REGISTERED NUMBER: 10217563 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

for

Atoh Limited

# Atoh Limited (Registered number: 10217563)

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### Atoh Limited

# Company Information for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

**DIRECTOR:** G Davies

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 78 The Common

Crich Matlock DE4 5BJ

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 10217563 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Branston Adams

Suite 2, Victoria House

South Street Farnham Surrey GU9 7QU

### Atoh Limited (Registered number: 10217563)

# Balance Sheet 30 June 2019

		30.6.19		30.6.18	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	4		21,579		13,266
Tangible assets	5		1,623		2,565
Investment property	6		140,969		
			164,171		15,831
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	7	44,810		47,742	
Cash at bank		111,894		234,102	
		156,704		281,844	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>39,919</u>		66,097	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u> 116,785</u>		<u>215,747</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			280,956		231,578
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			1		1
Retained earnings			280,955		231,577
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			280,956		231,578
					<del></del>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 June 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 6 February 2020 and were signed by:

G Davies - Director

Atoh Limited (Registered number: 10217563)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Atoh Limited is a private company, limited by shares , registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents income derived from the ordinary activities of the business less discounts and VAT.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Computer software is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of three years.

Software development costs are recognised as an intangible asset when all of the following criteria are demonstrated:

- The technical feasibility of completing the software so that it will be available for use or sale.
- The intention to complete the software and use or sell it.
- The ability to use the software or to sell it.
- How the software will generate probable future economic benefits.
- The availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software.
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the software during its development.

Amortisation is charged so as to allocate the cost of intangibles less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. Only when the development is complete, and the software is available for use as intended by management, will amortisation be recognised.

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate or residual value of an asset, the amortisation of that asset is revised prospectively to reflect the new expectations.

If the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired exceeds the cost of a business combination, the excess up to the fair value of non-monetary assets acquired is recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the non-monetary assets are recovered. Any excess exceeding the fair value of non-monetary assets acquired is recognised in profit or loss in the periods expected to be benefitted.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Fixtures and fittings - 33% on cost Computer equipment - 33% on cost

#### Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

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# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was NIL (2018 - 1).

#### 4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	software
	£
COST	
At 1 July 2018	13,266
Additions	8,313
At 30 June 2019	21,579
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 30 June 2019	<u>21,579</u>
At 30 June 2018	13,266

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

### 5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

5.	COST	Fixtures and fittings £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
	COST	2,075	3,035	E 110
	At 1 July 2018 Additions	2,075	3,035 1,142	5,110 1,142
	At 30 June 2019	2,075	4,177	6,252
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 July 2018	1,026	1,519	2,545
	Charge for year	693	1,391	2,084
	At 30 June 2019	<u> 1,719</u>	2,910	4,629
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 30 June 2019	<u>356</u>	<u>1,267</u>	<u>1,623</u>
	At 30 June 2018	<u>1,049</u>	<u>1,516</u>	<u>2,565</u>
6.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY			
				Total £
	FAIR VALUE			T.
	Additions			140,969
	At 30 June 2019			140,969
	NET BOOK VALUE			<del></del> _
	At 30 June 2019			140,969
7.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
			30.6.19	30.6.18
			£	£
	Trade debtors		<u>44,810</u>	47,742
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
υ.	OREDITORO, AMOUNTO I ALLINO DOL WITTIN ONE TEAR		30.6.19	30.6.18
			£	£
	Taxation and social security		35,558	60,884
	Other creditors		<u>4,361</u>	5,213
			39,919	66,097

### 9. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is Mr G Davies by virtue of is 100% shareholding

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.