Registered number: 10471166

## ATOMIZED STUDIOS LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

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# ATOMIZED STUDIOS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:10471166

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible fixed assets	5		4,983		9,450
Tangible fixed assets	6		92,768		57,222
		•	97,751		66,672
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	1,215,612		2,065,979	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,683,398		1,511,516	
		2,899,010		3,577,495	
Current liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,309,338)		(1,672,728)	
Net current assets			1,589,672		1,904,767
Net assets			1,687,423		1,971,439
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		4		4
Profit and loss account			1,687,419		1,971,435
		•	1,687,423		1,971,439

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 20 September 2023.

## **Z D Rogers**

Director

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1. General information

Atomized Studios Limited is a private limited liability company incorporated in England and Wales, with its registered office address at 1 Stephen Street, London, W1T 1AL.

The principal activity of the Company continued to be that of content production for both broadcast media and the web.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the Company in respect of services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract.

#### 2.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

The estimated useful lives range as follows:

Website development - 3 years straight line

### 2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles - 20% - Straight line. Fixtures and fittings - 25% - 33% Straight line.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 2.5 Research and development

In the research phase of an internal project it is not possible to demonstrate that the project will generate future economic benefits and hence all expenditure on research shall be recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Intangible assets are recognised from the development phase of a project if and only if certain specific criteria are met in order to demonstrate the asset will generate probable future economic benefits and that its cost can be reliably measured. The capitalised development costs are subsequently amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives, which range from 3 to 6 years.

If it is not possible to distinguish between the research phase and the development phase of an internal project, the expenditure is treated as if it were all incurred in the research phase only.

## 2.6 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

# 2.7 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

## 2.8 Exceptional items

Exceptional items are transactions that fall within the ordinary activities of the Company but are presented separately due to their size or incidence.

#### 2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at the transaction price less any impairment.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 2.11 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

#### 2.12 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, and loans to related parties.

#### 2.13 Foreign currency translation

#### **Functional and presentation currency**

The Company's functional and presentational currency is £ Sterling.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

## 2.14 Dividends

Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

#### 2.15 Pensions

## Defined contribution pension plan

The Company contributes to a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

# 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.16 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

## 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 31 (2021 - 22).

#### 4. Taxation

	2022 £	2021 £
Corporation tax	4	7
Current tax on profits for the year	91,624	139,549
Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2021 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation 19%). The differences are explained below:	on tax in the UK of	19% (2021 -
	2022 £	2021 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	547,608	739,599
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%)  Effects of:	104,046	140,524
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(2,851)	377
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	(10,449)	(713)
Short term timing difference leading to an increase/(decrease) in taxation	878	(639)
Total tax charge for the year	91,624	139,549

## Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

5.	Intangible assets	
		Website development £
	Cost	20,600
	At 1 January 2022	
	At 31 December 2022	20,600
	Amortisation	11,150
	At 1 January 2022	4,467
	Charge for the year on owned assets	
		15,617
	At 31 December 2022	
	Net book value	4,983
	At 31 December 2022	9,450

At 31 December 2021

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

# 6. Tangible fixed assets

		Fixtures and	
	Motor vehicles	fittings	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 January 2022	59,985	24,118	84,103
Additions	•	64,808	64,808
Disposals	-	(2,272)	(2,272)
At 31 December 2022	59,985	86,654	146,639
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2022	8,998	17,883	26,881
Charge for the year on owned assets	11,997	15,844	27,841
Disposals	-	(851)	(851)
At 31 December 2022	20,995	32,876	53,871
Net book value			
At 31 December 2022	38,990	53,778	92,768
At 31 December 2021	50,987	6,235	57,222

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

7.	Debtors		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade debtors	325,445	703,224
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	528,353	913,602
	Other debtors	108	78,319
	Prepayments and accrued income	361,706	370,834
		1,215,612	2,065,979
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Trade creditors	112,691	176,587
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	20,833	39,190
	Corporation tax	77,370	99,434
	Other taxation and social security	147,776	113,244
	Other creditors	12,387	175,090
	Accruals and deferred income	938,281	1,069,183
		1,309,338	1,672,728
9.	Share capital		
J.	Ondro Supridi		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	Į.	I.
	4 (2021 - 4) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	4	4

# 10. Controlling party

On 22 June 2022, the Company became a subsidiary of Freuds Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The Directors regard Freud 3.0 Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, as the ultimate parent undertaking.

Freud 3.0 Limited, is the parent company of the largest and the smallest group for which group financial statements are drawn up. Copies of the consolidated financial statements are available from the registrar of Companies.

M R Freud, a director of the company, is the ultimate controlling party.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

## 11. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 20 September 2023 by Stephen Iseman FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) on behalf of Sopher + Co LLP.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.