Company registration number 09977796 (England and Wales)
YELLOWWOOD ADVENTURES LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR
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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2023

		202	3	2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	3	20,350		96	
Cash at bank and in hand		31,984		6,377	
		52,334		6,473	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(150,453)		(66,101)	
Net current liabilities			(98,119)		(59,628)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more	_		(20,000)		(0.4.000)
than one year	5		(29,928)		(34,222)
Net liabilities			(128,047)		(93,850)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		106		106
Share premium account			84,744		84,744
Profit and loss reserves			(212,897)		(178,700)
Total equity			(128,047)		(93,850)

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 January 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 30 October 2023

S.E. McManus

Director

Company Registration No. 09977796

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

	Share capital		ShareProfit and loss		Total
			premium	reserves	
	Notes	£	account £	£	£
Balance at 1 February 2021		112	84,744	(133,451)	(48,595)
Year ended 31 January 2022:					
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	_	-	-	(45,249)	(45,249)
Reduction of shares	6	(6)			(6)
Balance at 31 January 2022		106	84,744	(178,700)	(93,850)
Year ended 31 January 2023:					
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	(34,197)	(34,197)
Balance at 31 January 2023		106	84,744	(212,897)	(128,047)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Yellowwood Adventures Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 3 Coldbath Square, London, EC1R 5HL.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

As at the year-end, the company has net liabilities of £128,047 (2022: £93,850), with net current liabilities of £98,119 (2022: £59,628). This reflects an amount owed to the director of £85,396 (2022: £62,101).

After making enquiries, the director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence and meet its liabilities as they fall due for the foreseeable future, being a period of at least twelve months from the date these financial statements were approved.

The company has received a letter of financial support from its director. Accordingly, the director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.8 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.9 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

2	Employ	ees
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The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

				2023 Number	2022 Number
	Total			1	1
3	Debtors			2022	2022
	Amounts falling due within one year:			2023 £	2022 £
	Other debtors			20,350	96
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
7	orealists, amounts failing due within one year			2023 £	2022 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Other creditors			8,048 142,405	778 65,323
				150,453	66,101
5	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one y	ear			
				2023 £	2022 £
	Bank loans			29,928	34,222
	Creditors which fall due after five years are as follows:			2023 £	2022 £
	Payable by instalments			11,026	15,556
6	Called up share capital	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid	Number	Number	£	£
	Ordinary of 0.1p each	106,181	106,181	106	106

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

7 Directors' transactions

During the year the company received amounts from the director totalling £23,000 (2022: £5,995) and the director paid expenses on behalf of the company totalling £295 (2022: £nil). At the year-end, the company owed the director £85,396 (2022: £62,101). This amount is interest-free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.