

Company registration number: 09665160

Morden Hall Events Limited

Trading as Morden Hall

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 August 2017

Morden Hall Events Limited

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Directors and other information

Director	Mr Gajan Rajasekaran
Secretary	Mr Gehan Rajasekaran
Company number	09665160
Registered office	797 Harrow Road Sudbury Town Wembley HA0 2LP
Business address	21 Morden Hall Road London SM4 5JD
Accountants	Accountancy Solutions 797 Harrow Road Sudbury Town Wembley HA0 2LP

Morden Hall Events Limited**Statement of financial position****31 August 2017**

	Note	31/08/17 £	31/08/16 £
Current assets			
Debtors	4	269,885	68,709
Cash at bank and in hand		34,309	73,238
		<u>304,194</u>	<u>141,947</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(303,487)	(239,799)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		<u>707</u>	<u>(97,852)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>707</u>	<u>(97,852)</u>
Net assets/(liabilities)		<u>707</u>	<u>(97,852)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		607	(97,952)
Shareholders funds/(deficit)		<u>707</u>	<u>(97,852)</u>

For the year ending 31 August 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 August 2018 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Gajan Rajasekaran

Director

Company registration number: 09665160

Morden Hall Events Limited

Statement of changes in equity

Year ended 31 August 2017

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 September 2015	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the year		(97,952)	(97,952)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(97,952)	(97,952)
Issue of shares	100		100
Total investments by and distributions to owners	100	-	100
At 31 August 2016 and 1 September 2016	100	(97,952)	(97,852)
Profit/(loss) for the year		137,559	137,559
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	137,559	137,559
Dividends paid and payable		(39,000)	(39,000)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(39,000)	(39,000)
At 31 August 2017	100	607	707

Morden Hall Events Limited

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 August 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Morden Hall Events Limited, 797 Harrow Road, Sudbury Town, Wembley, HA0 2LP.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 September 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 6.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Debtors

	31/08/17	31/08/16
	£	£
Trade debtors	-	219
Amounts owed by group undertakings	269,885	68,490
	<u>269,885</u>	<u>68,709</u>

5. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	31/08/17	31/08/16
	£	£
Corporation tax	1,866	-
Other creditors	301,621	239,799
	<u>303,487</u>	<u>239,799</u>

6. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 September 2015.

Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.