Registered Number 09702587

Perfect Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

31 July 2016

Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2016

	Notes	2016		
Fixed assets	2	£	£	
Tangible			4,067	
		_	4,067	
Current assets				
Debtors		507		
Cash at bank and in hand		63,686		
Total current assets	-	64,193		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(19,455)		
Net current assets (liabilities)			44,738	
Total assets less current liabilities		_	48,805	
Total net assets (liabilities)		_	48,805	
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	4		10	
Profit and loss account			48,795	

Shareholders funds	48,805	

- a. For the year ending 31 July 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 07 February 2017

And signed on their behalf by:

Ms V J Sleight, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 July 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

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The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Fixtures & Fittings 20% Method for Fixtures & fittings Equipment 33.33% Method for Equipment

₂ Fixed Assets

	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£
Additions	5,400	5,400
At 31 July 2016	5,400	5,400

Depreciation		
Charge for year	1,333	1,333
At 31 July 2016	1,333	1,333
Net Book Value		
At 31 July 2016	4,067	4,067

$_{\mbox{\scriptsize 3}}$ Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

4 Share capital

	2016
	£
Authorised share capital:	
1000 Ordinary of £1 each	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	
10 Ordinary of £1 each	10

Ordinary shares issued in the

year:

10 Ordinary of £1 each were issued in the year with a nominal value of £10, for a consideration of £10