Directors' report and consolidated financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2022

Registered no. 09948622

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Directors' report and consolidated financial statements

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Directors and other information

Directors

J. Burton C. Duffy

F. Stephenson

Company secretary

J. Jennings

Registered office

Battlefield Road Harlescott Shrewsbury Shropshire SYI 4AH England

Solicitors

Clyde & Co. The St Botolph Building 138 Houndsditch

London

EC3A 7AR

Auditor

KPMG

Chartered Accountants 1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2

Registered number

09948622

Strategic report

The directors submit the strategic report of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Group was livestock dealing and meat processing. On 1 April 2021, the Company and its operating subsidiary were acquired by Hep Oils Limited. On 29 November 2021, the trade, assets and liabilities of the operating subsidiary company were hived-up into another group company at net book value and the company ceased to trade.

Business review

The results for the year are set out on page 11.

The gain for the year ended 31 March 2022 amounted to £6.7m (2021: loss of £9.5m). The gain in the current year includes an intergroup loan write off of £6.7m.

The main operations of the Group are located in the UK.

On I April 2021, the Company and its operating subsidiary were acquired by Hep Oils Limited. On 29 November 2021, the trade, assets and liabilities of the operating subsidiary company were hived-up into another group company at net book value and the company ceased to trade.

Key performance indicators

The following key indicators are relevant in reviewing the development, performance and position of the business:

- Turnover: Turnover for the year ended 31 March 2022 amounted to £39.9m (2021; £66.1m). The Group ceased to trade on 29 November 2021.
- Operating loss:
 During the year ended 31 March 2022 the Group's operating loss amounted to £0.2m (2021: loss of £8.5m).
- iii) Net assets: At 31 March 2022 the Group's net assets amounted to £0.007m (2021: net liabilities £6.7m). The directors are satisfied with the year end position of the Group.
- Environmental factors:
 While certain of our operating activities are subject to environmental regulation, there were no significant environmental factors impacting on the results for the year.
- Employee factors:
 There were no significant employee factors impacting on the results for the year. The Group continues to put an emphasis on maintaining high safety standards at all sites.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Group's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include price risk, supply risk, foreign exchange risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Price risk

The Group is exposed to commodity price risk as a result of its operations. This exposure is managed by avoiding long term fixed price contracts. The Group enters into forward sale contracts regarding the sale of tallow and meal and forward purchase contracts regarding the purchase of raw materials.

Supply risk

Balancing the risks associated with demand for products and available supply of raw materials is mitigated by the Group through maintaining strong relationships with suppliers, preserving supplies, and also increasing capacity within the Group to collect greater quantities of raw materials from independent and national account suppliers.

Strategic report (continued)

Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

Foreign exchange risk

The Group is exposed to minimal foreign exchange risks in the normal course of business.

Credit risk

The Group has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before sales are made. Credit insurance is taken out on certain customer categories, where available. The Group has an active credit control department with designated staff who regularly review and follow up all outstanding accounts.

Liquidity risk

The Group actively maintains adequate cash balances and has access to intercompany funding to ensure the Group has sufficient available funds for operations, planned expansions and business development opportunities.

Covid 19

Thankfully, the Group didn't experience any significant ongoing disruption to its business from the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic during the year under review. The Group maintained its focus on ensuring the ongoing safety of employees during the pandemic through the maintenance of a range of preventative measures and mitigations during the year under review. Some of these measures were unwound in the second half of the financial year, in line with changes to government guidance and the reopening of the wider economy (following the successful rollout of vaccines). The Board continues to monitor the evolution of the pandemic including the emergence of new strains of the Covid-19 virus.

Compliance with Section 172 of the UK Companies Act 2006

As required by \$172 of the UK Companies Act 2006, the Directors of the company endeavour to act in a way they consider, in good faith, would most likely promote the success of the company for the benefit of its Shareholders, and in doing this, having regard, amongst other matters, to the:

- · likely consequences of any decisions in the long term;
- · interests of the Group's employees;
- need to foster the Group's business relationships with suppliers, customers and others;
- impact of the Group's operations on the community and environment;
- · Group's reputation for high standards of business conduct; and
- need to act fairly as between members of the Group.

Understanding the Group's stakeholders is key to ensuring the Board can have informed discussions and factor stakeholder interests into decision-making.

On behalf of the board

J. Burton Director

Directors' report

Directors

The following directors served during the year unless otherwise noted:

| I. Burton | (appointed April 2021) |
|----------------|--------------------------|
| C. Duffy | (appointed I April 2021) |
| F. Stephenson | (appointed 1 April 2021) |
| C.E. Coles | (resigned 1 April 2021) |
| D. Ficetwood | (resigned 1 April 2021) |
| LM. Smallridge | (resigned 1 April 2021) |

The directors are not required by the Articles of Association to retire by rotation.

Secretary

The following secretaries served during the year:

J. Jennings

Employees

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the respective aptitudes and abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Company continues and the appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the Company that the training, career development and promotion of a disabled person should, as far as possible, be identical to that of a person who does not suffer from a disability.

Consultation with employees or their representatives has continued at all levels, with the aim of ensuring that their views are taken into account when decisions are made that are likely to affect their interests. It is Company policy to keep employees informed of developments and performance across their business units and the Company.

Payments to ereditors

It is the Group's normal practice to make payments to suppliers in accordance with agreed terms, provided that the supplier has performed in accordance with the relevant terms and conditions. As a large part of purchases are made from Group companies, the Group does not believe it is meaningful to disclose third party creditor days.

Charitable and political contributions

No contributions were made by the company during the year or the prior year.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant post balance sheet events affecting the Group.

Future developments

There are no planned developments in future years as the operating subsidiary is dormant.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors confirm that:

- (1) so far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Group's auditor is unaware; and
- (2) the directors have taken all the steps that one ought to have taken as a director in order to make oneself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Group's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditors, KPMG, were appointed during the year and have signified their willingness to continue in office in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

Registered office

The address of the registered office is Harlescott, Battlefield Road, Shrewsbury, Shropshire, England, SY1 4AH.

On behalf of the board

J. Burton

Director

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report, strategic report and the Company financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare Company financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the Company financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under Company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss for that year. In preparing the Company financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal controls as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

J. Burton Director



KPMG Audit 1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2 D02 DE03

Independent auditor's report to the members of SJF Holdings Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of SJF Holdings Limited ('the Company) and its subsidiary ('the Group') for the year ended 31 March 2022 set out on pages 11 to 22, which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account and other comprehensive income, consolidated and company balance sheet, consolidated and company statement of changes in equity, consolidated cash flow statement and related notes, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 1. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is UK Law and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

In our opinion:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of the Group's loss for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council (FRC)'s Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Conclusions relating to going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Group or the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

in our evaluation of the directors conclusions, we considered the innerent risks to the Group or the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Group or the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the Group or the Company will continue in operation.

Detecting irregularities including fraud

We identified the areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements and risks of material misstatement due to fraud, using our understanding of the entity's industry, regulatory environment and other external factors and inquiry with the directors. In addition, our risk assessment procedures included: inquiring with the directors as to the Company's policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations and prevention and detection of fraud; inquiring whether the directors have knowledge of any actual or suspected non-compliance with laws or regulations or alleged fraud; inspecting the Company's regulatory and legal correspondence; and reading Board/audit committee minutes.

We discussed identified laws and regulations, fraud risk factors and the need to remain alert among the audit team.

The Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including companies and financial reporting legislation. We assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items, including assessing the financial statement disclosures and agreeing them to supporting documentation when necessary.

The company, is not subject to other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these non-direct laws and regulations to inquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. These limited procedures did not identify actual or suspected non-compliance.

We assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. As required by auditing standards, we performed procedures to address the risk of management override of controls and the risk of fraudulent revenue recognition.

In response to risk of fraud, we also performed procedures including: identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation; evaluating the business purpose of significant unusual transactions; assessing significant accounting estimates for bias; and assessing the disclosures in the financial statements.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remains a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.



Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information presented in the Annual Report together with the financial statements. The other information comprises the information included in the directors' report. The financial statements and our auditor's report thereon do not comprise part of the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work we have not identified material misstatements in the other information.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

Based solely on our work on the other information undertaken during the course of the audit:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic and the directors' report;
- in our opinion, the information given in the strategic and the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements;
- in our opinion, the strategic and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or

We have nothing to report in these respects.



Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements including being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud, other irregularities or error, and to issue an opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud, other irregularities or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Tom McEvoy (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of KPMG

Chartered Accountants, Statutory Audit Firm

1 Stokes Place

St. Stephen's Green

Dublin 2

Ireland

Consolidated profit and loss account and other comprehensive income

for the year ended 31 March 2022

| | | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|--|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | £ | £ |
| | Note | | |
| Turnôver | 2 | 39,929,086 | 66,148,702 |
| Cost of sales | | (39,367,889) | (67,583,967) |
| Gross profit | | 561,197 | (1,435,265) |
| Administrative expenses | | (751,770) | (7,105,749) |
| Operating loss | 3 | (190,573) | (8,541,014) |
| Exceptional gain | 6 | 6,650,000 | · - |
| Interest payable and similar charges (net) | 7 | (8,957) | (956,561) |
| Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation | | 6,450,470 | (9,497,575) |
| Tax credit on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities | 8 | 209,454 | |
| Profit/(loss) for the year | | 6,659,924 | (9,497,575) |

All income in the profit and loss account relates to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 15 to 21 form part of the financial statements.

The company incurred no items of other comprehensive income in the current financial year or previous financial year other than those dealt with in the profit and loss account. Accordingly a separate statement of other comprehensive income has not been presented.

Consolidated balance sheet at 31 March 2022

| | | 31 Marc | th 2022 | 31 March | 2021 |
|--|------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Note | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | | • |
| Intangible assets | 9 | | • | | |
| Tangible assets | 10 | | <u>-</u> | | 3,150,918 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Stocks | 12 | - | | 1,749,061 | |
| Debtors | 13 | 2,107,424 | | 4,570,686 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | | | 845,916 | |
| | | 2,107,424 | _ | 7,165,663 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due | | | | • | |
| within one year | 14 | (2,100,000) | · - | (16,749,309) | |
| Net current assets/(liabilities) | | , | 7,424 | • | (9,583,646) |
| Provisions for liabilities | 15 | • | | | (219,772) |
| Net assets/(liabilities) | | | 7,424 | - | (6,652,500) |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 16 | | 2,000,941 | | 2,000,941 |
| Share premium | 17 | | 7,949,043 | | 7,949,043 |
| Capital redemption reserve | 17 | | 16 | | 16 |
| Treasury reserve | 17 | | (20,006) | | (20,006) |
| Profit and loss account | | | (9,922,570) | | (16,582,494) |
| Sharcholders' funds - equity/(deficit) | | | 7,424 | - | (6,652,500) |

The notes on pages 17 to 22 form part of the financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on February 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

J. Burton Director

Company registered number 09948622

Company balance sheet at 31 March 2022

| | Note | 31 March 2022 £ | 31 March 2021 £ |
|---|------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand | | 6,876 | 6,952 6,952 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 14 | | (10,000) |
| Net assets/(liabilities) | | 6,876 | (3,048) |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | 16 | 2,000,941 | 2,000,941 |
| Share premium | 17 | 7,949,043 | 7,949,043 |
| Capital redemption reserve | 17 | 16 | 16 |
| Treasury reserve | 17 | (20,006) | (20,006) |
| Profit and loss account | | (9,923,118) | (9,933,042) |
| Shareholders' funds - equity/(defi | cit) | 6,876 | (3,048) |

The notes on pages 17 to 22 form part of the financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on Prebruary 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

J. Burton Director

Company registered number 09948622

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

for the year ended 31 March 2022

| | Called up share capital £ | Share premium £ | Treasury reserve £ | Capital redemption reserve | Profit and loss account | Total shareholder's equity £ |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balance at 31 March 2021 | 2,000,941 | 7,949,043 | (20,006) | 16 | (16,582,494) | (6,652,500) |
| Total comprehensive income for the | year . | | | | | |
| Result for the year Other comprehensive income | | | | • | 6,659,924 | 6,659,924 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | • | •• | - | • | 6,659,924 | 6,659,924 |
| Distribution | | | | . • | | ٠. |
| Balance at 31 March 2022 | 2,000,941 | 7,949,043 | (20,006) | 16 | (9,922,570) | 7,424 |

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

for the year ended 31 March 2021-

| | Called up share capital £ | Share premium £ | Treasury reserve £ | Capital redemption reserve | Profit and loss account | Total shareholder's equity £ |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balance at 31 March 2020 | 2,000,941 | 7,949,043 | (20,006) | 16 | (5,084,915) | 4,845,079 |
| Total comprehensive income for the | e year | | | | | |
| Result for the year Other comprehensive income | NA | * | • | • | (9,497,575) | (9,497,575) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | • | | • | (9,497,575) | (9,497,575) |
| Distribution | • | • | - | • | (2,000,004) | (2,000,004) |
| Balance at 31 March 2021 | 2,000,941 | 7,949,043 | (20,006) | 16 | (16,582,494) | (6,652,500) |

Company statement of changes in equity

for the year ended 31 March 2022

| | Called up share capital £ | Share premium £ | Treasury reserve £ | Capital redemption reserve £ | Profit and loss account | Total shareholder's equity £ |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balance at 31 March 2021 | 2,000,941 | 7,949,043 | (20,006) | 16 | (9,933,042) | (3,048) |
| Total comprehensive income for th | e year | | | | | |
| Result for the year Other comprehensive income | | - | | • | 9,924 | 9,924 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | • | • | | | 9,924 | 9,924 |
| Dividends paid | • | | | - | - | |
| Balance at 31 March 2022 | 2,000,941 | 7,949,043 | (20,006) | 16 | (9,923,118) | 6,876 |

Company statement of changes in equity

for the year ended 31 March 2021

| | Called up share capital | Share premium | Treasury reserve | Capital redemption reserve | Profit and loss account | Total shareholder's equity £ |
|--|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balance at 31 March 2020 | 2,000,941 | 7,949,043 | (20,006) | 16 | (12,693,920) | (2,763,926) |
| Total comprehensive income for th | e year | | | | | |
| Result for the year Other comprehensive income | | • | | · - | 2,760,878 | 2,760,878 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | · • | - | • | 2,760,878 | 2,760,878 |
| Dividends paid | - | • | • | | • | |
| Balance at 31 March 2021 | 2,000,941 | 7,949,043 | (20,006) | 16 | (9,933,042) | (3,048) |

Consolidated cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 March 2022

| | Year ended 31 March 2022 • £ | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Profit/(loss) for the year | 6,659,924 | (9,497,575) |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 350,385 | 4,554,939 |
| Writeoff of intergroup loan | (6,650,000) | • |
| Interest payable and similar charges | 8,957 | 834,568 |
| Loss on sale of tangible fixed assets | • | 59,443 |
| Taxation | (209,454) | • |
| Decrease/(increase) in trade and other debtors | 2,463,262 | (404,797) |
| Decrease/(increase) in stocks | 1,749,061 | (758,366) |
| (Decrease)/increase in trade and other creditors | (6,675,584) | 2,815,038 |
| Interest paid | (8,957) | |
| Tux paid | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - |
| Net cash outflow from operating activities | (2,312,406) | (2,396,750) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets | 2,800,533 | 51,999 |
| Acquisition of tangible fixed assets | • | (116,856) |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities | 2,800,533 | (64,857) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Capital repayments in year | | (3,846) |
| Net cash (outflow) from financing activities | - | (3,846) |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 488,127 | (2,465,453) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March 2021 | (488,127) | 1,977,326 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March 2022 | | (488,127) |

Notes forming part of the financial statements

1. Accounting policies

SJF Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") is a private company incorporated, domiciled and registered in the UK. The registered number of the company is 09948622 and the address of its registered office is Harlescott, Battlefield Road, Shrewsbury, Shropshire, England, SY1 4AH.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102"). The presentation currency of these financial statements is pounds Sterling. All amounts in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest £1,000.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all years presented in these financial

No judgements have been made by the directors, in the application of these accounting policies that would have a significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year.

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise stated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings made up to 31 March 2022. A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the parent. The results of subsidiary undertakings are included in the consolidated profit and loss account from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Control is established when the Company has the power to govern the operating and financial policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, the Group takes into consideration potential voting rights that are currently exercisable.

Foreign currency

The presentation currency of these financial statements is pounds sterling.

Basic financial instruments

Trade and other debtors / creditors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets, with the exception of land, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Land is not depreciated.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives which are as follows:

Buildings

Plant & equipment

5% - 10% straight line

10% - 25% straight line

Notes (continued)

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value on a first in, first out basis. Cost is determined by reference to purchase price together with all production related costs incurred in bringing the product to its present location and condition. Net realisable value comprises the actual or expected selling price less all costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution. Provision is made, where necessary, for obsolete and slow moving stock.

Poncione

Contributions to defined contribution schemes are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Expenses

Interest payable

Interest payable and similar charges includes interest payable, finance charges on liabilities recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Interest payable is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest method. Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer and where it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Taxation

Corporation tax is provided on taxable profits at the current rate as adjusted for Group relief. Tax losses utilised for group relief are transferred between group members. Charges for group relief are determined on a case by case basis.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits or losses and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not there will be suitable taxable profits from which future reversals of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the years in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Notes (continued)

2. Turnover and segmental reporting

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods sold and services supplied to third parties, exclusive of value added tax. The analysis of turnover by activity is as follows:

| | Year ended | Year ended |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 2021 |
| | £ | £ |
| Activity: | | |
| Livestock dealing and meat processing | 39,929,086 | 66,148,702 |
| | | ************************************* |

Segmental information

Further information relating to the various segments of the Company's business is not disclosed as the directors are of the opinion that disclosure of such information would be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the Company.

| 3. | Statutory and other information | Year ended 31 March 2022 | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
|----|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Operating loss is stated after charging /(crediting): | £ | £ |
| | | • | |
| | Depreciation on tangible fixed assets | 350,385 | 634,032 |
| | Revenue grant received | • . | (257,718) |
| | Operating lease rentals: | | |
| | - plant and equipment | 109,244 | 141,810 |
| | • | | |

Auditor remuneration was borne by another group company in the current year.

4. Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the Company (including executive directors), during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

| | | Year ended 31 March 2022 Number | Year ended 31 March 2021 Number |
|----|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| | Management and administration | 18 | 24 |
| | Production and distribution | 152 | 159 |
| | | 170 | |
| | The aggregate remuneration costs of these employees were as follows: | | |
| | | Year ended | Year ended |
| | | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 2021 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Wages and salaries | 2,498,171 | 5,563,309 |
| | Social welfare costs | 245,840 | 501,324 |
| | Pension and related costs | 42,458 | 125,638 |
| | | 2,786,469 | 6,190,271 |
| 5. | Empluments of directors | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 2021 |
| | | £'000 | £'000 |
| | Group and company | | |
| | Directors' emoluments | • | 356,803 |
| 1 | | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 2021 |
| | | Number | Number |
| | Retirement benefits accrue to the following number of directors under: | | |
| | Defined benefit and money purchase schemes | Company of the Compan | |

Directors remuneration was borne by another group company in the current year.

Notes (continued)

| _ | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|---|-------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Expontional agin | | | | | Wasin and ad | | Manage and od |
| o. | Exceptional gain | | | | | Year ended | | Year ended |
| | | | | | | 31 March 2022 | | 31 March 2021 |
| | | | | | | £ | | £ |
| | Exceptional gain on writeof | f of intergroup | loan | | | 6,650,000 | | - |
| | Prophiotor Paris on Millor | . or mergroup | | | | 0,050,000 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | , | |
| 7. | Interest payable and recei | vable | | | • | Year ended | • | Year ended |
| | • | | | | | 31 March 2022 | | 31 March 2021 |
| | | | | | | | | £ |
| | | | | | | £ | | L |
| | District and shares | | | • | | 0.053 | | 121.002 |
| | Bank interest and charges | • | | | | 8,957 | | 121,993 |
| | Interest payable on group los | ans | | | | • | | 834,568 |
| | | | • | | | 8,957 | | 956,561 |
| | | | | | | | | , |
| 8. | Tax on profit/(loss) on ord | linary activiti | es | | | Year ended | | Year ended |
| | | • | | | | 31 March 2022 | | 31 March 2021 |
| | | | | | | £ | | £ |
| (0) | Amalania of tax avadit far a | | | | | L | | |
| (a) | Analysis of tax credit for y | rear | | | | • | | |
| | 6 | | | | | | | |
| | Current tax: | | | | | | | |
| | Corporation tax on profit/(lo | ss) for the yea | ır | | | 10,318 | | - |
| | | | | | | | | - |
| | Deferred tax: | | | | | | | |
| | Origination and reversal of t | temporary diffe | erences | | | (219,772) | | |
| | | , | | | | (2.5,7.75) | | |
| | Tax credit for the year | | | | | (209,454) | | |
| | rax credit in the year | | | | | (203,434) | | |
| | • | | | | | • | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | d 31 March 20 | | | | ended 31 March | |
| | Cur | rent tax De | eferred tax | Total tax | | Current tax | Deferred tax | Total tax |
| | | | | _ | | _ | £ | £ |
| | | £ | £ | £ | | £ | | |
| | Recognised in | £ | £ | £ | | £ | • | |
| | Recognised in | £ | £ | £ | | £ | • | |
| | profit and loss | | | _ | | £ | • | |
| | _ | 10,318 | (219,772) | (209,454) | · . | <u> </u> | <u>.</u> | |
| | profit and loss | | | _ | · . | <u>.</u> | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| _C | profit and loss account | 10,318 | (219,772) (219,772) | (209,454) | · . | · · · | <u>.</u> | |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charge | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year | (219,772) (219,772) | (209,454) (209,454) | · . | • | · · | |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the t | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year | (219,772) (219,772) r a above and the | (209,454) (209,454) | atcd by app | • | · · | |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charge | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year | (219,772) (219,772) r a above and the | (209,454) (209,454) | ated by app | lying the UK comp | · · | |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the t | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year | (219,772) (219,772) r a above and the | (209,454) (209,454) | ated by app | lying the UK corpo | · · | Year ended |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the t | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year | (219,772) (219,772) r a above and the | (209,454) (209,454) | ated by app | lying the UK comp | · · | |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the t | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year | (219,772) (219,772) r a above and the | (209,454) (209,454) | ated by app | lying the UK corpo | · · | Year ended |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the t | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year | (219,772) (219,772) r a above and the | (209,454) (209,454) | ated by app | lying the UK corpo Year ended 31 March 2022 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charge. The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax. | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal tax showr axation is as fo | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: | (209,454) (209,454) | ated by app | lying the UK corpo Year ended 31 March 2022 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the t | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal tax showr axation is as fo | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: | (209,454) (209,454) | ated by app | lying the UK corpo Year ended 31 March 2022 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax. Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities. | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal tax showr axation is as for | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | lying the UK corpo Year ended 31 March 2022 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before ta Profit/(loss) on ordinary acti Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year axation is axation is axation is axation is axation is axation. | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | lying the UK corpo Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) |
| (b) | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax. Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities. | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year axation is axation is axation is axation is axation is axation. | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | lying the UK corpo Year ended 31 March 2022 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 |
| | Profit/(loss) on ordinary acti- Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary acti- tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year axation is axation is axation is axation is axation is axation. | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | lying the UK corpo Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) |
| | Profit/(loss) on ordinary acti Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year axation is axation is a year. | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | lying the UK corpo Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) |
| | Profit/(loss) on ordinary acti- Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary acti- tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year axation is axation is a year. | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) |
| | Profit/(loss) on ordinary acti Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary acti tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year of the | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | lying the UK corpo Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) |
| | Profit/(loss) on ordinary acti Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary acti tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation of goodwing the year of the yea | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 |
| | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax rate to the profit before tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation of goodwing the year of the yea | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 |
| | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax rate to the profit before tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation of goodwing asset | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 |
| | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charge The difference between the letax rate to the profit before to tax rate to the profit before to tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation of goodwing asset | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) (209,454) | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 |
| | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the letax rate to the profit before to tax rate to the profit before to tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred Group relief | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation of goodwing asset | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | atcd by app | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 |
| | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax rate to the profit before tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred Group relief Deferred tax not recognised | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation of goodwing asset | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) (209,454) (4,082) | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 |
| | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the letax rate to the profit before to tax rate to the profit before to tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred Group relief | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation of goodwing asset | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) (209,454) | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 (308,047) |
| | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax rate to the profit before tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred Group relief Deferred tax not recognised | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation of goodwing asset | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) (209,454) (4,082) | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 (308,047) |
| | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax rate to the profit before tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred Group relief Deferred tax not recognised Tax credit for the year | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year of year of the year of year | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul | ated by app | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) (209,454) (4,082) | · · | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 (308,047) |
| | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax rate to the profit before tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred Group relief Deferred tax not recognised | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year of year of the year of year | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul corporation | - | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) (209,454) (4,082) | oration | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 (308,047) 61,796 |
| | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax rate to the profit before tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred Group relief Deferred tax not recognised Tax credit for the year | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year otal tax ary activities at the year of the | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul corporation | ated by app | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) (209,454) (4,082) (209,454) | oration | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 (308,047) 61,796 |
| | profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax rate to the profit before tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of:- Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred Group relief Deferred tax not recognised Tax credit for the year | 10,318 10,318 2e for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for year of the yea | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul corporation | - | Year ended 31 Murch 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) (209,454) (4,082) (209,454) | oration | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 (308,047) 61,796 |
| (c) | Profit/(loss) on ordinary action tax rate to the profit (loss) on ordinary action tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred from the company relief Deferred tax not recognised Tax credit for the year Deferred tax assets and (lias) | 10,318 10,318 ge for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year otal tax showr axation is as for the year otal tax ary activities at the year of the | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul corporation | - | Year ended 31 March 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) (209,454) (4,082) (209,454) | oration | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 (308,047) 61,796 |
| (c) | Profit and loss account Factors affecting tax charg The difference between the tax rate to the profit before tax rate to the profit before tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualityi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred froup relief Deferred tax not recognised Tax credit for the year Deferred tax assets and (liate Property, plant) | 10,318 10,318 2e for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for year of the yea | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul corporation | - | Year ended 31 Murch 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) (209,454) (4,082) (209,454) | oration | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 (308,047) 61,796 |
| (c) | Profit/(loss) on ordinary action tax rate to the profit (loss) on ordinary action tax rate of 19% (2021: 19%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible (net Non tax deductible amortisat Depreciation on non-qualifyi Unutilised tax losses Prior year unadjusted deferred from the company relief Deferred tax not recognised Tax credit for the year Deferred tax assets and (lias) | 10,318 10,318 2e for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for the year otal lax showr axation is as for year of the yea | (219,772) (219,772) r n above and the ollows: axation at standard UK | (209,454) (209,454) amount calcul corporation | - | Year ended 31 Murch 2022 £ 6,450,470 1,225,589 (1,221,507) (209,454) (4,082) (209,454) | oration | Year ended 31 March 2021 £ (9,497,575) (1,804,539) 158,658 744,972 45,783 1,101,377 (308,047) 61,796 |

Notes (continued)

| 9. | Intangible assets Group | | • | Goodwill • £ |
|-----|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Cost At 31 March 2021 At 31 March 2022 | | | 22,405,189 22,405,189 |
| | Amortisation At 31 March 2021 At 31 March 2022 | | | 22,405,189 22,405,189 |
| | Net book value At 31 March 2022 | • | | |
| | At 31 March 2021 | | | · |
| 10. | Tangible assets Group | Land & buildings | Plant & equipment | Total £ |
| | Cost At 31 March 2021 Transfer to group company | 5,196,498 (5,196,498) | 4,722,782 (4,722,782) | 9,919,280 (9,919,280) |
| | At 31 March 2022 Accumulated depreciation | , | - | * |
| | At 31 March 2021 Charge for the year Transfer to group company At 31 March 2022 | 2,912,028 160,268 (3,072,296) | 3,856,334 190,117 (4,046,451) | 6,768,362 350,385 (7,118,747) |
| | Net book value At 31 March 2022 | • | • | |
| | At 31 March 2021 | 2,284,470 | 866,448 | 3,150,918 |
| 11. | Financial assets | 31 March 2022 £ | | 31 March 2021 £ |
| | Company At start of the year Impairment in value | - | | 8,000,000 (8,000,000) |
| | The subsidiary is Janan Meat Limited, a dormant company whose registered office Shropshire, England, SY1 4AH. | is Harlescott, Battle | field Road, Shrev | vsbu r y, |
| | Stocks Group | 31 March 2022 £ | ÷ | 31 March 2021 £ |
| | Finished goods and goods for resale | - | · | 1,749,061 |
| | Debtors Group | 31 March 2022 £ | | 31 March 2021 £ |
| | Trade debtors Amounts due from group companies Corporation tax VAT | 2,107,424 - | | 4,118,666 - 10,318 105,219 |
| | Prepayments, other debtors and accrued income | 2,107,424 | | 336,483 4,570,686 |
| | Debtors Company | 31 March 2022 £ | , | 31 March 2021 £ |
| | Amounts due from group companies | 6,876 | | |
| , | Amounts due from group company are unsecured, interest free and repayable on de | mand | | |
| | | | | |

Notes (continued)

| 14. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Group | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 2021 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| oroup. | - | |
| Trade creditors | • | 5,149,304 |
| Bank loans and overdraft | • | 1,334,043 |
| Taxation and social welfare | | 394,036 |
| Amounts due to group companies | 2,100,000 | 8,750,000 |
| Other creditors | · · · | 121,180 |
| Accruals | | 1,000,746_ |
| | 2,100,000 | 16,749,309 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 2021 |
| Company | £ | £ |
| | | |
| Accruals | | 10,000 |
| | - | 10,000 |
| Amounts due to group company are unsecured, interest free and repaya | ble on demand | |
| 15. Provisions for liabilities | | |
| Deferred tax liability | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 2021 |
| | £ | £ |
| Balance at the start of the year | 219,772 | 219,772 |
| Transfer to group company | (219,772) | <u> </u> |
| Balance at the end of the year | • | 219,772 |
| | b | |
| 16. Called up share capital | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 2021 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | £ | £ |
| Allotted, issued and fully paid: | | |
| 2,000,663,110 ordinary A shares of £0.001 each | 2,000,663 | . 2,000,663 |
| 225,003 ordinary B shares of £0.001 each | 2,000,863 | 2,000,003 |
| 5,660 ordinary C shares of £0.001 each | 6 | 6 |
| 45,000 ordinary D shares of £0.001 each | 45 | 45 |
| 2 preferred P shares of £1.00 each | .2. | . 2 |
| 2 pictoriou i anares of 11.00 each | 2,000,941 | 2,000,941 |
| | 2,000,711 | 2,000,741 |

17. Reserves

Treasury reserve

The treasury share reserve consists of shares repurchased by the company.

Share premium

This is the amount, in excess of the par value, which has been paid for share capital.

Capital redemption reserve

The capital redemption reserve consists of shares cancelled by the company.

18. Group membership and ultimate controlling party

The company is a subsidiary of ABP Food Group Unlimited, a private unlimited company registered in Jersey. Hep Oils Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom, is the immediate parent company. The smallest group into which the results of the company are consolidated is Hep Oils Limited. The largest group into which the results of the company are consolidated is ABP Food Group Unlimited.

The Goodman Family Trusts, or entities controlled by them, have a beneficial interest in 100% of the share capital of the Group.

19. Related party transactions

The Company has availed of the exemption in FRS102.33.1A from the requirement to disclose transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries of ABP Food Company Unlimited.

20. Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant post balance sheet events affecting the Company.

21. Accounting estimates and judgements

No judgements have been made by the directors, in the application of these accounting policies that would have a significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year.