Company registration number: 09506459

**MRB Medical Limited** 

Unaudited financial statements Filleted accounts

31 March 2018

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## **Directors and other information**

**Directors** 

Dr Binit Ramnik Patel

Dr Ramnik Patel

Company number

09506459

Registered office

40 Avondale Road

Benfleet Essex SS7 1EJ

Accountants

Amey Kamp LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

310 Harrow Road

Wembley Middlesex HA9 6LL

**Bankers** 

National Westminster Bank Plc

## Statement of financial position 31 March 2018

	•	2018		2017	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	6	579		772	
			579	<del></del>	772
Current assets					
Debtors	7			133	•
Cash at bank and in hand		56,910		42,267	
		56,910		42,400	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(13,804)		(10,763)	
Net current assets			43,106		31,637
Total assets less current liabilities		•	43,685		32,409
Provisions for liabilities			(110)		(154)
Net assets			43,575		32,255
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital		•	100		100
Profit and loss account	•		43,475	•	32,155
Shareholders funds			43,575		32,255

For the year ending 31 March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Directors responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect
  to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of financial position (continued) 31 March 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26 October 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

**Dr Ramnik Patel** 

**Director** 

Company registration number: 09506459

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 March 2018

## 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 40 Avondale Road, Benfleet, Essex, SS7 1EJ.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

#### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2018

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment

- 25%

reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### **Impairment**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

#### 4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors was 2 (2017: 2).

## 5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	0 0 1	•		
			2018	2017
	•		£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets			193	664
			=======================================	

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2018

6.	Tangible assets		
		Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
		£	£
	Cost At 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018	1,544	1,544
	Depreciation		
	At 1 April 2017	772	772
	Charge for the year	193	193
	At 31 March 2018	965	965
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 March 2018	579	579
	At 31 March 2017	772	772
<b>7</b> .	Debtors		
		2018	2017
	Others deliters	£	£ 133
	Other debtors	<u>-</u>	====
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
U.	oreattors, amounts raining and warm one year	2018	2017
		£	£
	Corporation tax	8,555	7,243
	Other creditors	5,249	3,520
		13,804	10,763
			_

## Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 March 2018

## 9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2018				
		Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		£	£	£	£
Dr Ramnik Patel		(3,040)	25,000	(26,609)	(4,649)
	2017				
		Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the directors	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		£	£	£	£
Dr Ramnik Patel		(1,187) ———	25,000	(26,853)	(3,040)

## 10. Related party transactions

During the year, the company issued a dividend of £10,000 (2017: £10,000) to the directors of the company.