Company Registration No. 10071438 (England and Wales)	
STAR TISSUE HOLDINGS LIMITED  ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019	

### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** Abid Ditta

Khalid Saifullah Sajid Saifullah

Company number 10071438

Registered office Unit K

Princess Street Star Industrial Estate

Blackburn Lancashire BB2 2QR

Auditor Pierce C A Limited

Mentor House Ainsworth Street Blackburn Lancashire BB1 6AY

Business address Unit K

Princess Street Star Industrial Estate

Blackburn Lancashire BB2 2QR

Bankers HSBC Bank plc

60 Church Street Blackburn Lancashire BB1 5AS

### CONTENTS

	Page
Strategic report	1
Directors' report	2 - 3
Independent auditor's report	4 - 6
Statement of comprehensive income	7
Group balance sheet	8
Company balance sheet	9
Group statement of changes in equity	10
Company statement of changes in equity	11
Group statement of cash flows	12
Notes to the financial statements	13 - 29

### STRATEGIC REPORT

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

The directors present the strategic report for the year ended 30 September 2019.

### Fair review of the business

We are pleased that our growth plan is on course with the group achieving turnover of £29.4 million (2018 - £24.4 million), a 20.6% increase from the previous year. This year our focus was to increase productivity and efficiencies by investing in people and processes. We have successfully implemented a new WMS system and have made further investments in our production lines. We have received planning permission to increase our site by a further 30,000 sq ft, works we aim to complete by mid 2020. We have also implemented major improvements to our production lines to raise our production capacity to meet rising customer demand.

### **Business environment**

The directors have assessed the important risks faced by the group including risks associated with Brexit. The directors plan to continue with the management policies which have led to the satisfactory results and the risks will be mitigated through the creation of good trading relationships, maintaining and enhancing product quality, continuous improvement philosophy and targeted marketing activities.

The tissue paper industry has been impacted by rising prices in energy, raw materials, fuel and currency volatility. We expect raw material prices to stabilise in 2020. We have built strong trading relationships locally and globally with suppliers to ensure we are flexible and well placed to react to changes in the environment or industry. The directors plan to continue building trading relationships with a view to the long term sustainable growth of the business.

The group is expanding its market share in the U.K. and Europe by selling a wide range of high quality products manufactured to suit the requirements of the diverse customer base. This year we have maintained our sales in Ireland and have also enjoyed healthy sales growth in the U.K. The group continues to enjoy increased demand for its products and will continue to invest in its products, plant, people and processes to maximise profitability.

### Strategic management

In the coming year we will continue with our capital investment plan to further increase our warehouse and production capacity. The group has developed a strong relationship with its finance providers which has resulted in a generous working capital facility agreed at competitive borrowing rates to help fund continued growth. The group has continued to recruit the best people that are able to grow and develop in a fast-moving business where productivity and innovation drives improvements throughout the business.

### Key performance indicators

The directors continue to measure the performance of the group by reference to the turnover growth and overall gross and net profitability of its subsidiary which are monitored on a monthly basis. We are pleased to report that the subsidiary's turnover has increased in line with expectations together with maintained gross profitability and an increased net profitability.

On behalf of the board

Khalid Saifullah **Director**16 December 2019

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2019.

### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of a parent company coordinating the activities of the group, whose trading subsidiary's principal activity is that of the manufacture and distribution of quality hygiene paper products.

### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Abid Ditta Khalid Saifullah Sajid Saifullah

### Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 7.

Ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £379,500. The directors do not recommend payment of a further dividend.

The auditor. Pierce C.A. Limited, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company, and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group's and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor of the company is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor of the company is aware of that information.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

On behalf of the board		

Khalid Saifullah **Director** 

16 December 2019

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE MEMBERS OF STAR TISSUE HOLDINGS LIMITED

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Star Tissue Holdings Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 30 September 2019 which comprise the group statement of comprehensive income, the group balance sheet, the company balance sheet, the group statement of changes in equity, the company statement of changes in equity, the group statement of cash flows, the company statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 30 September 2019 and
  of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast
  significant doubt about the group's or the parent company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for
  issue.

### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF STAR TISSUE HOLDINGS LIMITED

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF STAR TISSUE HOLDINGS LIMITED

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Moulding (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Pierce C.A. Limited

**Statutory Auditor** 

16 December 2019

Mentor House Ainsworth Street Blackburn Lancashire BB1 6AY

### GROUP STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

		2019	2018
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	3	29,366,890	24,354,929
Cost of sales		(23,777,443)	(19,716,074)
Gross profit		5,589,447	4,638,855
Administrative expenses		(2,285,444)	(2,032,590)
Other operating income		38,760	45,160
Operating profit	4	3,342,763	2,651,425
Interest receivable and similar income	8	-	175
Interest payable and similar expenses	9	(45,485)	(43,130)
Profit before taxation		3,297,278	2,608,470
Tax on profit	10	(602,399)	(457,685)
Profit for the financial year		2,694,879	2,150,785
Other comprehensive income			
Revaluation of tangible fixed assets		202,939	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		2,897,818	2,150,785

Profit and total comprehensive income for the year is all attributable to the owners of the parent company.

### **GROUP BALANCE SHEET**

### AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

		20-	19	20	18
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Goodwill	12		24,384		36,588
Tangible assets	13		3,978,322		3,821,895
			4,002,706		3,858,483
Current assets					
Stocks	17	2,157,757		1,818,586	
Debtors	18	5,984,865		5,221,963	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,375,660		1,549,992	
		10,518,282		8,590,541	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(5,476,250)		(6,025,082)	
Net current assets			5,042,032		2,565,459
Total assets less current liabilities			9,044,738		6,423,942
Creditors: amounts falling due after more			(4.004.044)		(4.040.040)
than one year	20		(1,384,944)		(1,313,349)
Provisions for liabilities	23		(229,355)		(198,472)
Net assets			7,430,439		4,912,121
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	26		90		90
Revaluation reserve			202,939		-
Capital redemption reserve			10		10
Profit and loss reserves			7,227,400		4,912,021
Total equity			7,430,439		4,912,121

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 December 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

Khalid Saifullah

Director

# COMPANY BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

		201	19	2018	3
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	13		1,674,503		-
Investments	14		100		100
			1,674,603		100
Current assets					
Debtors	18	500,000		300,000	
Cash at bank and in hand		641,436		445,156	
		1,141,436		745,156	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	(46,413)		(270,350)	
Net current assets			1,095,023		474,806
Total assets less current liabilities			2,769,626		474,906
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20		(578,491)		-
Net assets			2,191,135		474,906
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	26		90		90
Capital redemption reserve			10		10
Profit and loss reserves			2,191,035		474,806
Total equity			2,191,135		474,906

As permitted by s408 Companies Act 2006, the company has not presented its own profit and loss account and related notes. The company's profit for the year was £2,095,729 (2018 - £742,306 profit).

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 December 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

Khalid Saifullah

Director

Company Registration No. 10071438

# GROUP STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

		Share capital	Revaluation reserve	Capital redemptionlo	Profit and ss reserves	Total
N	lotes	£	£	reserve £	£	£
Balance at 1 October 2017	iotes	90	-	10	3,028,736	3,028,836
Period ended 30 September 2018: Profit and total comprehensive income						
for the period		-	-	-	2,150,785	2,150,785
Dividends	11				(267,500)	(267,500)
Balance at 30 September 2018		90		10	4,912,021	4,912,121
Year ended 30 September 2019:						
Profit for the year		-	-	-	2,694,879	2,694,879
Other comprehensive income: Revaluation of tangible fixed assets			202,939			202,939
Total comprehensive income for the year			202,939		2,694,879	2,897,818
Dividends	11				(379,500)	(379,500)
Balance at 30 September 2019		90	202,939	10	7,227,400	7,430,439

### COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

		Share capital	Capital	Profit and	Total
			redemptionlo	ss reserves	
	Notes	£	reserve £	£	£
Balance at 1 October 2017		90	10	-	100
Period ended 30 September 2018: Profit and total comprehensive income for the period					
		-	-	742,306	742,306
Dividends	11	-	-	(267,500)	(267,500)
Balance at 30 September 2018		90	10	474,806	474,906
Year ended 30 September 2019:					
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	2,095,729	2,095,729
Dividends	11	-	-	(379,500)	(379,500)
Balance at 30 September 2019		90	10	2,191,035	2,191,135

# GROUP STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

		201	19	201	8
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	31		2,776,510		2,091,017
Interest paid			(45,485)		(43,130)
Income taxes paid			(735,821)		(257,478)
Net cash inflow from operating activities			1,995,204		1,790,409
Investing activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(58,892)		(435,878)	
Proceeds on disposal of tangible fixed assets					
		-		66,187	
Interest received		-		175	
Net cash used in investing activities			(58,892)		(369,516)
Financing activities					
Repayment of borrowings		(21,254)		(24,909)	
Payment of finance leases obligations		(268,211)		(290,777)	
Dividends paid to equity shareholders		(379,500)		(267,500)	
Net cash used in financing activities			(668,965)		(583,186)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			1,267,347		837,707
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of ye	ear		1,108,313		270,606
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			2,375,660		1,108,313
Relating to:					
Cash at bank and in hand			2,375,660		1,549,992
Bank overdrafts included in creditors payable					
within one year			-		(441,679)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

### 1 Accounting policies

### Company information

Star Tissue Holdings Limited ("the company") is a private limited company domiciled and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit K, Princess Street, Star Industrial Estate, Blackburn, Lancashire, BB2

The group consists of Star Tissue Holdings Limited and all of its subsidiaries.

### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

### 1.2 Basis of consolidation

In the parent company financial statements, the cost of a business combination is the fair value at the acquisition date of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed, plus costs directly attributable to the business combination. The excess or deficit of the cost of a business combination over the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is recognised as goodwill or negative goodwill respectively. The acquired negative goodwill arising on consolidation has been written off in full in the period of acquisition. Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for at cost less impairment.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of Star Tissue Holdings Limited and all of its subsidiaries (ie entities that the group controls through its power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain economic benefits). Subsidiaries acquired during the year are consolidated using the purchase method. Their results are incorporated from the date that control passes.

All financial statements are made up to 30 September 2019. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by other members of the group.

All intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

### 1.3 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

### 1.4 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

### 1.5 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of a business over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 15 years.

### 1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold land and buildings 2% straight line
Plant and equipment 7.5% straight line
Fixtures and fittings 15% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss account.

### 1.7 Fixed asset investments

In the parent company financial statements, investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

### 1.8 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

### 1.9 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

### 1.10 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

### 1.11 Financial instruments

The group has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the group's balance sheet when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

### Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans and loans from fellow group companies, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 1.12 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the group.

### 1.13 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

The group's liability for tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

### 1.14 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

### 1.15 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

### 1.16 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

### 1.17 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

Grants received are amortised on a straight line basis at 7.5% per annum in line with the depreciation policy on the plant and machinery assets to which they relate.

### 1.18 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the group's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

### 3 Turnover and other revenue

		2019 £	2018 £
	Turnover analysed by class of business	£	£
	Manufacture and supply of quality hygiene paper products	29,366,890	24,354,929
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Other significant revenue		
	Interest income	-	175
	Grants received	35,560	35,560
	Rental income	3,200	9,600
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Turnover analysed by geographical market		
	United Kingdom	28,800,880	23,607,769
	Europe	566,010 ———	747,160
		29,366,890	24,354,929
4	Operating profit		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Operating profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Exchange gains	(16,888)	(9,697)
	Government grants	(35,560)	(35,560)
	Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	102,245	119,294
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets held under finance leases	211,972	171,336
	(Profit)/loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	=	44,040
	Amortisation of intangible assets	12,204	12,204
	Cost of stocks recognised as an expense	21,717,012	18,076,732
	Operating lease charges	149,999	75,941

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

		2019	2018
Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates	:	£	£
For audit services			
Audit of the financial statements of the group and comp	oany	3,000	2,500
Audit of the financial statements of the company's			
subsidiaries		5,500	5,500
		8,500	8,000

### 6 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the group and company during the year was:

2018 Number	Company 2019 Number	2018 Number	Group 2019 Number	
3	3	3	3	Administration
		91	113	Production, sales and marketing
3	3	94	116	
			_	Their aggregate remuneration comprised:
2018	Company 2019	2018	Group 2019	
£	£	£	£	
-	-	1,698,492	2,079,574	Wages and salaries
-	-	119,104	<b>14</b> 8,977	Social security costs
		17,802	31,946 ———	Pension costs
	<u>-</u>	1,835,398 ———	2,260,497	
				Directors' remuneration
2018 £	2019 £			
90,000	26,460			Remuneration for qualifying services
101			oution schemes	Company pension contributions to defined cont
90,101	26,460			

Dividends paid to the directors during the year amounted to £379,500 (2018 - £267,500).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

	2019 £	2018 £
Interest income	•	~
Other interest income		175
Interest payable and similar expenses		
interest payable and similar expenses	2019 £	2018 £
Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:	L	r.
Interest on bank overdrafts and loans	45,485 	43,130
Taxation		
	2019 £	2018 £
Current tax	000 500	405.044
UK corporation tax on profits for the current period  Adjustments in respect of prior periods	606,539 (35,023)	485,844 (51,911
Total current tax	571,516	433,933
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	30,883	23,752
Total tax charge	602,399	457,685
The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the year the standard rate of tax as follows:	based on the profi	t or loss and
	2019	2018
	2019 £	
Profit before taxation		2018 £ 2,608,470
	£	£
Profit before taxation  Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%)	£	2,608,470
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of	3,297,278	2,608,470 495,609
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%)  Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit  Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised	3,297,278 =	2,608,470 495,609 325
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%)  Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit  Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised  Unutilised tax losses carried forward	£ 3,297,278  626,483 2,717 (1,462)	2,608,470 495,609 325 - 1,462
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%)  Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit  Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised  Unutilised tax losses carried forward  Adjustments in respect of prior years	£ 3,297,278  626,483 2,717 (1,462) - (35,023)	2,608,470 495,609 325 - 1,462 (51,911
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%)  Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit  Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised  Unutilised tax losses carried forward  Adjustments in respect of prior years  Depreciation on assets not qualifying for tax allowances	£ 3,297,278  626,483 2,717 (1,462) (35,023) 6,227	2,608,470 495,609 325 - 1,462 (51,911 5,919
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%)  Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit  Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised  Unutilised tax losses carried forward  Adjustments in respect of prior years	£ 3,297,278  626,483 2,717 (1,462) - (35,023)	2,608,470 495,609 325 - 1,462

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

11	Dividends			
			2019	2018
			£	£
	Interim paid		379,500 ———	267,500
12	Intangible fixed assets			
	Group	Goodwill	Negative goodwill	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 October 2018 and 30 September 2019	67,098	(2,310,092)	(2,242,994)
	Amortisation and impairment			
	At 1 October 2018	30,510	(2,310,092)	(2,279,582)
	Amortisation charged for the year	12,204	-	12,204
	At 30 September 2019	42,714	(2,310,092)	(2,267,378)
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 September 2019	24,384	-	24,384
	At 30 September 2018	36,588		36,588

The company had no intangible fixed assets at 30 September 2019 or 30 September 2018.

13

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

Additions 2,200 250,501 Revaluation 113,353 -  At 30 September 2019 1,700,000 2,915,532 2  Depreciation and impairment At 1 October 2018 81,034 474,324 1 Depreciation charged in the year 34,049 237,603 Revaluation (89,586) -  At 30 September 2019 25,497 711,927 1  Carrying amount At 30 September 2019 1,674,503 2,203,605 1	228.187 15,004 - 243,191 100,412 42,565 - 142,977	267,705 113,353 4,858,723 655,770 314,217
At 1 October 2018 Additions	15,004 - 243,191 100,412 42,565	314,217 (89,586
Additions 2,200 250,501 Revaluation 113,353 -  At 30 September 2019 1,700,000 2,915,532 2  Depreciation and impairment At 1 October 2018 81,034 474,324 1 Depreciation charged in the year 34,049 237,603 Revaluation (89,586) -  At 30 September 2019 25,497 711,927 1  Carrying amount At 30 September 2019 1,674,503 2,203,605 1  At 30 September 2018 1,503,413 2,190,707 1	15,004 - 243,191 100,412 42,565	267,705 113,353 4,858,723 655,770 314,217 (89,586
Revaluation       113,353       -         At 30 September 2019       1,700,000       2,915,532       2         Depreciation and impairment         At 1 October 2018       81,034       474,324       1         Depreciation charged in the year       34,049       237,603         Revaluation       (89,586)       -         At 30 September 2019       25,497       711,927       1         Carrying amount         At 30 September 2019       1,674,503       2,203,605       1         At 30 September 2018       1,503,413       2,190,707       1	243,191 100,412 42,565	4,858,723 4,858,723 655,770 314,217 (89,586
At 30 September 2019  1,700,000 2,915,532 2  Depreciation and impairment At 1 October 2018  Depreciation charged in the year Revaluation  At 30 September 2019  25,497  711,927  1  Carrying amount At 30 September 2019  1,674,503 2,203,605 1  At 30 September 2018  1,503,413 2,190,707 1	243,191 100,412 42,565	4,858,723 655,770 314,217 (89,586
Depreciation and impairment         At 1 October 2018       81,034       474,324       1         Depreciation charged in the year       34,049       237,603       237,603         Revaluation       (89,586)       -         At 30 September 2019       25,497       711,927       1         Carrying amount         At 30 September 2019       1,674,503       2,203,605       1         At 30 September 2018       1,503,413       2,190,707       1	100,412 42,565	655,770 314,217 (89,586
At 1 October 2018 81,034 474,324 1 Depreciation charged in the year 34,049 237,603 Revaluation (89,586) -  At 30 September 2019 25,497 711,927 1  Carrying amount At 30 September 2019 1,674,503 2,203,605 1  At 30 September 2018 1,503,413 2,190,707 1	42,565	(89,586) ————
At 1 October 2018 81,034 474,324 1 Depreciation charged in the year 34,049 237,603 Revaluation (89,586) -  At 30 September 2019 25,497 711,927 1  Carrying amount At 30 September 2019 1,674,503 2,203,605 1  At 30 September 2018 1,503,413 2,190,707 1	42,565	314,217 (89,586
Revaluation       (89,586)       -         At 30 September 2019       25,497       711,927       1         Carrying amount         At 30 September 2019       1,674,503       2,203,605       1         At 30 September 2018       1,503,413       2,190,707       1		314,217 (89,586 ————————————————————————————————————
Revaluation       (89,586)       -         At 30 September 2019       25,497       711,927       1         Carrying amount         At 30 September 2019       1,674,503       2,203,605       1         At 30 September 2018       1,503,413       2,190,707       1		(89,586) ————
Carrying amount At 30 September 2019 At 30 September 2018  1,674,503 2,203,605 1 1,503,413 2,190,707 1	142,977	880,401
At 30 September 2019		
At 30 September 2019		
	100,214	3,978,322
Company	127,775	3,821,895
		Leasehold land and buildings
Cost or valuation		£
At 1 October 2018		_
Additions		1,700,000
At 30 September 2019		1,700,000
Depreciation and impairment		
At 1 October 2018		-
Depreciation charged in the year		25,497
At 30 September 2019		25,497
Carrying amount		
At 30 September 2019		1,674,503

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019
--------------------------------------

13	Tangible fixed assets					(Continued)
	The carrying value of land and building	s comprises:	C			
			Group 2019	2018	Company 2019	2018
			£	£	£	£
	Long leasehold		1,674,503	1,503,413	1,674,503	-
	The net carrying value of tangible fixed or hire purchase contracts.	l assets include	es the following i	n respect of asse	ets held under fin	ance leases
	or fine parenase contracts.		Group		Company	
			2019	2018	2019	2018
			£	£	£	£
	Plant and equipment		1,936,184	1,645,763		
	Depreciation charge for the year in res	pect of	044.070	474 000		
	leased assets		211,972	171,336 		
	properties.  If revalued assets were stated on an hi would have been as follows:	storical cost ba	asis rather than a	a fair value basis	, the total amoun	ts included
			2019	2018	2019	2018
			£	£	£	£
	Cost		1,586,647	1,511,738	-	-
	Accumulated depreciation		(115,083)	(239,961)	-	-
	Carrying value		1,471,564	1,271,777		
14	Fixed asset investments					
			Group 2019	2040	Company 2019	2040
		Notes	2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	2018 £
	Investments in subsidiaries	15	-	-	100	100

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

14	Fixed asset investments	(Continued)
	Movements in fixed asset investments Company	Shares in group undertakings
		£
	Cost or valuation	
	At 1 October 2018 and 30 September 2019	100
	Carrying amount	
	At 30 September 2019	100
		<b>=</b>
	At 30 September 2018	100

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

# 15 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 September 2019 are as follows:

Name of undertaking

Star Tissue UK Limited

Registered office

Unit K Princess Street, Star Industrial Estate, Blackburn BB2 2QR

Class of shares held

Direct Indirect % Held

Ordinary 100.00

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

	Company		Group		Financial instruments	16
2018	2019	2018	2019			
£	£	£	£			
					Carrying amount of financial assets	
300,000	500,000	5,084,937	5,813,166	ed cost	Debt instruments measured at amortise	
	<del></del>	<del></del>		es	Carrying amount of financial liabilitie	
270,350	609,935 ———	6,035,182	5,607,778		Measured at amortised cost	
					Stocks	17
	Company		Group			
2018	2019	2018	2019			
£	£	£	£			
-	-	1,180,208	1,376,395		Raw materials and consumables	
-	-	-	11,447		Work in progress	
		638,378	769,915		Finished goods and goods for resale	
		1,818,586	2,157,757			
					Debtors	18
	Company		Group			
2018 £	2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	-	Amounts folling due within one years	
Ł	£	Σ.	Ł	•	Amounts falling due within one year:	
-	-	4,926,301	5,680,869		Trade debtors	
300,000	500,000	-	-		Amounts owed by group undertakings	
=	-	158,636	132,297		Other debtors	
		137,026	171,699 ———		Prepayments and accrued income	
300,000	500,000	5,221,963	5,984,865			
				n one year	Creditors: amounts falling due withir	19
	Company		Group			
2018	2019	2018	2019			
£	£	£	£	Notes		
-	27,444	466,653	27,444	21	Bank loans and overdrafts	
-	-	225,797	278,861	22	Obligations under finance leases	
2,850	-	3,842,499	4,055,484		Trade creditors	
-	8,569	485,844	321,539		Corporation tax payable	
-	6,400	551,013	701,045		Other taxation and social security	
267,500 -	- 4,000	272,500 180,776	7,251 84,626		Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	
	<del></del>					
270,350	46,413	6,025,082	5,476,250			

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

			Group		Company	
			2019	2018	2019	2018
		Notes	£	£	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	21	578,491	602,215	578,491	-
	Obligations under finance leases	22	575,621	444,742	-	-
	Government grants	24	230,832	266,392	-	-
			1,384,944	1,313,349	578,491	
	Payable by instalments		459,357	488,072 ———	459,357	
	Pavable by instalments		459.357	488.072	459.357	_
				<del></del>	<del></del>	
21	Loans and overdrafts		Group		Company	
			•		-	
			2019	2018	2019	2018
			2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	2018 £
	Bank loans					
	Bank loans Bank overdrafts		£	£	£	
			£	£ 627,189	£	
	Bank overdrafts		£ 605,935 - 605,935	627,189 441,679 1,068,868	605,935 	
			£ 605,935	627,189 441,679	£ 605,935	

The group's bankers, HSBC Bank plc, hold as security fixed and floating charges over all of the group's property and other assets, together with a cross guarantee over all group borrowings.

The group also operates an invoice discounting facility with HSBC Invoice Finance (UK) Limited whereby working capital is provided to the subsidiary company under an agreement to purchase that company's eligible debts, against which fixed and floating charges have been granted over the subsidiary company's assets.

The group bank loan borrowings carry interest payable at a rate of 2.5% over the bank's base rate.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

22	Finance lease obligations				
		Group		Company	
		2019	2018	2019	2018
		£	£	£	£
	Future minimum lease payments due under				
	finance leases:				
	Within one year	278,861	225,797	=	-
	In two to five years	575,621	444,742	-	-
		854,482	670,539	-	-

Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase agreements are secured by fixed charges on the assets concerned.

### 23 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the group and company, and movements thereon:

Group	Liabilities 2019 £	Liabilities 2018 £
Accelerated capital allowances	229,355	198,472
The company has no deferred tax assets or liabilities.		
Movements in the year:	Group 2019 £	Company 2019 £
Liability at 1 October 2018 Charge to profit or loss	198,472 30,883	-
Liability at 30 September 2019	229,355	

### 24 Government grants

Grants have been made available under the Regional Growth Fund to facilitate the acquisition of items of plant and machinery.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

25	Retirement benefit schemes		
		2019	2018
	Defined contribution schemes	£	£
	Charge to profit or loss in respect of defined contribution schemes	31,946 	17,802

Defined contribution pension schemes are operated for all qualifying employees. The assets of these schemes are held separately from those of the group in independently administered funds.

### 26 Share capital

·	Group and compa	
	2019	2018
Ordinary share capital	£	£
Issued and fully paid		
40 Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each	40	40
25 Ordinary 'B' shares of £1 each	25	25
25 Ordinary 'C' shares of £1 each	25	25
	90	90

### 27 Operating lease commitments

### Lessee

At the reporting end date the group had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	Group	Company		
	2019 £	2018 £	2019	2018 £
			£	
Within one year	14,008	-	-	-
Between two and five years	675,238	896,673	-	-
	689,246	896,673	-	

### 28 Capital commitments

Amounts contracted for but not provided in the financial statements:

	Group	Company		
	2019 £	2018 £	2019 £	2018 £
Acquisition of tangible fixed assets		9,448		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

### 29 Directors' transactions

Included within other creditors are interest free loans advanced to the group by the directors. At the financial year-end the amounts owed by the group to the directors were £nil (2018 - £267,500).

### 30 Controlling party

The company is ultimately controlled by the directors by virtue of their shareholdings in the company.

### 31 Cash generated from group operations

- , ,	2019	2018
	£	£
Profit for the year after tax	2,694,879	2,150,785
Adjustments for:		
Taxation charged	602,399	457,685
Finance costs	45,485	43,130
Investment income	-	(175)
(Gain)/loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	44,040
Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets	12,204	12,204
Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	314,217	290,630
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase) in stocks	(339,171)	(475,389)
(Increase) in debtors	(762,902)	(1,569,984)
Increase in creditors	244,959	1,173,651
(Decrease) in deferred income	(35,560)	(35,560)
Cash generated from operations	2,776,510	2,091,017

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.