

The RLE holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☒ 75% or more

Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors

- ☒ The RLE holds the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

Significant influence or control (only tick if none of the above apply)

- ☐ The RLE has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company

14

Nature of control by a firm over which the RLE has significant control ^①

The RLE has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and

① Tick each that apply

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

- ☐ the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

- ☐ the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

IN01

Application to register a company

15

Nature of control by a trust over which the RLE has significant control ^①

The RLE has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and,

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

☐ the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

☐ the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

^① Tick each that apply

IN01

Application to register a company

Other registrable person (ORP)

J1

ORP details

An 'other registrable person' is

- a corporation sole
- a government or government department of a country or territory or a part of a country or territory
- an international organisation whose members include two or more countries or territories (or their governments)
- a local authority or local government body in the UK or elsewhere

Name of ORP

J2

Principal office address ①

Building name/number

Street

Post town

County/Region

Postcode

Country

① Principal office address

This is the address that will appear on the public record

J3

Legal form and governing law

Legal form

Governing law

IN01

Application to register a company

J4

Nature of control ^①

Please show how the ORP has significant control over the company

① Tick each that apply

Ownership of shares

The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one).

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

Ownership of voting rights

The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors

- ☐ The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

Significant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply)

- ☐ The ORP has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company

J5

Nature of control by a firm over which the ORP has significant control ^①

The ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and

① Tick each that apply

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

- ☐ the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

- ☐ the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

IN01

Application to register a company

J6

Nature of control by a trust over which the ORP has significant control ¹

The ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one).

- ☐ more than 25% but not more than 50%
- ☐ more than 50% but less than 75%
- ☐ 75% or more

☐ the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

☐ the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

¹Tick each that apply

IN01

Application to register a company

Part 6 Election to keep information on the public register (if applicable)

The subscribers of a private company can agree to elect to keep certain information on the public register at Companies House, rather than keeping their own registers. Tick the appropriate box to show which information the subscribers are electing to keep on the public register. If the subscribers have not agreed to keep any of this information on the public register, go to Part 7 Consent to Act.

K1 Election to keep secretaries' register information on the public register ^①

☐ All subscribers elect to keep secretaries' register information on the public register

^① only applies if the proposed company will have a secretary

K2 Election to keep directors' register information on the public register

IMPORTANT

If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is an individual director while the election is in force will have their full date of birth available on the public record ^②

☐ All subscribers elect to keep directors' register information on the public register

^② If the subscribers don't make this election, only the month and year of birth will be available on the public record

K3 Election to keep directors' usual residential address (URA) register information on the public register

If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, the URA will not be publicly available

☐ All subscribers elect to keep directors' URA register information on the public register

K4 Election to keep members' register information on the public register

IMPORTANT

If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is a member while the election is in place will have their name and address available on the public record

☐ All subscribers elect to keep members' register information on the public register

☐ The company will be a single member company (Tick if applicable)

K5 Election to keep PSC register information on the public register

IMPORTANT

If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is an individual PSC while the election is in force will have their full date of birth available on the public record ^③

☐ All subscribers elect to keep PSC register information on the public register

☐ No objection was received by the subscribers from any eligible person ^④ within the notice period before making the election

^③ If the subscribers don't make this election, only the month and year of birth will be available on the public record

^④ Eligible person

An eligible person is a person whose details would have to be entered in the company's PSC register

IN01

Application to register a company

Part 7 **Consent to act****L1** **Consent statement**

Please tick the box to confirm consent

- ☒ The subscribers confirm that each of the persons named as a director or secretary has consented to act in that capacity.

Part 8 **Statement about individual PSC particulars****M1** **Particulars of an individual PSC^①**

Please tick the box to confirm

- ☐ The subscribers confirm that each person named in this application as an individual PSC knows that their particulars are being supplied as part of this application

^① Only tick this if you have completed details of one or more individual PSCs in sections H3-H9

Part 9 **Statement of compliance**

This section must be completed by all companies

Is the application by an agent on behalf of all the subscribers?

- No Go to Section N1 (Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers)
- Yes Go to Section N2 (Statement of compliance delivered by an agent)

N1 **Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers^②**

Please complete this section if the application is not delivered by an agent for the subscribers of the memorandum of association

I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with

^② **Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers**
Every subscriber to the memorandum of association must sign the statement of compliance

Subscriber's signature

Signature

X

Intertrust Corporate Services Limited

X

Subscriber's signature

Signature

X

X

Subscriber's signature

Signature

X

X

Subscriber's signature

Signature

X

X

Continuation pages
Please use a 'Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers' continuation page if more subscribers need to sign

IN01

Application to register a company

N2

Statement of compliance delivered by an agent

Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for the subscribers to the memorandum of association

Agent's name

Building name/number

Street

Post town

County/Region

Postcode

Country

I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with

Agent's signature

Signature

X

X

IN01

Application to register a company



Presenter information

You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record

Contact name **J-P Pitt**

Company name **GRM Law**

Address **1 Bedford Row**

Post town **London**

County/Region

Postcode **W C 1 R 4 B Z**

Country **UK**

DX **DX 95 London/Chancery Lane**

Telephone **020 7415 1158**



Certificate

We will send your certificate to the presenter's address (shown above) or if indicated to another address shown below

- ☐ At the registered office address (Given in Section A7)
☐ At the agent's address (Given in Section N2)



Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing

Please make sure you have remembered the following

- ☐ You have checked that the proposed company name is available as well as the various rules that may affect your choice of name. More information can be found in guidance on our website
- ☐ If the name of the company is the same as one already on the register as permitted by The Company LLP and Business (Names and Trading Disclosures) Regulations 2015, please attach consent
- ☐ You have used the correct appointment sections.
- ☐ Any addresses given must be a physical location. They cannot be a PO Box number (unless part of a full service address), DX or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number
- ☐ The document has been signed, where indicated
- ☐ All relevant attachments have been included
- ☐ You have enclosed the Memorandum of Association
- ☐ You have enclosed the correct fee.



Important information

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record, apart from information relating to usual residential addresses. Day of birth will only be shown on the public record if the subscribers have elected to keep PSC and/or directors' information on the public register



How to pay

A fee is payable on this form. Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House'. For information on fees, go to www.gov.uk/companieshouse



Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below

For companies registered in England and Wales.
 The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
 Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ
 DX 33050 Cardiff

For companies registered in Scotland:
 The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
 Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2,
 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF
 DX ED235 Edinburgh 1
 or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post)

For companies registered in Northern Ireland:
 The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
 Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street,
 Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG
 DX 481 N R Belfast 1

Section 243 or 790ZF exemption
 If you are applying for, or have been granted a section 243 or 790ZF exemption, please post this whole form to the different postal address below.
 The Registrar of Companies, PO Box 4082,
 Cardiff, CF14 3WE



Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
WELLESLEY SECURED FINANCE PLC

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF


WELLESLEY SECURED FINANCE PLC

Each subscriber to this memorandum of association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to be come a member of the company and to take at least one share

Name of subscriber

Authentication by each subscriber

Intertrust Corporate Services Limited

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized 'O' or 'A' shape with a horizontal line extending to the right.

For and behalf of,
Intertrust Corporate Services Limited

Date 16 January 2017

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
WELLESLEY SECURED FINANCE PLC

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A. INTERPRETATION AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

1. Defined terms

In the articles , unless the context requires otherwise—

“alternate” or “alternate director” has the meaning given in article 28,

“appointor” has the meaning given in article 25,

“articles” means these articles of association as amended from time to time;

“Authenticated” has the meaning given in the Companies Acts;

“bankruptcy” includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy,

“Board” means the board of Directors for the time being of the Company or the Directors present or deemed to be present at a duly convened meeting of the board of Directors at which a quorum is present;

“call” has the meaning given in article 57;

“call notice” has the meaning given in article 54,

“certificate” means a paper certificate (other than a share warrant) evidencing a person’s title to specified shares or other securities;

“certificated” in relation to a share, means that it is not an uncertificated share or a share in respect of which a share warrant has been issued and is current;

“Chairman” has the meaning given in article 15;

“chairman of the meeting” has the meaning given in article 34;

“Companies Acts” means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the Company;

“Company” means Wellesley Secured Finance plc,

“company’s lien” has the meaning given in article 55;

“director” means a director for the time being of the Company, and includes any person appointed by her/him as her/his alternate director but only while acting as such;

“distribution recipient” has the meaning given in article 75,

"document" includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form,

"Electronic Form" has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006;

"fully paid" in relation to a share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in respect of that share have been paid to the Company,

"hard copy form" has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006;

"holder" in relation to shares means the person whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares, or, in the case of a share in respect of which a share warrant has been issued (and not cancelled), the person in possession of that warrant,

"instrument" means a document in hard copy form;

"lien enforcement notice" has the meaning given in article 56,

"member" has the meaning given in section 112 of the Companies Act 2006;

"ordinary resolution" has the meaning given in section 282 of the Companies Act 2006;

"paid" means paid or credited as paid;

"participate", in relation to a Board meeting, has the meaning given in article 11;

"partly paid" in relation to a share means that part of that share's nominal value or any

premium at which it was issued has not been paid to the Company;

"proxy notice" has the meaning given in article 41,

"Secretary" means the secretary for the time being of the Company or any other person appointed to perform any of the duties of the secretary of the Company including (subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts) a joint, temporary or assistant or deputy secretary,

"securities seal" has the meaning given in article 50;

"shares" means shares in the Company,

"special resolution" has the meaning given in section 283 of the Companies Act 2006;

"subsidiary" has the meaning given in section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006;

"transmittee" means a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or otherwise by operation of law,

"uncertificated" in relation to a share means that, by virtue of legislation (other than section 778 of the Companies Act 2006) permitting title to shares to be evidenced and transferred without a certificate, title to that share is evidenced and may be transferred without a certificate; and

"writing" means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise

Unless the context otherwise requires, other words or expressions contained in these articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act 2006 as in force on the date when these articles become binding on the Company.

2. Liability of members

The liability of the members is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them

B. DIRECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

3. Directors' general authority

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, these Articles and to any directions given by special resolution of the Company, the directors are responsible for the management of the Company's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the Company. Provisions contained elsewhere in these Articles as any specific power of the directors shall not be deemed to limit the general powers given under this Article.

4. Members' reserve power

- (1) The members may, by special resolution, direct the directors to take, or refrain from taking, specified action
- (2) No such special resolution invalidates anything which the directors have done before the passing of the resolution.

5. Directors may delegate

- (1) Subject to the articles, the directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the articles:
 - (a) to such person or committee;
 - (b) by such means (including by power of attorney),
 - (c) to such an extent,
 - (d) in relation to such matters or territories; and
 - (e) on such terms and conditions,as they think fit

- (3) If the directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated.
- (4) The directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions.

6. Committees

- (1) Committees to which the directors delegate any of their powers must follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of the articles which govern the taking of decisions by directors.
- (2) The directors may make rules of procedure for all or any committees, which prevail over rules derived from the articles if they are not consistent with them

7. Borrowing powers

The Board may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets (present and future) and uncalled capital of the Company and, subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, to create and issue debenture and other loan stock, debentures, bonds and other securities, in each case whether secured or unsecured and whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or any third party

C. DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS

8. Directors to take decisions collectively

Decisions of the directors may be taken·

- (a) at a Board meeting, or
- (b) in the form of a directors' written resolution.

9. Board meetings

Subject to these Articles, the Board may meet for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its proceedings as it sees fit.

10. Calling a Board meeting

- (1) Any director may call a Board meeting
- (2) The Secretary must call a Board meeting if a director so requests.
- (3) A Board meeting is called by giving notice of the meeting to the directors
- (4) Notice of any Board meeting must indicate

- (a) its proposed date and time,
 - (b) where it is to take place; and
 - (c) if it is anticipated that directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting.
- (5) Notice of a Board meeting must be given to each director, but need not be in writing.
- (6) Notice of a Board meeting need not be given to directors who waive their entitlement to notice of that meeting, by giving notice to that effect to the Company not more than 7 days after the date on which the meeting is held. Where such notice is given after the meeting has been held, that does not affect the validity of the meeting, or of any business conducted at it

11. Participation in Board meetings

- (1) Subject to the articles, directors participate in a Board meeting, or part of a Board meeting, when—
 - (a) the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the articles, and
 - (b) they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting.
- (2) In determining whether directors are participating in a Board meeting, it is irrelevant where any director is or how they communicate with each other.

12. Remote participation in Board meetings

- (1) Any Director or her/his alternate may validly participate in a Board meeting or a meeting of a committee of the Board by means of conference telephone or any other form of communication, (provided that all persons participating in the meeting are able to hear and speak to each other throughout such meeting), by a series of telephone calls from the Chairman or by exchange of communication in Electronic Form addressed to Chairman
- (2) Any person participating by being present or being in telephone communication with or by exchanging communication in Electronic Form with those attending the meeting or with the Chairman shall be deemed to be present in person at the meeting and shall accordingly be counted in a quorum and be entitle to vote. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled or if there is no such group, where the Chairman of the meeting then is.

- (3) A resolution passed at a meeting as described in this Article 12, and Authenticated by the Chairman or the Secretary shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a Board meeting (or committee meeting as the case may be) duly convened and held

13. Quorum for Board meetings

- (1) At a Board meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting.
- (2) The quorum for Board meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the directors, but it must never be less than two, and unless otherwise fixed it is two.
- (3) A duly convened meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present is competent to exercise all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in or exercisable by the Board.

14. Meetings where total number of directors less than quorum

- (1) This article applies where the total number of directors for the time being is less than the quorum for Board meetings
- (2) If there is only one director, that director may appoint sufficient directors to make up a quorum or call a general meeting to do so.
- (3) If there is more than one director:
 - (a) a Board meeting may take place, if it is called in accordance with the articles and at least two directors (or his/her alternate) participate in it, with a view to appointing sufficient directors to make up a quorum or calling a general meeting to do so; and
 - (b) if a Board meeting is called but only one director attends at the appointed date and time to participate in it, that director may appoint sufficient directors to make up a quorum or call a general meeting to do so

15. Chairing Board meetings

- (1) The directors may appoint a director to chair their meetings
- (2) The person so appointed for the time being is known as the Chairman.
- (3) The directors may appoint other directors as deputy or assistant chairmen to chair Board meetings in the Chairman's absence.
- (4) The directors may terminate the appointment of the Chairman, deputy or assistant chairman at any time.
- (5) If neither the Chairman nor any director appointed generally to chair Board meetings in the Chairman's absence is participating in a meeting

within ten minutes of the time at which it was to start, the participating directors must appoint one of themselves to chair it.

16. Voting at Board meetings: general rules

- (1) Subject to these articles, a decision is taken at a Board meeting by a majority of the votes of the participating directors.
- (2) Subject to these articles, each director participating in a Board meeting has one vote.
- (3) Subject to these articles, if a director has an interest in an actual or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company:
 - (a) that director and that director's alternate may not vote on any proposal relating to it, but
 - (b) this does not preclude the alternate from voting in relation to that transaction, or
 - (c) arrangement on behalf of another appointor who does not have such an interest

17. Chairman's casting vote at Board meetings

- (1) If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal are equal, the Chairman or other director chairing the meeting has a casting vote.
- (2) But this does not apply if, in accordance with these Articles, the Chairman or other director is not to be counted as participating in the decision-making process for quorum or voting purposes

18. Alternates voting at Board meetings

A director who is also an alternate director has an additional vote on behalf of each appointor who is:

- (a) not participating in a Board meeting; and
- (b) would have been entitled to vote if they were participating in it

19. Conflicts of interest

- (1) If a Board meeting, or part of a Board meeting, is concerned with an actual or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company in which a director is interested, that director is not to be counted as participating in that meeting, or part of a meeting, for quorum or voting purposes
- (2) But if paragraph (3) applies, a director who is interested in an actual or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company is to be counted as participating in a decision at a Board meeting, or part of a Board meeting, relating to it for quorum and voting purposes.
- (3) This paragraph applies when:

- (a) the Company by ordinary resolution disapplies the provision of the articles which would otherwise prevent a director from being counted as participating in, or voting at, a Board meeting,
 - (b) the director's interest cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest; or
 - (c) the director's conflict of interest arises from a permitted cause.
- (4) For the purposes of this article, the following are permitted causes
 - (a) a guarantee given, or to be given, by or to a director in respect of an obligation incurred by or on behalf of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
 - (b) subscription, or an agreement to subscribe, for shares or other securities of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or to underwrite, sub-underwrite, or guarantee subscription for any such shares or securities, and
 - (c) arrangements pursuant to which benefits are made available to employees and directors or former employees and directors of the Company or any of its subsidiaries which do not provide special benefits for directors or former directors.
- (5) Subject to paragraph (6), if a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the Chairman whose ruling in relation to any director other than the Chairman is to be final and conclusive.
- (6) If any question as to the right to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) should arise in respect of the Chairman, the question is to be decided by a decision of the directors at that meeting, for which purpose the Chairman is not to be counted as participating in the meeting (or that part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes, whose majority vote is conclusive and binding on all concerned

20. Minutes of Proceedings

The Board shall cause minutes to be made of each meeting

21. Proposing directors' written resolutions

- (1) Any director may propose a directors' written resolution.
- (2) The Secretary must propose a directors' written resolution if a director so requests
- (3) A directors' written resolution is proposed by giving notice of the proposed resolution to the directors.
- (4) Notice of a proposed directors' written resolution must indicate
 - (a) the proposed resolution; and

- (b) the time by which it is proposed that the directors should adopt it
- (5) Notice of a proposed directors' written resolution must be given in writing to each director.
- (6) Any decision which a person giving notice of a proposed directors' written resolution takes regarding the process of adopting that resolution must be taken reasonably in good faith

22. Adoption of directors' written resolutions

- (1) A proposed directors' written resolution is adopted when all the directors who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution at a Board meeting have signed one or more copies of it, provided that those directors would have formed a quorum at such a meeting.
- (2) It is immaterial whether any director signs the resolution before or after the time by which the notice proposed that it should be adopted
- (3) Once a directors' written resolution has been adopted, it must be treated as if it had been a decision taken at a Board meeting in accordance with the articles.
- (4) The Secretary must ensure that the Company keeps a record, in writing, of all directors' written resolutions for at least ten years from the date of their adoption

23. Directors' discretion to make further rules

Subject to the articles, the directors may make any rule which they think fit about how they take decisions, and about how such rules are to be recorded or communicated to directors.

D. APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

24. Methods of appointing directors

Any person who is willing to act as a director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a director

- (a) by ordinary resolution; or
- (b) by a decision of the directors

25. Termination of director's appointment

A person ceases to be a director as soon as:

- (a) that person ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006 or is prohibited from being a director by law,
- (b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person,
- (c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts;
- (d) a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the Company stating that that person has

- become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months; or
- (e) notification is received by the Company from the director that the director is resigning from office as director, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms.

26. Directors' remuneration

- (1) Directors may undertake any services for the Company that the directors decide
- (2) Directors (but not alternate directors) are entitled to such remuneration as the Board determine:
 - (a) for their services to the Company as directors; and
 - (b) for any other service which they undertake for the Company.
- (3) Subject to the articles, a director's remuneration may:
 - (a) take any form, and
 - (b) include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that director.
- (4) Unless the Board decide otherwise, directors' remuneration accrues from day to day.
- (5) Unless the Board decide otherwise, directors are not accountable to the Company for any remuneration which they receive as directors or other officers or employees of the Company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the Company is interested

27. Directors' expenses

The Company may pay any reasonable expenses which the directors (including alternate directors) properly incur in connection with their attendance at:

- (a) meetings of directors or committees of directors,
- (b) general meetings, or
- (c) separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company, or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the Company.

E. ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

28. Appointment and removal of alternates

- (1) Any director (the "appointor") may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors, to.
 - (a) exercise that director's powers; and

- (b) carry out that director's responsibilities, in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors in the absence of the alternate's appointor.
- (2) Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the Company signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors.
- (3) The notice must:
 - (a) identify the proposed alternate; and
 - (b) in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice

29. Rights and responsibilities of alternate directors

- (1) An alternate director has the same rights, in relation to any Board meeting or directors' written resolution, as the alternate's appointor.
- (2) Except as the articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:
 - (a) are deemed for all purposes to be directors,
 - (b) are liable for their own acts and omissions;
 - (c) are subject to the same restrictions as their appointors, and
 - (d) are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointors.
- (3) A person who is an alternate director but not a director:
 - (a) may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is participating (but only if that person's appointor is not participating); and
 - (b) may sign a written resolution (but only if it is not signed or to be signed by that person's appointor).

No alternate may be counted as more than one director for such purposes.

- (4) An alternate director is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the Company for serving as an alternate director except such part of the alternate's appointor's remuneration as the appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the Company.

30. Termination of alternate directorship

An alternate director's appointment as an alternate terminates

- (a) when the alternate's appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the Company in writing specifying when it is to terminate;
- (b) on the occurrence in relation to the alternate of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointor, would result in the termination of the appointor's appointment as a director;
- (c) on the death of the alternate's appointor; or
- (d) when the alternate's appointor's appointment as a director terminates.

F. GENERAL MEETING OF THE COMPANY DECISION-MAKING BY MEMBERS

31. Members can call general meeting if not enough directors

- (1) If the Company has fewer than two directors, and the director (if any) is unable or unwilling to appoint sufficient directors to make up a quorum or to call a general meeting to do so, then two or more members may call a general meeting (or instruct the Secretary to do so) for the purpose of appointing one or more directors.
- (2) One qualifying person entitled to vote shall be quorum for the purposes of these Articles, a **qualifying person** means:
 - (a) an individual who is a member of the Company;
 - (b) a person authorised to act as a representative of a corporation in relation to the meeting; or
 - (c) a person appointed as a proxy of a member in relation to the meeting.

32. Attendance and speaking at general meetings

- (1) A person is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting.
- (2) A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when:
 - (a) that person is able to vote, during the meeting, on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting, and
 - (b) that person's vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting.
- (3) The directors may make whatever arrangements they consider appropriate to enable those attending a general meeting to exercise their rights to speak or vote at it.
- (4) In determining attendance at a general meeting, it is immaterial whether any two or more members attending it are in the same place as each other.
- (5) Two or more persons who are not in the same place as each other attend a general meeting if their circumstances are such that if they have (or were to have) rights to speak and vote at that meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them

33. Quorum for general meetings

No business other than the appointment of the Chairman of the meeting is to be transacted at a general meeting if the persons attending it do not constitute a quorum

34. Chairing general meetings

- (1) If the directors have appointed a Chairman, the Chairman shall chair general meetings if present and willing to do so.
- (2) If the directors have not appointed a Chairman, or if the Chairman is unwilling to chair the meeting or is not present within ten minutes of the time at which a meeting was due to start the directors present, or (if no directors are present), the meeting, must appoint a director or member to chair the meeting, and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.
- (3) The person chairing a meeting in accordance with this article is referred to as "the chairman of the meeting".

35. Attendance and speaking by directors and non-members

- (1) Directors may attend and speak at general meetings, whether or not they are members.
- (2) The chairman of the meeting may permit other persons who are not
 - (a) members of the Company, or
 - (b) otherwise entitled to exercise the rights of members in relation to general meetings,to attend and speak at a general meeting.

36. Adjournment

- (1) If the persons attending a general meeting within half an hour of the time at which the meeting was due to start do not constitute a quorum, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the chairman of the meeting must adjourn it.
- (2) The chairman of the meeting may adjourn a general meeting at which a quorum is present if
 - (a) the meeting consents to an adjournment; or
 - (b) it appears to the chairman of the meeting that an adjournment is necessary to protect the safety of any person attending the meeting or ensure that the business of the meeting is conducted in an orderly manner.
- (3) The chairman of the meeting must adjourn a general meeting if directed to do so by the meeting.

- (4) When adjourning a general meeting, the chairman of the meeting must:
 - (a) either specify the time and place to which it is adjourned or state that it is to continue at a time and place to be fixed by the directors, and
 - (b) have regard to any directions as to the time and place of any adjournment which have been given by the meeting.
- (5) If the continuation of an adjourned meeting is to take place more than 14 days after it was adjourned, the Company must give at least 7 clear days' notice of it (that is, excluding the day of the adjourned meeting and the day on which the notice is given):
 - (a) to the same persons to whom notice of the Company's general meetings is required to be given; and
 - (b) containing the same information which such notice is required to contain
- (6) No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place.

G. VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS

37. Voting: general

A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded in accordance with the articles.

38. Errors and disputes

- (1) No objection may be raised to the qualification of any person voting at a general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting is valid.
- (2) Any such objection must be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision is final.

39. Demanding a poll

- (1) A poll on a resolution may be demanded
 - (a) in advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote, or
 - (b) at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared.
- (2) A poll may be demanded by:
 - (a) the chairman of the meeting;
 - (b) the directors;
 - (c) two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution, or

- (d) a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote on the resolution
- (3) A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if:
 - (a) the poll has not yet been taken; and
 - (b) the chairman of the meeting consents to the withdrawal.

40. Procedure on a poll

- (1) Subject to the articles, polls at general meetings must be taken when, where and in such manner as the chairman of the meeting directs.
- (2) The chairman of the meeting may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and decide how and when the result of the poll is to be declared.
- (3) The result of a poll shall be the decision of the meeting in respect of the resolution on which the poll was demanded
- (4) A poll must be taken immediately on the following matters.
 - (a) the election of the chairman of the meeting, or
 - (b) a question of adjournment
- (5) Other polls must be taken within 30 days of their being demanded.
- (6) A demand for a poll does not prevent a general meeting from continuing, except as regards the question on which the poll was demanded.
- (7) No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded.
- (8) In any other case, at least 7 days' notice must be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.

41. Content of proxy notices

- (1) Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (a "proxy notice") which
 - (a) states the name and address of the member appointing the proxy,
 - (b) identifies the person appointed to be that member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed,
 - (c) is signed by or on behalf of the member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the directors may determine, and

- (d) is delivered to the Company in accordance with the articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate
- (2) The Company may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes.
- (3) Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions.
- (4) Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as:
 - (a) allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting, and
 - (b) appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself.

42. Delivery of proxy notices

- (1) Any notice of a general meeting must specify the address or addresses ("proxy notification address") at which the Company or its agents will receive proxy notices relating to that meeting, or any adjournment of it, delivered in hard copy or electronic form.
- (2) A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the Company by or on behalf of that person.
- (3) Subject to paragraphs (4) and (5), a proxy notice must be delivered to a proxy notification address not less than 48 hours before the general meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates.
- (4) In the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, the notice must be delivered to a proxy notification address not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll.
- (5) In the case of a poll not taken during the meeting but taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, the proxy notice must be delivered:
 - (a) in accordance with paragraph (3), or
 - (b) at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the Chairman, Secretary or any director.
- (6) An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on

whose behalf the proxy notice was given to a proxy notification address.

- (7) A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before:
 - (a) the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates; or
 - (b) (in the case of a poll not taken on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll to which it relates
- (8) If a proxy notice is not signed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf.

43. Amendments to resolutions

- (1) An ordinary resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if:
 - (a) notice of the proposed amendment is given to the Secretary in writing by a person entitled to vote at the general meeting at which it is to be proposed not less than 48 hours before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the chairman of the meeting may determine), and
 - (b) the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the chairman of the meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution.
- (2) A special resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution, if:
 - (a) the chairman of the meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed; and
 - (b) the amendment does not go beyond what is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution.
- (3) If the chairman of the meeting, acting in good faith, wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the chairman of the meeting's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution

H. RESTRICTIONS ON MEMBERS' RIGHTS

44. No voting of shares on which money owed to company

No voting rights attached to a share may be exercised at any general meeting, at any adjournment of it, or on any poll called at or in relation to it, unless all amounts payable to the Company in respect of that share have been paid.

I. APPLICATION OF RULES TO CLASS MEETINGS

45. Class meetings

The provisions of the articles relating to general meetings apply, with any necessary modifications, to meetings of the holders of any class of shares

J. ISSUE OF SHARES

46. Powers to issue different classes of share

- (1) Subject to the articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing share, the Company may issue shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution.
- (2) The Company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder, and the directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares

47. Payment of commissions on subscription for shares

- (1) The Company may pay any person a commission in consideration for that person
 - (a) subscribing, or agreeing to subscribe, for shares, or
 - (b) procuring, or agreeing to procure, subscriptions for shares
- (2) Any such commission in respect of a conditional or an absolute subscription may be paid as follows
 - (a) in cash; or
 - (b) in fully paid or partly paid shares; or
 - (c) other securities, or
 - (d) partly in one way and partly in the other.

K. INTERESTS IN SHARES

48. Company not bound by less than absolute interests

Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or the articles, the Company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it.

L. SHARE CERTIFICATES

49. Certificates to be issued except in certain cases

- (1) The Company must issue each member with one certificate for all the shares of a class registered in his name or, in the case of shares of more than one class being registered in his name, a separate certificate for each class of shares
- (2) This article does not apply to:
 - (a) uncertificated shares,
 - (b) shares in respect of which a share warrant has been issued; or
 - (c) shares in respect of which the Companies Acts permit the Company not to issue a certificate
- (3) Except as otherwise specified in the articles, all certificates must be issued free of charge.
- (4) No certificate may be issued in respect of shares of more than one class.
- (5) If more than one person holds a share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of it

50. Contents and execution of share certificates

- (1) Every certificate must specify:
 - (a) in respect of how many shares, of what class, it is issued;
 - (b) the nominal value of those shares;
 - (c) the amount paid up on them, and
 - (d) any distinguishing numbers assigned to them.
- (2) Certificates must be otherwise executed in accordance with the Companies Acts

51. Consolidated share certificates

- (1) When a member's holding of shares of a particular class increases, the Company may issue that member with:
 - (a) a single, consolidated certificate in respect of all the shares of a particular class which that member holds; or
 - (b) a separate certificate in respect of only those shares by which that member's holding has increased.
- (2) When a member's holding of shares of a particular class is reduced, the Company must ensure that the member is issued with one or more certificates in respect of the number of shares held by the member after that reduction, unless (in the absence of a request from the member) immediately before the reduction, the same certificate represents:

- (a) all the shares which the member no longer holds as a result of the reduction, or
 - (b) none of the shares which the member retains following the reduction
- (3) A member may request the Company, in writing, to replace:
 - (a) the member's separate certificates with a consolidated certificate; or
 - (b) the member's consolidated certificate with two or more separate certificates representing such proportion of the shares as the member may specify.
- (4) When the Company complies with such a request it may charge such reasonable fee as the directors may decide for doing so
- (5) A consolidated certificate must not be issued unless any certificates which it is to replace have first been returned to the Company for cancellation.

52. Replacement share certificates

- (1) A member is entitled to be issued with a replacement certificate in respect of the same shares if a certificate issued in respect of a member's shares is
 - (a) damaged;
 - (b) defaced, or
 - (c) said to be lost, stolen or destroyed
- (2) A member exercising the right to be issued with such a replacement certificate
 - (a) may at the same time exercise the right to be issued with a single certificate or separate certificates;
 - (b) must return the certificate which is to be replaced to the Company if it is damaged or defaced; and
 - (c) must comply with such conditions as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee as the directors decide.

M. SHARES NOT HELD IN CERTIFICATED FORM

53. Uncertificated shares

- (1) In this article, "the relevant rules" means:
 - (a) any applicable provision of the Companies Acts about the holding, evidencing of title to, or transfer of shares other than in certificated form, and
 - (b) any applicable legislation, rules or other arrangements made under or by virtue of such provision
- (2) The provisions of this article have effect subject to the relevant rules.

- (3) Any provision of the articles which is inconsistent with the relevant rules must be disregarded, to the extent that it is inconsistent, whenever the relevant rules apply
- (4) Any share or class of shares of the Company may be issued or held on such terms, or in such a way, that
 - (a) title to it or them is not, or must not be, evidenced by a certificate; or
 - (b) it or they may or must be transferred wholly or partly without a certificate
- (5) The directors have power to take such steps as they think fit in relation to:
 - (a) the evidencing of and transfer of title to uncertificated shares (including in connection with the issue of such shares);
 - (b) any records relating to the holding of uncertificated shares,
 - (c) the conversion of certificated shares into uncertificated shares; or
 - (d) the conversion of uncertificated shares into certificated shares
- (6) To enable the Company to deal with any share in accordance with these articles, the Company may by notice to the holder of a share require that share
 - (a) if it is uncertificated, to be converted into certificated form, or
 - (b) if it is certificated, to be converted into uncertificated form.
- (7) The directors may take such action as is necessary or expedient to achieve the same results in relation to uncertificated shares, where
 - (a) the articles give the directors power to take action, or require other persons to take action, in order to sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of shares; and
 - (b) uncertificated shares are subject to that power, but the power is expressed in terms which assume the use of a certificate or other written instrument.
- (8) In particular, the directors may take such action as they consider appropriate to achieve the sale, transfer, disposal, forfeiture, re-allotment or surrender of an uncertificated share or otherwise to enforce a lien in respect of it.
- (9) Unless the directors otherwise determine, shares which a member holds in uncertificated form must be treated as separate holdings from any shares which that member holds in certificated form.
- (10) A class of shares must not be treated as two classes simply because some shares of that class are held in certificated form and others are held in uncertificated form

54. Share warrants

- (1) The directors may issue a share warrant in respect of any fully paid share
- (2) Share warrants must be issued in such form and executed in such manner, as the directors decide
- (3) A share represented by a share warrant may be transferred by delivery of the warrant representing it
- (4) The directors may make provision for the payment of dividends in respect of any share represented by a share warrant.
- (5) The bearer of a warrant is subject to the conditions and procedures in force in relation to it, whether or not they were decided or specified before the warrant was issued
- (6) Subject to the articles, the directors may decide the conditions on which any share warrant is issued. In particular, they may
 - (a) decide the conditions on which new warrants are to be issued in place of warrants which are damaged or defaced, or said to have been lost, stolen or destroyed,
 - (b) decide the conditions on which bearers of warrants are entitled to attend and vote at general meetings;
 - (c) decide the conditions subject to which bearers of warrants may surrender their warrant so as to hold their shares in certificated or uncertificated form instead; and
 - (d) vary the conditions of issue of any warrant from time to time
- (7) Subject to the conditions on which the warrants are issued from time to time, bearers of share warrants have the same rights and privileges as they would if their names had been included in the register as holders of the shares represented by their warrants
- (8) The Company must not in any way be bound by or recognise any interest in a share represented by a share warrant other than the absolute right of the bearer of that warrant to that warrant.

N. PARTLY PAID SHARES

55. Company's lien over partly paid shares

- (1) The Company has a lien ("the Company's lien") over every share which is partly paid which for any part has not been paid to the Company, which is payable immediately or at some time in the future, whether or not a call notice has been sent in respect of
 - (a) that share's nominal value, and/or

- (b) any premium at which that share was issued.
- (2) The Company's lien over a share:
 - (a) takes priority over any third party's interest in that share;
 - (b) extends to any dividend or other money payable by the Company in respect of that share; and
 - (c) (if the lien is enforced and the share is sold by the Company) the proceeds of sale of that share
- (3) The directors may at any time decide that a share which is or would otherwise be subject to the Company's lien shall not be subject to it, either wholly or in part.

56. Enforcement of the Company's lien

- (1) Subject to the provisions of this article, the Company may sell a share in such manner as the directors decide, if:
 - (a) a lien enforcement notice has been given in respect of that share; and
 - (b) the person to whom the notice was given has failed to comply with it.
- (2) A lien enforcement notice:
 - (a) may only be given in respect of a share which is subject to the Company's lien, in respect of which a sum is payable and the due date for payment of that sum has passed;
 - (b) must specify the share concerned,
 - (c) must require payment of the sum payable within 14 days of the notice;
 - (d) must be addressed either to the holder of the share or to a person entitled to it by reason of the holder's death, bankruptcy or otherwise; and
 - (e) must state the Company's intention to sell the share if the notice is not complied with.
- (3) Where shares are sold under this article:
 - (a) the directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to the purchaser or a person nominated by the purchaser;
 - (b) the transferee is not bound to see to the application of the consideration; and
 - (c) the transferee's title is not affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the sale.
- (4) The net proceeds of any such sale (after payment of the costs of sale and any other costs of enforcing the lien) must be applied.
 - (a) first, in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as was payable at the date of the lien enforcement notice; and

- (b) second, to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale, but only after the certificate for the shares sold has been surrendered to the Company for cancellation or a suitable indemnity has been given for any lost certificates, and subject to a lien equivalent to the Company's lien over the shares before the sale for any money payable in respect of the shares after the date of the lien enforcement notice
- (5) A statutory declaration by a director or the Secretary that the declarant is a director or the Secretary and that a share has been sold to satisfy the Company's lien on a specified date:
 - (a) is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share; and
 - (b) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the share

57. Call notices

- (1) Subject to these articles and the terms on which shares are allotted, the directors may send a notice (a "call notice") to a member requiring the member to pay the Company a specified sum of money (a "call") which is payable in respect of shares which that member holds at the date when the directors decide to send the call notice.
- (2) A call notice:
 - (a) may not require a member to pay a call which exceeds the total sum unpaid on that member's shares (whether as to the share's nominal value or any amount payable to the Company by way of premium);
 - (b) must state when and how any call to which it relates it is to be paid, and
 - (c) may permit or require the call to be paid by instalments
- (3) A member must comply with the requirements of a call notice, but no member is obliged to pay any call before 14 days have passed since the notice was sent.
- (4) Before the Company has received any call due under a call notice the directors, by a further notice in writing to the member in respect of whose shares the call is made, may:
 - (a) revoke it wholly or in part, or
 - (b) specify a later time for payment than is specified in the notice.

58. Liability to pay calls

- (1) Liability to pay a call is not extinguished or transferred by transferring the shares in respect of which it is required to be paid.

- (2) Joint holders of a share are jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of that share.
- (3) Subject to the terms on which shares are allotted, the directors may, when issuing shares, provide that call notices sent to the holders of those shares may require them
 - (a) to pay calls which are not the same, or
 - (b) to pay calls at different times.

59. When call notice need not be issued

- (1) A call notice need not be issued in respect of sums which are specified, in the terms on which a share is issued, as being payable to the Company in respect of that share (whether in respect of nominal value or premium):
 - (a) on allotment,
 - (b) on the occurrence of a particular event; or
 - (c) on a date fixed by or in accordance with the terms of issue
- (2) If the due date for payment of such a sum has passed and it has not been paid, the holder of the share concerned is treated in all respects as having failed to comply with a call notice in respect of that sum, and is liable to the same consequences as regards the payment of interest and forfeiture

60. Failure to comply with call notice: automatic consequences

- (1) If a person is liable to pay a call and fails to do so by the call payment date:
 - (a) the directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture to that person, and
 - (b) until the call is paid, that person must pay the Company interest on the call from the call payment date at the relevant rate
- (2) For the purposes of this article:
 - (a) the "call payment date" is the time when the call notice states that a call is payable, unless the directors give a notice specifying a later date, in which case the "call payment date" is that later date,
 - (b) the "relevant rate" is:
 - (i) the rate fixed by the terms on which the share in respect of which the call is due was allotted,
 - (ii) such other rate as was fixed in the call notice which required payment of the call, or has otherwise been determined by the directors, or
 - (iii) if no rate is fixed in either of these ways, 5 per cent per annum.
- (3) The relevant rate must not exceed by more than 5 percentage points the base lending rate most recently set by the Monetary Policy

Committee of the Bank of England in connection with its responsibilities under Part 2 of the Bank of England Act 1998(a).

- (4) The directors may waive any obligation to pay interest on a call wholly or in part.

61. Notice of intended forfeiture

A notice of intended forfeiture

- (a) may be sent in respect of any share in respect of which a call has not been paid as required by a call notice;
- (b) must be sent to the holder of that share or to a person entitled to it by reason of the holder's death, bankruptcy or otherwise,
- (c) must require payment of the call and any accrued interest by a date which is not less than 14 days after the date of the notice,
- (d) must state how the payment is to be made; and
- (e) must state that if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

62. Directors' power to forfeit shares

If a notice of intended forfeiture is not complied with before the date by which payment of the call is required in the notice of intended forfeiture, the directors may decide that any share in respect of which it was given is forfeited, and the forfeiture is to include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.

63. Effect of forfeiture

- (1) Subject to the articles, the forfeiture of a share extinguishes
 - (a) all interests in that share, and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of it; and
 - (b) all other rights and liabilities incidental to the share as between the person whose share it was prior to the forfeiture and the Company.
- (2) Any share which is forfeited in accordance with the articles:
 - (a) is deemed to have been forfeited when the directors decide that it is forfeited;
 - (b) is deemed to be the property of the Company; and
 - (c) may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of as the directors think fit
- (3) If a person's shares have been forfeited
 - (a) the Company must send that person notice that forfeiture has occurred and record it in the register of members,
 - (b) that person ceases to be a member in respect of those shares;
 - (c) that person must surrender the certificate for the shares forfeited to the Company for cancellation;
 - (d) that person remains liable to the Company for all sums payable by that person under the articles at the date of forfeiture in respect

of those shares, including any interest (whether accrued before or after the date of forfeiture); and

- (e) the directors may waive payment of such sums wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal.

- (4) At any time before the Company disposes of a forfeited share, the directors may decide to cancel the forfeiture on payment of all calls and interest due in respect of it and on such other terms as they think fit

64. Procedure following forfeiture

- (1) If a forfeited share is to be disposed of by being transferred, the Company may receive the consideration for the transfer and the directors may authorise any person to execute the instrument of transfer.
- (2) A statutory declaration by a director or the Secretary that the declarant is a director or the Secretary and that a share has been forfeited on a specified date:
 - (a) is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share; and
 - (b) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the share.
- (3) A person to whom a forfeited share is transferred is not bound to see to the application of the consideration (if any) nor is that person's title to the share affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the forfeiture or transfer of the share
- (4) If the Company sells a forfeited share, the person who held it prior to its forfeiture is entitled to receive from the Company the proceeds of such sale, net of any commission, subject to paragraph and excluding any amount which
 - (a) was, or would have become, payable, and
 - (b) had not, when that share was forfeited, been paid by that person in respect of that share
- (5) No interest is payable to such a person in respect of such proceeds due under paragraph (4) and the Company is not required to account for any money earned on the share(s) to which such proceeds relate.

65. Surrender of shares

- (1) A member may surrender any share
 - (a) in respect of which the directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture,

- (b) which the directors may forfeit; or
 - (c) which has been forfeited
- (2) The directors may accept the surrender of any such share
- (3) The effect of surrender on a share is the same as the effect of forfeiture on that share.
- (4) A share which has been surrendered may be dealt with in the same way as a share which has been forfeited.

O. TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

66. Transfers of certificated shares

- (1) Certificated shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in writing in any usual form or any other form approved by the directors, which is executed by or on behalf of the transferor and (if any of the shares is partly paid) the transferee.
- (2) No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share.
- (3) The Company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered.
- (4) The transferor remains the holder of a certificated share until the transferee's name is entered in the register of members as holder of it
- (5) The directors may refuse to register the transfer of a certificated share if
 - (a) the share is not fully paid;
 - (b) the transfer is not lodged at the Company's registered office or such other place as the directors have appointed;
 - (c) the transfer is not accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates, or such other evidence as the directors may reasonably require to show the transferor's right to make the transfer, or evidence of the right of someone other than the transferor to make the transfer on the transferor's behalf;
 - (d) the transfer is in respect of more than one class of share, or
 - (e) the transfer is in favour of more than four transferees.
- (6) If the directors refuse to register the transfer of a share, the instrument of transfer must be returned to the transferee with the notice of refusal unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent

67. Transfer of uncertificated shares

A transfer of an uncertificated share must not be registered if it is in favour of more than four transferees.

68. Transmission of shares

- (1) If title to a share passes to a transmittee, the Company may only recognise the transmittee as having any title to that share.
- (2) Nothing in these articles releases the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of a share solely or jointly held by that member

69. Transmittees' rights

- (1) A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the directors may require, may, subject to these articles:
 - (a) choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person; and
 - (b) subject to the articles, and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had.
- (2) Transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting in respect of shares to which they are entitled, by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those shares.

70. Exercise of transmittees' rights

- (1) Transmittees who wish to become the holders of shares to which they have become entitled must notify the Company in writing of that wish.
- (2) If the share is a certificated share and a transmittee wishes to have it transferred to another person, the transmittee must execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it.
- (3) If the share is an uncertificated share and the transmittee wishes to have it transferred to another person, the transmittee must:
 - (a) procure that all appropriate instructions are given to effect the transfer, or
 - (b) procure that the uncertificated share is changed into certificated form and then execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it
- (4) Any transfer made or executed under this article is to be treated as if it were made or executed by the person from whom the transmittee has derived rights in respect of the share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred.

71. Transmittees bound by prior notices

If a notice is given to a member in respect of shares and a transmittee is entitled to those shares, the transmittee is bound by the notice if it was given to the member before the transmittee's name has been entered in the register of members.

P. CONSOLIDATION OF SHARES

72. Procedure for disposing of fractions of shares

- (1) This article applies where
 - (a) there has been a consolidation or division of shares, and
 - (b) as a result, members are entitled to fractions of shares
- (2) The directors may
 - (a) sell the shares representing the fractions to any person including the Company;
 - (b) in the case of a certificated share, authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to the purchaser or a person nominated by the purchaser; and
 - (c) distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among the holders of the shares
- (3) Where any holder's entitlement to a portion of the proceeds of sale amounts to less than a minimum figure determined by the directors, that member's portion may be distributed to an organisation which is a charity for the purposes of the law of England and Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland.
- (4) The person to whom the shares are transferred is not obliged to ensure that any purchase money is received by the person entitled to the relevant fractions
- (5) The transferee's title to the shares is not affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to their sale

Q. DISTRIBUTIONS

73. Procedure for declaring dividends

- (1) The Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the directors may decide to pay interim dividends.
- (2) A dividend must not be declared unless the directors have made a recommendation as to its amount. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the directors.

- (3) No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with members' respective rights.
- (4) Unless the members' resolution to declare or directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each member's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it.
- (5) If the Company's share capital is divided into different classes, no interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear.
- (6) The directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment.
- (7) If the directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights

74. Calculation of dividends

- (1) Except as otherwise provided by the articles or the rights attached to shares, all dividends must be
 - (a) declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid, and
 - (b) apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid.
- (2) If any share is issued on terms providing that it ranks for dividend as from a particular date, that share ranks for dividend accordingly.
- (3) For the purposes of calculating dividends, no account is to be taken of any amount which has been paid up on a share in advance of the due date for payment of that amount.

75. Payment of dividends and other distributions

- (1) Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means:
 - (a) transfer to a bank or building society account specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide;
 - (b) sending a cheque made payable to the distribution recipient by post to the distribution recipient at the distribution recipient's registered address (if the distribution recipient is a holder of the

- share), or (in any other case) to an address specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide,
 - (c) sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such address as the distribution recipient has specified either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide; or
 - (d) any other means of payment as the directors agree with the distribution recipient either in writing or by such other means as the directors decide
- (2) In the articles, "the distribution recipient" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable:
- (a) the holder of the share; or
 - (b) if the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members; or
 - (c) if the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee.

76. Deductions from distributions in respect of sums owed to the Company

- (1) If a share is subject to the Company's lien, and the directors are entitled to issue a lien enforcement notice in respect of it, they may, instead of issuing a lien enforcement notice, deduct from any dividend or other sum payable in respect of the share any sum of money which is payable to the Company in respect of that share to the extent that they are entitled to require payment under a lien enforcement notice
- (2) Money so deducted must be used to pay any of the sums payable in respect of that share
- (3) The Company must notify the distribution recipient in writing of:
 - (a) the fact and amount of any such deduction;
 - (b) any non-payment of a dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share resulting from any such deduction; and
 - (c) how the money deducted has been applied

77. No interest on distributions

The Company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by:

- (a) the terms on which the share was issued, or
- (b) the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the Company.

78. Unclaimed distributions

- (1) All dividends or other sums which are payable in respect of shares, and unclaimed after having been declared or become payable, may be invested or otherwise made use of by the directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed

- (2) The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the Company a trustee in respect of it.
- (3) The distribution recipient is no longer entitled to a dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the Company, if.
 - (a) twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment; and
 - (b) the distribution recipient has not claimed it.

79. Non-cash distributions

- (1) Subject to the terms of issue of the share in question, the Company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the directors, decide to pay all or part of a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by transferring non-cash assets of equivalent value (including, without limitation, shares or other securities in any company)
- (2) If the shares in respect of which such a non-cash distribution is paid are uncertificated, any shares in the Company which are issued as a non-cash distribution in respect of them must be uncertificated.
- (3) For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the directors may make whatever arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution.
 - (a) fixing the value of any assets;
 - (b) paying cash to any distribution recipient on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients, and
 - (c) vesting any assets in trustees

80. Waiver of distributions

- (1) Subject to paragraph (2), distribution recipients may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by giving the Company notice in writing to that effect.
- (2) Where the share has more than one holder, or more than one person is entitled to the share, whether by reason of the death or bankruptcy of one or more joint holders, or otherwise, the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to the share

R. CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

81. Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums

- (1) Subject to the articles, the directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary resolution.

- (a) decide to capitalise any profits of the Company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying a preferential dividend, or any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve; and
 - (b) appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a "capitalised sum") to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (the "persons entitled") and in the same proportions.
- (2) Capitalised sums must be applied:
 - (a) on behalf of the persons entitled, and
 - (b) in the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them.
- (3) Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new shares of a nominal amount equal to the capitalised sum which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- (4) A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied:
 - (a) in or towards paying up any amounts unpaid on existing shares held by the persons entitled; or
 - (b) in paying up new debentures of the Company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct.
- (5) Subject to the articles the directors may:
 - (a) apply capitalised sums in accordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) partly in one way and partly in another,
 - (b) make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this article (including the issuing of fractional certificates or the making of cash payments); and
 - (c) authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the Company on behalf of all the persons entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of shares and debentures to them under this article.

S. COMMUNICATIONS

82. Means of communication to be used

- (1) Subject to the articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the Company under the articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the Company

- (2) Subject to the articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a director in connection with the taking of decisions by directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being
- (3) A director may agree with the Company that notices or documents sent to that director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within a specified time of their being sent, and for the specified time to be less than 48 hours.

83. Failure to notify contact details

- (1) If the Company sends two consecutive documents to a member over a period of at least 12 months and each of those documents is returned undelivered, or the Company receives notification that it has not been delivered, that member ceases to be entitled to receive notices from the Company
- (2) A member who has ceased to be entitled to receive notices from the Company becomes entitled to receive such notices again by sending the Company:
 - (a) a new address to be recorded in the register of members; or
 - (b) if the member has agreed that the Company should use a means of communication other than sending things to such an address, the information that the Company needs to use that means of communication effectively

T. ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

84. Destruction of documents

- (1) The Company is entitled to destroy.
 - (a) all instruments of transfer of shares which have been registered, and all other documents on the basis of which any entries are made in the register of members, from six years after the date of registration;
 - (b) all dividend mandates, variations or cancellations of dividend mandates, and notifications of change of address, from two years after they have been recorded,
 - (c) all share certificates which have been cancelled from one year after the date of the cancellation;
 - (d) all paid dividend warrants and cheques from one year after the date of actual payment; and
 - (e) all proxy notices from one year after the end of the meeting to which the proxy notice relates

- (2) If the Company destroys a document in good faith, in accordance with these articles, and without notice of any claim to which that document may be relevant, it is conclusively presumed in favour of the Company that:
- (a) entries in the register purporting to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer or other document so destroyed were duly and properly made,
 - (b) any instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered;
 - (c) any share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective certificate duly and properly cancelled, and
 - (d) any other document so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with its recorded particulars in the books or records of the Company.
- (3) This article does not impose on the Company any liability which it would not otherwise have if it destroys any document before the time at which this article permits it to do so.
- (4) In this article, references to the destruction of any document include a reference to its being disposed of in any manner

85. No right to inspect accounts and other records

Except as provided by law or authorised by the directors or an ordinary resolution of the Company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the Company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a member.

86. Provision for employees on cessation of business

The directors may decide to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than a director or former director or shadow director) in connection with the cessation or transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company or that subsidiary

U. DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

87. Indemnity

- (1) Subject to paragraph (2), a relevant director of the Company or an associated company may be indemnified out of the Company's assets against:
- (a) any liability incurred by that director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an associated company,
 - (b) any liability incurred by that director in connection with the activities of the Company or an associated company in its capacity

- as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006), and
 - (c) any other liability incurred by that director as an officer of the Company or an associated company.
- (2) This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law.
- (3) In this article:
- (a) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate, and
 - (b) a "relevant director" means any director or former director of the Company or an associated company

88. Insurance

- (1) The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant director, alternate director or secretary in respect of any relevant loss.
- (2) In this article:
- (a) a "relevant director" means any director or former director of the Company or an associated company;
 - (b) a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant director in connection with that director's duties or powers in relation to the Company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company or associated company; and
 - (c) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate.

The Directors
Wellesley Secured Finance PLC
35 Great St Helen's,
London, EC3A 6AP

United Kingdom 35 Great St Helen's
London EC3A 6AP, United Kingdom

tel +44 (0)20 7398 6300
fax +44 (0)20 7398 6325

london@intertrustgroup.com
www.intertrustgroup.com

date 16 January 2017

Dear Sirs,

Subscription for one share of £1 issued by Wellesley Secured Finance PLC (the "Company")

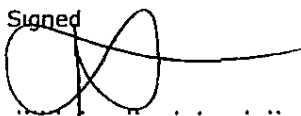
We hereby apply for 1 (one) Ordinary share of £1 00 (the "**Share**") in the Company for a total consideration of 1 pound Sterling (£1 00) and request you to register the Share in our name

In consideration for the allotment and issue of the Share to us, we confirm that we have remitted the sum of £1.00 to the Company's bank account in full satisfaction of the subscription monies due in respect of the Share

We acknowledge that my application is made on the basis that we will hold any such share allotted to us subject to the Articles of Association of the Company

Yours faithfully,

Signed



Authorised Signatory
for and on behalf of
Intertrust Corporate Services Limited

Address for registration purposes
35 Great St. Helen's
London EC3A 6AP

Wellesley Secured Finance PLC, (the **Company**)
35 Great St Helen's,
London,
EC3A 6AP

United Kingdom 35 Great St Helen's
London EC3A 6AP, United Kingdom

tel +44 (0)20 7398 6300
fax +44 (0)20 7398 6325

london@intertrustgroup.com
www.intertrustgroup.com

date 16 January 2017

Dear Sirs

Consent to act as a director

We, Intertrust Directors 1 Limited, being a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales with company number 03920254 with its registered office at 35 Great St Helen's, London, EC3A 6AP, hereby consent to act as a director of the Company

We declare that:

- we are not, nor have we been, disqualified from acting as a director of a company, nor have we performed any acts, nor are there any circumstances, under which we could be so disqualified
- we are not prohibited by law from acting as a director of a company
- we are not prohibited from our Articles of Association or any other constitutional document from acting as a director of a company
- we are not, as at the date of this declaration, subject to any legal proceedings (including but not limited to winding up proceedings), nor are we aware of any such legal proceedings pending or under consideration
- we have not made, as at the date of this declaration, a composition or arrangement with any of our creditors from which we have not been discharged
- we are not subject to, as at the date of this declaration, any form of administration or liquidation or winding up nor is any foreseen, or intended or otherwise under consideration
- we are otherwise eligible, and a fit and proper person, to be a director of the Company.
- we will notify the Company promptly of any changes in the information provided in this declaration

Yours faithfully,



Authorised Signatory,

for and on behalf of,

INTERTRUST DIRECTORS 1 LIMITED

Wellesley Secured Finance PLC, (the **Company**)
35 Great St Helen's,
London,
EC3A 6AP

United Kingdom 35 Great St Helen's
London EC3A 6AP United Kingdom

tel +44 (0)20 7398 6300
fax +44 (0)20 7398 6325

london@intertrustgroup.com
www.intertrustgroup.com

date 16 January 2017

CONSENT TO ACT AS DIRECTOR

Dear Sirs

Consent to act as a director

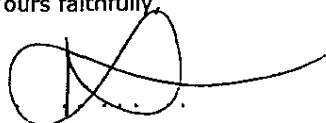
We, Intertrust Directors 2 Limited, being a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales with company number 4017430 with its registered office at 35 Great St Helen's, London, EC3A 6AP, hereby consent to act as a director of the Company.

We declare that

- we are not, nor have we been, disqualified from acting as a director of a company, nor have we performed any acts, nor are there any circumstances, under which we could be so disqualified
- we are not prohibited by law from acting as a director of a company
- we are not prohibited from our Articles of Association or any other constitutional document from acting as a director of a company
- we are not, as at the date of this declaration, subject to any legal proceedings (including but not limited to winding up proceedings), nor are we aware of any such legal proceedings pending or under consideration
- we have not made, as at the date of this declaration, a composition or arrangement with any of our creditors from which we have not been discharged
- we are not subject to, as at the date of this declaration, any form of administration or liquidation or winding up nor is any foreseen, or intended or otherwise under consideration
- we are otherwise eligible, and a fit and proper person, to be a director of the Company

- we will notify the Company promptly of any changes in the information provided in this declaration

Yours faithfully,

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized 'N' or 'M' shape with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

Authorised Signatory,
for and on behalf of,

INTERTRUST DIRECTORS 2 LIMITED

84 Bolton Road,
Windsor,
Berkshire,
SL4 3JJ

To:
Wellesley Secured Finance PLC, (the **Company**)
35 Great St. Helen's,
London,
EC3A 6AP

13 January 2017

Dear Sirs

Consent to act as a director

I hereby consent to act as a director of the Company. My consent will continue until either I revoke my consent in writing or I resign as a director.

I declare that:

- I am not, nor have I been, disqualified from acting as a director of a company; nor have I performed any acts, nor are there any circumstances, under which I could be so disqualified
- I am not prohibited by law from acting as a director of a company.
- I have not been convicted of an offence, criminal or civil, that is not spent under the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974.
- I am not an undischarged bankrupt.
- I have not made a composition or arrangement with my creditors from which I have not been discharged
- I am otherwise eligible, and a fit and proper person, to be a director of the Company.
- I will notify the Company promptly of any changes in the information provided in this declaration

Please find below the mandatory details of my appointment:

Full Name:	Alasdair Bruce Lenman
Residential Address:	84 Bolton Road, Windsor, Berkshire, SL4 3JJ
Country of Residence:	United Kingdom
Date of Birth:	25 December 1969
Nationality:	British
Service Address:	35 Great St. Helen's, London, EC3A 6AP

Welliesley Secured Finance PLC, (the **Company**)
35 Great St. Helen's,
London,
EC3A 6AP

United Kingdom 35 Great St Helen's
London EC3A 6AP, United Kingdom

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fax +44 (0)20 7398 6325

london@intertrustgroup.com
www.intertrustgroup.com

date 16 January 2017

Dear Sirs

Consent to act as company secretary

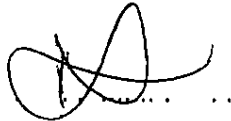
We, Intertrust Corporate Services Limited, being a company incorporated and registered in England and Wales with company number 3920255 with its registered office at 35 Great St Helen's, London, EC3A 6AP, hereby consent to act as the company secretary of the Company

We declare that

- we are not, nor have we been, disqualified from acting as a company secretary; nor have we performed any acts, nor are there any circumstances, under which we could be so disqualified
- we are not prohibited by law from acting as a company secretary
- we are not prohibited from our Articles of Association or any other constitutional document from acting as a company secretary
- we are not, as at the date of this declaration, subject to any legal proceedings (including but not limited to winding up proceedings), nor are we aware of any such legal proceedings pending or under consideration
- we have not made, as at the date of this declaration, a composition or arrangement with any of our creditors from which we have not been discharged
- we are not subject to, as at the date of this declaration, any form of administration or liquidation or winding up nor is any foreseen, or intended or otherwise under consideration
- we are otherwise eligible, and a fit and proper person, to be the company secretary of the Company.

- we will notify the Company promptly of any changes in the information provided in this declaration

Yours faithfully,

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized capital 'A' with a horizontal stroke that loops back to the left.

Authorised Signatory
for and on behalf of

INTERTRUST CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED