

Registered number
09483279

J G Cattle Services Limited

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

30 June 2017

J G Cattle Services Limited**Registered number:** 09483279**Balance Sheet****as at 30 June 2017**

	Notes	2017	2016
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	12,502	16,669
Tangible assets	4	52,036	34,172
		<u>64,538</u>	<u>50,841</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		2,677	1,215
Debtors	5	9,469	10,850
Cash at bank and in hand		6,814	13,856
		<u>18,960</u>	<u>25,921</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(47,412)	(46,630)
Net current liabilities		<u>(28,452)</u>	<u>(20,709)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>36,086</u>	<u>30,132</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(11,037)	(2,174)
Provisions for liabilities		(9,687)	(6,834)
Net assets		<u>15,362</u>	<u>21,124</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		10	10
Profit and loss account		15,352	21,114
Shareholders' funds		<u>15,362</u>	<u>21,124</u>

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not

been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

J W Griffin

Director

Approved by the board on 17 March 2018

J G Cattle Services Limited
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 30 June 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	15% straight line and 15% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	over 4 years

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2017	2016
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
3	Intangible fixed assets		£
	Goodwill:		
	Cost		
	At 1 July 2016		<u>20,836</u>
	At 30 June 2017		<u>20,836</u>
	Amortisation		
	At 1 July 2016		4,167
	Provided during the year		<u>4,167</u>

At 30 June 2017	8,334
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Net book value

At 30 June 2017	12,502
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At 30 June 2016	16,669
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Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 July 2016	34,402	3,500	37,902
Additions	-	26,193	26,193
Disposals	-	(3,500)	(3,500)
At 30 June 2017	<u>34,402</u>	<u>26,193</u>	<u>60,595</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2016	2,782	948	3,730
Charge for the year	2,979	2,798	5,777
On disposals	-	(948)	(948)
At 30 June 2017	<u>5,761</u>	<u>2,798</u>	<u>8,559</u>
Net book value			
At 30 June 2017	<u>28,641</u>	<u>23,395</u>	<u>52,036</u>
At 30 June 2016	31,620	2,552	34,172

5 Debtors

	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade debtors	8,683	5,750
Other debtors	786	5,100
	<u>9,469</u>	<u>10,850</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	3,394	4,552
Trade creditors	1,168	683
Corporation tax	1,498	2,490
Other taxes and social security costs	2,751	3,271
Director's Loan account	32,733	31,893
Other creditors	5,868	3,741

	<u>47,412</u>	<u>46,630</u>
7 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2017	2016
	£	£
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	<u>11,037</u>	<u>2,174</u>
8 Loans and hire purchase	2017	2016
	£	£
Creditors include:		
Secured obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	<u>(14,431)</u>	<u>(6,725)</u>

The loan is secured on the asset purchase under the contract.

9 Related party transactions

The director's loan account has been in credit throughout the year. All transactions with the director have been concluded under normal market conditions.

10 Controlling party

The company is controlled by Mr J W Griffin, director and shareholder, through his holding of 7 of the 10 Ordinary shares in issue.

11 Other information

J G Cattle Services Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England.

Its registered office is:

Spring Cottage

Blundestone Lane, Longway Bank

Matlock

Derbyshire

DE4 5HU

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.