

Company Registration No. 09347448 (England and Wales)

MASH BETA LTD
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2017



MASH BETA LTD

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director	Mr M J W Ashley
Secretary	Eacotts International Limited
Company number	09347448
Registered office	Grenville Court Britwell Road Burnham Buckinghamshire SL1 8DF
Independent Auditor	Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 2 Broadfield Court Sheffield S8 0XF

MASH BETA LTD

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MASH BETA LTD

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2017

The director presents his annual report and financial statements for the period ended 28 April 2017.

Director

The director who held office during the period and up to the date of signature of the financial statements was as follows:

Mr M J W Ashley

Results and dividends

The results for the period are set out on page 5.

No ordinary dividends were paid. The director does not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Post reporting date events

There were no post balance sheet events to report.

Auditor

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law (including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland')). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

MASH BETA LTD

DIRECTOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2017

Statement of disclosure to auditor

The directors confirm that:

- So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report was approved by the Board on ^{18 May 2018} and is signed on its behalf.



Mr M J W Ashley
Director

MASH BETA LTD

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF MASH BETA LTD

We have audited the financial statements of MASH Beta Ltd for the period ended 28 April 2017 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditor

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28 April 2017 and of its result for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit, the information given in the Director's Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements, and the Director's Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

MASH BETA LTD

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBER OF MASH BETA LTD

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the director's report and from preparing a strategic report.

Co. Mr. M. M.

Mr Michael Redfern
Senior Statutory Auditor
for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP
Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor

18 May 2018

2 Broadfield Court
Sheffield
S8 0XF

MASH BETA LTD

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2017

	Period Ended 28 April 2017 £	Period Ended 30 April 2016 £
Administrative expenses	(30)	-
Loss before taxation	(30)	-
Taxation	-	-
Loss and total comprehensive income	(30)	-

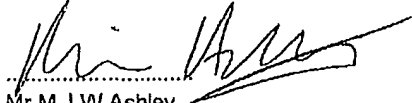
MASH BETA LTD

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 28 APRIL 2017

	Notes	2017 £	£	2016 £	£
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		34		64	
Net current assets			34		64
Total assets			34		64
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	5		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			(68)		(36)
Total equity			34		64

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 18 May 2018


Mr M J W Ashley
Director

Company Registration No. 09347448

MASH BETA LTD

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2017

	Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2016	100	(36)	64
Period ended 30 April 2016: Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance at 30 April 2016	100	(36)	64
Period ended 28 April 2017: Loss and total comprehensive income for the period	-	(30)	(30)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance at 28 April 2017	100	(66)	34
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

MASH BETA LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

MASH Beta Ltd is a company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Grenville Court, Britwell Road, Burnham, Buckinghamshire, SL1 8DF.

The principal activity of the company is that of an investment holding company.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 4 'Statement of Financial Position' – Reconciliation of the opening and closing number of shares;
- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' – Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures;
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues' – Carrying amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial instrument; basis of determining fair values; details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches, details of hedges, hedging fair value changes recognised in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income;
- Section 26 'Share based Payment' – Share-based payment expense charged to profit or loss, reconciliation of opening and closing number and weighted average exercise price of share options, how the fair value of options granted was measured, measurement and carrying amount of liabilities for cash-settled share-based payments, explanation of modifications to arrangements;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures' – Compensation for key management personnel.

The financial statements of the company are consolidated in the financial statements of MASH Holdings Ltd. These consolidated financial statements are available from its registered office.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

MASH Beta Ltd is a wholly owned subsidiary of MASH Holdings Limited and the results of MASH Beta Ltd are included in the consolidated financial statements of MASH Holdings Limited which are available from its registered office.

The company has therefore taken exemption from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement under FRS 102 on that basis.

MASH BETA LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

MASH BETA LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions in FRS 102 paragraph 11.9 are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. Debt instruments may be designated as being measured at fair value through profit or loss to eliminate or reduce an accounting mismatch or if the instruments are measured and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

MASH BETA LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no significant judgements in these financial statements.

3 Auditor's remuneration

	2017	2016
Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates:	£	£
For audit services		
Audit of the financial statements of the company	500	500

The audit fees are being paid by the company's ultimate parent undertaking, MASH Holdings Limited.

4 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 28 April 2017 are as follows:

Name of undertaking and country of incorporation or residency	Nature of business	Class of shareholding	% Held
Sports Direct International plc	Retail	Ordinary	50.70

The aggregate capital and reserves and the result for the year of the subsidiaries noted above was as follows:

Name of undertaking	Profit/(Loss)	Capital and Reserves
	£	£
Sports Direct International plc	231,700,000	2,448,800,000

MASH BETA LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 APRIL 2017

4 Subsidiaries

(Continued)

The investment in the subsidiary is held at nil value as beneficial ownership of the shares was transferred to the company for nil consideration.

5 Share capital

	2017	2016
	£	£
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		
26 Ordinary A of £1 each	26	26
7,400 Ordinary B of 1p each	74	74
	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

6 Related party transactions

The immediate parent of the company is MASH Holdings Limited. As a wholly owned subsidiary of MASH Holdings Limited, the company is exempt from requirements of FRS 102 Section 33 to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by MASH Holdings Limited.

7 Controlling party

The company's ultimate controlling party is Mr M J W Ashley by virtue of his 100% beneficial interest in the issued share capital of the parent company, MASH Holdings Limited.

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by MASH Holdings Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. The consolidated financial statements are available to the public and may be obtained from: MASH Holdings Limited, Grenville Court, Britwell Road, Burnham, SL1 8DF.