Company Registration No. 09752314 (England and Wales)

DALTON INVESTIGATIONS UK LTD UNAUDITED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2019

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DALTON INVESTIGATIONS UK LTD COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2019

Directors Tony Dalton

Yolanda Dalton

Company Number 09752314 (England and Wales)

Registered Office 11th Floor

Heaton Lane Stockport SK4 1BS

Accountants Bee Motion Accounting Limited

136 Hall Street

Offerton Stockport Cheshire SK1 4HE

DALTON INVESTIGATIONS UK LTD ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Accountants' report to the board of directors of Dalton Investigations UK Ltd on the preparation of the unaudited statutory accounts for the year ended 31 August 2019

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the accounts of Dalton Investigations UK Ltd for the year ended 31 August 2019 as set out on pages 5 - 9 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Dalton Investigations UK Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the accounts of Dalton Investigations UK Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Dalton Investigations UK Ltd and its Board of Directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Dalton Investigations UK Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory accounts that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Dalton Investigations UK Ltd. You consider that Dalton Investigations UK Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the accounts of Dalton Investigations UK Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory accounts.

Bee Motion Accounting Limited

136 Hall Street Offerton Stockport Cheshire SK14HE

28 May 2020

DALTON INVESTIGATIONS UK LTD STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 AUGUST 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	8,372	7,840
Current assets			
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5	30,944 2,092	12,316 1,938
	_	33,036	14,254
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(39,239)	(18,428)
Net current liabilities		(6,203)	(4,174)
Total assets less current liabilities		2,169	3,666
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>?</u>	-	(2,696)
Provisions for liabilities Deferred tax	<u>8</u>	(811)	(539)
Net assets	_	1,358	431
Capital and reserves	=		
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	9	100 1,258	100 331
Shareholders' funds	_	1,358	431
	=		

For the year ending 31 August 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - Small Entities. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Approved by the Board on 28 May 2020.

Tony Dalton Director

Company Registration No. 09752314

1 Statutory information

Dalton Investigations UK Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales, registration number 09752314. The registered office is 11th Floor, Heaton Lane, Stockport, SK4 1BS.

2 Compliance with accounting standards

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities. There were no material departures from that standard.

3 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below and have remained unchanged from the previous year, and also have been consistently applied within the same accounts.

Presentation currency

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are initially measured at cost, and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses or at a revalued amount.

Any tangible assets carried at a revalued amount are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves. However, the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves. If a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & machinery 25% Straight Line
Motor vehicles 20% Reducing Balance
Computer equipment 25% Straight Line

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the company's accounts. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more (or less) tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based on current tax rates and laws.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profit on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised and depreciated over their useful lives. The corresponding lease or hire purchase obligation is treated in the balance sheet as a liability. The interest element of rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease at a constant proportion of the outstanding balance of capital repayments.

Employee Benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are recognised in the profit and loss account when due.

Going concern

The company has considerable financial resources together with contracts with a number of clients. The director believes that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully.

After making enquiries, the director has reasonable expectations that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for a period of at least twelve months and for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report.

4	Tangible fixed assets	Plant & machinery	Motor vehicles	Computer equipment	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost or valuation	At cost	At cost	At cost	
	At 1 September 2018	385	6,100	3,562	10,047
	Additions	-	•	3,326	3,326
	At 31 August 2019	385	6,100	6,888	13,373
	Depreciation				
	At 1 September 2018	96	1,220	891	2,207
	Charge for the year	96	976	1,722	2,794
	At 31 August 2019	192	2,196	2,613	5,001
	Net book value				
	At 31 August 2019	193	3,904	4,275	8,372
	At 31 August 2018	289	4,880	2,671	7,840
5	Debtors			2019	2018
3	Debiots			£	£
	Trade debtors			4,688	901
	Accrued income and prepayments			610	610
	Other debtors			25,646	10,805
				30,944	12,316
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			2019 £	2018 £
	Obligations under finance league and him numbers continues			2,696	1,927
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts Trade creditors			1,545	1,927
	Taxes and social security			33,703	14,269
	Accruals			1,295	2,232
				39,239	18,428
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			2019	2018
				£	£
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts			-	2,696
8	Deferred taxation			2019	2018
				£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances			811	539

		2019 £	2018 £
	Provision at start of year	539	-
	Charged to the profit and loss account	272	539
	Provision at end of year	811	539
9	Share capital	2019 £	2018 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid: 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

10 Average number of employees

During the year the average number of employees was 3 (2018: 3).

