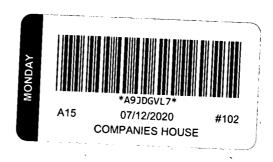
COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 10245337

REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

The Institute of Legal Finance & Management Company Limited by Guarantee Filleted Financial Statements 30 June 2020



BURGESS HODGSON LLP

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
Camburgh House
27 New Dover Road
Canterbury
Kent
CT1 3DN

Company Limited by Guarantee

Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2020

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Company Limited by Guarantee

Statement of Financial Position

30 June 2020

		2020		2019
	Note	£	3	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	6		7,160	7,709
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7	32,821 264,972 297,793		37,044 264,143 301,187
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	106,076		113,968
Net current assets			191,717	187,219
Total assets less current liabilities			198,877	194,928
Net assets			198,877	194,928
Capital and reserves Profit and loss account			198,877	194,928
Reserves			198,877	194,928

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on11 November 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

I R Johnson Director

Company registration number: 10245337

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is River House, Suites 1 & 2, First Floor, 1 Maidstone Road, Sidcup, DA14 5RH, England.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The company is currently assessing the impact of Covid-19 on the financial performance of the business during the 2020 financial year. Whilst the impact is not yet clear the company believes that Covid-19 will have an impact on performance for the year. The company expects to make appropriate adjustments to financial and operational plans for the 2021 financial year and as such the current accounts continue to be prepared on a going concern basis.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Revenue from member subscriptions is recognised in the year that they are received with an adjustment made at the end of each reporting date to accrue income into the correct period. Revenue received in relation to courses, seminars and advertising are all recognised when the courses and exams take place.

Income tax

Current tax is recognised on the bank interest received by the company in the current period. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax eclectic to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2020

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment

33% straight line

Depreciation on the assets is charged over a 3 year straight line basis, however there is one item of equipment within the assets (office chairs) which are depreciated over 10 years.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2020

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Defined contribution plans (continued)

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Company limited by guarantee

The company is a company limited by guarantee. The members of the company are persons whose name is entered in the Register of Members of the Institute and Membership shall be construed accordingly. The liability in respect of the guarantee is limited to £1 for each member.

5. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 7 (2019: 6).

The Directors acting as officers of the Company are not paid and are excluded from the employee numbers above.

6. Tangible assets

		Equipment £	Total £
	Cost At 1 July 2019 Additions	23,390 5,454	23,390 5,454
	At 30 June 2020	28,844	28,844
	Depreciation At 1 July 2019 Charge for the year	15,681 6,003	15,681 6,003
	At 30 June 2020	21,684	21,684
	Carrying amount At 30 June 2020	7,160	7,160
	At 30 June 2019	7,709	7,709
7.	Debtors		
	Trade debtors	2020 £ 10,250	2019 £ 19,257
	Other debtors	22,571	17,787
		32,821	37,044

Company Limited by Guarantee

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 30 June 2020

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	1,578	13,447
Corporation tax	207	179
Social security and other taxes	16,838	11,106
Other creditors	87,453	89,236
	106,076	113,968

9. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

, ,	2020	2019
	£	£
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	_	13,333
Later than 5 years	139,425	_
	139,425	13,333

10. Summary audit opinion

The auditor's report for the year dated 2 2020 was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Mark Laughton FCCA, for and on behalf of Burgess Hodgson LLP.