Registered number: 09744453

Eucalyptus Energy Holdings Limited
Unaudited
Directors' report and financial statements
for the year ended 30 June 2021





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Company Information

Directors E W Fellows

P S Latham M G Setchell

Company secretary Octopus Company Secretarial Services Limited

Registered number 09744453

Registered office 6th Floor

33 Holborn London England EC1N 2HT

Strategic report for the year ended 30 June 2021

Introduction

The directors present their strategic report on Eucalyptus Energy Holdings Limited (the "company") for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Principal activities and business review

Eucalyptus Energy Holdings Limited is 100% owned by Cedar Energy and Infrastructure Limited; its ultimate parent company is Fern Trading Limited. The company is the parent company of a group of companies of which the principal activities are that of the operation of biomass and landfill gas assets that generates electricity to the grid.

Despite the impact of COVID-19, the underlying subsidiaries performed well for the year ended 30 June 2021, and continue to be underpinned by strong operational performance across the portfolio.

The results for the company for the year ended 30 June 2021 and financial position as at that date were in line with expectations.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company's financial risk management seeks to minimise the exposure to energy market risk and performance risk.

Energy market risk

There is a risk that subsidiary energy sites could fail to achieve forecast levels of income due to changes in energy prices or government subsidies.

Performance risk

Unpredictable weather conditions and operational availability could impact revenue generated from subsidiary energy sites.

Performance risk is mitigated through the group's operational strategy. The servicing of assets is optimised to maximise availability and limit downtime. This is achieved through performance-backed contractual obligations of key service providers, implementing a spares strategy and enhanced data monitoring to enable faster response times and limit downtime.

Brexit

The UK left the EU on 31 January 2020 and the transition period ended on 31 December 2020, in which time the UK and EU negotiated additional arrangements and concluded the "Trade and Cooperation Agreement". The directors have considered the impact on the company regarding the agreed exit terms within the agreement and wider regulatory and legal implications within these statutory financial statements and will continue to do so.

Strategic report (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2021

Statement by the Directors in performance of their statutory duties in accordance with s172(1)(a) to (f) Companies Act 2006

The directors have considered the interest of other stakeholders within the Directors' report, which will have an impact on the long-term success of the company when performing their duty to promote the success of the company under s172. The directors view the key stakeholders of the company to be shareholders, suppliers, employees, and borrowers. When making decisions, each director ensures that he acts in the way he considers, in good faith and would most likely promote the company's success for the benefit of its members. The directors make the following considerations when considering promoting the success of the company:

- When making decisions, the directors give careful consideration to the impact of those decisions on both
 the company and broader stakeholders. This is achieved by considering any new deals or suppliers on a
 case-by-case basis and assessing the impact on the long-term objectives of the company, as well as the
 impact on and reputation of the other party. In doing so, the directors also consider the impact on other
 stakeholders, in particular the shareholders.
- The company acts in a fair manner with all suppliers and customers and seeks to maintain strong business
 relationships with them. This is achieved by all contracts being negotiated through fair and transparent
 tender process' which includes an assessment of the impact on the long-term objectives of the company.
- The company ensures that outsourced activities are with reputable suppliers who meet all the relevant industry and regulatory commitments as well as treating employees fairly. This is stated in agreements with outsourcers and adherence to this is monitored by the company management team.
- The company treats all suppliers and customers fairly, endeavouring to pay invoices within the terms of the contract. Any disputes are resolved promptly with key relationship personnel.
- Through the activities in which the company's subsidiaries operate, a positive contribution is made to the
 environment and economy through generation of renewable energy, helping the UK meet its renewable
 energy targets.

Business ethics and governance considerations have been discussed within the Directors' report. The directors understand the business and the evolving environment in which we operate and have considered the businesses specific risks and uncertainties within this strategic report.

Financial key performance indicators

The company focuses on capital preservation. In the case of its operational subsidiaries, performance is measured by revenue and EBITDA and compared against the budget set at the beginning of the year. On a quarterly basis, performance is measured against detailed financial forecast model and a returns target set at inception. Results thus far have been in line with expectations.

Objectives and strategies

The directors do not expect any change in the company's activities during the next financial year.

This report was approved by the board on

26 March 2022 and signed on its behalf.

P S Latham Director

Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2021

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Share capital

On 16 April 2021, a capital reduction resulted in the share capital of the company being reduced from £1,319,900 to £1,900 by the cancellation of 131,800,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each. Share premium also reduced from £130,670,100 to £188,100

On 27 April 2021, the company issued 175,964,609 ordinary shares of £0.01 each for a total consideration of £175,964,609.

On 20 May 2021, the company issued 230,351 ordinary shares of £0.01 each for a total consideration of £230,351.

On 27 May 2021, the company issued 17,930 ordinary shares of £0.01 each for a total consideration of £17,930.

Dividend

During the year a dividend was paid of £39,550,000 (2020: £15,010,000).

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have assessed the effects of COVID-19 on the company's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, and determined that based on recent trading of the company and revised projections, the pandemic is not expected to have a significant impact on the company's business. Further, the ultimate controlling party, Fern Trading Limited, will continue to support the operations of the company for a period of at least 12 months from the date on which the financial statements are approved. The directors will continue to monitor the situation and take any necessary actions to minimise the possible impacts of COVID-19.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise indicated, are given below:

J C N Digges (resigned 21 September 2021) E W Fellows (appointed 21 September 2021) P S Latham M G Setchell

Matters covered in the Strategic report

As permitted by s414c (11) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have elected to disclose information required to be in the Directors' report by Schedule 7 of the 'Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008', in the Strategic report.

Directors' report (continued) for the year ended 30 June 2021

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising the FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

As permitted by the Articles of Association, the directors have the benefit of an indemnity which is a qualifying third-party indemnity provision as defined by Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force throughout the last financial year and is currently in force.

Audit exemption

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006. Under the provisions of section 479C of the Companies Act 2006, Fern Trading Limited, the ultimate parent company, has given a statutory guarantee of all the outstanding liabilities to which the company is subject at 30 June 2021.

This report was approved by the board on

26 March 2022 and signed on its behalf.

P S Latham Director

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2021

		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Administrative expenses	4	(1)	(8)
Operating loss		(1)	(8)
Impairment of investments		(79,513)	(19,030)
Dividend income	6	39,550	15,010
Loss before tax		(39,964)	(4,028)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	7	-	-
Loss for the financial year		(39,964)	(4,028)

All amounts above relate to continuing operations.

The company has no items of other comprehensive income for the current or preceding financial year. Therefore no separate statement of other comprehensive income has been presented.

The notes on pages 9 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet as at 30 June 2021

	Note	2021 £'000	2021 £'000	2020 £'000	2020 £'000
Fixed assets					
Investments	8		253,300		156,600
Current assets		_		_	
Debtors	9	2		2	
Cash at bank and in hand		1		2	
	_	3	_	4	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(15)		(15)	
Net current liabilities	_		(12)		(11)
Total assets less current liabilities		_	253,288	_	156,589
Net assets		-	253,288	=	156,589
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		1,764		1,319
Share premium account			174,639		130,671
Retained earnings			76,885		24,599
Total shareholders' funds		=	253,288	=	156,589

For the year ended 30 June 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

No members have required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 26 March 2022

P S Latham Director

The notes on pages 9 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2021

	Called up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total shareholder s' funds £'000
At 1 July 2019	1,319	130,671	43,637	175,627
Loss for the financial year	-	-	(4,028)	(4,028)
Distributions to shareholders	-	-	(15,010)	(15,010)
At 1 July 2020	1,319	130,671	24,599	156,589
Profit for the financial year	-	-	(39,964)	(39,964)
Cancellation of called up share capital	(1,318)	(130,482)	131,800	-
Distributions to shareholders	-	-	(39,550)	(39,550)
Shares issued during the year	1,763	174,450	-	176,213
At 30 June 2021	1,764	174,639	76,885	253,288

The notes on pages 9 to 18 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

1. General information

Eucalyptus Energy Holdings Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in and domiciled in England, the United Kingdom, registered number: 09744453. The registered office is 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England, EC1N 2HT.

The company is the parent company of a group of companies of which the principal activities are that of the operation of biomass and landfill gas assets that generates electricity to the grid.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with, including notification of, and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the company's shareholders.

The company has taken advantage of the following exemptions:

- from preparing a statement of cash flows, required under Section 7 of FRS 102 and para 3.17(d);
- from disclosing the company's key management personnel compensation as required by FRS 102 para 33.7; and
- from disclosing related party transactions that are wholly owned within the same group.

2.3 Consolidation

These financial statements contain information about the company as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as a parent undertaking of a group. The company is exempt under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of Fern Trading Limited, a company incorporated in England, the United Kingdom.

2.4 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have assessed the effects of COVID-19 on the company's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due, and determined that based on recent trading of the company and revised projections, the pandemic is not expected to have a significant impact on the company's business. Further, the ultimate controlling party, Fern Trading Limited, will continue to support the operations of the company for a period of at least 12 months from the date on which the financial statements are approved. The directors will continue to monitor the situation and take any necessary actions to minimise the possible impacts of COVID-19.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

2.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date non-financial assets not carried at fair value are assessed to determine whether there is an indication that the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) may be impaired. If there is such an indication the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is compared to the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit).

The recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is defined as the present value of the future cash flows before interest and tax obtainable as a result of the asset's (or asset's cash generating unit) continued use. These cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that represents the current market risk-free rate and the risks inherent in the asset.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account, unless the asset has been revalued when the amount is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation. Thereafter any excess is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

2.7 Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the period or prior periods. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Financial instruments

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

For financial assets measured at cost and amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.9 Related party transactions

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned with the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

2.10 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Critical judgements in applying the company's accounting policies

There are no critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies.

(b) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The value of investments in subsidiary undertakings held by the company is reviewed annually for impairment. The recoverability of these balances is considered with reference to the present value of the estimated future cash flows. These calculations use cash flow projections which extend forward forecasted business performance together with assumptions surrounding the expect life of the asset, externally prepared forecasts and valuations, and any adjustments required to the discount rate to take account of business risk. The estimated present value of these future cash flows is sensitive to the discount rate and growth rate used in the calculation, all of which require management's judgement. Testing of the carrying value has been performed during the year, which has involved several scenarios being modelled. Following this assessment management have concluded that the carrying value of investments in subsidiary entities is supported by the underlying valuations (see note 8).

4. Operating loss

The operating loss is stated after charging:

Audit fees		2021 £000	2020 £000
, radic loog	Audit fees	-	3

5. Employees and directors' remuneration

The company had no employees during the year (2020: none). The directors did not receive or waive any remuneration (2020: £nil).

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

6. Dividends

		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Dividend income	39,550	15,010
7.	Taxation		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Current tax on profits for the year	-	-
	Total current tax	-	-

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2020 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(39,964)	(4,028)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020 - 19%) Effects of:	(7,593)	(765)
Impairment charges	15,108	3,617
Non-taxable income	(7,515)	(2,852)
Total tax charge for the year	-	-

Factors that may affect future tax charges

In the Spring Budget 2021, the Government announced that from 1 April 2023 the corporation tax rate will increase to 25%. As the proposal to increase the rate to 25% had not been substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, its effects are not included in these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

8. Investments

	Subsidiary undertakings £'000
Cost	
At 1 July 2020	175,630
Additions	176,213
At 30 June 2021	351,843
Impairment	
At 1 July 2020	19,030
Charge for the year	79,513
At 30 June 2021	98,543
Net book value	
At 30 June 2021	253,300
At 30 June 2020	156,600

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

8. Investments (continued)

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the company:

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
Eucalyptus Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Melton Renewable Energy UK Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Melton Renewable Energy (Holdings) Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Melton LG Holding Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Melton LG Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Melton LG ROC Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Asset leasing company
CLPE Holdings Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
CLP Envirogas Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Operating and maintenance
CLP Developments Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	services Non-trading company
CLP Services Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Non-trading company
CLPE 1999 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
CLPE 1991 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Domant company
CLPE Projects 1 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
CLPE Projects 2 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
CLPE Projects 3 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
CLPE ROC - 1 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
CLPE ROC - 2 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
CLPE ROC - 3 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
CLPE ROC - 4 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Bellhouse Energy Limited	uK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Chelson Meadow Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Summerston Energy Limited *	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
United Mines Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Whinney Hill Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Beighton Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Cotesbach Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Queens Park Road Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Skelbrooke Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Wetherden Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Auchencarroch Energy Limited *	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

8. Investments (continued)

Name	Country of incorporation	Class of shares	Holding	Principal activity
Bolam Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Colsterworth Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Connon Bridge Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Feltwell Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Garlaff Energy Limited *	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Jameson Road Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
March Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Todhills Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Beetley Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Cathkin Energy Limited *	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Cilgwyn Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Stoneyhill Energy Limited *	UK	Ordinary	100%	Dormant company
CLPE ROC - 3A Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
CLPE ROC - 4A Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Melton Renewable Energy Newco Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
EPR Renewable Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Energy Power Resources Limited EPR Scotland Limited **	UK UK	Ordinary Ordinary	100% 100%	Energy project development and management services Energy generation
EPR Ely Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
EPR Eye Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
EPR Glanford Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
EPR Thetford Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Fibrophos Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Supply of fertiliser
Oldhall Energy Recovery Holdings Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Doveryard Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
DY Oldhall Energy Recovery Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation

Eucalyptus Energy Limited is held directly by the Company. All other subsidiaries are held indirectly.

The registered office of all of the companies listed above is 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, England, EC1N 2HT except for those set out below:

^{*} Pinsent Masons LLP, Princes Exchange, 1 Earl Grey Street, Edinburgh, EH3 9AQ

^{** 1} West Regent Street, Glasgow, G2 1AP

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

9. Debtors

		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Other debtors		2
10.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Trade creditors	1	8
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	8	-
	Accruals and deferred income	6	7
		15	15
11.	Share capital		
		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	4 704	4.240
	176,402,891 (2020: 131,990,001) Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	1,764	1,319

On 16 April 2021, a capital reduction resulted in the share capital of the company being reduced from £1,319,900 to £1,900 by the cancellation of 131,800,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each. Share premium also reduced from £130,670,100 to £188,100.

On 27 April 2021, the company issued 175,964,609 ordinary shares of £0.01 each for a total consideration of £175,964,609.

On 20 May 2021, the company issued 230,351 ordinary shares of £0.01 each for a total consideration of £230,351.

On 27 May 2021, the company issued 17,930 ordinary shares of £0.01 each for a total consideration of £17,930.

12. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 33.1A from the provisions of FRS 102, on the grounds that at 30 June 2021 it was a wholly owned subsidiary.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021

13. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Cedar Energy and Infrastructure Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The ultimate parent undertaking as at the year ended 30 June 2021 was Fern Trading Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. Fern Trading Limited is the largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of Fern Trading Limited's consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary, 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, EC1N 2HT.