

Company registration number 10176304 (England and Wales)

**AMBISPACE LIMITED**  
**UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**

# **AMBISPACE LIMITED**

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# AMBISPACE LIMITED

## ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 APRIL 2022

	Notes	2022 £	£	2021 £	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	3		12,013		1,155
<b>Current assets</b>					
Stocks		3,043		500	
Debtors		25,792		20,082	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,840		27,159	
		<u>30,675</u>		<u>47,741</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		<u>(159,650)</u>		<u>(125,910)</u>	
<b>Net current liabilities</b>			<u>(128,975)</u>		<u>(78,169)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>(116,962)</u>		<u>(77,014)</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>			<u>(24,964)</u>		<u>(21,233)</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>			<u><u>(141,926)</u></u>		<u><u>(98,247)</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss reserves			<u>(142,026)</u>		<u>(98,347)</u>
<b>Total equity</b>			<u><u>(141,926)</u></u>		<u><u>(98,247)</u></u>

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006 all of the members of the company have consented to the preparation of an abridged statement of financial position pursuant to paragraph 1A of Schedule 1 to the Small Companies and Groups (Accounts and Directors' Report) Regulations (S.I. 2008/409)(b).

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 April 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

## **AMBISPACE LIMITED**

### **ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)**

***AS AT 30 APRIL 2022***

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The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 January 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr Kevin Wheatley  
**Director**

**Company Registration No. 10176304**

# **AMBISPACE LIMITED**

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022**

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### **1 Accounting policies**

#### **Company information**

Ambispace Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered number is 10176304 and the registered office is Hirst Priory, A161 Belton Road, Crowle, Scunthorpe, North Lincolnshire, DN17 4BU.

#### **1.1 Accounting convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### **1.2 Going concern**

As detailed in the notes to the financial statements the company is dependent upon the continued support of its director and has also been effected by the world wide impact of the Covid-19 virus. The director has assessed the company's current and anticipated financial requirements and is confident that, with his support, the company will continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future, and at least for a period of twelve months from the date of this report. In the light of this the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

#### **1.3 Turnover**

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

# AMBISPACE LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Contract revenue recognition

When the outcome of a product build contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and contract costs are recognised as revenue and expenses respectively by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the balance sheet date (percentage of completion method). When the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

At the balance sheet date, the cumulative costs incurred plus recognised profit (less retained losses) on each contract is compared against the progressed billings. Where the cumulative costs incurred plus the recognised profits (less recognised losses) exceed progress billings, the balance is presented as due from customers on contracts within debtors. Where progressed billings exceed the cumulative costs incurred plus recognised profits (less recognised losses), the balance is presented as payments on account of contracts within creditors. Costs incurred in connection with future activity on a contract are shown as contract work in progress on the balance sheet unless it is not probable that such costs are recoverable from the customers, in which case, such costs are recognised as an expense immediately.

Progress billings not yet paid by customers and retentions by customers are included within trade debtors. Advances received are included within trade creditors.

### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment	20% reducing balance
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

### 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

# AMBISPACE LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's abridged statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

# AMBISPACE LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **1.9 Classification of financial liabilities and equity instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### **1.10 Employee benefits**

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### **1.11 Retirement benefits**

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### **1.12 Leases**

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

#### **1.13 Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.



## AMBISPACE LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Total	7	3

#### 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Total £
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 May 2021	3,066
Additions	12,585
At 30 April 2022	15,651
<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>	
At 1 May 2021	1,911
Depreciation charged in the year	1,727
At 30 April 2022	3,638
<b>Carrying amount</b>	
At 30 April 2022	12,013
At 30 April 2021	1,155

#### 4 Loans and overdrafts

	2022 £	2021 £
Bank loans	25,849	26,000
Payable within one year	885	4,767
Payable after one year	24,964	21,233

Amounts due by instalments after 5 years for the bank loan are £10,865 (2021 - £433). On the 19/10/2021 the company was granted an extension to the bounce back loan from 6 years to 10 years.

## **AMBISPACE LIMITED**

### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

***FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022***

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#### **5 Going concern**

During the financial year end the company has been effected by the world wide impact of the Covid-19 virus. The director has assessed the impact on the business and implemented appropriate controls to mitigate the issues arising from the outbreak. The company is also dependent upon the continued support of its director.

The director has assessed the company's current and anticipated ongoing requirements and it is his intention to continue to support the business for a period of at least twelve months from the date of this report. Consequently these financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

#### **6 Related party transactions**

At the 30th April 2022 the director has advanced a loan to the company amounting to £23,009 (2021 -£23,009). The loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

The company has received further loans amounting to £7,000 from a related company in the year, at the 30th April 2022 the company owed £24,000 ( 2021 - £17,000) to the related company. The loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.