Company registration number 10454234 (England and Wales)

AXIS TOWER UK LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2023

	2022	3	202		
£	£	£	£	Notes	
					Fixed assets
-		599,464		4	Investment property
100		100		5	Investments
100		599,564			
					Current assets
	461,534		457,334	7	Debtors
					Creditors: amounts falling due within one year
	483,861		1,083,325		Other creditors
(22,327)		(625,991)			Net current liabilities
(22,227)		(26,427)			Net liabilities
	;				
					Capital and reserves
100		100		8	Called up share capital
(22,327)		(26,527)			Profit and loss reserves
(22,227)		(26,427)			Total equity
_	483,861	(26,427) ====================================	1,083,325	8	one year Other creditors Net current liabilities Net liabilities Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss reserves

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29/01/2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

David R	ussell		
D Russell		•••••	
Director			

Company registration number 10454234 (England and Wales)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Axis Tower UK Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Alliance House, Westpoint Enterprise Park, Clarence Avenue, Trafford Park, Manchester, M17 1QS.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of investment properties at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

Axis Tower UK Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Property Alliance Group Limited and the results of Axis Tower UK Limited are included in the consolidated financial statements of Property Alliance Group Limited. which are available from Alliance House, Westpoint Enterprise Park, Clarence Avenue, Trafford Park, Manchester, M17 1QS.

1.2 Going concern

The company is reliant on the continued support of the parent company, Property Alliance Group Limited. Property Alliance Group Limited is considered to have the ability to continue to support the company for at least the next 12 months.

After reviewing the company's forecasts and projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue operational in existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Investment property

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

1.4 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows.

Investment property

The investment property comprises of an electronic billboard and is valued by using a future cash flow to calculate the net present value. Within the cash flow calculations, there are numerous factors which are judgemental such as; expected income, risk factor and expected life of the screen.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

			2023 Number	2022 Number
	Total	**),	2	2
4	Investment property			2023
	Fair value			2023 £
	At 1 July 2022 Additions Revaluations			999,107 (399,643)
	At 30 June 2023			599,464
5	Fixed asset investments		2023 £	2022 £
	Shares in group undertakings and participating interests		100	100

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

6 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2023 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Address	Class of shares held	% Held Direct
Axis Tower Screen Limited	*	Ordinary	100.00

Registered office addresses (all UK unless otherwise indicated):

7 Debtors

8

Amounts falling due within one year:			2023 £	2022 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings			457,334 ———	461,534 =====
Called up share capital	2023	2022	2023	2022
Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

9 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

Senior Statutory Auditor:

Zoë Duffy BFP FCA

Statutory Auditor:

UHY Hacker Young Manchester LLP

10 Parent company

The parent company is Property Alliance Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The company is ultimately controlled by D Russell by virtue of his shareholding in the ultimate parent company, Property Alliance Group Limited.

The consolidated financial statements of the group may be obtained from Property Alliance Group Limited at Alliance House, Westpoint Enterprise Park, Clarence Avenue, Trafford Park, Manchester, M17 1QS.

^{*} Alliance House, Westpoint Enterprise Park, Clarence Avenue, Trafford Park, Manchester, M17 1QS.