Statement of Consent to Prepare Abridged Financial Statements

All of the members of Advanced Power Care Limited have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 December 2016 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 09498115

Advanced Power Care Limited Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements 31 December 2016

Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2016

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Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors Mr D A Fremlin

Mr J A Bartholomew

Registered office 38 Ashley Piece

Ramsbury Wiltshire SN8 2QE

Accountants Haines Watts

Chartered Accountants
Old Station House
Station Approach
Newport Street

Swindon SN1 3DU

Abridged Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2016

		2016		2015
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	4		463	-
Current assets				
Debtors		15,711		7,854
Cash at bank and in hand		1,593		7,378
		17,304		15,232
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		18,371		17,944
Net current liabilities			1,067	2,712
Total assets less current liabilities			(604)	(2,712)
Provisions				
Taxation including deferred tax			93	_
Net liabilities			(697)	(2,712)
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			100	100
Profit and loss account			(797)	(2,812)
Members deficit			(697)	(2,712)

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

Abridged Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 December 2016

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26 September 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr D A Fremlin

Director

Company registration number: 09498115

Statement of Changes in Equity

Year ended 31 December 2016

	Called up	Profit and loss	
	share capital	account	Total
	£	£	£
At 19 March 2015	_	_	_
Loss for the year		(2,812)	(2,812)
Total assumptions in a superfect the same		(0 040)	(0 040)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	(2,812)	(2,812)
Issue of shares	100	_	100
Total investments by and distributions to owners	100	_	100
At 31 December 2015	100	(2,812)	(2,712)
Profit for the year		2,015	2,015
		•	
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	2,015	2,015

At 31 December 2016	100	(797)	(697)

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2016

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 38 Ashley Piece, Ramsbury, Wiltshire, SN8 2QE.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 19 March 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 7.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings - 25% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the abridged statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

4. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
Additions	617
At 31 December 2016	617
Depreciation	
Charge for the year	154
At 31 December 2016	154
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2016	463
At 31 December 2015	

5. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

		2016	
		Advances/	
	Balance	(credits) to the	Balance
	brought forward	directors	outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr D A Fremlin	(3,900)	_	(3,900)
Mr J A Bartholomew	(4,000)	-	(4,000)
	(7,900)		(7,900)
		2015	
		Advances/	
	Balance	(credits) to the	Balance
	brought forward	directors	outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr D A Fremlin	_	(3,900)	(3,900)
Mr J A Bartholomew	-	(4,000)	(4,000)
		(7,900)	(7,900)

6. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr D Fremlin throughout the current period. Mr Fremlin is the majority shareholder. During the year the company purchased goods from Advanced Battery Care Limited, a company owned by Mr Fremlin and his wife, totalling £1,424 (2015 - £11,559). At the year end £Nil (2015 - £7,525) was outstanding in respect of these transactions. In the prior year the company loaned Advanced Battery Care Limited £5,931 and had a VAT liability of £119 paid for by them. The net of these two amounts, £5,812 (2015 - £5,812), was written off during the year.

7. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first abridged financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 19 March 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the period.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.