

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD 29 JUNE 2020 TO 27 JUNE 2021
FOR
MARSHALL SCOTT INTERIORS LIMITED

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FOR THE PERIOD 29 JUNE 2020 TO 27 JUNE 2021**

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MARSHALL SCOTT INTERIORS LIMITED
COMPANY INFORMATION
FOR THE PERIOD 29 JUNE 2020 TO 27 JUNE 2021

DIRECTORS:

Mrs N Marshall
D F E Marshall

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Olivers Business Park
Maldon Road
Witham
Essex
CM8 3HY

REGISTERED NUMBER:

09445708 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

AGK Partners
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors
1 Kings Avenue
London
N21 3NA

MARSHALL SCOTT INTERIORS LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 09445708)

BALANCE SHEET
27 JUNE 2021

	Notes	2021 £	£	2020 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Property, Plant and Equipment	4		36,217		54,830
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	5	1,527		1,527	
Debtors	6	148,045		77,554	
Cash at bank		<u>21,865</u>		<u>67,857</u>	
		171,437		146,938	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>798,593</u>		<u>667,562</u>	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>(627,156)</u>		<u>(520,624)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(590,939)		(465,794)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			6,881		9,020
NET LIABILITIES			<u>(597,820)</u>		<u>(474,814)</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			<u>(597,920)</u>		<u>(474,914)</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>(597,820)</u>		<u>(474,814)</u>

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 23 September 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

D F E Marshall - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD 29 JUNE 2020 TO 27 JUNE 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Marshall Scott Interiors Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provision of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties, investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value.

Significant judgements and estimates

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no significant judgements or estimates involved in the preparation of the financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE PERIOD 29 JUNE 2020 TO 27 JUNE 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and in hand, short term deposits with an original maturity date of one month. Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The directors regard the foreseeable future as no less than twelve months following the publication of the company's annual financial statements. The directors have considered the company's balance sheet position as at the year end, its working capital forecasts and projections, continuing support from the company's parent undertaking and the impact of the current crisis, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance and the current state of its operating market and are satisfied that the company has sufficient resources to remain in operational existence. Accordingly, they have adopted going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the period was 3 (2020 - 3) .

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Totals £
COST			
At 29 June 2020	1,174	111,344	112,518
Additions	1,708	-	1,708
Disposals	-	(2,737)	(2,737)
At 27 June 2021	<u>2,882</u>	<u>108,607</u>	<u>111,489</u>
DEPRECIATION			
At 29 June 2020	1,174	56,514	57,688
Charge for period	570	18,456	19,026
Eliminated on disposal	-	(1,442)	(1,442)
At 27 June 2021	<u>1,744</u>	<u>73,528</u>	<u>75,272</u>
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 27 June 2021	<u>1,138</u>	<u>35,079</u>	<u>36,217</u>
At 28 June 2020	<u>-</u>	<u>54,830</u>	<u>54,830</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
FOR THE PERIOD 29 JUNE 2020 TO 27 JUNE 2021

5. STOCKS

	2021	2020
	£	£
Stocks	<u>1,527</u>	<u>1,527</u>

6. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	56,165	64,042
Amounts owed by group undertakings	50,000	-
Other debtors	4,141	6,101
Directors' current accounts	6,080	-
Prepayments	<u>31,659</u>	<u>7,411</u>
	<u>148,045</u>	<u>77,554</u>

7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	48,094	22,901
Amounts owed to group undertakings	669,966	629,171
Social security and other taxes	-	4,187
VAT	23,167	-
Other creditors	53,841	11,303
Accrued expenses	<u>3,525</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>798,593</u>	<u>667,562</u>

8. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Alekos Christofi (FCCA) (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of AGK Partners

9. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Included in debtors, falling due within one year, is an amount of £50,000 (2020: Nil) owed from connected companies. These loans are interest free and repayable on demand.

Included in debtors, falling due within one year, is an amount of £6,080 (2020: £6,080) owed by the director.

Included in creditors, falling due within one year is an amount of £571,580 (2020: £541,243) owed to connected companies. These loans are interest free and repayable on demand.

10. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The controlling party is Never What If Group Limited.

The ultimate controlling party is D F E Marshall.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.