

MACNICA UK LIMITED**Registered number:** 09833721**Balance Sheet****as at 31 March 2023**

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	132	1,718
Current assets			
Debtors	4	31,247	21,829
Cash at bank and in hand		43,830	41,868
		<u>75,077</u>	<u>63,697</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(11,399)	(10,807)
Net current assets		<u>63,678</u>	<u>52,890</u>
Net assets		<u>63,810</u>	<u>54,608</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		12,500	12,500
Profit and loss account		51,310	42,108
Shareholders' funds		<u>63,810</u>	<u>54,608</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Shoichi Teshiba

Director

Approved by the board on 12 April 2023

MACNICA UK LIMITED

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	over 3 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	over 3 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	2023	2022
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>
3 Tangible fixed assets		
		Plant and machinery etc
		£
Cost		
At 1 April 2022		<u>7,336</u>
At 31 March 2023		<u>7,336</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2022		5,618
Charge for the year		<u>1,586</u>
At 31 March 2023		<u>7,204</u>
Net book value		
At 31 March 2023		<u>132</u>
At 31 March 2022		<u>1,718</u>
4 Debtors		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade debtors	16,097	9,966
Other debtors	<u>15,150</u>	<u>11,863</u>
	<u>31,247</u>	<u>21,829</u>
5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Corporation tax	2,530	2,206
Other taxes and social security costs	369	100
Other creditors	<u>8,500</u>	<u>8,501</u>
	<u>11,399</u>	<u>10,807</u>
6 Related party transactions		
	2023	2022

	£	£
Macnica GMBH owns 60% shares of Macnica UK Limited. During the period, the company made all its sales to Macnica GMBH.		
Total sales made to Macnica GMBH	162,973	123,638

7 Controlling party

Macnica GMBH owns 60 % shares of Macnica UK Limited.

8 Other information

MACNICA UK LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

MK Tax Technology House
151 Silbury Boulevard
Milton Keynes
England
MK9 1LH

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