Registration number: 10289406

## Contentious Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020



#### Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>8</u>

## **Company Information**

**Directors** Mr J Honnor

Ms L Robertson

Registered office 81 Rivington Street

LONDON EC2A 3AY

Accountants Michael J Emery & Co Limited 22 St John Street

22 St John Street Newport Pagnell Buckinghamshire MK16 8HJ

Page 1

# (Registration number: 10289406) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	2,196	3,549
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	26,274	8,429
Cash at bank and in hand	<u> </u>	7,981	19,700
		34,255	28,129
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(30,108)	(20,728)
Net current assets		4,147	7,401
Total assets less current liabilities		6,343	10,950
Provisions for liabilities		(417)	(700)
Net assets		5,926	10,250
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		5,924	10,248
Shareholders' funds		5,926	10,250

For the financial year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 26 February 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr J F Direct	 or		

(Registration number: 10289406) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

Ms L Robertson Director

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 81 Rivington Street LONDON EC2A 3AY

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 26 February 2021.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when: The amount of revenue can be reliably measured; it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

**Asset class** 

Depreciation method and rate

25% on cost

Office equipment

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## **Borrowings**

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including directors, was 2 (2019 - 2).

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

## 4 Tangible assets

	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2019	5,414	5,414
At 31 March 2020	5,414	5,414
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2019	1,865	1,865
Charge for the year	1,353	1,353
At 31 March 2020	3,218	3,218
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2020	2,196	2,196
At 31 March 2019	3,549	3,549
5 Debtors		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	15,891	5,846
Called up share capital not paid	2	2
Prepayments	381	2,581
Accrued income	10,000	
Total current trade and other debtors	26,274	8,429

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

#### 6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	480	750
Accruals	841	780
Corporation tax control	8,990	13,646
Income in advance	11,538	-
VAT Control account	7,509	5,037
PAYE and NIC creditor	750	285
Directors loan account		230
	30,108	20,728

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.