Company Registration No. 10071438 (England and Wales)	
STAR TISSUE HOLDINGS LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021	

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Abid Ditta

Khalid Saifullah Sajid Saifullah

Company number 10071438

Registered office Waterfall Street

Blackburn Lancashire BB2 2BN

Auditor Pierce C A Limited

Mentor House Ainsworth Street Blackburn Lancashire BB1 6AY

Business address Waterfall Street

Blackburn Lancashire BB2 2BN

Bankers HSBC Bank plc

60 Church Street Blackburn Lancashire BB1 5AS

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STRATEGIC REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

The directors present the strategic report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2021.

Fair review of the business

Our principal trading activity has been the manufacture of hygiene paper products for the Away from Home (AFH) market which includes the food, leisure, hospitality, office, industry and medical sectors.

COVID caused us many disruptions this year but we used the periods of low demand to focus on investing in people and increasing efficiencies. Maintaining our investments in place, people, processes and productivity will strengthen the company to be better placed to meet the increased demand in the post-Covid market.

We have invested heavily in the site as part of our Future Factory programme. A brand new waste extraction system was installed to automatically remove waste from the production lines.

A new access and security system was installed in all of the buildings onsite. The staff canteen, locker rooms and workshops were refurbished to a very high standard representing our commitment to staff welfare.

This is ongoing as next year we are looking at adding new offices, further extensions to our production facility, a new gatehouse and the resurfacing of our service yard. Also, plans are in place to further reduce our carbon footprint by replacing our gas powered FLT's with electric FLT's.

With the appointment of a new production manager and health and safety manager, a full programme of training has been introduced to develop effective and safe teams. A new rewards programme is being developed and will be introduced in the new year.

Our SAP system was upgraded to the latest version and new process innovations are being explored to further integrate our machines with our ERP system. Utilising IOT and AI, it is possible to gather much more data to help with maintenance and production planning.

We have put on order two end of line pallet stacking and pallet handling systems to fully automate Line 1 and Line 4. These should be fully operational in early 2022.

Business environment

In light of the ongoing ambiguity related to the pandemic, demand has been very mixed this year with periods of heightened demand in our products followed by periods of reduced demand in sectors that were adversely affected by the pandemic. Overall, demand remained consistent for consumer tissue, while we experienced a temporary reduction in demand for Away from Home products given the impact that Covid-19 and the resulting lockdowns had on businesses, in particular restaurants, leisure, hotels and schools. This temporary reduction in demand was offset by increases in demand from the online, wholesale and health sectors. We have taken steps to adjust production capacity to meet these increasing demands from these sectors. Our wide range of products and diverse customer base enabled us to mitigate troughs in demand and maintain our turnover close to our target for this year (£28m). The planned investments will provide much needed capacity next year to meet the increased demands of hygiene paper products once the sectors fully open back up. We are projecting to grow by 25-30% next year if we have no further lockdowns.

The directors continue to assess the important risks faced by the group including risks associated with Brexit and COVID. The directors plan to continue with the strategy which has led to the satisfactory results.

We are expecting a difficult business environment ahead with continued disruption in the supply chain caused by COVID impacting on all supply routes, container shortages, limited availability of transport and port congestion. A rise in energy costs, shipping/transport costs, packaging and raw materials will continue to push up manufacturing costs and costs of materials in the coming year. To mitigate this, we have built up good stock levels, continue to invest in improving productivity and enhance our recruitment and retention programmes. No doubt we will implement price increases to recover these costs. Our strong trading relationships locally and globally with suppliers and customers puts us in a strong position to mitigate these challenges and we are confident that we will come out of this period as a very resilient group.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

Strategic management

Our strategy is to continue to grow the business through strategic investments that will introduce new products to our product range enhancing our product offering and providing a one stop shop for our customers. In the coming year our investments will be focussed on productivity, automation and further site improvements. We will continue to maintain and strengthen our balance sheet with a view to exploring bigger investment opportunities that will increase our bottom line and market share. The group has developed a strong relationship with its finance providers which has resulted in a generous working capital facility agreed at competitive borrowing rates to help fund continued growth. The group has continued to recruit the best people that are able to grow and develop in a fast growing business where productivity and innovation drives improvements throughout the business.

Key performance indicators

The directors continue to measure the performance of the group by reference to turnover growth, overall gross profit and net profitability of its subsidiary which are monitored on a monthly basis. We are pleased to report that the business has demonstrated its resilience in this challenging climate by maintaining its turnover and profitability.

On behalf of the board

Khalid Saifullah Director

16 February 2022

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of a parent company coordinating the activities of the group, whose trading subsidiary's principal activity is that of the manufacture and distribution of quality hygiene paper products.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 8.

Ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £379,500. The directors do not recommend payment of a further dividend.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Abid Ditta Khalid Saifullah Sajid Saifullah

The auditor, Pierce C.A. Limited, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company, and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the;
- prepare the on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor of the company is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor of the company is aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

On behalf of the board			

Khalid Saifullah

Director

16 February 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF STAR TISSUE HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Star Tissue Holdings Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 30 September 2021 which comprise the group statement of comprehensive income, the group balance sheet, the company balance sheet, the group statement of changes in equity, the company statement of changes in equity, the group statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 30 September 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF STAR TISSUE HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF STAR TISSUE HOLDINGS LIMITED

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities we considered the following:

- The nature of the industry and the group and company's control environment.
- · Results of our enquiries of management.
- . The group and company's procedures and controls on compliance with laws and regulations and the risks of fraud.
- Discussions among the audit engagement team concerning potential indicators of fraud.

We are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

As a result of our audit procedures we did not identify a material risk of fraud or other non-compliance with laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Moulding (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Pierce C A Limited

16 February 2022

Statutory Auditor

Mentor House Ainsworth Street Blackburn Lancashire BB1 6AY

GROUP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

		2021	2020
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	3	28,810,972	28,890,061
Cost of sales		(22,655,958)	(22,488,209)
Gross profit		6,155,014	6,401,852
Administrative expenses		(3,169,020)	(2,401,215)
Other operating income		146,446	160,974
Operating profit	4	3,132,440	4,161,611
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	(57,827)	(40,663)
Profit before taxation		3,074,613	4,120,948
Tax on profit	9	(781,611)	(749,073)
Profit for the financial year		2,293,002	3,371,875

Profit and total comprehensive income for the year is all attributable to the owners of the parent company.

GROUP BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

		20	21	20:	20
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Goodwill	11		-		12,180
Tangible assets	12		6,984,211		5,558,613
			6,984,211		5,570,793
Current assets					
Stocks	15	2,605,865		1,780,263	
Debtors	16	8,090,674		5,600,965	
Cash at bank and in hand		4,648,675		4,693,127	
		15,345,214		12,074,355	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	17	(6,719,596)		(5,726,614)	
Net current assets			8,625,618		6,347,741
Total assets less current liabilities			15,609,829		11,918,534
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	18		(2,288,883)		(1,053,915
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax liability	21	984,630		441,805	
			(984,630)		(441,805
Net assets			12,336,316		10,422,814
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	24		90		90
Revaluation reserve			198,416		200,676
Capital redemption reserve			10		10
Profit and loss reserves			12,137,800		10,222,038
Total equity			12,336,316		10,422,814

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 February 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Khalid Saifullah

Director

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

		202	2021		: 0
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	12		2,008,941		1,982,065
Investments	13		100		100
			2,009,041		1,982,165
Current assets					
Debtors	16	878,543		379,500	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,634,550		2,531,221	
		3,513,093		2,910,721	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	17	(35,527)		(48,451)	
year	17	(55,527)		(40,451)	
Net current assets			3,477,566		2,862,270
Total assets less current liabilities			5,486,607		4,844,435
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	18		(516,453)		(546,323)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax liability	21	19,343		-	
			(19,343)		-
Net assets			4,950,811		4,298,112
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	24		90		90
Capital redemption reserve			10		10
Profit and loss reserves			4,950,711		4,298,012
Total equity			4,950,811		4,298,112
- •					

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own profit and loss account and related notes. The company's profit for the year was £1,032,199 (2020 - £2,486,477).

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 February 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Khalid Saifullah

Director

Company Registration No. 10071438

GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

	Share capital	Revaluation reserve	Capital redemptionic	Profit and oss reserves	Total
No	otes £	£	reserve £	£	£
Balance at 1 October 2019	90	202,939	10	7,227,400	7,430,439
Year ended 30 September 2020: Profit and total comprehensive income					
for the year	-	_	-	3,371,875	3,371,875
	- 10	-	-	(379,500)	(379,500)
Transfers	-	(2,263)	-	2,263	-
Balance at 30 September 2020	90	200,676	10	10,222,038	10,422,814
Year ended 30 September 2021: Profit and total comprehensive income					
for the year	-	_	_	2,293,002	2,293,002
•	- 10	-	-	(379,500)	(379,500)
Transfers	-	(2,260)	<u>-</u>	2,260	
Balance at 30 September 2021	90	198,416	10	12,137,800	12,336,316

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

	Share capital	Capital redemptionlo	Profit and ss reserves	Total
Notes	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 October 2019	90	10	2,191,035	2,191,135
Year ended 30 September 2020:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	2,486,477	2,486,477
Dividends 10			(379,500)	(379,500)
Balance at 30 September 2020	90	10	4,298,012	4,298,112
Year ended 30 September 2021:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	1,032,199	1,032,199
Dividends 10			(379,500)	(379,500)
Balance at 30 September 2021	90	10	4,950,711	4,950,811

GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

		202	2021		20
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	29		2,785,712		5,137,107
Interest paid			(57,827)		(40,663)
Income taxes paid			(871,484) ———		(312,970)
Net cash inflow from operating activities			1,856,401		4,783,474
Investing activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(1,280,917)		(1,909,123)	
Payments for loans made		(498,000)		(379,500)	
Net cash used in investing activities			(1,778,917)		(2,288,623)
Financing activities					
Repayment of bank loans		(30,291)		(29,347)	
Advances/(payment) of finance leases		841,413		(322,095)	
cbligations Dividends paid to equity shareholders		(379,500)		(322,093)	
Birradinad para to oquity dirandinoladio		(0,000)			
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing					
activities			431,622		(730,942)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			509,106		1,763,909
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			4,139,569		2,375,660
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			4,648,675		4,139,569
Relating to:					
Cash at bank and in hand			4,648,675		4,693,127
Bank overdrafts included in creditors payable					/EE2 EE9\
within one year					(553,558)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Star Tissue Holdings Limited ("the company") is a private limited company domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Waterfall Street, Blackburn, Lancashire, BB2 2BN.

The group consists of Star Tissue Holdings Limited and all of its subsidiaries.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified to include the revaluation of the group's leasehold land and buildings. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below

1.2 Basis of consolidation

In the parent company financial statements, the cost of a business combination is the fair value at the acquisition date of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed, plus costs directly attributable to the business combination. The excess or deficit of the cost of a business combination over the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is recognised as goodwill or negative goodwill respectively. The acquired negative goodwill arising on consolidation has been written off in full in the period of acquisition. Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for at cost less impairment.

The consolidated group financial statements consist of the financial statements of the parent company Star Tissue Holdings Limited together with all entities controlled by the parent company (its subsidiaries) and the group's share of its interests in joint ventures and associates.

All financial statements are made up to 30 September 2021. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by other members of the group.

All intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

1.3 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

In forming their assessment, the directors have given due regard to the worldwide Coronavirus pandemic, Covid-19, and its impact on the group. The directors are of the opinion that the group has adequate resources and that they have put in place the necessary safeguards to continue trading through this period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

1.5 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of a business over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 15 years.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold land and buildings2% straight linePlant and equipment7.5% straight lineFixtures and fittings15% straight lineMotor vehicles20% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.7 Fixed asset investments

In the parent company financial statements, investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.8 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.9 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.10 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.11 Financial instruments

The group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the group's balance sheet when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.12 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the group.

1.13 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

The group's liability for tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.14 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.15 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.16 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

1.17 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

Grants received in respect of capital expenditure are amortised on a straight line basis at 7.5% per annum in line with the depreciation policy on the plant and machinery assets to which they relate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.18 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows.

Stocks provisions

Stocks provision assessments are considered to be a key accounting estimate for which management review the results of regular stock counts in determining the extent to which provisions should be made against slow-moving or obsolete stocks.

Debtor recoverability

Debtor recoverability is considered to be a key accounting estimate for which management continuously monitor customer debt recoveries through credit control procedures and make assessments regarding the extent to which bad debt provisions are considered necessary.

3 Turnover and other revenue

2021 £	2020 £
28,810,972	28,890,061
2021	2020
£	£
35,560	35,560
110,886	121,522
	28,810,972 2021 £ 35,560

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

3	Turnover and other revenue		(Continued)
		2021 £	2020 £
	Turnover analysed by geographical market	~	•
	United Kingdom	28,030,624	28,370,720
	Europe	780,348	519,341
		28,810,972	28,890,061
4	Operating profit		
•	Operating prom	2021	2020
		£	£
	Operating profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Exchange losses/(gains)	130,989	(137,540)
	Government grants	(146,446)	(157,082)
	Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	247,084	234,340
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets held under finance leases	247,756	94,492
	Amortisation of intangible assets	12,180	12,204
	Cost of stocks recognised as an expense	20,218,391	20,242,503
	Operating lease charges	156,459 ————	150,994
5	Auditor's remuneration		
		2021	2020
	Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates:	£	£
	For audit services		
	Audit of the financial statements of the group and company	2,500	2,500
	Audit of the financial statements of the company's		
	subsidiaries	5,500 ————	5,500
		8,000	8,000

6 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the group and company during the year was:

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	Number	Number	Number	Number
Administration	3	3	3	3
Production, sales and marketing	132	125		
Total	135	128	3	3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

6	Employees				(Continued)
	Their aggregate remuneration comprised:				
		Group		Company	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		£	£	£	£
	Wages and salaries	2,614,316	2,325,848	-	-
	Social security costs	1 97,219	169,518	-	-
	Pension costs	42,134	37,291	-	-
		2,853,669	2,532,657		
7	Directors' remuneration				
				2021	2020
				£	£
	Remuneration for qualifying services			37,847	37,710
	, , ,				
	Dividends paid to the directors during the year amou	nted to £379,500	(2020 - £379,50	0).	
8	Interest payable and similar expenses				
				2021	2020
				£	£
	Interest on financial liabilities measured at amort	ised cost:			
	Interest on bank overdrafts and loans			57,827 ———	40,663
9	Taxation			2021	2020
				£	£
	Current tax				
	UK corporation tax on profits for the current period			238,786	577,916
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods				(41,293)
	Total current tax			238,786	536,623
	Deferred tax				
	Origination and reversal of timing differences			542,825	212,450
	Total tax charge			781,611	749,073

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

9 Taxation (Continued)

The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the year based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

			2021 £	2020 £
	Profit before taxation		3,074,613	4,120,948
	Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of		504.470	700.000
	19.00% (2020: 19.00%)		584,176 86	782,980 142
	Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit Adjustments in respect of prior years		-	(41,293)
	Effect of change in corporation tax rate		236,311	26,983
	Depreciation on assets not qualifying for tax allowances		6,218	6,219
	Amortisation on assets not qualifying for tax allowances		2,314	2,319
	Research and development tax credit		-,	(33,518)
	Other non-reversing timing differences		53	(1,515)
	Enhanced capital allowances claimed		(54,303)	-
	Government grant income		6,756	6,756
	Taxation charge		781,611	749,073
10	Dividends			
	Decomined as distributions to equity holders.		2021 £	2020 £
	Recognised as distributions to equity holders:		Z.	Z.
	Interim paid		379,500	379,500
11	Intangible fixed assets			
	Group Good	will	Negative	Total
	Cloup		goodwill	
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 October 2020 and 30 September 2021 67,0	98	(2,310,092)	(2,242,994)
	Amortisation and impairment			
	At 1 October 2020 54,9	18	(2,310,092)	(2,255,174)
	Amortisation charged for the year 12,1	80		12,180
	At 30 September 2021 67,0	98	(2,310,092)	(2,242,994)
		_		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

Carrying amount Carrying amount At 30 September 2021 - - - At 30 September 2020 12,180 - 12,180

The company had no intangible fixed assets at 30 September 2021 or 30 September 2020.

12 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Leasehold land and buildings	Plant and equipment	Fixtures and M fittings	otor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation					
At 1 October 2020	2,045,173	4,471,102	251,571	-	6,767,846
Additions	67,902	1,804,931	16,605	31,000	1,920,438
At 30 September 2021	2,113,075	6,276,033	268,176	31,000	8,688,284
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 October 2020	63,108	968,092	178,033	-	1,209,233
Depreciation charged in the year	41,026	420,770	28,136	4,908	494,840
At 30 September 2021	104,134	1,388,862	206,169	4,908	1,704,073
Carrying amount					
At 30 September 2021	2,008,941	4,887,171	62,007	26,092	6,984,211
At 30 September 2020	1,982,065	3,503,010	73,538		5,558,613

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

!	Tangible fixed assets				(Continued)
	Company				Leasehold land and buildings
					£
	Cost or valuation				
	At 1 October 2020				2,045,173
	Additions				67,902
	At 30 September 2021				2,113,075
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 October 2020				63,108
	Depreciation charged in the year				41,026
	At 30 September 2021				104,134
	Carrying amount				
	At 30 September 2021				2,008,941
	At 30 September 2020				1,982,065
	The carrying value of land and buildings comprises:				
	, ,	Group		Company	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		£	£	£	£
	Long leasehold	2,008,941	1,982,065	2,008,941	1,982,065
	The net carrying value of tangible fixed assets include or hire purchase contracts.	des the following i	n respect of asse	ets held under fi	nance leases
	or fine parenase contracts.	Group		Company	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		£	£	£	£
	Plant and equipment	2,900,148	997,796	-	-
	· ·				

Land and buildings includes a valuation of £1,700,000 carried out at 30 September 2018 by Knight Frank LLP, independent valuers not connected with the company on the basis of market value, plus additions subsequent to this date carried at historic cost. The valuation conformed to International Valuation Standards and was based on recent market transactions on arm's length terms for similar properties.

Land and buildings are carried at valuation. If land and buildings were measured using the cost model, the carrying amounts for the group and company would have been approximately £1,810,543 (2020 - £1,781,389), being cost £1,999,722 (2020 - £1,931,820) and depreciation £189,179 (2020 - £150,431).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

13	Fixed asset investments					
			Group		Company	
		Notes	2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
		Notes	E.	Ł	Ł	L
	Investments in subsidiaries	14	-	-	100	100
	Movements in fixed asset investment	ts				
	Company					Shares in subsidiaries
						subsidiaries £
	Cost or valuation					
	At 1 October 2020 and 30 September 2	2021				100
	Carrying amount					
	At 30 September 2021					100
	At 30 September 2020					100
	At 30 September 2020					
44	Out of the state of					
14	Subsidiaries					
	Details of the company's subsidiaries at	t 30 Septembe	r 2021 are as fo	llows:		
	Name of undertaking	Registered of	ffice		Class of	% Held
					shares held	Direct
	Star Tissue UK Limited	Waterfall Stree	et, Blackburn BB2 2	BN	Ordinary	100.00
15	Stocks					
			Group		Company	
			2021	2020	2021	2020
			£	£	£	£
	Raw materials and consumables		1,781,770	1,324,067	-	-
	Work in progress		23,740	16,656	-	-
	Finished goods and goods for resale		800,355	439,540	-	-
			2,605,865	1,780,263		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

	_		_		Debtors
2020	Company 2021	2020	Group 2021		
2020 £	£	£	£	r:	Amounts falling due within one year
_	_	4,135,507	6,495,453		Trade debtors
_	_	41,293	87,506		Corporation tax recoverable
379,500	878,543	1,262,241	1,378,023		Other debtors
-	-	161,924	129,692		Prepayments and accrued income
379,500	878,543	5,600,965	8,090,674		
	Company		Group	n one year	Creditors: amounts falling due withi
2020	Company 2021	2020	2021		
£	£	£	£	Notes	
30,265	29,844	583,823	29,844	19	Bank loans and overdrafts
-	-	220,067	400,603	20	Obligations under finance leases
-	-	3,326,208	4,569,567		Trade creditors
11,204	1,682	586,485	-		Corporation tax payable
2,982	-	909,912	1,019,576		Other taxation and social security
-	-	7,621	8,600		Other creditors
4,000	4,001	92,498	691,406		Accruals and deferred income
48,451 ————	35,527	5,726,614	6,719,596		
			e vear	more than on	Creditors: amounts falling due after
	Company		Group		5
2020	2021	2020	2021		
£	£	£	£	Notes	
546,323	516,453	546,323	516,453	19	Bank loans and overdrafts
-	-	312,320	1,612,718	20	Obligations under finance leases
-	-	195,272	1 59,712	22	Government grants
546,323	516,453	1,053,915	2,288,883		
			s are as follows:	e after five year	Amounts included above which fall due
416,134	389,400	416,134	389,400		Payable by instalments

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

19	Loans and overdrafts				
		Group		Company	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		£	£	£	£
	Bank loans	546,297	576,588	546,297	576,588
	Bank overdrafts	-	553,558	-	-
		546,297	1,130,146	546,297	576,588
					
	Payable within one year	29,844	583,823	29,844	30,265
	Payable after one year	516,453 	546,323	516,453	546,323

The group's bankers, HSBC Bank plc, hold as security fixed and floating charges over all of the group's property and other assets, together with a cross guarantee over all group borrowings.

The group also operates an invoice discounting facility with HSBC Invoice Finance (UK) Limited whereby working capital is provided to the subsidiary company under an agreement to purchase that company's eligible debts, against which fixed and floating charges have been granted over the subsidiary company's assets.

The group bank loan borrowings carry interest payable at a rate of 2.5% over the bank's base rate.

20 Finance lease obligations

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£	£	£	£
Future minimum lease payments due under				
finance leases:				
Within one year	400,603	220,067	-	-
In two to five years	1,612,718	312,320	-	-
	2,013,321	532,387		

Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase agreements are secured by fixed charges on the assets concerned.

21 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the group and company, and movements thereon:

Group	Liabilities 2021 £	Liabilities 2020 £
Accelerated capital allowances	984,630	441,805

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

21	Deferred taxation				(Continued)
	Company			Liabilities 2021 £	Liabilities 2020 £
	Accelerated capital allowances			19,343	
	Movements in the year:			Group 2021 £	Company 2021 £
	Movements in the year:			£	L
	Liability at 1 October 2020 Charge to profit or loss			441,805 542,825	- 19,343
	Liability at 30 September 2021			984,630	19,343
22	Government grants	Group 2021 £	2020 £	Company 2021 £	2020 £
	Arising from government grants	159,712	195,272	<u>-</u>	
	Grants have been made available under the Region machinery.	nal Growth Fund to	facilitate the ac	quisition of items	s of plant and
23	Retirement benefit schemes				
				2021	2020
	Defined contribution schemes			£	£
	Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contrib	ution schemes		42,134	37,291 ———

Defined contribution pension schemes are operated for all qualifying employees. The assets of these schemes are held separately from those of the group in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

24	Share	capital
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Group and company Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid	2021 Number	2020 Number	2021 £	2020 £
Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each	40	40	40	40
Ordinary 'B' shares of £1 each	25	25	25	25
Ordinary 'C' shares of £1 each	25	25	25	25
	90	90	90	90

25 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	Group 2021 £		Company	2020 £
		2020 £	2021 £	
Within one year	185,952	185,690		-
Between two and five years	14 5,534	302,716	-	-
	331,486	488,406		

26 Capital commitments

Amounts contracted for but not provided in the financial statements:

	Group	Company			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	£	£	£	£	
Acquisition of tangible fixed assets	129,343	462,366	129,343	-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

27 Directors' transactions

Advances or credits have been granted by the group to its directors as follows:

Description	% Rate	Opening balance	AmountsAmo	intsAmounts repaidClosing balance ced	
		£	£	£	£
Abid Ditta - Director's loan	-	136,500	312,500	(136,500)	312,500
Khalid Saifullah - Director's loan	-	129,000	305,000	(129,000)	305,000
Sajid Saifullah - Director's loan	-	114,000	260,000	(114,000)	260,000
		379,500	877,500	(379,500)	877,500

28 Controlling party

The company is ultimately controlled by the directors by virtue of their shareholdings in the company.

29 Cash generated from group operations

	2021	2020
	£	£
Profit for the year after tax	2,293,002	3,371,875
Adjustments for:		
Taxation charged	781,611	749,073
Finance costs	57,827	40,663
Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets	12,180	12,204
Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	494,840	328,832
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(825,602)	377,494
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(1,945,496)	804,693
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	1,952,910	(512,167)
Decrease in deferred income	(35,560)	(35,560)
Cash generated from operations	2,785,712	5,137,107

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

30	Analysis of changes in net funds - group	1 October 2020	Cash flows	New finance	30 September
		_	_	leases	2021
		£	£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	4,693,127	(44,452)	-	4,648,675
	Bank overdrafts	(553,558)	553,558	-	-
		4,139,569	509,106		4,648,675
	Borrowings excluding overdrafts	(576,588)	30,291	-	(546,297)
	Obligations under finance leases	(532,387)	(841,413)	(639,521)	(2,013,321)
		3,030,594	(302,016)	(639,521)	2,089,057

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.