

Company Registration No. 10134766 (England and Wales)

A ONE PROPERTIES (GREATER LONDON) LTD

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

A ONE PROPERTIES (GREATER LONDON) LTD

CONTENTS

	Page
Balance sheet	1 - 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 5

A ONE PROPERTIES (GREATER LONDON) LTD

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2019

	Notes	2019 £	£	2018 £	£
Fixed assets					
Investment properties	2		5,270,000		-
Current assets					
Debtors	3	-		200	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,234		-	
		<u>2,234</u>		<u>200</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(2,753,326)		-	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(2,751,092)		200
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>2,518,908</u>		<u>200</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	5		(2,519,297)		-
Net (liabilities)/assets			<u>(389)</u>		<u>200</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		200		200
Profit and loss reserves			(589)		-
Total equity			<u>(389)</u>		<u>200</u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

A ONE PROPERTIES (GREATER LONDON) LTD

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 JUNE 2019

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 January 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr I Shehzad
Director

Company Registration No. 10134766

A ONE PROPERTIES (GREATER LONDON) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

A One Properties (Greater London) Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 19 Highlands Gardens, Ilford, Essex, IG1 3LE.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents gross rent receivable during the year.

1.3 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Where fair value cannot be achieved without undue cost or effort, investment property is accounted for as tangible fixed assets.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

A ONE PROPERTIES (GREATER LONDON) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 Investment property

	2019 £
Fair value	
At 1 July 2018	-
Additions	5,270,000
At 30 June 2019	<u>5,270,000</u>

3 Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Unpaid share capital	-	200
	<u></u>	<u></u>

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Other creditors	2,753,326	-
	<u></u>	<u></u>

A ONE PROPERTIES (GREATER LONDON) LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

5 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	2,519,297	-
	<u>2,519,297</u>	<u>-</u>

The bank loans and overdraft are secured by a fixed charge over the Investment properties of the company

6 Called up share capital

	2019	2018
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
200 Ordinary shares of £1 each	200	200
	<u>200</u>	<u>200</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.