Registration number: 09675714

# Synyega Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019 Filleted Accounts

Thompson Jones Business Solutions Limited Chartered Accountants 2 Heap Bridge Bury Lancashire BL9 7HR

# Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>8</u>

# **Company Information**

**Director** A Crawley

Company secretary S T Crawley

Registered office 2 Heap Bridge

Bury Lancashire BL9 7HR

Solicitors Bauer & Cotterell

First Floor

102-104 Dunstable Street

Ampthill Beds MK45 2JP

Accountants Thompson Jones Business Solutions Limited

**Chartered Accountants** 

2 Heap Bridge

Bury Lancashire BL9 7HR

Page 1

# (Registration number: 09675714) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	12,509	3,970
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	53,321	54,462
Cash at bank and in hand	_	96,734	104,753
		150,055	159,215
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(144,608)	(76,787)
Net current assets	_	5,447	82,428
Net assets	_	17,956	86,398
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account	_	17,856	86,298
Total equity	_	17,956	86,398

For the financial year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages  $\underline{4}$  to  $\underline{8}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 09675714) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

proved and authorised by the director on 13 November 2020	
Crawley	
irector	

The notes on pages  $\underline{4}$  to  $\underline{8}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 2 Heap Bridge
Bury
Lancashire
BL9 7HR

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 13 November 2020.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

Furniture, fixtures and fittings

25% Straight line method

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Work not yet invoiced

Work not yet invoiced is calculated on the basis of the fair value of services provided at the balance sheet date as a proportion of the total value of the engagement.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 2 (2018 - 2).

#### 4 Profit before tax

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)

		2019 £	2018 £
Depreciation expense		4,462	441
	Page 6	·	

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

## 5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2019	4,846	4,846
Additions	13,001	13,001
At 31 December 2019	17,847	17,847
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2019	876	876
Charge for the year	4,462	4,462
At 31 December 2019	5,338	5,338
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2019	12,509	12,509
At 31 December 2018	3,970	3,970
6 Debtors		
	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	52,368	51,015
Prepayments	953	3,422
Other debtors		25

53,321

54,462

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

#### 7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	10,982	12,059
Taxation and social security	32,529	19,592
Accruals and deferred income	1,994	1,994
Other creditors	99,103	43,142
	144,608	76,787

Page 8

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