# DB DESIGN AND PRINT (UK) LIMITED

Filleted Accounts

31 December 2019

# **DB DESIGN AND PRINT (UK) LIMITED**

Registered number: 10477103

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 December 2019

	Notes		2019		2018
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		2,000		3,000
Tangible assets	4		219,414	_	233,810
			221,414		236,810
Current assets					
Stocks		30,920		52,000	
Debtors	5	265,633		287,742	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,464		11,202	
		303,017		350,944	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	6	(392,811)		(389,602)	
Net current liabilities			(89,794)		(38,658)
Total assets less current liabilities			131,620	-	198,152
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	ar 7		(82,751)		(148,864)
Net assets			48,869	-	49,288
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			300		300
Profit and loss account			48,569		48,988
Shareholders' funds			48,869	- -	49,288

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr R Osborne Director Approved by the board on 27 February 2020

# DB DESIGN AND PRINT (UK) LIMITED

### **Notes to the Accounts**

for the year ended 31 December 2019

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

# Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years

Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant and machinery 20% reducing balance

Vehicles 20% reducing balance

### Stocks

Stocks and work in progress are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

## Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any

transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### **Pensions**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2019 Number	2018 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	10	10
3	Intangible fixed assets Goodwill:		£
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2019		5,000
	At 31 December 2019		5,000

# Amortisation

At 1 January 2019	2,000
Provided during the year	1,000
At 31 December 2019	3,000
Net book value	
At 31 December 2019	2,000
At 31 December 2018	3,000

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

# 4 Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2019	328,356	5,000	333,356
	Additions	24,325	9,600	33,925
	At 31 December 2019	352,681	14,600	367,281
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2019	97,746	1,800	99,546
	Charge for the year	46,081	2,240	48,321
	At 31 December 2019	143,827	4,040	147,867
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2019	208,854	10,560	219,414
	At 31 December 2018	230,610	3,200	233,810
5	Debtors		2019	2018
			£	£
	Trade debtors		230,295	224,128
	Other debtors		35,338	63,614
			265,633	287,742
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	ır	2019	2018
			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		152,953	106,523
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchas	se contracts	71,876	71,669
	Trade creditors		127,041	127,656
	Taxation and social security costs		12,849	8,219

	Other creditors	28,092	75,535
		392,811	389,602
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2019	2018
		£	£
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	82,751	148,864
8	Loans	2019 £	2018 £
	Creditors include:	£	L
	Secured bank loans	131,581	101,034
	Security is held by the lender over the book debts of the company		
9	Other financial commitments	2019	2018
		£	£
	Total future minimum annual payments under non-cancellable	50 500	50 F00
	operating leases	52,500	52,500

# 10 Other information

DB DESIGN AND PRINT (UK) LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

23 Towerfield Road

Shoeburyness

Southend on Sea

Essex

**SS3 9QE** 

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