

FILE COPY

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF A COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY

Company Number 9411342

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that:

TTG TRAINING CIC

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a Community Interest Company; is a private company, that the company is limited by shares; and the situation of the registered office is in England and Wales

NU9411342B

Given at Companies House on 28th January 2015.





000001/35

In accordance with Section 9 of the Companies Act 2006

IN01

Application to register a company



A fee is payable with this form Please see 'How to pay' on the last page

What this form is for You may use this form to register a private or public company

X What this form is NO You cannot use this for a limited liability partin this, please use form LI



20/01/2015

COMPANIES HOUSE Part 1 **Company details** Α1 Company name → Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in bold black capitals To check if a company name is available use our WebCHeck service and select the 'Company Name Availability Search' option All fields are mandatory unless specified or indicated by " www.companieshouse.gov.uk/info O Duplicate names Duplicate names are not permitted Please show the proposed company name below A list of registered names can be found on our website There Proposed company TTG Training CIC are various rules that may affect name in full 0 your choice of name. More information on this is available in 9411342 For official use our guidance booklet GP1 at www.companieshouse.gov.uk A2 Company name restrictions o Please tick the box only if the proposed company name contains sensitive Company name restrictions A list of sensitive or restricted or restricted words or expressions that require you to seek comments of a words or expressions that require government department or other specified body consent can be found in our quidance booklet GP1 at I confirm that the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted www.companieshouse.gov.uk words or expressions and that approval, where appropriate, has been sought of a government department or other specified body and I attach a copy of their response **A3** Exemption from name ending with 'Limited' or 'Cyfyngedig' o • Name ending exemption Only private companies that are Please tick the box if you wish to apply for exemption from the requirement to limited by guarantee and meet other have the name ending with 'Limited', Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative specific requirements are eligible to apply for this. For more details, I confirm that the above proposed company meets the conditions for please go to our website exemption from the requirement to have a name ending with 'Limited', www.companieshouse.gov.uk 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative Å4 Company type[®] OCompany type Please tick the box that describes the proposed company type and members' If you are unsure of your company's liability (only one box must be ticked) type, please go to our website Public limited by shares www.companieshouse.gov.uk Z Private limited by shares Private limited by quarantee Private unlimited with share capital Private unlimited without share capital

Application to register a company Α5 Situation of registered office o Registered office Please tick the appropriate box below that describes the situation of the Every company must have a proposed registered office (only one box must be ticked) registered office and this is the **England and Wales** address to which the Registrar will Wales send correspondence Scotland For England and Wales companies, Northern Ireland the address must be in England or Wales For Welsh, Scottish or Northern Ireland companies, the address must be in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively A6 Registered office address @ Registered office address Please give the registered office address of your company You must ensure that the address Building name/number shown in this section is consistent with the situation indicated in Street Scalford Drive section A5 You must provide an address in Welland England or Wales for companies to Peterborough be registered in England and Wales. Post town You must provide an address in County/Region Cambridgeshire Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland for companies to be registered in Postcode Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively **A7** Articles of association o Please choose one option only and tick one box only For details of which company type can adopt which model articles, I wish to adopt one of the following model articles in its entirety. Please tick Option 1 please go to our website only one box www.companieshouse.gov.uk Private limited by shares Private limited by guarantee Public company Option 2 I wish to adopt the following model articles with additional and/or amended provisions I attach a copy of the additional and/or amended provision(s) Please tick only one box Private limited by shares Private limited by guarantee Public company Option 3 I wish to adopt entirely bespoke articles. I attach a copy of the bespoke articles to this application **8A** Restricted company articles © Please tick the box below if the company's articles are restricted • Restricted company articles Restricted company articles are those containing provision for entrenchment For more details, please go to our website www.companieshouse.gov.uk

IN01

Application to register a company

Proposed officers Part 2

For private companies the appointment of a secretary is optional, however, if you do decide to appoint a company secretary you must provide the relevant details. Public companies are required to appoint at least one secretary

Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual

For a secretary who is an individual, go to Section B1, For a corporate secretary, go to Section C1, For a director who is an individual, go to Section D1, For a corporate director, go to Section E1

B1	Secretary appointments •		
	Please use this section to list all the secretary appointments taken on formation For a corporate secretary, complete Sections C1-C5	• Corporate appointments For corporate secretary appointments, please complete	
Title*		section C1 C5 instead of section B	
Full forename(s)		Additional appointments	
Surname		If you wish to appoint more than one secretary, please use	
Former name(s) •		the 'Secretary appointments' continuation page	
		Please provide any previous names which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously use for business purposes	
B2	Secretary's service address [©]		
Building name/num	nber	Service address	
Street		This is the address that will apper on the public record. This does no have to be your usual residential address.	
Post town		Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service	
County/Region		address will be recorded in the	
Postcode		proposed company's register of secretaries as the company's registered office	
Country		if you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record	
02	Exerchange 2		
B3	Signature o		
	I consent to act as secretary of the proposed company named in Section A1	OSignature The person named above consents	
Signature	Signature X	to act as secretary of the proposed company	

CHFP000 05/12 Version 5 0

Application to register a company

Corporate secretary

C1	Corporate secretary appointments o					
	Please use this section to list all the corporate secretary appointments taken on formation	Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one corporate secretary, please use the				
Name of corporate body/firm		'Corporate secretary appointments' continuation page				
Building name/number		Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear on the public record This address				
Street		must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained				
Post town		within a full address), DX number or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number				
County/Region						
Postcode						
Country						
C2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm					
	Is the corporate secretary registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)?					
	 → Yes Complete Section C3 only → No Complete Section C4 only 					
C 3	EEA companies ®	·				
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	● EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance				
Where the company/ firm is registered 9		This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law				
Registration number		Directive (68/151/EEC)				
C4	Non-EEA companies					
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where				
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		the company or firm is registered, you must also provide its number in that register				
Governing law						
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered 9						
Registration number						
C5	Signature 9					
	I consent to act as secretary of the proposed company named in Section A1	⊙ Signature				
Signature	X X	The person named above consents to act as corporate secretary of the proposed company				

IN01 Application to register a company

Director

Director					
D1	Director appointments ●				
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5	• Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an			
Title*	Mr	individual Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual			
Full forename(s)	Andrew James				
Surname	Sharpe	⊘ Former name(s) Please provide any previous names			
Former name(s) ②		which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used			
Country/State of residence	England	for business purposes Country/State of residence			
Nationality	British	This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in			
Date of birth	^d 1 ^d 6	section D4			
Business occupation (if any) o		◆ Business occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here If you do not, please leave blank			
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page			
D2	Director's service address [©]				
	Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4	Service address This is the address that will appear			
Building name/number	The Company's Registered Office	on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential.			
Street		address Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service			
Post town		address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of			
County/Region		directors as the company's registered office			
Postcode		If you provide your residential			
Country		address here it will appear on the public record			
D3	Signature ®				
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	⊘ Signature			
Signature	Signature X	The person named above consents to act as director of the proposed company			

Application to register a company

Director

D1	Director appointments •				
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5	Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an			
Title*		individual Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of			
Full forename(s)		which must be an individual			
Surname		• Please provide any previous names			
Former name(s) •		which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used			
Country/State of residence •		for business purposes			
Nationality		This is in respect of your usual			
Date of birth	d d m m	residential address as stated in Section D4			
Business occupation (if any) •		Business occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here If you do not, please leave blank			
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page			
D2	Director's service address 9				
Puulding nometri i	Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4	Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not			
Building name/number		have to be your usual residential address			
Street		Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the			
Post town		proposed company's register of			
County/Region		 directors as the company's registered office 			
Postcode		If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the			
Country		public record			
D3	Signature ⁶				
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	O Signature The person named above consents			
Signature	Signature	to act as director of the proposed company			
	X				

Application to register a company

Corporate director

E1	Corporate director appointments ●					
	Please use this section to list all the corporate directors taken on formation	• Additional appointments				
Name of corporate body or firm		If you wish to appoint more than one corporate director, please use the 'Corporate director appointments' continuation page				
Building name/number		Registered or principal address				
Street		This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained).				
Post town		within a full address), DX number or				
County/Region		LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number				
Postcode						
Country						
E2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm					
	Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section E3 only → No Complete Section E4 only					
E3	EEA companies ®					
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance				
Where the company/ firm is registered		www.companieshouse.gov.uk				
		This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC)				
Registration number		Directive (00/13/1/2/2)				
E4	Non-EEA companies					
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	O Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered,				
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		you must also provide its number in that register				
Governing law						
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •						
If applicable, the registration number						
E5	Signature ⁹					
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	Signature The person named above concepts				
Signature	Signature X	The person named above consents to act as corporate director of the proposed company				

Application to register a company Statement of capital Part 3 Does your company have share capital? → Yes Complete the sections below → No Go to Part 4 (Statement of guarantee) Share capital in pound sterling (£) Please complete the table below to show each class of shares held in pound sterling If all your issued capital is in sterling, only complete Section F1 and then go to Section F4 Amount paid up on Amount (if any) unpaid Number of shares 2 Aggregate nominal value 🛭 (E g Ordinary/Preference etc) each share **0** on each share 0 £1 1 £ 1 Ordinary 0 £ £ £ **Totals** £ F2 Share capital in other currencies Please complete the table below to show any class of shares held in other currencies Please complete a separate table for each currency Currency Amount (if any) unpaid on each share Aggregate nominal value 😉 Class of shares Amount paid up on Number of shares 2 (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc.) each share O **Totals** Currency Amount (if any) unpaid on each share Aggregate nominal value 1 Number of shares @ Class of shares Amount paid up on (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc.) each share 0 **Totals Totals** Please give the total number of shares and total aggregate nominal value of Total aggregate nominal value issued share capital Please list total aggregate values in different currencies separately For Total number of shares example £100 + €100 + \$10 etc Total aggregate £1 nominal value O

Number of shares issued multiplied by

nominal value of each share

IN01

• Including both the nominal value and any

Total number of issued shares in this class

share premium

Please use a Statement of Capital continuation

Continuation Pages

page if necessary

Application to register a company

							
F4	Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)						
	Please give the prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares for each class of share shown in the statement of capital share tables in Sections F1 and F2	•Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares					
Class of share	Ordinary	The particulars are a particulars of any voting rights,					
Class of share Prescribed particulars		1					

INO1 Application to register a company

Class of share	• Prescribed particulars of rights
Prescribed particulars	attached to shares The particulars are a particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only in certain circumstances, b particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution, c particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in distribution (including on winding up), and d whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder and any terms or conditions relating to redemption of these shares. A separate table must be used for
	each class of share Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary

Application to register a company

F5

Initial shareholdings

This section should only be completed by companies incorporating with share capital Please complete the details below for each subscriber

The addresses will appear on the public record. These do not need to be the subscribers' usual residential address.

Initial shareholdings

Please list the company's subscribers in alphabetical order

Please use an 'initial shareholdings' continuation page if necessary

subscribers u	sual residential addre	255			continuation pag	e ii necessary
Subscriber's details	Class of share	Number of shares	Currency	Nominal value of each share	Amount (if any) unpaid	Amount paid
Andrew James Sharpe	Ordinary	1	Sterling	£1	0	£1
Address			1			
3 Scalford Drive, Welland, Peterborough, Cambs PE1 4XQ						
Name						
Address						
Name						
Address					· Constitution of the cons	-
Name						
Address						
Name						
Address						

	Application to register a company	
Part 4	Statement of guarantee	
	Is your company limited by guarantee? → Yes Complete the sections below → No Go to Part 5 (Statement of compliance)	-
G1	Subscribers	
	Please complete this section if you are a subscriber of a company limited by guarantee. The following statement is being made by each and every person named below I confirm that if the company is wound up while I am a member, or within one year after I cease to be a member, I will contribute to the assets of the company by such amount as may be required for - payment of debts and liabilities of the company contracted before I cease to be a member, - payment of costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and, - adjustment of the rights of the contributors among ourselves, not exceeding the specified amount below	Name Please use capital letters Address The addresses in this section will appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address Amount guaranteed Any valid currency is permitted Continuation pages Please use a 'Subscribers' continuation page if necessary
	Subscriber's details	-
Forename(s) •		-
Surname •		-
Address 2		- -
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		-
	Subscriber's details	-
Forename(s) •		-
Surname		-
Address ②		- -
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed		-
	Subscriber's details	-
Forename(s) 0	Subscriber 5 details	-
Surname •		-
Address ②		-
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		-

INO1 Application to register a company

	Subscriber's details	O Name
Forename(s) •		Please use capital letters
Surname 0		• Address The addresses in this section will
Address 2		appear on the public record They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed		Continuation pages Please use a 'Subscribers'
	Subscriber's details	continuation page if necessary
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 9		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 9		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed •		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 3		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		
	•	

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Statement of compliance Part 5

This section must be completed by all companies

Is the application by an agent on behalf of all the subscribers?

- → No Go to Section H1 (Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers)
- → Yes Go to Section H2 (Statement of compliance delivered by an agent)

H1 Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers • Please complete this section if the application is not delivered by an agent for the subscribers of the memorandum of association I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature Signature X X Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature X

• Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers Every subscriber to the memorandum of association must sign the statement of compliance

	INO1 Application to register a company		
Subscriber's signature	_Signature	X	Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers' continuation page if more subscribers need to sign
Subscriber's signature	Signature	×	
Subscriber's signature	Signature	X	
Subscriber's signature	Signature	X	
H2	Statement of compliance delivered by an agent Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for the subscribers to the memorandum of association		
Agent's name	the subscribers to the memorandum or association		
Building name/number		—	
Street			
Post town			
County/Region			
Postcode			
Country	I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with	— — 1	
Agent's signature	Signature X	X	

Application to register a company

Presenter information	Important information
You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record	Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record, apart from information relating to usual residential addresses
Company name	£ How to pay
Address	A fee is payable on this form Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House' For information on fees, go to www.companieshouse.gov.uk
	☑ Where to send
Post town County/Region Postcode	You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you return it to the appropriate address below
Country DX Telephone	For companies registered in England and Wales The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff
✓ Certificate We will send your certificate to the presenters address (shown above) or if indicated to another address shown below ✓ At the registered office address (Given in Section A6)	For companies registered in Scotland The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF DX ED235 Edinburgh 1 or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post)
☐ At the agents address (Given in Section H2) Checklist	For companies registered in Northern Ireland The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing	Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG DX 481 N R Belfast 1
Please make sure you have remembered the following You have checked that the proposed company name is available as well as the various rules that may affect your choice of name. More information can be found in guidance on our website.	Section 243 exemption If you are applying for, or have been granted a sectior 243 exemption, please post this whole form to the different postal address below The Registrar of Companies, PO Box 4082, Cardiff, CF14 3WE
If the name of the company is the same as one already on the register as permitted by The Company	<i>i</i> Further information
and Business Names (Miscellaneous Provisions) Regulations 2008, please attach consent ☐ You have used the correct appointment sections ☐ Any addresses given must be a physical location	For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk
They cannot be a PO Box number (unless part of a full service address), DX or LP (Legal Post in Scotland)	This form is available in an
number The document has been signed, where indicated	alternative format. Please visit the

forms page on the website at

www.companieshouse.gov.uk

□ All relevant attachments have been included□ You have enclosed the Memorandum of Association

☐ You have enclosed the correct fee

The Companies Act 2006

Community Interest Company Limited by Shares¹

Memorandum of Association

of

TTG Training CIC

The Companies Act 2006

Community Interest Company Limited by Shares

Memorandum of Association "

of

TTG Training CIC

Each subscriber to this Memorandum of Association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the Company and to take at least one share

Name of each subscriber Authentication by each subscriber

Andrew Sharpe

Dated 11 10 2014

^{&#}x27;On the different types of limited company forms available to CICs, see [Part 3] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes

[&]quot;For companies incorporated after 1 October 2009 the memorandum of association will consist only of the names of the subscribers of the company. If you are an existing company incorporated prior to 1 October 2009 and wishing to become a community interest company, you will need to incorporate the relevant provisions of your current memorandum into the articles of the community interest company." For illustration, space for one subscriber has been supplied here. There is no upper limit to the number of subscribers and further entries may be added as appropriate.

The Companies Act 200	The	Companies	Act	2000
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Community Interest Company Limited by Shares

Articles of Association¹

of

TTG Training CIC

(CIC Limited by Shares, Schedule 3, Small Membership)

The Companies Act 2006 Community Interest Company Limited by Shares

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The Companies Act 2006

Articles of Association

of

TTG Training CIC

INTERPRETATION

1. Defined terms

The interpretation of these Articles is governed by the provisions set out in the Schedule to the Articles

COMMUNITY INTERST COMPANY AND ASSET LOCK

2. Community Interest Company

The Company shall be a community interest company

3. Asset Lock²

- The Company shall not transfer any of its assets other than for full consideration
- 3.2 Provided the conditions in Article 3.3 are satisfied, Article 3.1 shall not apply to
 - (a) the transfer of assets to any specified asset-locked body, or (with the consent of the Regulator) to any other asset-locked body,
 - (b) the transfer of assets made for the benefit of the community other than by way of a transfer of assets into an asset-locked body.
 - (c) the payment of dividends in respect of shares in the Company.
 - (d) the distribution of assets on a winding up,
 - (e) payments on the redemption or purchase of the Company's own shares.
 - (1) payments on the reduction of share capital, and
 - (g) the extinguishing or reduction of the liability of shareholders in respect of share capital not paid up on the reduction of share capital
- 3.3 The conditions are that the transfer of
 - (a) assets must comply with any restrictions on the transfer of assets for less than full consideration which may be set out elsewhere in the Memorandum and Articles of the Company, and

(b)	must	not	exceed	any	limits	imposed	by.	or	by	virtue	of.	Part	2	of	the
	Comp	anie	s (Audıt	, Inv	estigati	ons and Co	omin	uni	ty E	nterpri	se) /	Act 20	04	-	

- 3 4 If·
 - 3 4 1 the Company is wound up under the Insolvency Act 1986, and
 - 3.4.2 all its liabilities have been satisfied

any residual assets shall be given or transferred to the asset-locked body specified in Article 3 5 below ³

For the purposes of this Article 3, the following asset-locked body is specified as a potential recipient of the Company's assets under Articles 3 2 and 3 4

Name [

(Please note that a community interest company cannot nominate itself as the asset locked body. It also cannot nominate a non-asset locked body. An asset locked body is defined as a CIC or charity, a permitted industrial and provident society or non-UK based equivalent.)

Charity Registration Number (if applicable) [

Company Registration Number (if applicable) [

Registered Office:

4. Not for profit

The Company is not established or conducted for private gain any surplus or assets are used principally for the benefit of the community

OBJECTS, POWERS AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

5. Objects⁵

The objects of the Company are to carry on activities which benefit the community and in particular (without limitation) to exoffenders]

6. Powers

To further its objects the Company may do all such lawful things as may further the Company's objects and, in particular, but, without limitation, may borrow or raise and secure the payment of money for any purpose including for the purposes of investment or of raising funds

7. Liability of shareholders⁶

The liability of the shareholders is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them

DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES⁷

8. Directors' general authority

Subject to the Articles, the Directors are responsible for the management of the Company's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the Company

9. Shareholders' reserve power

- 9 1 The shareholders may, by special resolution, direct the Directors to take, or refrain from taking, specific action
- 9 2 No such special resolution invalidates anything which the Directors have done before the passing of the resolution

10. Chair

The Directors may appoint one of their number to be the chair of the Directors for such term of office as they may determine and may at any time remove him or her from office

11. Directors may delegate⁸

- Subject to the Articles, the Directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the Articles or the implementation of their decision or day to day management of the affairs of the Company
 - (a) to such person or committee,
 - (b) by such means (including by power of attorney),
 - (c) to such an extent,
 - (d) in relation to such matters or territories, and
 - (e) on such terms and conditions,

as they think fit

- 11 2 If the Directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the Directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated
- 11.3 The Directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions

DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS

12. Directors to take decisions collectively⁹

Any decision of the Directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with Article 18 [In the event of the Company having only one Director, a majority decision is made when that single Director makes a decision]

13. Calling a Directors' meeting

- 13 1 One Director may (and the Secretary, if any, must at the request of one Director) call a Directors' meeting
- 13 2 A Directors' meeting must be called by at least seven Clear Days' notice unless either
 - 13 2 1 all the Directors agree, or
 - 13 2 2 urgent circumstances require shorter notice
- 13.3 Notice of Directors' meetings must be given to each Director
- 13.4 Every notice calling a Directors' meeting must specify
 - 13 4 1 the place, day and time of the meeting, and
 - 13 4 2 if it is anticipated that Directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting
- 13.5 Notice of Directors' meetings need not be in writing
- Notice of Directors' meetings may be sent by electronic means to an Address provided by the Director for the purpose

14. Participation in Directors' meetings

- Subject to the Articles, Directors participate in a Directors' meeting, or part of a Directors' meeting, when
 - 14 1 1 the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the Articles, and
 - 14 1 2 they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting
- In determining whether Directors are participating in a Directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any Director is or how they communicate with each other ¹⁰
- If all the Directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is

15. Quorum for Directors' meetings¹¹

- At a Directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting
- The quorum for Directors' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the Directors, but it must never be less than one and unless otherwise fixed it is [one].
- 15 3 If the total number of Directors for the time being is less than the quorum required, the Directors must not take any decision other than a decision:
 - 15 3 1 to appoint further Directors, or
 - 15 3 2 to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further Directors

16. Chairing of Directors' meetings

The Chair, if any, or in his or her absence another Director nominated by the Directors present shall preside as chair of each Directors' meeting

17. Voting¹²

- 17.1 Questions arising at a Directors' meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes
- 17.2 In all proceedings of directors each director must not have more than one vote 13
- 17.3 In case of an equality of votes, the Chair shall have a second or casting vote

18. Decisions without a meeting¹⁴

- The Directors may take a unanimous decision without a Directors' meeting by indicating to each other by any means, including without limitation by electronic means, that they share a common view on a matter. Such a decision may, but need not, take the form of a resolution in writing, copies of which have been signed by each Director or to which each Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.
- 18 2 A decision which is made in accordance with Article 18 1 shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting duly convened and held, provided the following conditions are complied with.
 - 18 2 1 approval from each Director must be received by one person being either such person as all the Directors have nominated in advance for that purpose or such other person as volunteers if necessary ("the Recipient"), which person may, for the avoidance of doubt, be one of the Directors,
 - 18 2 2 following receipt of responses from all of the Directors, the Recipient must communicate to all of the Directors by any means whether the resolution has been formally approved by the Directors in accordance with this Article 18 2,
 - 18 2 3 the date of the decision shall be the date of the communication from the Recipient confirming formal approval,

18 2 4 the Recipient must prepare a minute of the decision in accordance with Article 47

19. Conflicts of interest¹⁵

- Whenever a Director finds himself or herself in a situation that is reasonably likely to give rise to a Conflict of Interest, he or she must declare his or her interest to the Directors unless, or except to the extent that, the other Directors are or ought reasonably to be aware of it already
- Whenever a matter is to be discussed at a meeting or decided in accordance with Article 18 and a Director has a Conflict of Interest in respect of that matter then, subject to Article 20, he or she must
 - 19 2 1 remain only for such part of the meeting as in the view of the other Directors is necessary to inform the debate,
 - 19 2 2 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting, and
 - 19 2 3 withdraw during the vote and have no vote on the matter
- 19 3 If any question arises as to whether a Director has a Conflict of Interest, the question shall be decided by a majority decision of the other Directors
- When a Director has a Conflict of Interest which he or she has declared to the Directors, he or she shall not be in breach of his or her duties to the Company by withholding confidential information from the Company if to disclose it would result in a breach of any other duty or obligation of confidence owed by him or her

20. Directors' power to authorise a conflict of interest

- 20 1 The Directors have power to authorise a Director to be in a position of Conflict of Interest provided
 - 20.1 1 in relation to the decision to authorise a Conflict of Interest, the conflicted Director must comply with Article 19 3,
 - 20 1 2 in authorising a Conflict of Interest, the Directors can decide the manner in which the Conflict of Interest may be dealt with and, for the avoidance of doubt, they can decide that the Director with a Conflict of Interest can participate in a vote on the matter and can be counted in the quorum,
 - 20 1 3 the decision to authorise a Conflict of Interest can impose such terms as the Trustees think fit and is subject always to their right to vary or terminate the authorisation, and
- If a matter, or office, employment or position, has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 20 1 then, even if he or she has been authorised to remain at the meeting by the other Directors, the Director may absent himself or herself from meetings of the Directors at which anything relating to that matter, or that office, employment or position, will or may be discussed.

A Director shall not be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he or she derives from any matter, or from any office, employment or position, which has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 20 1 (subject to any limits or conditions to which such approval was subject)

21. Register of Directors' interests

The Directors shall cause a register of Directors' interests to be kept. A Director must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the Company which has not previously been declared

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS¹⁶

22. Methods of appointing Directors

- Those persons notified to the Registrar of Companies as the first Directors of the Company shall be the first Directors
- Any person who is willing to act as a Director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a Director by a decision of the Directors
- 22.3 Each member of the company shall be a Director

23. Termination of Director's appointment

A person ceases to be a Director as soon as

- (a) that person ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006 or is prohibited from being a Director by law,
- (b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person, or an order is made against that person in individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy,
- (c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts,
- (d) the Directors reasonably believe he or she is suffering from mental disorder and incapable of acting and they resolve that he or she be removed from office,
- (e) notification is received by the Company from the Director that the Director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms (but only if at least two Directors will remain in office when such resignation has taken effect), or
- (f) the Director fails to attend three consecutive meetings of the Directors and the Directors resolve that the Director be removed for this reason
- (g) the Director ceases to be a member

24. Directors' remuneration¹⁷

- 24.1 Directors may undertake any services for the Company that the Directors decide
- 24.2 Subject to the Articles, and in particular Article 3, Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the Directors determine:
 - (a) for their services to the Company as Directors, and
 - (b) for any other service which they undertake for the Company
- 24.3 Subject to the Articles, and in particular Article 3, a Director's remuneration may
 - (a) take any form, and
 - (b) include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that Director
- 24.4 Unless the Directors decide otherwise, Directors' remuneration accrues from day to day
- Unless the Directors decide otherwise, Directors are not accountable to the Company for any remuneration which they receive as Directors or other officers or employees of the Company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the Company is interested

25. Directors' expenses

- 25 1 The Company may pay any reasonable expenses which the Directors properly incur in connection with their attendance at
 - (a) meetings of Directors or committees of Directors,
 - (b) general meetings, or
 - (c) separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company,

or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the Company.

SHARES

26. All shares to be fully paid up and issued at nominal value to a Director

- No share is to be issued for less than the aggregate of its nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in consideration for its issue
- This does not apply to shares taken on the formation of the Company by the subscribers to the Company's Memorandum
- 26.3 No share shall be issued to a person except a Director

27. Powers to issue different classes of share 18

- 27 1 Subject to the Articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing share, the Company may issue shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution
- 27.2 The Company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder, and the Directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares

28. Company not bound by less than absolute interests

Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or the Articles, the Company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it

29. Share certificates

- 29 1 The Company must issue each shareholder, free of charge, with one or more certificates in respect of the shares which that shareholder holds
- 29 2 Every certificate must specify
 - (a) In respect of how many shares, of what class, it is issued,
 - (b) the nominal value of those shares,
 - (c) that the shares are fully paid, and
 - (d) any distinguishing numbers assigned to them
- 29 3 No certificate may be issued in respect of shares of more than one class
- 29 4 If more than one person holds a share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of it
- 29 5 Certificates must
 - (a) have affixed to them the Company's common seal, ¹⁹ or
 - (b) be otherwise executed in accordance with the Companies Acts

30. Replacement share certificates

- 30 1 If a certificate issued in respect of a shareholder's shares is
 - (a) damaged or defaced, or
 - (b) said to be lost, stolen or destroyed,

that shareholder is entitled to be issued with a replacement certificate in respect of the same shares

- 30 2 A shareholder exercising the right to be issued with such a replacement certificate
 - (a) may at the same time exercise the right to be issued with a single certificate or separate certificates,
 - (b) must return the certificate which is to be replaced to the Company if it is damaged or defaced, and
 - (c) must comply with such conditions as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee as the Directors decide

31. Share transfers²⁰

- 31 1 Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the Directors, which is executed by or on behalf of the transferor
- No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other Document relating to or affecting the title to any share
- 31.3 The Company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered.
- The transferor remains the holder of a share until the transferee's name is entered in the register of shareholders as holder of it
- 31.5 The Directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share to a person of whom they do not approve
- They may also refuse to register the transfer unless it is lodged at the registered office of the Company or at such other place as the Directors may appoint and is accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer, and by such other information, as they may reasonably require
- 31.7 If the Directors refuse to register such a transfer, they shall, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
- 31.8 The provisions of this Article apply in addition to any restrictions on the transfer of a share which maybe set out elsewhere in the Memorandum or Articles of the Company

32. Purchase of own shares²¹

Subject to the articles, the company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and may make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of the distributable profits of the Company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares. Any share so purchased shall be purchased at its nominal value

33. Transmission of shares²²

- If title to a share passes to a transmittee, the Company may only recognise the transmittee as having any title to that share
- A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the Directors may properly require
 - (a) may, subject to the Articles, choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person, and
 - (b) subject to the Articles, and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had
- 33 3 But transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of shares to which they are entitled, by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those shares

34. Exercise of transmittees' rights

- 34 1 Transmittees who wish to become the holders of shares to which they have become entitled must notify the Company in Writing of that wish
- 34.2 If the transmittee wishes to have a share transferred to another person, the transmittee must execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it
- Any transfer made or executed under this Article is to be treated as if it were made or executed by the person from whom the transmittee has derived rights in respect of the share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred

35. Transmittees bound by prior notices

35 1 If a notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares and a transmittee is entitled to those shares, the transmittee is bound by the notice if it was given to the shareholder before the transmittee's name has been entered in the register of shareholders

DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS

36. Procedure for declaring dividends

- 36 1 Subject to the Companies Acts, the Regulations and the Articles, the company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the directors may, provided that such decision is authorised by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders, decide to pay interim dividends
- For the avoidance of doubt the payment of dividends shall be considered to be a transfer of assets other than for full consideration and shall not be permitted other than in the circumstances prescribed in Article 3
- 36 3 The Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the Directors may decide to pay interim dividends

- A dividend must not be declared unless the Directors have made a recommendation as to its amount. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with shareholders' respective rights
- Unless the shareholders' resolution to declare or Directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each shareholder's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it
- 36 7 If the Company's share capital is divided into different classes, no interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear
- 36 8 The Directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment
- 36 9 If the Directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights

37. Payment of dividends and other distributions

- Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means
 - (a) transfer to a bank or building society account indicated by the distribution recipient either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide,
 - (b) sending a cheque made payable to the distribution recipient by post to the distribution recipient at the distribution recipient's registered Address (if the distribution recipient is a holder of the share), or (in any other case) to an Address indicated by the distribution recipient either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide,
 - sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such Address as the distribution recipient has indicated either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide, or
 - (d) any other means of payment as the Directors agree with the distribution recipient either in Writing or by such other means as the Directors decide.
- In the Articles, "the distribution recipient" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable
 - (a) the holder of the share, or
 - (b) If the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members, or

(c) If the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee

38. No interest on distributions

The Company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by

- (a) the terms on which the share was issued, or
- (b) the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the Company

39. Unclaimed distributions

- 39 1 All dividends or other sums which are
 - (a) payable in respect of shares, and
 - (b) unclaimed after having been declared or become payable,

may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed

- 39 2 The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the Company a trustee in respect of it
- 39 3 If
 - (a) twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment, and
 - (b) the distribution recipient has not claimed it,

the distribution recipient is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the Company

40. Non-cash distributions

- 40 1 Subject to the terms of issue of the share in question, the Company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the Directors, decide to pay all or part of a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by transferring non-cash assets of equivalent value (including, without limitation, shares or other securities in any company)
- 40 2 For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the Directors may make whatever arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution
 - (a) fixing the value of any assets,
 - (b) paying cash to any distribution recipient on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients, and

(c) vesting any assets in trustees

41. Waiver of distributions

Distribution recipients may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by giving the Company notice in Writing to that effect, but if

- (a) the share has more than one holder, or
- (b) more than one person is entitled to the share, whether by reason of the death or bankruptcy of one or more joint holders, or otherwise,

the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to the share

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

42. Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums

- 42.1 Subject to the Articles, the Directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary resolution
 - (a) decide to capitalise any profits of the Company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying a preferential dividend, or any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve, and
 - (b) appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a "capitalised sum") to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (the "persons entitled") and in the same proportions
- 42.2 Capitalised sums must be applied
 - (a) on behalf of the persons entitled; and
 - (b) In the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them
- Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new shares of a nominal amount equal to the capitalised sum which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- 42 4 A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in paying up new debentures of the Company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct
- 42.5 Subject to the Articles the Directors may
 - (a) apply capitalised sums in accordance with Articles 42 3 and 42 4 partly in one way and partly in another,

- (b) make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this Article (including the issuing of fractional certificates or the making of cash payments), and
- (c) authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the Company on behalf of all the persons entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of shares and debentures to them under this Article

DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

43. Shareholders Meetings²³

- 43 1 The Directors may call a general meeting at any time
- 43 2 General meeting must be held in accordance with the provisions regarding such meetings in the Companies Act ²⁴
- 43 3 A person who is not a shareholder of the Company shall not have any right to vote at a general meeting of the Company, but this is without prejudice to any right to vote on a resolution affecting the rights attached to a class of the Company's debentures ²⁵
- 43 4 Article 43 3 shall not prevent a person who is a proxy for a shareholder or a duly authorised representative of a shareholder from voting at a general meeting of the Company

WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

44. Written resolutions

- Subject to Article 44 3, a written resolution of the Company passed in accordance with this Article 44 shall have effect as if passed by the Company in general meeting
 - 44 1 1 A written resolution is passed as an ordinary resolution if it is passed by a simple majority of the total voting rights of eligible shareholders
 - 44 1 2 A written resolution is passed as a special resolution if it is passed by shareholders representing not less than 75% of the total voting rights of eligible shareholders. A written resolution is not a special resolution unless it states that it was proposed as a special resolution.
- In relation to a resolution proposed as a written resolution of the Company the eligible shareholders are the shareholders who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the Circulation Date of the resolution
- 44.3 A shareholders' resolution under the Companies Acts removing a Director or an auditor before the expiration of his or her term of office may not be passed as a written resolution
- A copy of the written resolution must be sent to every shareholder together with a statement informing the shareholder how to signify their agreement to the resolution and the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse

Communications in relation to written notices shall be sent to the Company's auditors in accordance with the Companies Acts

- A shareholder signifies their agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Company receives from him or her an authenticated Document identifying the resolution to which it relates and indicating his or her agreement to the resolution
 - 44 5 1 If the Document is sent to the Company in hard copy form, it is authenticated if it bears the shareholder's signature
 - 44 5 2 If the Document is sent to the Company by electronic means, it is authenticated [if it bears the shareholder's signature] or [if the identity of the shareholder is confirmed in a manner agreed by the Directors] or [if it is accompanied by a statement of the identity of the shareholder and the Company has no reason to doubt the truth of that statement] or [if it is from an email Address notified by the shareholder to the Company for the purposes of receiving Documents or information by electronic means]
- A written resolution is passed when the required majority of eligible shareholders have signified their agreement to it
- 44 7 A proposed written resolution lapses if it is not passed within 28 days beginning with the Circulation Date

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS

45. Means of communication to be used

- 45 1 Subject to the Articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the Company under the Articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for Documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the Company
- 45 2 Subject to the Articles, any notice or Document to be sent or supplied to a Director in connection with the taking of decisions by Directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that Director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or Documents for the time being
- 45 3 A Director may agree with the Company that notices or Documents sent to that Director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within an agreed time of their being sent, and for the agreed time to be less than 48 hours

46. Irregularities

The proceedings at any meeting or on the taking of any poll or the passing of a written resolution or the making of any decision shall not be invalidated by reason of any accidental informality or irregularity (including any accidental omission to give or any non-receipt of notice) or any want of qualification in any of the persons present or voting or by reason of any business being considered which is not referred to in the notice unless a provision of the Companies Acts specifies that such informality, irregularity or want of qualification shall invalidate it

47. Minutes

- 47.1 The Directors must cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose
 - 47 1 1 of all appointments of officers made by the Directors,
 - 47 1 2 of all resolutions of the Company and of the Directors (including, without limitation, decisions of the Directors made without a meeting), and
 - 47 1 3 of all proceedings at meetings of the Company and of the Directors, and of committees of Directors, including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting,

and any such minute, if purported to be signed (or in the case of minutes of Directors' meetings signed or authenticated) by the chair of the meeting at which the proceedings were had, or by the chair of the next succeeding meeting, shall, as against any shareholder or Director of the Company, be sufficient evidence of the proceedings

The minutes must be kept for at least ten years from the date of the meeting, resolution or decision

48. Records and accounts²⁶

The Directors shall comply with the requirements of the Companies Acts as to maintaining a shareholders' register, keeping financial records, the audit or examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Regulator of

- 48 1 annual reports,
- 48 2 annual returns, and
- 48 3 annual statements of account
- 48 4 Except as provided by law or authorised by the Directors or an ordinary resolution of the Company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the Company's accounting or other records or Documents merely by virtue of being a member

49. Indemnity

- Subject to Article 49 2, a relevant Director of the Company or an associated company may be indemnified out of the Company's assets against
 - (a) any liability incurred by that Director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an associated company,
 - (b) any liability incurred by that Director in connection with the activities of the Company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006),

- (c) any other liability incurred by that Director as an officer of the Company or an associated company
- This Article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law

49.3 In this Article

- (a) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate, and
- (b) a "relevant Director" means any Director or former Director of the Company or an associated company

50. Insurance

The Directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant Director in respect of any relevant loss

50 2 In this Article

- (a) a "relevant Director" means any Director or former Director of the Company or an associated company,
- (b) a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant Director in connection with that Director's duties or powers in relation to the Company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company or associated company, and
- (c) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate

51. Exclusion of model articles

The relevant model articles for a company limited by shares are hereby expressly excluded

SCHEDULE

INTERPRETATION

1 In the Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the following meanings

Term	Meaning	
"Address"	includes a number or address used for the purposes of sending or receiving Documents by Electronic Means,	
"Articles"	means the Company's articles of association,	
"asset-locked body"	means (1) a community interest Company or a charity ²⁷ or a Permitted Industrial and Providen Society, or (11) a body established outside the United Kingdom that is equivalent to any o those,	
"bankruptcy"	includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy,	
"Chair"	has the meaning given in Article 10,	
"Circulation Date"	in relation to a written resolution, has the meaning given to it in the Companies Acts,	
"Clear Days"	in relation to the period of a notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect,	
"community"	is to be construed in accordance with the section 35(5) of the Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004,	
"Companies Acts"	means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the Company,	
"Company"	[Community Interest Company/C I C],	
"Conflict of Interest"	any direct or indirect interest of a Director (whether personal, by virtue of a duty of loyalty	

to another organisation or otherwise) that conflicts or might conflict with the interests of the Company,

"Director"

means a director of the Company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called,

"distribution recipient"

has the meaning given in Article 37,

"Document"

includes, unless otherwise indicated, any document sent or supplied in Electronic Form,

"Electronic Form and Electronic Means"

have the meanings respectively given to them in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006,

"fully paid"

in relation to a share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in respect of that share have been paid to the Company,

"Hard Copy Form"

has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006,

"holder"

in relation to shares means the person whose name is entered in the register of shareholders as the holder of the shares,

"instrument"

means a document in Hard Copy Form.

"Memorandum"

the Company's memorandum of association,

"paid"

means paid or credited as paid,

"participate"

in relation to a Directors' meeting, has the meaning given in Article 14,

"Permitted Industrial and Provident Society"

means an industrial and provident society which has a restriction on the use of its assets in accordance with regulation 4 of the Community Benefit Societies (Restriction on Use of Assets) Regulations 2006 or regulation 4 of the Community Benefit Societies (Restriction on Use of Assets) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006,

"the Regulations"

means the Community Interest Company Regulations 2005 (as amended),

"the Regulator"

means the Regulator of Community Interest Companies,

"Secretary"

the secretary of the Company (if any),

"shareholder"

means a person who is the holder of a share,

"shares"

means shares in the Company,

"specified"

means specified in the memorandum or articles of association of the Company for the purposes of

this paragraph,

"subsidiary"

has the meaning given in section 1159 of the

Companies Act 2006,

"transfer"

includes every description of disposition, payment, release or distribution, and the creation or extinction of an estate or interest in, or right

over, any property,

"transmittee"

means a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or otherwise by operation of law, and

"Writing"

means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in Electronic Form or

otherwise

- 2 Subject to clause 3 of this Schedule, any reference in the Articles to an enactment includes a reference to that enactment as re-enacted or amended from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it
- 3 Unless the context otherwise requires, other words or expressions contained in these Articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Acts as in force on the date when these Articles become binding on the Company

Explanatory Notes: CIC Limited by Shares, Schedule 3, Small Membership

On articles of association generally, see [Part 5] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes. If you are an existing company wishing to become a community interest company, there is no need to adopt completely new articles, but you must comply with the requirements of the Regulations by including the provisions set out in Schedule 3 to the Regulations in the articles of your company.

See [Part 6] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes. Inclusion of the provisions contained in articles 3.1 to 3.3 (reflecting paragraph 1(1) to (3) of Schedule 3 to the Regulations) is mandatory

When a CIC is wound up, its "residual assets" are any property remaining after satisfaction of the company's liabilities under the Insolvency Act 1986. The Regulations permit shareholders to be paid back, out of the residual assets, the nominal value of their shares. Anything left over after this process is classed as "remaining residual assets" and must be paid to a specified Asset Locked Body (or, if no such body is specified, to an Asset Locked Body chosen by the Regulator in consultation with the company)

See regulation 23 of the Regulations and Parts [6 and 103] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes If the company does not specify that the remaining residual assets are to be transferred to a particular Asset Locked Body, an appropriate recipient will be chosen by the Regulator, in consultation with the company's directors and shareholders

On the specification of the company's objects, see [Part 5] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes

On limited liability and share capital generally, see [Part 3] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes

Note that although this model constitution assumes that all directors are issued shares and the directors are given wide powers, under the Articles (and company law more generally) there are still some decisions which shareholders must make as shareholders (either in general meeting under the Companies Act 2006 (article 43), or by written resolution in accordance with article 44) [See in general the Companies House guidance booklet, "Resolutions" (available online at http://www.companieshouse.gov.uk/about/gbhtml/gba7.shtml)]

Article 11 permits the directors to delegate any of their functions. Delegation may take the form of, for instance, the directors giving a managing director general authority to run the company's day to day business, or responsibility for specific matters being delegated to particular directors (e.g. financial matters to a finance director). Or, it may be equally appropriate to delegate matters to persons other than directors. In all cases, it is important to remember that delegation does not absolve directors of their general duties towards the company and their overall responsibility for its management. This means that, amongst other things, directors must be satisfied that those to whom responsibilities are delegated are competent to carry them out.

Article 12 states that the directors must make decisions by majority at a meeting subject to article 14, or unanimously if taken in accordance with article 18

Article 14.2 is designed to facilitate the taking of decisions by the directors community via telephone or video conference calls. Note the requirement to keep a written record of meetings and decisions (article 47).

The quorum may be fixed in absolute terms (e.g. "two directors") or as a proportion of the total number of directors (e.g. "one third of the total number of directors"). You may even wish to stipulate that particular named directors, or directors representing particular stakeholder interests, must be present to constitute a quorum.

Article 17 reflects paragraph 4 of Schedule 3 to the Regulations, which is required to be included in the articles of all community interest companies limited by shares

You may wish to include a provision which gives the Chair of the board a casting vote. This will enable the directors to resolve any deadlock at board level.

12

16

Article 18 is designed to facilitate the taking of decisions by directors following discussions in the form of, for example, email exchanges copied to all the directors. Note the requirements as to recording the decision in articles 18 2 and 47.

The provisions in articles 19 and 20 reflect the position under the Companies Act 2006. However, it is

The provisions in articles 19 and 20 reflect the position under the Companies Act 2006 However, it is recommended that, as a matter of good practice, all actual and potential conflicts of interest are disclosed in writing or at a meeting, as the case may be

Private companies are obliged to have at least one director. Provisions can be inserted into the articles providing for a minimum number of directors. Where the company has just one director, that director must be a natural person. Article 12 notes that, where there is only one director, a majority decision is

reached when that director makes a decision. In the case of a single director, the quorum provisions (article 15) will need to be amended accordingly

See the guidance on directors' remuneration in [Part 9] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes

Note that unless specific wording is added to the contrary, the directors of a company with only one class of shares will be able to issue new shares without needing the consent of the existing shareholders. If appropriate, limitations (such as a cap on the number of shares) can be added but bespoke drafting will be required.

19

If the company does not have a common seal, share certificates can be executed by two directors, by one director and the secretary (if there is one), or by one director in the presence of an independent witness

Articles 31 5 – 31 8 are mandatory, reflecting paragraph 2 of Schedule 3 to the Regulations The model constitution does not contain any other additional restrictions on the transfer of shares, but note that the Directors may refuse to register a transfer of shares to a person of whom they do not approve This article in itself does not provide sufficient authority for the company to purchase its own shares The company must also comply with the relevant statutory requirements, in particular sections 693 – 700 of the Companies Act 2006 We recommend that you take legal advice before taking any steps towards the company purchasing its own shares It is important that any purchase of shares made in accordance with this article is also made in accordance with article 3 (asset lock)

In the event of the death of a shareholder, the share will pass according to the will of the deceased shareholder, or the intestacy rules

The Companies Act 2006 has removed the need for private companies to hold annual general meetings and therefore these Articles follow suit, however, if you wish, you can insert an additional provision which obliges the company to hold annual general meetings

Article 43.2 provides that general meetings must be held in second one with the provision of the

Article 43 2 provides that general meetings must be held in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006. You may insert additional provisions that specify how many shareholders are required to be present to hold a valid general meeting. The quorum may be fixed in absolute terms (e.g. "four shareholders") or as a proportion of the total number of shareholders (e.g. "three quarters of the shareholders from time to time"). You may even wish to stipulate that particular named shareholders, or shareholders representing particular stakeholder interests, must be present to constitute a quorum. In any event, it is recommended that the quorum should never be less than half of the total number of shareholders.

Article 43 3 reflects paragraph 3(1) of Schedule 3 to the Regulations and is mandatory

[See the Companies House guidance booklet, "Accounts and Accounting Reference Dates" (available online at http://www.companies-house.gov.uk.about/gbhtml/gba3.shtml) On the annual community interest company report, see [Part 8] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes

Section 1(1) of the Charities Act 2006 defines "charity" as an institution which 'is established for charitable purposes only, and falls to be subject to the control of the High Court in the exercise of its jurisdiction with respect to charities

CIC 36

Declarations on Formation of a Community Interest Company¹

Please complete in typescript, or in bold black capitals.

Company Name in full

TTG Training	
•	
	Community Interest Company

SECTION A: COMMUNITY INTEREST STATEMENT - beneficiaries

We/I, the undersigned, declare that the company will carry on its activities for the benefit of the community, or a section of the community². [Insert a <u>short description of the community, or section of the community, which it is intended that the company will benefit below 1³</u>

The company's activities will provide benefit to ...

Those who face multiple barriers, mainly a criminal record and who find themselves in need of access to generic social and employability skill sets.

COMPANY NAME

TTG Training CIC

SECTION B: Community Interest Statement - Activities & Related Benefit

Please indicate how it is proposed that the company's activities will benefit the community, or a section of the community. Please provide as much detail as possible to enable the CIC Regulator to make an informed decision about whether your proposed company is eligible to become a community interest company. It would be useful if you were to explain how you think your company will be different from a commercial company providing similar services or products for individual or personal gain.

Activities (Tell us here what the company is being set up to do)	How will the activity benefit the community? (The community will benefit by)
Training	TTG Training will provide a safe and relevant environment in which to deliver bespoke training and support for individuals who need help accessing the workplace or finding a purposeful use for their time. Individualised programmes aim to meet the needs of our clients, respond to the concerns of society and reflect the demands of industry.
Work Experience	Local employers are able to look at centre provision as a mechanism to attract a viable workforce whilst being afforded a buffering mechanism via a work placement programme as a precursor to full employment.
If the company makes any sur the development of contraction successfully completing the pro-	g opportunities to facilitate direct employment for those

(Please continue on separate sheet if necessary.)

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TTG	Training	CIC
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SECTION C:

- 1. We/I, the undersigned, declare that the company in respect of which this application is made will not be:
 - (a) a political party;
 - (b) a political campaigning organisation; or
 - (c) a subsidiary of a political party or of a political campaigning organisation.⁴

		a		
SECTION D:	Signed	B-1.	Date	11-10-14
Each person who will be a first director of the company must sign the declarations.	Signed		Date	
	Signed		Date	

CHECKLIST

Have the first directors signed the CIC36?

This form must be accompanied by the following documents:

- (a) Memorandum of Association
- (b) Articles of Association, which comply with requirements imposed by section 32 of the Act and Part 3 of the Regulations or which are otherwise appropriate in connection with becoming a community interest company
- (c) Form IN01- you need to indicate that the proposed company is adopting bespoke articles.
- (d) Any completed continuation sheets
- (e) A cheque for £35 made payable to Companies House

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help the Registrar of Companies to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

	Tel
DX Number	DX Exchange

When you have completed and signed the form, please send it to the Registrar of Companies at:

For companies registered in England and Wales. Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff

For companies registered in Scotland: Companies House, 4th Floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, EH3 9FF DX 235 Edinburgh

For companies registered in Northern Ireland. Companies House, 2nd Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, BT2 8BG

NOTES

¹ This form will be placed on the public record. Any information relevant to the application that you do not wish to appear on the public record, should be described in a separate letter addressed to the CIC Regulator and delivered to the Registrar of Companies with the other documents.

² The community interest test is referred to in section 35 of the Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004 and is expanded upon in regulations 3, 4 & 5 of the Regulations

³ E.g. "the residents of Oldtown" or "those suffering from XYZ disease".

⁴ A company is not eligible to be formed as a community interest company if it will be an "excluded company". If you are not sure whether the company which you wish to form falls into any of these categories, you should refer to the definitions of the terms "political party", "political campaigning organisation" and "subsidiary" (and of the related terms "election", "governmental authority", "public authority" and "referendum") in Regulation 2 of the Regulations before completing this form.