Registered number: 09760620

H & S TOOL HOLDINGS LTD

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

T Cunningham

T Cadman (appointed 15 October 2020) J Hazlett (resigned 21 February 2020)

Registered number

09760620

Registered office

Unit 3 Martel Court S.Park Business Park

Stockport Cheshire England SK1 2AF

Independent auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

4 Hardman Square Spinningfields Manchester M3 3EB

Bankers

Natwest

1 Spinningfields Square

Manchester M3 3AP

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2020.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company is provision of business support service activities through the sale and rental of portable machining tools.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

T Cunningham
J Hazlett (resigned 21/02/20)

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'). Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The following paragraphs set out the basis on which the directors have reached their conclusion.

The Company currently meets its day to day working capital requirements through intercompany funding. The continuation of the Company's activities is dependent upon the continuing support of its parent Company, Climax Portable Machine Tools Inc.

The company has successfully adapted operationally during the COVID-19 global pandemic, and the directors have concluded, after making enquiries, that they have a reasonable expectation that the Company has access to adequate resources, and the support from its ultimate parent Company, to enable it to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future being a period of not less than 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

Insurance policies are in place that indemnify the Directors against liability when acting for H & S Tool Holdings Limited.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

Tim Cadman

T Cadman

Director

Date: 26/3/2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF H & S TOOL HOLDINGS LTD

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of H & S Tool Holdings Ltd (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 May 2020, which comprise the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, the Statement of Financial Position and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 May 2020 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion

The impact of macro-economic uncertainties on our audit

Our audit of the financial statements requires us to obtain an understanding of all relevant uncertainties, including those arising as a consequence of the effects of macro-economic uncertainties such as Covid-19 and Brexit. All audits assess and challenge the reasonableness of estimates made by the directors and the related disclosures and the appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. All of these depend on assessments of the future economic environment and the Company's future prospects and performance.

Covid-19 and Brexit are amongst the most significant economic events currently faced by the UK, and at the date of this report their effects are subject to unprecedented levels of uncertainty, with the full range of possible outcomes and their impacts unknown. We applied a standardised firm-wide approach in response to these uncertainties when assessing the Company's future prospects and performance. However, no audit should be expected to predict the unknowable factors or all possible future implications for a Company associated with these particular events.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF H & S TOOL HOLDINGS LTD (CONTINUED)

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the risks associated with the Company's business model, including effects arising from macro-economic uncertainties such as Covid-19 and Brexit, and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue. In accordance with the above, we have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF H & S TOOL HOLDINGS LTD (CONTINUED)

Matter on which we are required to report under the Companies Act 2006

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
 regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and
 from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF H & S TOOL HOLDINGS LTD (CONTINUED)

Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Grant Thomton UK LLP

Michael Lowe Senior Statutory Auditor for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants Manchester Date: 26/3/2021

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover		2,544,797	2,557,237
Cost of sales		(1,407,027)	(1,475,789)
Gross profit	•	1,137,770	1,081,448
Distribution costs		(112,623)	(97,809)
Administrative expenses		(952,864)	(939, 306)
Operating profit	3	72,283	44,333
Interest payable and expenses	7	(75,020)	(74,616)
Loss before tax	·	(2,737)	(30, 283)
Tax on loss			-
Loss after tax		(2,737)	(30, 283)
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year		(173,668)	(143,385)
•		(173,668)	(143,385)
Loss for the year		(2,737)	(30,283)
Retained earnings at the end of the year		(176,405)	(173,668)

The notes on pages 9 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

H & S TOOL HOLDINGS LTD **REGISTERED NUMBER:09760620**

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **AS AT 31 MAY 2020**

	Note	-	2020 £		2019 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	8		(108,104)		(128,371)
Tangible assets	9		889,422		1,060,871
Investments	10		211,427		211,427
			992,745		1,143,927
Current assets					
Stocks	11	157,887		66,379	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	12	370,843		724,447	
Cash at bank and in hand	13	731,597		185,272	
		1,260,327	-	976,098	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(709,076)		(595,826)	
Net current assets			551,251		380,272
Total assets less current liabilities			1,543,996		1,524,199
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(1,060,401)		(1,037,867)
Net assets			483,595		486,332
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	16		625,000		625,000
Share premium account	17		35,000		35,000
Profit and loss account	17		(176,405)		(173,668)
			483,595	•	486,332

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

T Cadman Director

Tim Cadman

Date:

26/3/2021

The notes on pages 9 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

1. General information

H & S Tool Holdings Ltd is a private Company limited by shares and registered in England and Wales. Registered number: 09760620. Its registered head office is located at Unit 3 Martel Court, S.Park Business Park, Stockport, Cheshire, SK1 2AF.

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of business support service activities through the sale and rental of portable machining tools.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The Company is a parent undertaking of a small group, and as such is not required by the Companies Act 2006 to prepare group accounts. These financial statements therefore present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The following paragraphs set out the basis on which the directors have reached their conclusion.

The Company currently meets its day to day working capital requirements through intercompany funding. The continuation of the Company's activities is dependent upon the continuing support of its parent Company, Climax Portable Machine Tools Inc.

The company has successfully adapted operationally during the COVID-19 global pandemic, and the directors have concluded, after making enquiries, that they have a reasonable expectation that the Company has access to adequate resources, and the support from its ultimate parent Company, to enable it to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future being a period of not less than 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

2.3 Revenue

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the Company in respect of sale and rental of goods and services supplied during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts. Revenue is recognised upon the despatch of goods relating to sales and rental and service revenue in the period which it relates.

2.4 Intangible assets

Negative goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, negative goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Negative goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Statement of total comprehensive Income over its useful economic life of 10 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

At each reporting date the Company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Leasehold property

- over the term of the lease

improvements Rental equipment

- over the useful economic life of the asset which

ranges from 11% to 50%

Motor vehicles

- 25%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

2.6 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis.

2.8 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors and loans from related parties.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.11 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is sterling (£).

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings within 'other operating income'.

2.13 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.14 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.15 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

3. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2020	2019
•	£	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	409,659	336,759
Amortisation of negative goodwill	(20,267)	(20, 269)
Operating lease rentals - motor vehicles	7,524	8,161
Operating lease rentals - property	49,310	45,048
		

4. Auditors' remuneration

Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements totalled £9,000 (2019 - £8,500).

Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates in respect of Accounting Services totalled £500 (2017: £500)

5. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 8 (2019 - 6).

6. Directors' remuneration

During the current and prior year, no director received any emoluments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

2019 £
4,616
dwill £
3,119)
3,119)
,748)
,267)
5,015)
3,104)
3,371)
3 3

The useful economic life of the goodwill was changed to 10 years as at 1 June 2018. This change in estimate has been treated prospectively

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

9. Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold property improvemen ts £	Rental equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 June 2019	43,480	2,123,483	19,853	2,186,816
Additions	-	362,127	-	362,127
Disposals	-	(263,875)	- ,	(263,875)
At 31 May 2020	43,480	2,221,735	19,853	2,285,068
Depreciation				
At 1 June 2019	28,217	1,084,906	12,822	1,125,945
Charge for the year on owned assets	10,176	394,520	4,963	409,659
Disposals	-	(139,958)	-	(139,958)
At 31 May 2020	38,393	1,339,468	17,785	1,395,646
Net book value				
At 31 May 2020	5,087	882,267	2,068	889,422
At 31 May 2019	15,263	1,038,577	7,031	1,060,871

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

10. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 June 2019	211,427
At 31 May 2020	211,427
Net book value	
At 31 May 2020	211,427
At 31 May 2019	211,427

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Class of shares	Holding
Climax Asia Pacific PTE Ltd Climax Portable Machining & Welding Systems	~ .	Portable machine tools Portable machine tools	Ordinary Ordinary	100% 100%

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 May 2020 and the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertakings were as follows:

	Aggregate of share capital and	
Name	reserves £	Profit/(Loss)
Climax Asia Pacific PTE Ltd	89,064	29,827
Climax Portable Machining & Welding Systems	223,604	82,064

NOTES	TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR	THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

11.	Stocks		
		2020 £	2019
	Goods for resale	157,887	66,379
12.	Debtors		
		2020 £	2019 1
	Trade debtors	270,994	673,468
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	63,380	4,349
	Other debtors	27,769	27,775
	Prepayments and accrued income	8,700	18,855
		370,843	724,447
	Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free are repayable on demand.	e, have no fixed date of rep	ayment an
3.		e, have no fixed date of rep	ayment an
3.	are repayable on demand.	e, have no fixed date of rep 2020	ayment and
3.	are repayable on demand.	2020	2019 £
3 . 4 .	are repayable on demand. Cash and cash equivalents	2020 £	2019
	Cash and cash equivalents Cash at bank and in hand	2020 £ 731,597	2019 185,272 2019
	Cash and cash equivalents Cash at bank and in hand Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2020 £ 731,597 	2019 £ 185,272 2019 £
	Cash and cash equivalents Cash at bank and in hand Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors	2020 £ 731,597 2020 £ 29,146	2019 185,272 2019 127,694
	Cash and cash equivalents Cash at bank and in hand Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	2020 £ 731,597 = 2020 £ 29,146 552,014	2019 185,272 2019 127,694 160,286
	Cash and cash equivalents Cash at bank and in hand Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Other taxation and social security	2020 £ 731,597 2020 £ 29,146 552,014 45,998	2019 185,272 2019 127,694 160,286 49,301
	Cash and cash equivalents Cash at bank and in hand Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	2020 £ 731,597 = 2020 £ 29,146 552,014	2019 185,272 2019 127,694

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

15. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

2020 2019 £ £

Amounts owed to group undertakings

1,060,401 *1,037,867*

Amounts owed to group undertakings includes two promissory notes. The first was issued by CPMT Intermediate Holdings Corp. on 1 October 2015 for a maximum amount of \$1,000,000 incurring interest at 6.375% per annum due for repayment 1 October 2024. The second was issued by Climax Portable Machine Tools Inc. on 3 June 2016 for a maximum amount of \$400,000 incurring interest at 6.375% per annum due for repayment 3 June 2026. Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured.

16. Share capital

2020 2019 £ £ Shares classified as equity

Allotted, called up and fully paid
625,000 (2019: 625,000) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each
625,000 625,000

There is a single class of ordinary shares. There are no restrictions on dividends and the repayment of capital.

17. Reserves

Share premium account

Includes any premiums received on issue of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium.

Profit and loss account

Includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

18. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 May 2020 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2020 £	2019 £
Not later than 1 year	34,439	53,209
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	8,161	41,920
	42,600	95,129

19. Related party transactions

During the year the Company purchased goods amounting to £905,950 (2019: £919,544) from Climax Portable Machine Tools Inc., a Company registered in the United States of America which is a fellow subsidiary of its parent Company. At the statement of financial position date, the Company owed amounts to this Company amounting to £512,713 (2019: £148,970). In addition, the Company owed £250,225 (2019: £244,907) in respect of a long term promissory note. During the year the Company was charged interest at 6.37.5% per annum on this long term loan which amounted to £16,890 (2019: £5,150).

During the year the Company purchased goods amounting to £39,352 (2019: £58,833) and sold goods amounting to £107,567 (2019: £152,736) from/to Climax Gmbh, a Company registered in Germany which is a fellow subsidiary of its parent Company. At the statement of financial position date, the Company owed amounts to this Company amounting to £2,400 (2019: £11,316). The Company was also owed £63,380 (2019: £4,359) from this Company. Climax Gmbh is an acting guarantor in relation to a property operating lease for the registered office address of the Company.

During the year the Company purchased goods amounting to £263,425(2019: £385,156) and sold goods amounting to £Nil (2019: £Nil) from/to H&S Tool Holdings LLC., a Company registered in the United States of America which is a subsidiary of Climax Portable Machine Tools Inc. At the statement of financial position date, the Company owed amounts to this Company amounting to £36,900 (2019: £85,123).

At the balance sheet date, the Company owed an amount to its parent Company, CPMT Intermediate Holdings Corp., a Company registered in the United States of America, amounting to £810,176 (2019: £792,959) in respect of a long term promissory note. During the period the Company was charged interest at 6.375% per annum on this long term loan which amounted to £51,649 (2019: £49,046).

The individuals that are considered by the Company to be key management personnel have received remuneration totalling £73,153 (2019: £69,774).

20. Post balance sheet events

Throughout 2020 and 2021, the Covid-19 outbreak has impacted on businesses across the world. However, the overall impact to date on the business of the Company has been minimal.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2020

21. Controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is CPMT Intermediate Holdings Corp by virtue of its ownership of the entire share capital of the Company.

The ultimate parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party is CPMT Holdings Corp (registered offices 100 Spear Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, USA).