#### Company Registration No. 09963539 (England and Wales)

# TATEHINDLE EOT LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

A B Tate

J R Hindle M A Jamieson M Holmes

Company number

09963539

Registered office

1 Lindsey Street

Smithfield London EC1A 9HP

**Accountants** 

**Auria Accountancy Limited** 

9 Wimpole Street

London W1G 9SR

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# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MAY 2017

:		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	. <b>£</b>
Fixed assets					
Investments	2		3,015,000		3,015,000
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		922		994	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	3	(495,322)		(480,994)	
one year Net current liabilities		(495,522)	(494,400)	(460,994)	(480,000)
Total assets less current liabilities			2,520,600		2,535,000
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	4		(1,440,800)		(1,920,000)
Net assets			1,079,800		615,000
					<del></del>
Capital and reserves Profit and loss reserves			1,079,800		615,000
			====		

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 May 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

J R Hindle M A Jamieson

Director

Michael Jamieson

MA Jamieson

Director

Company Registration No. 09963539

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### **Company information**

TateHindle EOT Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 1 Lindsey Street, Smithfield, London, EC1A 9HP.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2017 are the first financial statements of TateHindle EOT Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 21 January 2016. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

#### 1.2 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

#### 1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.6 Company limited by guarantee

Every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company, in the event of the company being wound up while he or she is a member, or within one year after he or she ceases to be a member, for payment of the company's debts and liabilities contracted before he or she ceased to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves, such amount as may be required not exceeding £1. At 31 May 2017 there were 4 members.

#### 2 Fixed asset investments

2017 2016 £ £ 3,015,000 3,015,000

Investments

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2017

2	Fixed asset investments	(Continued)		
	Movements in fixed asset investments	·	Shares in group indertakings	
			£	
	Cost or valuation At 1 June 2016 & 31 May 2017		3,015,000	
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 May 2017		3,015,000	
	At 31 May 2016	•	3,015,000	
3	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
		2017 £	2016 £	
	Amounts due to group undertakings	922	994	
	Other creditors	494,400	480,000	
		495,322	480,994	
4	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2017 £	2016 £	
	Other creditors	1,440,800	1,920,000	