Company Registration No. 10416652 (England and Wales) WISE ZONE LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020
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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2020

		202	20	201	9
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	3		1		1
Current assets					
Debtors	5	2,542,850		2,542,851	
Cash at bank and in hand		23,240		4,807	
		2,566,090		2,547,658	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	6	(2,908,624)		(2,777,098)	
Net current liabilities			(342,534)		(229,440)
Total assets less current liabilities			(342,533)		(229,439)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss reserves			(342,633)		(229,539)
Total equity			(342,533)		(229,439)

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 October 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 July 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Dr M Li

Director

Company Registration No. 10416652

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Wise Zone Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 4m Crossley Park, Heaton Chapel, Stockport, England, SK4 5BF.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis. There was a net deficiency of assets of £342,533 at the balance sheet date, however the directors have confirmed continued support and consider the company retains sufficient working capital to continue trading for the foreseeable future. Loans from a third party have been arranged by the directors to assist in the company's business activities to date. Further support is to be provided by the directors as and when is required for the foreseeable future.

At the time of filing these financial statements, the pandemic of Covid-19 is creating an uncertainty on the effect on the general macro-economy. The directors have carefully considered the potential implications of Covid-19 on the company's business environment. No staff members are directly employed by the company, so there has been no requirement to make use of the furlough scheme. The Company has not taken any grants or long term loans made available following the pandemic.

Having regard to the above, the directors believe it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.5 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2020	2019
	Number	Number
Total	2	2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

3	Fixed asset investments		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Investments	1	1

Fixed asset investments consist of shares held in the subsidiary and are measured at cost less impairment. These are detailed in note 5.

4 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 October 2020 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Registered office	Nature of business	Class of shares held	% Held Direct
Plymouth Grove Property Developments Limited	United Kingdom	Property development	Ordinary	100.00

5 Debtors

Amounts falling due within one year:	2020 £	2019 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,542,850	2,542,851

In 2018, the company purchased a property on behalf of Plymouth Grove Property Developments Limited resulting in a balance owed to the company at 31 October 2020 £2,542,850 (in 2019 of £2,542, 851) and is included within debtors due within one year.

There is no interest payable on this balance and the loans are unsecured loans with no fixed repayment dates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2020

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	,	2020	2019
		£	£
	Other borrowings	2,906,494	2,775,027
	Other creditors	901	901
	Accruals and deferred income	1,229	1,170
		2,908,624	2,777,098

As at 31 October 2020 the company owed Insighttex Trading Limited an amount of £2,906,494 (in 2019 of £2,775,027) and is included within creditors due within one year. Of this amount, £20,000 was received in April 2020. This balance includes interest payable totalling £111,468 which has been charged at an annual rate of 4%.

It has been agreed between both parties that the length of the loan must not exceed 10 years, however Insighttex Trading Limited reserve the right to call for repayment of the loans on demand by providing 1 months' notice. The loans are otherwise unsecured loans with no fixed repayment dates.

7 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available under FRS 102 not to disclose transactions between itself and its subsidiary company, Plymouth Grove Property Developments Ltd.

8 Directors' transactions

During the period, the company operated a loan account with director Mrs M Li. At the balance sheet date, the company owed Mrs M Li £901 (2019 - £901), this is included within other creditors.

This loan is repayable on demand and no interest was charged during the period.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.