

REGISTERED NUMBER: 10439982 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

for

Love Heart Weddings (Crete) Limited

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for the Year Ended 31 October 2018**

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Love Heart Weddings (Crete) Limited

Company Information
for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

DIRECTORS:

Mrs R C Jessup-Vasilaki
A J Jessup

REGISTERED OFFICE:

122 Feering Hill
Feering
Colchester
Essex
CO5 9PY

REGISTERED NUMBER:

10439982 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

Granite Morgan Smith Limited
122 Feering Hill
Feering
Colchester
Essex
CO5 9PY

Love Heart Weddings (Crete) Limited (Registered number: 10439982)

Balance Sheet
31 October 2018

31.10.17			Notes	31.10.18	
£	£			£	£
		FIXED ASSETS			
		- Tangible assets	4		744
		CURRENT ASSETS			
-		Debtors	5	477	
487		Cash at bank		<u>1,991</u>	
<u>487</u>				2,468	
		CREDITORS			
3,454		Amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>5,804</u>	
	(2,967)	NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(3,336)</u>
	(2,967)	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(2,592)</u>
		CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
	1	Called up share capital			1
	(2,968)	Retained earnings			<u>(2,593)</u>
	<u>(2,967)</u>				<u>(2,592)</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 October 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.
- (b)

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 24 July 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs R C Jessup-Vasilaki - Director

A J Jessup - Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Love Heart Weddings (Crete) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - Straight line over 3 years

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was NIL (2017 - NIL).

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 October 2018

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc £
COST	
Additions	<u>909</u>
At 31 October 2018	<u>909</u>
DEPRECIATION	
Charge for year	<u>165</u>
At 31 October 2018	<u>165</u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 October 2018	<u><u>744</u></u>

5. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31.10.18	31.10.17
	£	£
Other debtors	<u><u>477</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

6. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31.10.18	31.10.17
	£	£
Other creditors	<u><u>5,804</u></u>	<u><u>3,454</u></u>

7. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

At the Balance Sheet date the company owed the director R Jessup-Vasilaki £4,516 (2017 - £2,974) in respect of her loan account. This Loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

8. GOING CONCERN

Attention is drawn to the fact that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. This may not be appropriate because at the balance sheet date the company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by £3,336 and overall the company shows a deficit of £2,593. Included within creditors is a directors loan account of £4,516 which is part of the capital base of the company and will not be withdrawn until sufficient profits have been generated.

Should the company be unable to continue trading, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the value of assets to their recoverable amount, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify fixed assets and long term liabilities as current assets and liabilities.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.