Company Registration No. 09638616 (England and Wales)		
TRANSWORLD BUSINESS ADVISORS UK LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR		

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

		2022		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£		
Fixed assets							
Intangible assets	3		160,126		169,109		
Tangible assets	4		13,593		217		
			173,719		169,326		
Current assets							
Debtors	5	165,678		348,735			
Cash at bank and in hand		219,965		107,824			
		385,643		456,559			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one							
year	6	(116,805)		(145,622)			
Net current assets			268,838		310,937		
Total assets less current liabilities			442,557		480,263		
Creditors: amounts falling due after more							
than one year	7		(532,951)		(759,161)		
Net liabilities			(90,394)		(278,898)		
Capital and reserves							
Called up share capital			100		100		
Profit and loss reserves			(90,494)		(278,998)		
Total equity			(90,394)		(278,898)		
. *							

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 April 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Dr M Ziff

Director

Company Registration No. 09638616

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Transworld Business Advisors UK Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Floor 3 38-39 South Molton Street, London, England, W1K 5RL.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT. The fair value of consideration takes into account discounts or rebates.

Revenue from franchise sales is recognised in full on the date that the that a franchisee assumes responsibility for the territory they have purchased under the franchising agreement.

Revenue from brokerage services is recognised on the date that a underlying transaction completes.

Revenue from other services is recognised when the contracted services are provided.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Franchise rights

Straight line over 25 years

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Office and computer equipment

Straight line over 4 years

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, and deposits held at call with banks.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets. The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

1.13 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

1.14 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

2022 Number	
Total 3	5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

3	Intangible fixed assets	Franchisa
		Franchise rights
	Cost	£
	At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	224,578
	Amortisation and impairment	
	At 1 January 2022	55,469
	Amortisation charged for the year	8,983
	At 31 December 2022	64,452
	Carrying amount	
	At 31 December 2022	160,126
	At 31 December 2021	169,109
4	Tangible fixed assets	.
		Plant and machinery etc
		£
	Cost	4.000
	At 1 January 2022	4,669
	Additions Disposals	14,357 (3,977)
	At 31 December 2022	15,049
	Depreciation and impairment	
	At 1 January 2022	4,452
	Depreciation charged in the year	981
	Eliminated in respect of disposals	(3,977)
	At 31 December 2022	1,456
	Carrying amount	
	At 31 December 2022	13,593
	At 31 December 2021	217

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

		2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	150,821	333,591
	Other debtors	14,857 ———	15,144 ———
		165,678	348,735
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade creditors	37,040	26,499
	Taxation and social security	29,308	44,455
	Other creditors	50,457 ———	74,668
		116,805	145,622
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	48,800	49,061
	Other creditors	484,151	710,100
		532,951	759,161
8	Operating lease commitments		
	Lessee		
	At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimunon-cancellable operating leases, as follows:	ım lease payments ı	under
	Troff cartectiable sportaing leades, as follows.	2022	2021
		£	£

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.