**Phoenix Engineering & Consultancy Services Ltd** 

Registered number: 09665705

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 March 2018

	Notes		2018		2017
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		3,271		745
Current assets					
Debtors	3	20,955		25,529	
Cash at bank and in hand		92,538		41,894	
	_	113,493		67,423	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(42,110)		(41,733)	
Net current assets	_		71,383		25,690
Total assets less current liabilities		-	74,654	-	26,435
Provisions for liabilities			(621)		(149)
Net assets		-	74,033	-	26,286
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			73,933		26,186
Shareholders' funds		-	74,033	-	26,286

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

# Director

Approved by the board on 29 October 2018

# Phoenix Engineering & Consultancy Services Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2018

# 1 Accounting policies

## Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

## Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Office equipment 20% reducing balance Plant and machinery 20% reducing balance

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

## Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

## **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

# 2 Tangible fixed assets

		Office equipment £	Plant and equipment	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 April 2017	765	-	765
	Additions	-	3,176	3,176
	At 31 March 2018	765	3,176	3,941
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2017	20	-	20
	Charge for the year	15	635	650
	At 31 March 2018	35	635	670
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2018	730	2,541	3,271
	At 31 March 2017	745	-	745
3	Debtors		2018	2017
			£	£
	Trade debtors		20,955	25,529
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2018	2017
			£	£
	Trade creditors		4,619	3,554
	Corporation tax		24,768	22,650
	Other taxes and social security costs		7,272	8,405
	Other creditors		5,451	7,124
			42,110	41,733
			<del></del>	

# 5 Other information

Phoenix Engineering & Consultancy Services Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in Wales. Its registered office is:

Dolfeinog

Maenclochog

Clynderwen

Pembs

**SA66 7LB** 

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.