Registration number: 09482419

Whitehat Analytics Limited

Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Critchleys LLP Greyfriars Court Paradise Street Oxford OX1 1BE

Whitehat Analytics Limited Contents

Abridged Balance Sheet	$\underline{1}$ to $\underline{2}$
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements	<u>3</u> to <u>5</u>

Whitehat Analytics Limited (Registration number: 09482419) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>3</u>	4,517	2,728
Current assets			
Debtors		18,493	4,040
		10,120	1,010
Cash at bank and in hand		26,431	20,721
		44,924	24,761
Prepayments and accrued income		688	-
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(38,988	(24,105
Net current assets		6,624	656
Total assets less current liabilities		11,141	3,384
Accruals and deferred income		(2,875)	(2,900)
Net assets		8,266	484
Capital and reserves	•		
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		8,166	384
Total equity		8,266	484

The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{5}$ form an integral part of these abridged financial statements.

Whitehat Analytics Limited (Registration number: 09482419) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017

For the financial year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Profit and Loss Account and an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 8 May 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

Tobias Heinz Kloepper

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form an integral part of these abridged financial statements.

Page 2

Whitehat Analytics Limited

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England.

The	address	o f	its	registered	office			is:
Greyfri	iars					\mathbf{C}	u	r t
Paradi	s e					Squ	a	r e
O x f	o r d							
O X 1						1	В	Ε
England								
The	principal		place	o f	business			is:
2 0 - 2 2			Wenloo	e k		R	. 0	a d
L o n	d o n							
N 1					7	G	ł	U
England								

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 8 May 2017.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

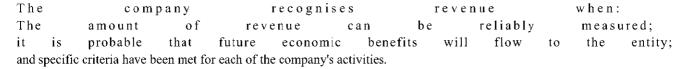
These abridged financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.



Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Whitehat Analytics Limited Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class Depreciation method and rate

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

33% straight line basis

Trade debtors

Office equipment

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current l i a b i l i t i c s.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Whitehat Analytics Limited Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2017

3 Tangible assets

	Total £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2016	4,092
Additions	6,305
At 31 March 2017	10,397
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2016	1,364
Charge for the period	4,516
At 31 March 2017	5,880
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2017	4,517
At 31 March 2016	2,728

Page 5

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.