Registration number: 09486162

Passion Interiors South West Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

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Company Information

Director Spencer Graham O'Byrne

Registered office Square Accounting 5 Albert Road

5 Albert Roa Southsea Hampshire

PO5 2SE

Accountants Square Accounting

5 Albert Road Southsea Hampshire PO5 2SE

(Registration number: 09486162) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>4</u>	18,616	9,761
Cash at bank and in hand		801	3,153
		19,417	12,914
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>5</u>	(17,277)	(9,192)
Net assets		2,140	3,722
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>6</u>	1	1
Profit and loss account		2,139	3,721
Total equity		2,140	3,722

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 7 August 2020				
Spencer Graham O'Byrne				
Director				

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Square Accounting 5 Albert Road Southsea Hampshire PO5 2SE England

The principal place of business is: Tamar Terrace 3 sand lane Calstock PL18 9QX England

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 7 August 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Prior period errors

Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant judgements

There are no judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies that have any significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. There are no key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year..

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Depreciation

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

20% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Computer Equipment

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2018 - 1).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

4 Debtors					
				2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors				-	1,169
Other debtors				18,616	8,592
				18,616	9,761
5 Creditors					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
			Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year					
Loans and borrowings			<u>7</u>	3,303	1,035
Trade creditors				140	-
Taxation and social security				13,834	8,157
				17,277	9,192
6 Share capital					
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares					
		2019		2018	
	No.		£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each		1	1	1	1

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

7 Loans and borrowings

	2019 £	2018 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Other borrowings	3,303	1,035
8 Dividends	2019	2018
	£	£
Interim dividend of £29,000 (2018 - £23,796) per ordinary share	29,000	23,796

Southsea

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