The Rogers Group (SW) Limited

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

31 January 2024

The Rogers Group (SW) Limited

Registered number: 09935568

Balance Sheet

as at 31 January 2024

No	tes		2024		2023
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		287,672		306,418
Current assets		22.222		00.000	
Stocks		30,000		30,000	
Debtors	4	474,587		774,145	
Cash at bank and in hand		25,434		94,374	
		530,021		898,519	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	5	(397,176)		(724,405)	
· ·		()		(==,,==,	
Net current assets			132,845		174,114
Total assets less current		-		_	
liabilities			420,517		480,532
Creditors: amounts falling due	^		(407.070)		(400 500)
after more than one year	6		(137,070)		(196,533)
Provisions for liabilities			(71,918)		(76,605)
Trovisions for nabilities			(11,510)		(70,000)
Net assets		-	211,529	_	207,394
		•		_	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			211,429		207,294
Shareholders' funds		-	211,529	_	207,394
		•		-	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Steven Rogers
Director
Approved by the board on 8 March 2024

The Rogers Group (SW) Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 January 2024

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 25% straight line
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 25% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past

periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2024	2023
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	8	7

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost At 1 February 2023	14,420	479,568	493,988
Additions	2,000	84,310	86,310
Disposals At 31 January 2024	16,420	(37,568) 526,310	(37,568)

Depreciation

	At 1 February 2023	6,347	181,223	187,570
	Charge for the year	3,073	81,321	84,394
	On disposals	-	(16,906)	(16,906)
	At 31 January 2024	9,420	245,638	255,058
	Net book value			
	At 31 January 2024	7,000	280,672	287,672
	At 31 January 2023	8,073	298,345	306,418
4	Debtors		2024	2023
•			£	£
	Trade debtors		303,349	644,573
	Other debtors		171,238	129,572
		-	474,587	774,145
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2024	2023
	,		£	£
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase	contracts	128,307	125,885
	Trade creditors		87,401	213,564
	Amounts owed to group undertakings and underta the company has a participating interest	kings in which	11,633	111,889
	Taxation and social security costs		47,246	174,564
	Other creditors		122,589	98,503
		-	397,176	724,405
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		2024	2023
0	Creditors: amounts failing due after one year		2024 £	2023 £
			4	~
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase	contracts	137,070	196,533
7	Loans		2024	2023
•	200.10		2024 £	2023 £
	Creditors include:		-	~
	Secured finance lease contracts		265,377	322,418

The finance lease contracts are secured on the related vehicles.

8 Related party transactions

At 31 January 2024 the company owed its parent company, The Rogers Group Holdings Limited £11,633 (2023: £111,889). This loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

9 Controlling party

The company is jointly controlled by Steven and Adela Rogers by virtue of their majority shareholding in the company's parent company, The Rogers Group Holdings Limited.

10 Other information

The Rogers Group (SW) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit 8 Forresters Business Park

Estover Close

Plymouth

PL6 7PL

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.