

Company No. 09355512

The Companies Act 2006
Private company limited by shares
Written resolution
of
Adorial Technologies Ltd
(the "Company")

15 December 2014 (the "Circulation Date")

Pursuant to Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006, the directors of Adorial Technologies Ltd propose that the resolution below is passed as a special resolution (the "**Special Resolution**")

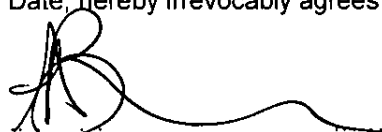
Special Resolution

That the draft regulations contained in the printed document signed by Oval Nominees Limited as the sole member of the Company be and they are approved and adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of the existing articles of association of the Company

Important:

Please read the notes at the end of this document before signifying your agreement to the Special Resolution.

The undersigned, being the sole member entitled to vote on the Special Resolution on the Circulation Date, hereby irrevocably agrees to the Special Resolution



duly authorised signatory
for and on behalf of
Oval Nominees Limited

Number of ordinary shares 100

Date 15/12/14

Notes

- 1 If you agree to the resolution, please indicate your agreement by signing and dating this document where indicated above and returning it to the Company by delivering the signed

THURSDAY



A21 *A3YNXHKK* 08/01/2015 #258
COMPANIES HOUSE

copy to Osborne Clarke, 2 Temple Back East, Temple Quay, Bristol marked for the attention of the Company Secretarial Unit

Please note that return of this document will not be accepted by fax or email.

- 2 **The resolution will lapse if sufficient votes in favour of it have not been received by the end of the day which is 28 days after the Circulation Date (the Circulation Date being counted as day one)** Unless you do not wish to vote on the resolution, please ensure that your agreement reaches the Company on or before this date and time. If the Company has not received this document from you by then you will be deemed to have voted against the resolution.
- 3 Once you have signified your agreement to the resolution such agreement cannot be revoked

Articles of Association

of

Adorial Technologies Ltd

Company number 09355512

(Private company limited by shares)

Osborne Clarke

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The Companies Act 2006

Private company limited by shares

Articles of Association

of

Adorial Technologies Ltd

Part 1

Interpretation, Limitation of Liability and Other Miscellaneous Provisions

It is agreed as follows

1 Defined terms

In these articles, unless the context requires otherwise

"Acts" means the Companies Acts and every other statute, order, regulation, or other subordinate legislation from time to time in force concerning companies and affecting the company

"alternate" or **"alternate director"** has the meaning set out in article 17 (*Appointment and removal of alternates*)

"appointor" has the meaning set out in article 17 (*Appointment and removal of alternates*)

"articles" means the company's articles of association as altered or varied from time to time (and **"article"** means a provision of the articles)

"associated company" has the meaning set out in Section 256, CA2006

"CA2006" means the Companies Act 2006

"call" has the meaning set out in article 24 1 (*Call notices*)

"call notice" has the meaning set out in article 24 1 (*Call notices*)

"call payment date" has the meaning set out in article 28 (*Failure to comply with call notice automatic consequences*)

"Companies Acts" has the meaning set out in Section 2, CA2006

"company's lien" has the meaning set out in article 22 (*Company's lien*)

"conflicted director" has the meaning set out in article 10 1 (*Authorisation of conflicts of interest*)

"conflict situation" has the meaning set out in article 10.1 (*Authorisation of conflicts of interest*)

"distribution recipient" has the meaning set out in article 40 (*Payment of dividends and other distributions*)

"document" includes, unless otherwise specified, any summons, notice, order, register, certificate or other legal process and includes any such document sent or supplied in electronic form

"electronic form" has the meaning set out in Section 1168, CA2006

"eligible director" means a director who would have been entitled to vote on the matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a directors' meeting (but excluding any director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the resolution in question)

"fully paid" in relation to a share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the company in respect of that share have been paid to the company

"hard copy form" has the meaning set out in Section 1168, CA2006

"holding company" has the meaning set out in Section 1159, CA2006

"lien enforcement notice" has the meaning set out in article 23 (*Enforcement of the company's lien*)

"Model Articles" means the model articles for private companies limited by shares as set out in Schedule 1 to The Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229)

"nil paid" in relation to a share, means that none of that share's nominal value or any premium at which it was issued has been paid to the company

"occupational pension scheme" has the meaning set out in Section 235(6), CA2006

"Parent Company" means Adorial Ltd registered in England and Wales with company number 09355294

"parent undertaking" has the meaning set out in Section 1162, CA2006

"partly paid" in relation to a share, means that part of that share's nominal value or any premium at which it was issued has not been paid to the company

"relevant director" means any director or former director

"relevant loss" means any costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities which have been or may be incurred by a relevant director, secretary or other officer in the actual or purported execution or discharge of his duties or in the actual or purported exercise of his powers in relation to the affairs of the company, any associated company or any pension fund (including any occupational pension scheme) or employees' share scheme of the company or associated company

"relevant rate" has the meaning set out in article 28.2 (*Failure to comply with call notice automatic consequences*)

"subsidiary" has the meaning set out in Section 1159, CA2006

"subsidiary undertaking" has the meaning set out in Section 1162, CA2006

"transmittee" means a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or otherwise by operation of law

"working day" has the meaning set out in Section 1173, CA2006

"writing" means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods and **"written"** shall be construed accordingly

- 1 1 Unless the context otherwise requires (or unless otherwise defined or stated in these articles), words or expressions defined in the Model Articles shall have the same meaning in these articles. Any other words and expressions contained in these articles and/or the Model Articles shall have the same meaning as in the CA2006 as in force from time to time
- 1 2 The Model Articles shall apply to the company save insofar as they are excluded or modified by or are inconsistent with these articles, and the Model Articles (except insofar as so excluded, modified or inconsistent) together with these articles shall be the articles of association of the company (to the exclusion of any other regulations set out in any statute, statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation from time to time in force)
- 1 3 The following articles of the Model Articles shall be excluded in their entirety from applying to the company
- (a) article 14 (*Conflicts of interest*),
 - (b) article 21 (*All shares to be fully paid up*),
 - (c) article 48 (*Means of communication to be used*),
 - (d) article 52 (*Indemnity*), and
 - (e) article 53 (*Insurance*)
- 1 4 References in the articles to a document or information being sent or supplied by or to a company (including the company) shall be construed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1148(3), CA2006 and any reference to **"sent"** or **"supplied"** (or other similar term) shall be construed in accordance with the provisions of Section 1148(2), CA2006

Part 2

Directors and Secretary

Directors' powers and responsibilities

2 Directors may delegate

Article 5(1) of the Model Articles is modified by the addition, at the end of that article, of the words

"(including whether any such delegation shall be made either collaterally with or to the exclusion of the powers otherwise conferred on the directors under the articles)"

Decision-making by Directors

3 Directors to take decisions collectively

- 3 1 The general rule about decision-making by directors does not apply to the first directors' meeting of the company, and any one director may take decisions at such first directors'

meeting without regard to any of the provisions of the articles relating to directors' decision-making

Article 7(1) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

3 2 If

(a) the company has only one director for the time being, and

(b) no provision of the articles requires it to have more than one director,

save as provided otherwise in the articles the general rule does not apply, and the director may (only for so long as he remains the sole director) take decisions without regard to any of the provisions of the articles relating to directors' decision-making

Article 7(2) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

4 **Unanimous decisions**

4 1 A unanimous decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each eligible director has signed one or more copies of it or to which each eligible director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing

Article 8(2) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

4 2 Article 8(3) shall be excluded from applying to the company

4 3 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article 4 if the eligible directors would not have formed a quorum at a directors' meeting held to discuss the matter in question

Article 8(4) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

5 **Calling a directors' meeting**

Save as otherwise provided in the articles, notice of a directors' meeting must be given to each director, but need not be in writing

Article 9(3) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

6 **Participation in directors' meetings**

6 1 Article 10(1)(b) of the Model Articles is modified by the addition, after the word "communicate", of the words

"orally, including by means of telephone, video conference or other audio or audio-visual link"

6 2 Article 10(2) of the Model Articles is modified by the addition, at the end of that article, of the words

", provided that all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other "

7 **Quorum for directors' meetings**

7 1 Save in respect of the first directors' meeting of the company where the quorum shall be one (unless so fixed by the directors at any other number) and subject to Section 175(6), CA2006, the quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the directors, and unless otherwise so fixed it shall (save as provided in article 7 2 or any other provision of the articles) be two

- 7 2 In relation to any meeting (or part of any meeting) held pursuant to article 10 (*Authorisation of conflicts of interest*), if, at the relevant time, the company has only one director other than the conflicted director, the quorum for such meeting (or the part thereof dealing with the authorisation pursuant to article 10 (*Authorisation of conflicts of interest*)) shall be one eligible director

Article 11(2) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

8 Chairing of directors' meetings

If the chairman is unwilling to chair a directors' meeting or is not participating in a directors' meeting within ten minutes of the time at which it was to start or, if at any time during the meeting, the chairman ceases to be a participating director, the participating directors must appoint one of themselves to chair it (or chair such part of it in relation to which the chairman ceases to be a participating director, as the case may be)

Article 12(4) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

9 Casting vote

- 9 1 If, at a meeting of the directors, the numbers of votes for and against a proposal are equal, the chairman or other director appointed to chair the meeting pursuant to article 8 (*Chairing of directors' meetings*) shall not have a casting vote

Article 13 of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

10 Authorisation of conflicts of interest

- 10 1 Subject to and in accordance with the CA2006

(a) the directors may authorise any matter or situation arising on or after 1 October 2008 in which a director (the "**conflicted director**") has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the company (including, without limitation, in relation to the exploitation of any property, information or opportunity, whether or not the company could take advantage of it) and for this purpose a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties (the "**conflict situation**"),

(b) any authorisation given in accordance with this article 10

(i) may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions and/or limitations as the directors may, in their absolute discretion, determine (including, without limitation, excluding the conflicted director and any other interested director from certain directors' meetings, withholding from him or them certain board papers or other papers and/or denying him or them access to certain confidential company information) and such terms, conditions and/or limitations may be imposed at the time of or after the authorisation and may be subsequently varied or terminated, and

(ii) shall be effective only if

(A) any requirement as to the quorum at any meeting of the directors at which the matter is considered is met without counting either the conflicted director or any other interested director, and

(B) the matter or situation was agreed to and any relevant resolution was passed without counting the votes of the conflicted director and without counting the votes of any other interested director (or such matter or situation would have been so agreed and such relevant

resolution would have been so passed if their votes had not been counted), and

- (c) in considering any request for authorisation in respect of a conflict situation, the directors shall be entitled to exclude the conflicted director from any meeting or other discussion (whether oral or written) concerning the authorisation of such conflict situation and they shall also be entitled to withhold from such conflicted director any board papers or other papers concerning the authorisation of such conflict situation

10 2 If any conflict situation is authorised or otherwise permitted under the articles, the conflicted director (for as long as he reasonably believes such conflict situation subsists)

- (a) shall not be required to disclose to the company (including the directors or any committee) any confidential information relating to such conflict situation which he obtains or has obtained otherwise than in his capacity as a director of the company, if to make such disclosure would give rise to a breach of duty or breach of obligation of confidence owed by him to another person in relation to such matter, office, employment or position,
- (b) shall be entitled to attend or absent himself from all or any meetings of the directors (or any committee) at which anything relating to such conflict situation will or may be discussed, and
- (c) shall be entitled to make such arrangements as he thinks fit to receive or not to receive documents or information (including, without limitation, board papers (or those of any committee of the directors)) relating to any such conflict situation and/or for such documents or information to be received and read by a professional adviser on his behalf,

and in so doing, such conflicted director shall not be in breach of any general duty he owes to the company pursuant to Sections 171 to 177 (inclusive), CA2006 and the provisions of this article 10 shall be without prejudice to any equitable principle or rule of law which may excuse the conflicted director from disclosing information or attending meetings or receiving documents or information, in circumstances where such disclosure, attendance or receipt would otherwise be required under the articles

10 3 For the purposes of this article 10, an interest of a person who is, for any purpose of the CA2006 (excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this regulation becomes binding on the company), connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and, in relation to an alternate director, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate director has otherwise

11 Directors may have interests and vote and count for quorum

11 1 Provided permitted by the Acts, and provided he has disclosed to the other directors the nature and extent of his interest pursuant to Section 177 or 182, CA2006 or otherwise pursuant to the articles (as the case may be), a director, notwithstanding his office

- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise directly or indirectly interested in any contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal with the company or in which the company is otherwise interested and may hold any other office or position of profit under the company (except that of auditor or of auditor of a subsidiary of the company) in addition to the office of director and may act by himself or through his firm in a professional capacity for the company and in any such case on such terms as to remuneration and otherwise as the directors may arrange either in addition to or in lieu of any remuneration provided for by any other article,
- (b) may be a member, director or other officer of, or employed by, or hold any other office or position with, or be directly or indirectly interested in any contract, arrangement,

transaction or proposal with or a party to or otherwise directly or indirectly interested in, any subsidiary of the company or any holding company of the company and any of such holding company's subsidiaries or subsidiary undertakings or any other body corporate promoted by the company or in which the company is otherwise interested,

- (c) shall not, by reason of his office, be liable to account to the company for any dividend, profit, remuneration, superannuation payment or other benefit which he derives from
 - (i) any matter, office, employment or position which relates to a conflict situation authorised in accordance with article 10 (*Authorisation of conflicts of interest*), or
 - (ii) any office, employment, contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal or other interest permitted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this article,

and no contract, arrangement, transaction or proposal shall be avoided on the grounds of any director having any such interest or receiving any such dividend, profit, remuneration, superannuation, payment or other benefit authorised in accordance with article 10 (*Authorisation of conflicts of interest*) or permitted pursuant to paragraphs (a) or (b) of this article and the receipt of any such dividend, profit, remuneration, superannuation, payment or other benefit so authorised or permitted shall not constitute a breach of the duty not to accept benefits from third parties as set out in Section 176, CA2006

- 11 2 For the avoidance of doubt, a director may be or become subject to one or more conflict situations as a result of any matter referred to in paragraph (b) of article 11 1 without requiring authorisation under the provisions of article 10 (*Authorisation of conflicts of interest*) provided he has declared, as soon as reasonably practicable, the nature and extent of his interest in the conflict situation. The provisions of Section 177(2), Section 177(3), Section 177(5), Section 177(6), Section 184 and Section 185, CA2006 shall be applied (with any necessary modifications) in respect of any such declaration
- 11 3 Subject to Section 175(6), CA2006 and save as otherwise provided in the articles, a director may vote at any meeting of the directors or any meeting of any committee of which he is a member on any resolution and a director may participate in the transaction of the business of the directors and count in the quorum at any such meeting of the directors or meeting of any committee of which he is a member notwithstanding that it concerns or relates in any way to a matter in which he has directly or indirectly any kind of interest or duty. This article does not affect any obligation of a director to disclose any such interest, whether pursuant to Section 177, CA2006, Section 182, CA2006 or otherwise
- 11 4 Subject to article 11 5, if a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman whose ruling in relation to any director other than the chairman is to be final and conclusive (except in a case where the nature or extent of any interest of the director has not been fairly disclosed)
- 11 5 If any question as to the right to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) should arise in respect of the chairman, the question is to be decided by a decision of the directors at that meeting, for which purpose the chairman is not to be counted as participating in the meeting (or that part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes
- 11 6 For the purposes of this article 11, an interest of a person who is, for any purpose of the CA2006 (excluding any statutory modification thereof not in force when this regulation becomes binding on the company), connected with a director shall be treated as an interest of the director and, in relation to an alternate director, an interest of his appointor shall be treated as an interest of the alternate director without prejudice to any interest which the alternate director has otherwise

12 Records of decisions to be kept

The directors must ensure that the company keeps a record, in writing, for at least 10 years from the date of the decision recorded, of every unanimous or majority decision taken by the directors. Notwithstanding the provisions of article 3 (*Directors to take decisions collectively*), where the company only has one director, the provisions of this article 12 shall apply to any decision taken by such director, howsoever taken by him

Article 15 of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

Appointment of Directors

13 Methods of appointing directors

In any case where, as a result of death or bankruptcy, the company has no shareholders and no directors, the transmittee of the last shareholder to have died or to have had a bankruptcy order made against him, as the case may be, shall have the right, by notice in writing to the company, to appoint any one person to be a director, provided such person is a natural person in accordance with Section 155, CA2006 and provided such person is willing to be so appointed and is otherwise permitted by law to be a director of the company

Article 17(2) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

14 Termination of director's appointment

14 1 A person ceases to be a director as soon as

- (a) that person ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the CA2006 or is prohibited from being a director by law,
- (b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person,
- (c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts,
- (d) a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the company stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months,
- (e) by reason of that person's mental health, he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under any mental health legislation for the time being in force in any part of the United Kingdom or a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) makes an order which wholly or partly prevents that person from personally exercising any powers or rights which that person would otherwise have, or
- (f) notification is received by the company from the director that the director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms, or
- (g) that person has, for more than six consecutive months, been absent without permission of the directors from meetings of directors held during that period and the directors make a decision that that person's office be vacated

Article 18 of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

15 Directors' remuneration

Article 19(2) of the Model Articles is modified by adding at the end of that article, the words

"(provided that any remuneration for their services to the company as directors pursuant to article 19(2)(a) shall not exceed £10,000 per annum for each director)"

16 Directors' expenses

16 1 The company may pay any reasonable expenses which the directors and the company secretary (if any) properly incur in connection with their attendance at (or returning from)

- (a) meetings of directors or committees of directors,
- (b) general meetings, or
- (c) separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company,

or otherwise in connection with the business of the company, the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their duties and responsibilities in relation to the company

Article 20 of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

Alternate directors

17 Appointment and removal of alternates

17 1 Any director (other than an alternate director) (the "**appointor**") may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person approved by resolution of the directors, who is willing to act to

- (a) exercise that director's powers, and
- (b) carry out that director's responsibilities,

in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors in the absence of the alternate's appointor. A person (whether or not otherwise a director) may be appointed as an alternate by more than one appointor

17 2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the company signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors

17 3 The notice must identify the proposed alternate and, in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice

17 4 The appointment of an alternate director who is not otherwise a director shall be valid notwithstanding that he is approved by a resolution of the directors after his appointment as alternate director. Where an alternate director who is not otherwise a director attends a meeting of the directors and no objection is raised at the meeting to his presence then he shall be deemed to have been approved by a resolution of the directors

18 Rights and responsibilities of alternate directors

18 1 Except as the articles specify otherwise, an alternate director has the same rights in relation to any directors' meeting, directors' written resolution or any other directors' decision-making as the alternate's appointor, including, but not limited to, the right to receive notice of all meetings of directors and all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member

18 2 Except as the articles specify otherwise, alternate directors

- (a) are deemed for all purposes to be directors,

- (b) are liable for their own acts and omissions,
- (c) are subject to the same restrictions as their appointors, and
- (d) are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointors

18 3 A person who is an alternate director but not otherwise a director

- (a) may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is participating (but only if that person's appointor is not participating), and
- (b) may participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if that person's appointor is an eligible director in respect of such decisions and only if that person's appointor does not participate),

provided that (notwithstanding any other provision of the articles) such person shall not be counted as more than one director for the purposes of paragraphs (a) and (b) above

18 4 A director who is also an alternate for one or more directors is entitled, in the absence of the relevant appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of each appointor in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors (provided the relevant appointor is an eligible director in relation to that decision) but shall not count as more than one director for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present

18 5 An alternate director is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an alternate director except such part of the alternate's appointor's remuneration as the appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the company. Notwithstanding any other provision of the articles, an alternate director shall not be entitled to vote on any resolution relating to the remuneration of an alternate director (whether himself or others)

19 Termination of alternate directorship

19 1 An alternate director's appointment as an alternate terminates

- (a) when the alternate's appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the company in writing specifying when it is to terminate,
- (b) on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointor, would result in the termination of the appointor's appointment as a director,
- (c) on the death of the alternate's appointor, or
- (d) when the alternate's appointor ceases to be a director for any reason

20 Secretary

The directors may appoint any person who is willing to act as the secretary of the company on such terms (including, but not limited to, term of office and remuneration) and subject to such conditions as they may think fit and from time to time remove such person and, if the directors determine, appoint a replacement secretary of the company, in each case by a decision of the directors

Part 3

Shares and Distributions

Shares

21 Issue of shares and payment of commissions

21 1 Shares may be issued by the company which are nil, partly or fully paid

21 2 The company may pay any person a commission in consideration for that person subscribing, or agreeing to subscribe, for shares or procuring, or agreeing to procure, subscriptions for shares. Any such commission may be paid in cash, or fully paid or partly paid shares or other securities, or partly in one way and partly in the other and in respect of a conditional or an absolute subscription

22 Company's lien

22 1 The company has a lien (the "**company's lien**") over every share (whether fully paid or not) registered in the name of any person (whether he is the sole registered holder or one of two or more joint holders) for all moneys payable by him or his estate (and whether payable by him alone or jointly with any other person) to the company (whether presently payable or not)

22 2 The company's lien over a share

- (a) takes priority over any third party's interest in that share, and
- (b) extends to any dividend (or other assets attributable to it) or other money payable by the company in respect of that share and (if the lien is enforced and the share is sold by the company) the proceeds of sale of that share

22 3 The directors may, at any time, decide that a share which is or would otherwise be subject to a lien pursuant to the articles shall not be subject to it, either wholly or in part

23 Enforcement of the company's lien

23 1 Subject to the provisions of this article 23, if a lien enforcement notice has been given in respect of a share and the person to whom the notice was given has failed to comply with it, the company may sell that share in such manner as the directors decide

23 2 A lien enforcement notice

- (a) may only be given in respect of a share which is subject to the company's lien, in respect of which a sum is payable and the due date for payment of that sum has passed,
- (b) must specify the share concerned,
- (c) must require payment of the sum payable within 14 clear days of the notice (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires),
- (d) must be addressed either to the holder of the share or to any transferee of that holder or any other person otherwise entitled to the share, and
- (e) must state the company's intention to sell the share if the notice is not complied with

23 3 Where any share is sold pursuant to this article

- (a) the directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to the purchaser or a person nominated by the purchaser, and
 - (b) the transferee of the share(s) shall be registered as the holder of the share(s) to which the transfer relates notwithstanding that he may not be able to produce the share certificate(s) and such transferee is not bound to see to the application of the consideration and the transferee's title to the share is not affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading or relating to the sale
- 23 4 The net proceeds of any such sale (after payment of the costs of sale and any other costs of enforcing the lien) must be applied
 - (a) first, in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as was payable at the date of the lien enforcement notice,
 - (b) second, to the person entitled to the share(s) immediately before the sale took place but only after the certificate for the share(s) sold has been surrendered to the company for cancellation or an indemnity in a form acceptable to the directors has been given to the company for any lost certificate(s) and subject to a lien (equivalent to the company's lien over the share(s) immediately before the sale took place) for all moneys payable by such person or his estate (whether immediately payable or not) in respect of all share(s) registered in the name of such person (whether he is the sole registered holder or one of two or more joint holders) and in respect of any other moneys payable (whether immediately payable or not) by him or his estate to the company, after the date of the lien enforcement notice
- 23 5 A statutory declaration by a director or the company secretary (if any) that the declarant is a director or the company secretary and that a share has been sold to satisfy the company's lien on a specified date
 - (a) is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share(s), and
 - (b) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the share(s)
- 24 **Call notices**
- 24 1 Subject to the articles and the terms on which shares are allotted, the directors may send a notice (a "**call notice**") to a shareholder (or his estate) requiring such shareholder (or his estate) to pay the company a specified sum of money (a "**call**") which is payable to the company in respect of shares which that shareholder (or his estate) holds at the date when the directors decide to send the call notice
- 24 2 A call notice
 - (a) may not require a shareholder (or his estate) to pay a call which exceeds the total sum unpaid on the shares in question (whether as to nominal value or any amount payable to the company by way of premium),
 - (b) must state when and how any call to which it relates is to be paid, and
 - (c) may permit or require the call to be paid by instalments
- 24 3 A shareholder (or his estate) must comply with the requirements of a call notice but shall not be obliged to pay any call before 14 clear days (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires) have passed since the notice was sent

24 4 Before the company has received any call due under a call notice the directors may revoke it wholly or in part or specify a later date and/or time for payment than is specified in the notice, by a further notice in writing to the shareholder (or his estate) in respect of whose shares the call is made

25 **Liability to pay calls**

25 1 Liability to pay a call is not extinguished or transferred by transferring the shares in respect of which it is required to be paid. Joint holders of a share are jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of that share

25 2 Subject to the terms on which shares are allotted, the directors may, when issuing shares, provide that call notices sent to the holders of those shares may require them to pay calls which are not the same or to pay calls at different times

26 **Payment in advance of calls**

26 1 The directors may, if they think fit, receive from any shareholder willing to advance it all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid on the shares held by him. Such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish only to that extent the liability on the shares on which it is made

26 2 The directors may at any time repay the amount so advanced on giving to such shareholder not less than 14 clear days' notice (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires) of its intention in that regard, unless before the expiration of such notice the amount so advanced shall have been called up on the shares in respect of which it was advanced

26 3 No sum paid in advance of calls shall entitle the holder of a share in respect of them to any portion of a dividend subsequently declared in respect of any period prior to the date upon which such sum would, but for such payment, become payable

27 **When call notice need not be issued**

27 1 A call notice need not be issued in respect of sums which are specified, in the terms on which a share is issued, as being payable to the company in respect of that share (whether in respect of nominal value or premium)

(a) on allotment,

(b) on the occurrence of a particular event, or

(c) on a date fixed by or in accordance with the terms of issue

27 2 If, however, the due date for payment of such a sum has passed and it has not been paid, the holder of the share(s) concerned (or his estate) is treated in all respects as having failed to comply with a call notice in respect of that sum, and is liable to the same consequences as regards the payment of interest and forfeiture

28 **Failure to comply with call notice: automatic consequences**

28 1 If a person is liable to pay a call and fails to do so by the call payment date (as such is defined below), the directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture to that person, and unless and until the call is paid that person must pay the company interest on the call from the call payment date at the relevant rate (as such is defined below)

28 2 Subject to article 28 3, for the purposes of this article

(a) the "**call payment date**" is the time when the call notice states that a call is payable, unless the directors give a notice specifying a later date, in which case the "call payment date" is that later date,

(b) the "relevant rate" is

- (i) the rate fixed by the terms on which the share in respect of which the call is due was allotted, or, if none
- (ii) such other rate as was fixed in the call notice which required payment of the call, or has otherwise been determined by the directors,

provided that if no rate is fixed in either of the manners specified in paragraph (b)(i) or (b)(ii) above, it shall be 5 per cent per annum

28 3 The relevant rate must not exceed by more than 5 percentage points the base lending rate most recently set by the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England in connection with its responsibilities under Part 2 of the Bank of England Act 1998(a)

28 4 The directors may waive any obligation to pay interest on a call wholly or in part

29 **Notice of intended forfeiture**

29 1 A notice of intended forfeiture

- (a) may be sent in respect of any share in respect of which a call has not been paid as required by a call notice,
- (b) must be sent to the holder of that share (or to all the joint holders of that share) or to a transmittee of that holder,
- (c) must require payment of the call and any accrued interest together with all costs and expenses that may have been incurred by the company by reason of such non-payment by a date which is not less than 14 clear days after the date of the notice (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires),
- (d) must state how the payment is to be made, and
- (e) must state that if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call is payable will be liable to be forfeited

30 **Directors' power to forfeit shares**

If a notice of intended forfeiture is not complied with before the date by which payment of the call is required in the notice of intended forfeiture, the directors may decide that any share in respect of which it was given is forfeited, and the forfeiture is to include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture

31 **Effect of forfeiture**

31 1 Subject to the articles, the forfeiture of a share extinguishes all interests in that share, and all claims and demands against the company in respect of it and all other rights and liabilities incidental to the share as between the person whose share it was prior to the forfeiture and the company

31 2 Any share which is forfeited in accordance with the articles

- (a) is deemed to have been forfeited when the directors decide that it is forfeited,
- (b) is deemed to be the property of the company, and
- (c) may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of as the directors think fit

31 3 If a person's shares have been forfeited

- (a) the company must send that person notice that forfeiture has occurred and record it in the register of members,
- (b) that person ceases to be a shareholder in respect of those shares,
- (c) that person must surrender the certificate for the shares forfeited to the company for cancellation,
- (d) that person remains liable to the company for all sums payable by that person under the articles at the date of forfeiture in respect of those shares, including any interest, costs and expenses (whether accrued before or after the date of forfeiture), and
- (e) the directors may waive payment of such sums wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal

31 4 At any time before the company disposes of a forfeited share, the directors may decide to cancel the forfeiture on payment of all calls and interest, costs and expenses due in respect of it and on such other terms as they think fit

32 **Procedure following forfeiture**

32 1 If a forfeited share is to be disposed of by being transferred, the company may receive the consideration for the transfer and the directors may authorise any person to execute the instrument of transfer

32 2 A statutory declaration by a director or the company secretary that the declarant is a director or the company secretary and that a share has been forfeited on a specified date is conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and, subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the share

32 3 A person to whom a forfeited share is transferred is not bound to see to the application of the consideration (if any) nor is that person's title to the share affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the forfeiture or transfer of the share

32 4 If the company sells a forfeited share, the person who held it prior to its forfeiture is entitled to receive from the company the proceeds of such sale, net of any commission, and excluding any amount which

- (a) was, or would have become, payable, and
- (b) had not, when that share was forfeited, been paid by that person in respect of that share,

but no interest is payable to such a person in respect of such proceeds and the company is not required to account for any money earned on them

33 **Surrender of shares**

33 1 A shareholder may surrender any share

- (a) in respect of which the directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture,
- (b) which the directors may forfeit, or
- (c) which has been forfeited

33 2 The directors may accept the surrender of any such share. The effect of surrender on a share is the same as the effect of forfeiture on that share. A share which has been surrendered may be dealt with in the same way as a share which has been forfeited.

34 **Exclusion of statutory pre-emption provisions**

Pursuant to Section 567, CA2006, sub-section (1) of Section 561, CA2006, and sub-sections (1) to (5) inclusive of Section 562, CA2006 shall be excluded from applying to the company.

35 **Share certificates**

35 1 The company must issue each shareholder with one or more certificates in respect of the shares which that shareholder holds and, save as provided otherwise in the articles, such certificates must be issued free of charge.

Article 24(1) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly.

35 2 Article 24(2)(c) of the Model Articles is modified by

(a) the deletion of the words "that the shares are fully paid", and

(b) the insertion, instead, of the words "the amount paid up on the shares".

36 **Share transfers**

36 1 Article 26(1) of the Model Articles is modified by the addition, at the end of that article, of the words

"and unless the share is fully paid, by and on behalf of the transferee".

36 2 The directors may, in their absolute discretion, refuse to register the transfer of a share, and if they do so, they shall, within 2 months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company, send to the transferee notice of refusal together with reasons for the refusal. Any instrument of transfer which the directors refuse to register must (unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent) be returned to the transferee.

Article 26(5) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly.

37 **Transmission of shares**

37 1 A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the directors may properly require

(a) may, subject to the articles, choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person, and

(b) subject to the articles (including, without limitation, the provisions of article 37 2) and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had (and the rights in relation to the holder shall cease) and may give good discharge for dividends and other distributions in respect of the share.

Article 27(2) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly.

37 2 Save as provided in article 13 (*Methods of appointing directors*), transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting of the company, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of shares to which they are entitled by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those shares.

Article 27(3) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly.

- 37 3 The directors may at any time give notice requiring a transmittee to elect either to be registered himself in respect of the share or to transfer the share to a person nominated by him and if such notice is not complied with within 60 days of such notice, the directors may, thereafter, withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with

38 **Transmittees bound by prior notices**

If a notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares and a transmittee is entitled to those shares, the transmittee is bound by the notice if it was given to the shareholder before the transmittee's name or the name of any person nominated by the transmittee pursuant to article 37 1 (*Transmission of shares*) has been entered in the register of members

Article 29 of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

Dividends and Other Distributions

39 **Calculation of dividends**

- 39 1 Except as otherwise provided by the articles and by the rights attached to shares, all dividends must be

- (a) declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid, and
- (b) apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid

- 39 2 If any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date or be entitled to dividends declared after a particular date it shall rank for or be entitled to dividends accordingly

- 39 3 For the purposes of calculating dividends, no account is to be taken of any amount which has been paid up on a share in advance of a call or otherwise paid up in advance of its overdue payment date

Article 30(4) of the Model Articles shall be excluded from applying to the company

40 **Payment of dividends and other distributions**

- 40 1 Each of articles 31(1)(a) to (d) of the Model Articles is modified by the deletion of the words "either" and "or as the directors may otherwise decide"

- 40 2 If

- (a) a share is subject to the company's lien, and
- (b) the directors are entitled to issue a lien enforcement notice in respect of it,

they may, instead of issuing a lien enforcement notice, deduct from any dividend or other sum payable in respect of the share any sum of money which is payable to the company in respect of that share to the extent that they are entitled to require payment under a lien enforcement notice Money so deducted must be used to pay any of the sums payable in respect of that share

- 40 3 The company must notify the distribution recipient in writing of

- (a) the fact and amount of any such deduction,

- (b) any non-payment of a dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share resulting from any such deduction, and
- (c) how the money deducted has been applied

40 4 In these articles, "**the distribution recipient**" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable

- (a) the holder of the share, or
- (b) if the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members, or
- (c) if the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee

Capitalisation of Profits

41 **Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums**

41 1 A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied

- (a) in or towards paying up any amounts unpaid on existing shares held by the person(s) entitled, or
- (b) in paying up new debentures of the company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct

Article 36(4) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

41 2 Subject to the articles, the directors may apply capitalised sums in accordance with article 41 1(a) and 41 1(b) partly in one way and partly in another

Article 36(5)(a) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

Part 4

Decision-making by Shareholders

Organisation of General Meetings

42 **Notice of general meetings**

42 1 A general meeting of the company (other than an adjourned meeting) shall be called by notice of at least 14 clear days (that is, excluding the date on which the notice is given and the date on which that 14 day period expires) but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the shareholders having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than ninety percent in nominal value of the shares giving that right

42 2 Every notice convening a general meeting shall specify

- (a) the place, the date and the time of the meeting,
- (b) the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting,
- (c) if the meeting is convened to consider a special resolution, the text of the resolution and intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution, and

- (d) with reasonable prominence, that a member is entitled to appoint another person (who does not have to be a member) as his proxy to exercise all or any rights of his to attend, speak and vote at the meeting and that a member may appoint more than one proxy in relation to the meeting (provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by him) and shall also specify any more extensive rights (if any) conferred by these articles to appoint more than one proxy

42 3 The notice shall be given to the members (other than any who under the provisions of these articles or of any restrictions imposed on any shares are not entitled to receive notice from the company), to the directors and to the auditors and if more than one for the time being, to each of them

42 4 Subject to the provisions of these articles, notice of a general meeting of the company may be given

- (a) in hard copy form,
- (b) in electronic form, or
- (c) by means of a website,

or partly by one such means and partly by another and the provisions of article 53 (*Company communications*) shall apply accordingly

42 5 The accidental failure to give notice of general meeting or, in cases where it is intended that it be sent out with the notice, an instrument of proxy, or to give notice of a resolution intended to be moved at a general meeting to, or the non-receipt of any of them by, any person or persons entitled to receive the same shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting and shall be disregarded for the purpose of determining whether the notice of the meeting, instrument of proxy or resolution were duly given

43 **Quorum for general meetings**

Whenever the company has only one member, the member present (being an individual) in person or by proxy, or (being a corporation) by a duly authorised representative or by proxy, shall be a quorum. Subject to the provisions of Section 318(2), CA2006, whenever the company has two or more members, two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted (each being a member (being an individual) present in person or by proxy, or (being a corporation) present by a duly authorised representative or by proxy), shall be a quorum

44 **Chairing general meetings**

44 1 Article 39(2) of the Model Articles is modified by the addition, after the words "director or shareholder", of the words

"(which may include any proxy appointed by a shareholder)"

45 **Adjournment**

If a quorum is not present at any adjourned meeting within half an hour from the time appointed for that meeting (or if, during the meeting, a quorum ceases to be present), the meeting shall be dissolved

Voting at General Meetings

46 **Voting: general**

No shareholder shall, unless the directors otherwise decide, be entitled to vote (either in person or by proxy) at a general meeting, at any adjournment of it or on any poll called at or in

relation to it in respect of any share held by him or to exercise any right as a shareholder unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of that share in the company have been paid to the company

47 Errors and disputes

- 47 1 Article 43(2) of the Model Articles is modified by the addition, at the end of that article, of the words

"and conclusive"

48 Demanding a poll and procedure on poll

- 48 1 A poll may be demanded by

- (a) the chairman of the meeting,
- (b) the directors,
- (c) two or more persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having the right to vote on the resolution, or
- (d) by a person or persons holding shares in the company conferring a right to vote on the resolution, being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up to not less than one tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right

Article 44(2) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

- 48 2 A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if

- (a) the poll has not yet been taken, and
- (b) the chairman of the meeting consents to the withdrawal,

and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made

Article 44(3) of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

49 Delivery of proxy notices

- 49 1 The appointment of a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed (or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors) shall be sent or supplied in hard copy form, or (subject to any conditions and limitations which the directors may specify) in electronic form

- (a) to the registered office of the company, or
- (b) to such other address (including electronic address) as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy or any invitation to appoint a proxy sent or supplied by the company in relation to the meeting, or
- (c) as the directors shall otherwise direct,

to be received before the time for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates or, in the case of a poll taken after the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting, before the time appointed for the poll

- 49 2 Any instrument of proxy not so sent or supplied or received shall be invalid unless the directors at any time prior to the meeting or the chairman of the meeting at the meeting, in their or his

absolute discretion, accept as valid an instrument of proxy where there has not been compliance with the provisions of this article and such proxy shall thereupon be valid notwithstanding such default

49 3 A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the company by or on behalf of that person

49 4 If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf

Article 46 of the Model Articles is modified accordingly

50 Revocation of proxy notices

50 1 The validity of

- (a) a vote given or poll demanded in accordance with the terms of an appointment of a proxy, or
- (b) anything done by a proxy acting as duly appointed chairman of a meeting, or
- (c) any decision determining whether a proxy counts in a quorum at a meeting,

shall not be affected notwithstanding the death or mental disorder of the appointor or the revocation of the appointment of the proxy (or of the authority under which the appointment of the proxy was executed) or the transfer of the share in respect of which the appointment of the proxy is given, unless notice in writing of such death, mental disorder, revocation or transfer shall have been

- (a) sent or supplied to the company or any other person as the company may require in the notice of the meeting, any instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting or in any invitation to appoint a proxy issued by the company in relation to the meeting, in any manner permitted for the sending or supplying of appointments of proxy pursuant to the articles, and
- (b) received at the registered office of the company (or such other address (including electronic address) as has been designated for the sending or supplying of appointments of proxy), before the time for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates or, in the case of a poll taken after the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting, before the time appointed for the poll

51 Votes of proxies

51 1 The company shall be under no obligation to ensure or otherwise verify that any vote(s) cast by a proxy are done so in accordance with any such instructions given by the member by whom such proxy is appointed. In the event that a vote cast by such proxy is not done so in accordance with the instructions of the member by whom such proxy is appointed, such vote shall not be deemed to be invalid

51 2 On a vote on a resolution on a show of hands, where a proxy is appointed by more than one member (provided that, where some only of those members by whom the proxy is appointed instruct the proxy to vote in a particular way, those members all instruct such proxy to vote in the same way on a resolution (either "for" or "against")) such proxy shall be entitled to cast a second vote the other way in relation to any discretionary vote(s) given to him by other members by whom such proxy is appointed

Part 5

Administrative Arrangements

52 Exercise of members' rights

No shareholder in the company shall be entitled to nominate another person or persons to enjoy or exercise all or any specified rights of the shareholder in relation to the company pursuant to Section 145, CA2006. Accordingly, the company shall not be obliged to give effect to any purported nomination notice received by it.

53 Company communications

- 53 1 Subject to the provisions of the Acts (and save as otherwise provided in the articles), any document or information required or authorised to be sent or supplied by the company to any member or any other person (including a director) pursuant to these articles, the Companies Acts or any other rules or regulations to which the company may be subject, may be sent or supplied in hard copy form, in electronic form, by means of a website or in any other way in which documents or information may be sent or supplied by the company pursuant to the Companies Acts.
- 53 2 Subject to the articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a director in connection with the taking of decisions by directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that director has asked in writing to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being.
- 53 3 The provisions of the CA2006 which apply to sending or supplying a document or information required or authorised to be sent or supplied by the Companies Acts by making it available on a website shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to the sending or supplying of any document or information required or authorised to be sent by these articles or any other rules or regulations to which the company may be subject, by making it available on a website.
- 53 4 The company may send or supply any document or information to a member or any other person (including a director) pursuant to these articles, the Companies Acts or any other rules or regulations to which the company may be subject, either personally, or by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member (or such other person) at his registered address or at his address for service, or by leaving it at that address or any other address for the time being notified to the company by the member (or such other person) for the purpose, or by sending or supplying it using electronic means to an electronic address for the time being notified to the company by the member (or such other person) for the purpose, or by any other means authorised in writing by the member (or such other person) concerned.
- 53 5 A shareholder whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives the company an address within the United Kingdom to which documents or information may be sent or supplied to him or gives an electronic address to which documents or information may be sent or supplied using electronic means, shall be entitled to have documents or information sent or supplied to him at that address, but otherwise no such shareholder shall be entitled to receive any document or information from the company.
- 53 6 In the case of joint holders of a share, if the company sends or supplies any document or information to one of the joint holders, it shall be deemed to have properly sent or supplied such document or information to all the joint holders.
- 53 7 If, on at least 2 consecutive occasions, the company has attempted to send any document or information by electronic means to an address specified (or deemed specified) for the purpose and a delivery failure (or other similar) notification has been received by the company, the company thereafter shall send documents or information in hard copy form or electronic form (but not by electronic means) to such member at his registered address or address for service within the United Kingdom (whether by hand, by post or by leaving it or them at such address), in which case the provisions of article 53 8 shall apply.

- 53 8 If on 3 consecutive occasions documents or information have been sent or supplied to any shareholder at his registered address or address for the service of such documents or information in the United Kingdom but have been returned undelivered, such shareholder shall not thereafter be entitled to receive any documents or information from the company until he shall have communicated with the company and supplied in writing a new registered address or address within the United Kingdom for the service of documents or information or an electronic address to which documents or information may be sent or supplied using electronic means
- 53 9 Any shareholder present, in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the company or of the holders of any class of shares of the company, shall be deemed to have received due notice of such meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which such meeting was called
- 53 10 Save as provided otherwise in these articles, any document or information addressed to a shareholder (or other person to whom such document or information is required or authorised to be sent pursuant to these articles, the Companies Acts or otherwise) at his registered address or address for service (in the case of a shareholder, in the United Kingdom) or electronic address, as the case may be, shall
- (a) if hand delivered or left at a registered address or other address for service (in the case of a shareholder in the United Kingdom), be deemed to have been served or delivered on the day on which it was so delivered or left,
 - (b) if sent or supplied by post (whether in hard copy form or in electronic form), be deemed to have been received at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope was posted,
 - (c) if sent or supplied by electronic means (other than by means of website), be deemed to have been received (if sent or supplied between the hours of 9 a m and 5 p m on a working day) at the time it was sent, or (if sent or supplied at any other time) at 9 a m on the next following working day, and
 - (d) if sent or supplied by means of a website, be deemed to have been received when the material was first made available on the website or, if later, when the recipient received (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material was available on the website
- 53 11 In calculating a period of hours for the purpose of article 53 10, account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day
- 53 12 A director may agree with the company that documents sent to that director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within a specified time of their being sent, and for the specified time to be less than those set out in article 53 10
- 53 13 Subject to article 53 9, in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope containing the document or information was properly addressed and put into the post in a prepaid envelope or, in the case of a document or information sent or supplied by electronic means, that it was sent or supplied in accordance with guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators entitled "Electronic Communications with Shareholders 2007" (as such guidance is amended or updated from time to time)
- 53 14 The company shall not be held responsible for any failure in transmission beyond its reasonable control and the provisions of article 53 9 to article 53 13 (inclusive) shall apply regardless of any document or information being returned undelivered and regardless of any delivery failure notification or "out of office" or other similar response and any such "out of office" or other similar response shall not be considered to be a delivery failure

54 Company seals

Article 49 of the Model Articles is modified by the addition, after the word "directors", of the words

"or a committee of the directors"

Directors' Indemnity, Funds and Insurance

55 Indemnity and Funds

55 1 Subject to article 55 2 (but otherwise to the fullest extent permitted by law) and without prejudice to any indemnity to which he may otherwise be entitled

(a) a relevant director, secretary or other officer (other than any person engaged as auditor) of the company or an associated company may, at the discretion of the directors, be indemnified out of the company's assets against all or any part of any costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by that director, secretary or other officer

(i) in the actual or purported exercise of his powers in relation to the affairs of the company or an associated company, and

(ii) in connection with the activities of the company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme, and

(b) a relevant director, secretary or other officer (other than any person engaged as auditor) of the company or any holding company may, at the discretion of the directors, be provided with funds to meet any expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him as provided in Section 205 and/or Section 206, CA2006 (or enable him to avoid incurring any such expenditure)

55 2 This article does not authorise any indemnity or provision of funds which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law

56 Insurance

56 1 Subject to the provisions of the CA2006, the directors may in their absolute discretion decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the company, for the benefit of any relevant director, secretary or other officer (other than any person engaged as auditor) of the company or associated company in respect of all or any part of any relevant loss

57 Rights of the Parent Company

57 1 For so long as the company is a subsidiary of the Parent Company, the following provisions shall apply and, to the extent of any inconsistency between this article and any other provision(s) of the company's articles, this article shall prevail

(a) the Parent Company may, at any time and from time to time, appoint any person to be a director of the company or remove from office any director of the company howsoever appointed, provided that, in the case of a director holding an executive office, his removal from office shall be deemed to be an act of the company and shall have effect without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract between him and the company Article 13 (*Methods of appointing directors*) and article 14 (*Termination of director's appointment*) are modified accordingly,

(b) no person (other than a person appointed by the Parent Company itself) shall be appointed a director of the company without the prior approval of the Parent Company and no person shall be appointed an alternate director without the prior approval of the

Parent Company Article 13 (*Methods of appointing directors*) is modified accordingly and article 17 (*Appointment and removal of alternates*) shall be construed accordingly,

- (c) no dividend shall be declared, made or paid without the prior consent of the Parent Company Model Articles 30 to 35 and Articles 39 to 40 are modified accordingly,
 - (d) no quorum shall be present at any meeting of the company unless the Parent Company is present either by duly authorised representative or by when the meeting proceeds to business Article 43 (*Quorum for general meetings*) shall be construed accordingly,
 - (e) the Parent Company may at any time and from time to time inspect all or any of the accounting records of the company or other books or documents of the company,
 - (f) no shares or securities shall be issued or agreed to be issued or put under option without the consent of the Parent Company,
 - (g) no transfer of any share of the company shall be registered or approved for registration without the prior consent of the Parent Company, provided that the directors shall not be entitled to refuse to register the transfer of any share(s) by the Parent Company to any person which is presented for registration duly stamped Article 36 (*Share transfers*) of these articles shall be construed accordingly, and
 - (h) all or any of the powers of the directors (or any of the directors) of the company shall be restricted in such respects and to such extent as the Parent Company may at any time and from time to time by notice to the company prescribe Model Article 3 (*Directors' general authority*) and Model Article 4 (*Shareholders' reserve power*) are modified accordingly
- 57 2 Any such appointment, removal, consent or notice referred to in article 57 1 shall be in writing served on the company at its registered office and signed on behalf of the Parent Company by any of its directors
- 57 3 No person dealing with the company or a member or in relation to any shares shall be concerned to see or enquire as to whether the powers of the directors have been in any way restricted pursuant to article 57 1 or whether any requisite consent of the Parent Company has been obtained and no obligation incurred or security given or transaction effected by the company to or with any third party shall be invalid or ineffectual unless the third party had at the relevant time express notice that the incurring of such obligation or the giving of such security or the effecting of such transaction was in excess of the powers of the directors (or any of the company's directors)
- 57 4 For the purposes of this article 57, "subsidiary" shall have the meaning set out in Section 1159, CA2006, provided that the company shall not be regarded as a subsidiary of another company by reason only of the fact that such company is a member of the company and controls the composition of its board of directors