Company Registration Number 09377989

CUSTOMER FOCUS EXHIBITIONS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

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Company Registration Number 09377989

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors G Couturier

M Varley

Company Secretary G Couturier

Company number 09377989

Registered office Unit 4 Rhodes Business Park

Silburn Way Middleton Manchester M24 4NE

Company Registration Number 09377989

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	.1
Directors' responsibilities statement	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Statement of comprehensive income	7
Balance sheet	8
Statement of changes in equity	9
Notes to the financial statements	10

Company Registration Number 09377989

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors present their report and financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2018.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the provision of exhibitions and catalogues to the promotional merchandise supply chain.

Directors of the company

The following directors held office from 1 January 2018 to the date of this report unless otherwise stated:

M Varley

S R Parker (resigned 4 October 2018)

G Couturier (appointed 1 June 2018)

N Hornby (resigned 1 June 2018)

Directors' interests

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Customer Focus Software Limited which is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Altitude Group plc. The interests of the directors in the share capital of Altitude Group plc are set out in the report and accounts of that company.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £248,000 (2017: £707,000).

The directors have recommended a dividend of £nil (2017: £nil).

Future developments

The company will continue to provide exhibitions and publications to support the strategic aims of Altitude Group plc and further the interests of the distributors and suppliers to the promotional products industry.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

All directors benefited from qualifying indemnity insurance policies in place during the financial year.

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP, having expressed their willingness to continue in office will be deemed reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Company Registration Number 09377989

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board on 27 September 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

G Couturier Director

> Unit 4 Rhodes Business Park Silburn Way Middleton Manchester M24 4NE

Company Registration Number 09377989

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors confirm that:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

G Couturier Director

27 September 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CUSTOMER FOCUS EXHIBITIONS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Customer Focus Exhibitions Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of comprehensive income, Balance sheet, Statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material
 uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt
 the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date
 when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CUSTOMER FOCUS EXHIBITIONS LIMITED

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matter on which we are required to report under the Companies Act 2006

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CUSTOMER FOCUS EXHIBITIONS LIMITED

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mark Overfield BSc FCA

Senior Statutory Auditor for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants

Grant Monta UKCCP

Date: 27 September 2019

Company Registration Number 09377989

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	2018	2017
		£'000	£'000
Turnover	4	684	1,531
Cost of sales		(321)	(485)
Gross profit		363	1,046
Administrative expenses		(115)	(171)
Operating profit	5	248	875
Interest payable and similar charges		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		248	875
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	<u>-</u>	(168)
Profit for the financial year		248	707
Other comprehensive income			
Total comprehensive income for the period		248	707
	•		

Turnover and operating profit are derived wholly from continuing operations.

Company Registration Number 09377989

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	2018	2017
		90003	£'000
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	8	•	4
Current assets			
Debtors	9	3,217	3,344
	_	3,217	3,344
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(108)	(487)
Net current assets	_	3,109	2,857
Net assets	. –	3,109	2,861
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	-	-
Profit and loss account	12 _	3,109	2,861
Shareholders' funds		3,109	2,861

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 27 September 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

G Couturier Director

Company Registration Number 09377989

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 January 2017	-	2,154	` 2,154
Profit for the year	-	707	707
At 31 December 2017	-	2,861	2,861
Profit for the year		248	248
At 31 December 2018	•	3,109	3,109

Company Registration Number 09377989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Company information

Customer Focus Exhibitions Limited is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England. The registered address of the entity is Unit 4 Rhodes Business Park, Silburn Way, Middleton, Manchester, M24 4NE.

2 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The financial statements are presented in sterling (£).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101 and not included:

- the requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures;
- a statement of cash flows and related notes;
- presentation of comparative reconciliations from tangible assets and intangible assets;
- disclosure of key management personnel compensation;
- · capital management disclosures;
- the effect of future accounting standards not adopted; and
- disclosure in respect of financial instruments.

New Standards

IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 are new accounting standards that are effective for the year ended 31 December 2018. They have not had a material impact on the company. There are no other amendments to accounting standards, or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the year ended 31 December 2018 have had a material impact on the company.

Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development are set out in the Director's Report.

The Financial Reporting Council issued guidance on "Guidance on the Going Concern Basis of Accounting and Reporting on Solvency and Liquidity Risks" in 2016. The Directors have considered this when preparing these financial statements.

The current economic conditions create uncertainty over the level of demand for the company's products and services and over the availability of finance, which the directors are mindful of.

Company Registration Number 09377989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have taken steps to ensure that they believe the going concern basis of preparation remains appropriate. The key conditions are summarized on the following page:

- The Directors have prepared sensitised cash flow forecasts extending to December 2020.
 These show that the Company is able to generate sufficient funds to meet its trading requirements.
- The Company does not have external borrowing or any covenants based on financial performance.
- The Company continues to develop the exhibitions and publications offerings in order to meet the demands of the market and customers.
- The markets in which the business operates are not considered to be at significant risk from on ongoing global economic recession.
- There are not believed to be any contingent liabilities which could result in a significant impact on the business if they were to crystallise.
- The directors have also obtained assurances of continued support from the parent company and assessed whether the parent company has the ability to provide sufficient support.

Following this assessment, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing these financial statements.

Revenue

Revenue represents the amounts receivable, excluding sales related taxes, for goods and services supplied during the period to external customers shown net of VAT, returns, rebates and discounts.

When assessing revenue recognition against IFRS15, the Company assess the contract against the five steps of IFRS15:

- Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2. Identifying the performance obligations
- 3. Determining the transaction price
- 4. Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5. Recognising revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied

This process includes the assessment of the performance obligations within the contract and the allocation of contract revenue across these performance obligations once identified. Revenue is recognised either at a point in time or over time, when, or as, the Company satisfies performance obligations by transferring the promised goods or services to its customers.

Revenue from the sale of promotional products is recognised when the Company has delivered its obligations to its customers, normally when a promotional product has been dispatched to a customer.

Company Registration Number 09377989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Revenue (continued)

In comparative periods, revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of business and is shown net of Value Added Tax.

The difference between the amount of income recognised and the amount invoiced on a particular contract is included in the statement of financial position as deferred income. Amounts included in deferred income due within one year are expected to be recognised within one year and are included within current liabilities.

In the current year, the Company has applied IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers which was mandatorily effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1st January 2018.

The adoption of IFRS 15 has not had any material impact on the disclosures or amounts reported in these financial statements.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are held at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment charges.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class
Office Equipment,

Depreciation method and rate Straight line basis: 25-33%

Company Registration Number 09377989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items in other comprehensive income in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income and items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the tax currently payable based on taxable profit for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in previous years.

Deferred income taxes are calculated using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax is generally provided on the difference between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. However, deferred tax is not provided on the initial recognition of goodwill, nor on the initial recognition of an asset or liability unless the related transaction is a business combination or affects tax or accounting profit. Deferred tax on temporary differences associated with shares in subsidiaries and joint ventures is not provided if reversal of these temporary differences can be controlled by the company and it is probable that reversal will not occur in the foreseeable future. In addition, tax losses available to be carried forward as well as other income tax credits to the company are assessed for recognition as deferred tax assets.

Deferred tax liabilities are provided in full, with no discounting. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the underlying deductible temporary differences will be able to be offset against future taxable income. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at tax rates that are expected to apply to their respective period of realisation, provided they are enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Changes in deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognised as a component of tax expense in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items in other comprehensive income in which case it is recognised in other comprehensive income and items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Classification of financial instruments issued by the Company

The financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions:

- they include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company; and
- where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is
 either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the
 Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company's
 exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own
 equity instruments.

Company Registration Number 09377989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

2 Accounting policies (continued)

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

Finance payments associated with financial liabilities are dealt with as part of finance expenses. Finance payments associated with financial instruments that are classified in equity are treated as distributions and are recorded directly in equity.

Financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are de-recognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or when the contractual rights to those assets are transferred. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Financial assets, other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments, are classified into the following categories:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

In the periods presented the Company does not have any financial assets categorised as FVTPL or FVOCI.

After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Discounting is omitted where the effect if immaterial. All of the Company's financial assets fall into this category.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company accounts for impairment of financial assets using the expected credit loss ("ECL") model as required by IFRS 9. The company considers a broad range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that effect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. Contributions are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

3 Key judgements and estimates

There are no areas which have required judgement or estimates.

Company Registration Number 09377989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

4 Revenue

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom and relates to rendering of services. Revenues recognised at a point in time are comprised of variable, throughput related revenues and advertising revenues arising from legacy exhibitions and publications activity.

5 Operating profit

	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	4	-
Auditors remuneration		
- Audit	10	10

Fees paid to the company's auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, other than the statutory audit of the company are not disclosed in the company's financial statements since the consolidated accounts of the company's parent, Altitude Group plc, are required to disclose non-audit fees on a consolidated basis.

6 Particulars of employees

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category was as follows:

	2018 Number	2017 Number
Number of employees	3	6
The aggregate payroll costs were as follows:		
	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	51	125
Social security costs	4_	10
	55	135

The directors of the company received emoluments from Altitude Group plc during the year and it is not practicable to ascertain the proportion of the directors emoluments that specifically relate to this company. Their remuneration is therefore disclosed in that company's financial statements. Certain directors also received share options and it is also not practicable to ascertain the proportion that relates specifically to this company. Further details are set out in the Altitude Group plc financial statements.

Company Registration Number 09377989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Taxation on profit on ordinary activities		
	2018	2017
	£'000	£,000
Current tax		
Corporation tax charge/(credit)	-	168
		168
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	-
Total deferred tax	-	-
Total tax charge/(credit) on profit on ordinary activities	-	168
a) Factors affecting the tax charge for the period		
The current tax charge for the period is lower than (2017: same		e of
,		e of 2017
The current tax charge for the period is lower than (2017: same		
The current tax charge for the period is lower than (2017: same	2018	2017
The current tax charge for the period is lower than (2017: same corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below.	2018 £'000 248	2017 £'000
The current tax charge for the period is lower than (2017: same corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2018 £'000 248	2017 £'000
The current tax charge for the period is lower than (2017: same corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standar	2018 £'000 248	2017 £'000 875

Company Registration Number 09377989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

8	Tangible fixed assets		
Ü	rangible liked assets		Equipment
			Total
			£,000
	Cost or valuation		
	At 31 December 2017		6
	Additions		
	At 31 December 2018		6
	Depreciation		
	At 31 December 2017		2
	Charge for the period		4
	At 31 December 2018		6
	Net book value		
	At 31 December 2018		-
	At 31 December 2017		4
9	Debtors		
J	Debtors	2018	2017
		£'000	£'000
	Trade debtors	130	145
	Amounts owed by parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	3,066	2,878
	Prepayments and accrued income	21	321
	. Topayoand adolada indomo	3,217	3,344

Company Registration Number 09377989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018	2017
		£'000	£,000
	Accruals and deferred income	108	487
		108	487
11	Share capital		
	•	2018	2017
		£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid shares		
	1 Ordinary of £1	1	1

12 Reserves

Profit & loss account

Includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses, less dividends.

13 Pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pensions cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £nil (2017 £nil).

14 Control

In the opinion of the directors the company's ultimate holding company is Altitude Group plc, a company registered in England and Wales. Copies of the group financial statements can be obtained from the Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF4 3UZ. The registered office of Altitude Group plc is Unit 4 Rhodes Business Park, Silburn Way, Middleton, Manchester, M24 4NE.

The immediate parent undertaking is Customer Focus Software Limited. The parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group, which includes the company and for which group financial statements are prepared, is Altitude Group plc.