

**REGISTERED NUMBER: 09995924 (England and Wales)**

**Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the Year Ended 28 February 2018**  
**for**  
**HC Insight Limited**

**Contents of the Financial Statements  
for the year ended 28 February 2018**

	<b>Page</b>
<b>Company Information</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Statement of Financial Position</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Notes to the Financial Statements</b>	<b>3</b>

**HC Insight Limited**  
**Company Information**  
**for the year ended 28 February 2018**

**DIRECTOR:** A Deller

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** First Floor  
7 Pillory Street  
Nantwich  
Cheshire  
CW5 5BZ

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 09995924 (England and Wales)

**Statement of Financial Position  
28 February 2018**

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>			
Tangible assets	5	726	1,453
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Debtors	6	32,125	5,191
Cash at bank		<u>135,280</u>	<u>32,926</u>
		167,405	38,117
<b>CREDITORS</b>			
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>(76,130)</u>	<u>(35,093)</u>
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<u>91,275</u>	<u>3,024</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<u>92,001</u>	<u>4,477</u>
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>			
Called up share capital		100	100
Retained earnings		<u>91,901</u>	<u>4,377</u>
		<u>92,001</u>	<u>4,477</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 28 February 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.
- (b)

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 12 July 2018 and were signed by:

A Deller - Director

**Notes to the Financial Statements  
for the year ended 28 February 2018**

**1. STATUTORY INFORMATION**

HC Insight Limited ('The Company') is primarily engaged in management consultancy.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is First Floor, 7 Pillory Street, Nantwich, Cheshire, CW5 5BZ. The registered number can be found on the Company Information page.

**2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

**3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Summary of significant accounting policies**

The principle accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

**Basis of preparation**

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention and comply with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards and Companies Act 2006.

**Going concern**

No other material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern have been identified by the director.

On this basis the director considers it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

**Revenue recognition**

Revenue (described as turnover) is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Income is recognised when goods have been delivered to customers such that risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to them.

**Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes costs directly attributable to making the asset capable of operating as intended.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates so as to write off their cost less residual amounts over their estimated useful economic lives. Assets are also reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the assets carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Computer equipment	- 33% on cost
--------------------	---------------

The residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate at each statement of financial position date.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued  
for the year ended 28 February 2018

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

**Financial instruments**

The following assets and liabilities are classified as financial instruments - trade debtors, trade creditors, bank loans and directors' loans.

Bank loans are initially measured at the present value of future payments, discounted at a market rate of interest, and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Directors' loans (being repayable on demand), trade debtors and trade creditors are measured at the discounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Financial assets that are measured at amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

**Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

**Foreign currencies**

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

**Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

**Impairment of assets**

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indications that the asset maybe impaired at each statement of financial position date. If such indications exists the recoverable amount of the asset or the assets cash generating unit is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income under the appropriate heading.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued  
for the year ended 28 February 2018

4. **EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS**

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2017 - 3) .

5. **TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

Computer  
equipment  
£

**COST**

At 1 March 2017  
and 28 February 2018

2,179

**DEPRECIATION**

At 1 March 2017  
Charge for year  
At 28 February 2018

726

727

1,453

**NET BOOK VALUE**

At 28 February 2018  
At 28 February 2017

726

1,453

6. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	32,125	5,000
VAT	-	191
	<u>32,125</u>	<u>5,191</u>

7. **CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	2018 £	2017 £
Tax	26,711	7,011
Social security and other taxes	-	1,805
VAT	6,733	-
Other creditors	14,941	12,500
Directors' current accounts	26,895	12,927
Accrued expenses	<u>850</u>	<u>850</u>
	<u>76,130</u>	<u>35,093</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.