UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017
FOR
BAGWELL CONSULTING LIMITED

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BAGWELL CONSULTING LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION for the year ended 31 March 2017

DIRECTORS: J E Bagwell

J E Bagwell Mrs B M Bagwell

REGISTERED OFFICE: Griffins Court

24-32 London Road

NEWBURY Berkshire RGI4 IJX

REGISTERED NUMBER: 09818154 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Wilkins Kennedy LLP Chartered Accountants

Griffins Court

24-32 London Road NEWBURY Berkshire RGI4 IJX

BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2017

CURRENT ASSETS	Notes	31/3/17 £	31/3/16 £
Debtors Cash at bank	4	21,070 2,329 23,399	12,701 <u>40,815</u> 53,516
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	5	22,973 426 426	57,169 (3,653) (3,653)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Retained earnings SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	6	100 326 426	100 (3,753) (3,653)

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
 - preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and
- (b) which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 14 December 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

J E Bagwell - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 March 2017

I. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Bagwell Consulting Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section IA "Small Entities" of Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest $\boldsymbol{\ell}$.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the period. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Revenue recognition

The key judgements made by management in respect of revenue is the point at which that revenue should be recognised. Management consider the underlying contract terms and conclude upon the most appropriate point of the cycle at which to recognise revenue based upon the these terms and in particular where the risks and rewards of ownership transfer.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. Residual value assessment consider issues such as the remaining life of the asset and the projected disposal value.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of VAT and trade discounts. Turnover relates to the sales within the UK market. The policies adopted for the recognition of turnover are as follows:

Rendering of services

When the outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably, turnover from the rendering of services is recognised as the service is performed.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 March 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Debtors and creditors receivable/payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation at the report date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are recognised at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

Impairments

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to its carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss, unless it's carried at a revalued amount, where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

Short-term employees benefits

Short-term employees' benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2.

4. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31/3/17	31/3/10
	£	£
Trade debtors	2,411	12,701
Other debtors	18,659	<u>-</u> _
	21,070	12,701

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31/3/17

31/3/16

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 31 March 2017

5. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	31/3/17	31/3/16
	£	£
Taxation and social security	21,533	-
Other creditors	1,440	57,169
	22,973	57,169

6. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issue	d and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	31/3/17	31/3/16
		value:	£	£
100	Ordinary	£I	100_	100

7. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the year ended 31 March 2017 and the period ended 31 March 2016:

	31/3/17	31/3/16
	£	£
Mrs B M Bagwell		
Balance outstanding at start of year	-	-
Amounts advanced	14,082	-
Amounts repaid	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	<u> 14,082</u>	

The balance of £14,082 was paid back within 9 months of the year end.

8. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Remuneration to key management personnel in the year totalled £91,390 (2016 - £40,000).

At the year end, the company owed key management personnel £NIL (2016 - £57,169).

During the year total dividends of £67,500 (2016 - £NIL) were paid to the shareholders.

9. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

This is the first year that the Company had presented its financial statements under Financial Reporting Standards 102 Section 1A (FRS 102) issued by Financial Reporting Council. The last financial statements prepared under the previous UK GAAP were for the period ended 31 March 2016 and the date of transition is therefore 01 April 2015. As a consequence of adopting FRS 102 the directors are of the opinion that no changes need to be made upon transition to this accounting standard as the effect of any changes are not material.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.