

* AMENDED *

Company registration number: 10143556

Autto Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 April 2021



Autto Limited

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Autto Limited

Directors and other information

Directors	Mr Ian Gosling Mr Krisztian Kerek Mr Max Cole Mr Sean Phelan
Company number	10143556
Registered office	Aldwych House 71-91 Aldwych London WC2B 4HN
Business address	Aldwych House 71-91 Aldwych London WC2B 4HN

Autto Limited

**Statement of financial position
30 April 2021**

	Note	2021 £	£	2020 £	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	6	491,028		339,455	
Tangible assets	7	<u>1,471</u>		<u>3,911</u>	
			492,499		343,366
Current assets					
Debtors	8	86,009		65,859	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>155,148</u>		<u>173,898</u>	
			241,157		239,757
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	<u>(83,399)</u>		<u>(40,583)</u>	
Net current assets			157,758		199,174
Total assets less current liabilities			650,257		542,540
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		<u>(197,203)</u>		-
Net assets			<u>453,054</u>		<u>542,540</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Share premium account			789,174		789,174
Profit and loss account			<u>(336,121)</u>		<u>(246,635)</u>
Shareholders funds			<u>453,054</u>		<u>542,540</u>

For the year ending 30 April 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

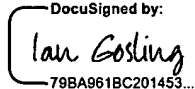
In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 4 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Autto Limited

Statement of financial position (continued)
30 April 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 13 December 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

DocuSigned by:

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Mr Ian Gosling
Director

Company registration number: 10143556

The notes on pages 4 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Autto Limited

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 April 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is Aldwych House, 71-91 Aldwych, London, WC2B 4HN.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Any intangible assets carried at a revalued amount, are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation, as determined by reference to an active market, less any subsequent accumulated amortisation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are only recognised separately from goodwill when they arise from contractual or other legal rights, are separable, the expected future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value can be measured reliably.

Autto Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 April 2021

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Software development - 3 years

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Research and development

Research expenditure is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Development expenditure incurred is capitalised as an intangible asset only when all of the following criteria are met:

- It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- There is the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- There is the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- The use or sale of the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- There are adequate technical, financial and other resources available to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- The expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be measured reliably.

Expenditure that does not meet the above criteria is expensed as incurred.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% straight line
Computer Equipment - 24 months straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Autto Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2021

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 3 (2020: 3).

Autto Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Year ended 30 April 2021

5. Tax on loss

Major components of tax income

	2021	2020
	£	£
Current tax:		
UK current tax income	(52,864)	(37,559)
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	3,837	(1,882)
Tax on loss	<u>(49,027)</u>	<u>(39,441)</u>

Reconciliation of tax income

	2021	2020
	£	£
Loss before taxation	<u>(138,513)</u>	<u>(36,231)</u>
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	<u>3,837</u>	<u>(1,882)</u>

6. Intangible assets

	Software development	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 May 2020	339,455	339,455
Additions	264,725	264,725
At 30 April 2021	<u>604,180</u>	<u>604,180</u>
Amortisation		
At 1 May 2020	-	-
Charge for the year	113,152	113,152
At 30 April 2021	<u>113,152</u>	<u>113,152</u>
Carrying amount		
At 30 April 2021	<u>491,028</u>	<u>491,028</u>
At 30 April 2020	<u>339,455</u>	<u>339,455</u>

Autto Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Year ended 30 April 2021

7. Tangible assets

	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 May 2020	450	8,762	9,212
Additions	680	-	680
At 30 April 2021	<u>1,130</u>	<u>8,762</u>	<u>9,892</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 May 2020	217	5,084	5,301
Charge for the year	234	2,886	3,120
At 30 April 2021	<u>451</u>	<u>7,970</u>	<u>8,421</u>
Carrying amount			
At 30 April 2021	<u>679</u>	<u>792</u>	<u>1,471</u>
At 30 April 2020	<u>233</u>	<u>3,678</u>	<u>3,911</u>

8. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	17,400	1,500
Other debtors	68,609	64,359
	<u>86,009</u>	<u>65,859</u>

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	3,333	-
Trade creditors	19,394	5,712
Social security and other taxes	9,987	3,106
Other creditors	50,685	31,765
	<u>83,399</u>	<u>40,583</u>

During the year, the company took a loan of £156,557 from "Innovate UK Loans Limited" (the lender). The lender has registered a charge against the company & the rate of interest charged on this loan is 3.7% per annum. As at balance sheet date, the loan is still outstanding and shown under Other creditors.

Autto Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2021

10. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	46,667	-
Other creditors	150,536	-
	<u>197,203</u>	<u>-</u>

During the year, the company took a loan of £156,557 from "Innovate UK Loans Limited" (the lender). The lender has registered a charge against the company & the rate of interest charged on this loan is 3.7% per annum. As at balance sheet date, the loan is still outstanding and shown under Other creditors.