

#### **FILE COPY**

# CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF A PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY

Company Number 9280202

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that

#### THE ARTS AWARDS LTD

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a private company, that the company is limited by guarantee, and the situation of its registered office is in England and Wales

Given at Companies House on 24th October 2014







In accordance with Section 9 of the Companies Act 2006

Application to register a company



ompanies House

A fee is payable with this form

Please see 'How to pay' on the last page

What this form is for

You may use this form to register a private or public company

X What this form is NOT

You cannot use this form a limited liability partner this, please use form LL IN



A04

24/10/2014

**COMPANIES HOUSE** 

**COMPANIES HOUSE** 

17/10/2014 A29

#17

**Company details** Part 1

Company name

To check if a company name is available use our WebCHeck service and select the 'Company Name Availability Search' option

www.companieshouse.gov.uk/info

Please show the proposed company name below

Proposed company name in full 10

For official use

→ Filling in this form

Please complete in typescript or in bold black capitals

All fields are mandatory unless specified or indicated by \*

O Duplicate names

Duplicate names are not permitted A list of registered names can be found on our website. There are various rules that may affect your choice of name More information on this is available in our guidance booklet GP1 at www.compan:eshouse.gov.uk

Company name restrictions o

Please tick the box only if the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require you to seek comments of a government department or other specified body

I confirm that the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions and that approval, where appropriate, has been sought of a government department or other specified body and I attach a copy of their response

Company name restrictions A list of sensitive or restricted

words or expressions that require consent can be found in our quidance booklet GP1 at www.companieshouse.gov.uk

**A3** 

Exemption from name ending with 'Limited' or 'Cyfyngedig' o

Please tick the box if you wish to apply for exemption from the requirement to have the name ending with 'Limited', Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative

I confirm that the above proposed company meets the conditions for exemption from the requirement to have a name ending with 'Limited', 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative

Name ending exemption

Only private companies that are limited by guarantee and meet other specific requirements are eligible to apply for this. For more details, please go to our webs te www.companieshouse.gov.uk

Company type

Please tick the box that describes the proposed company type and members' liability (only one box must be ticked)

Public limited by shares

Private limited by shares

Private limited by guarantee Private unlimited with share capital

Private unlimited without share capital

Company type

If you are unsure of your company's type, please go to our website พงเพ compan eshouse gov uk

	IN() ] Application to register a company	
A5	Situation of registered office •	
	Please tick the appropriate box below that describes the situation of the proposed registered office (only one box must be ticked)  England and Wales  Wales  Scotland  Northern Ireland	PRegistered office Every company must have a registered office and this is the address to which the Registrar will send correspondence For England and Wales companies, the address must be in England or Wales For Welsh, Scottish or Northern
		Ireland companies, the address must be in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively
A6	Registered office address @	
	Please give the registered office address of your company	Registered office address You must ensure that the address
Building name/number	33	shown in this section is consistent
Street	TY DRAW ROAD	section A5  You must provide an address in
Post town	CARDIFF	England or Wales for companies to be registered in England and Wales
County/Region	CARDIFF	You must provide an address in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland
Postcode	CF23 5HA	for companies to be registered in Wa'es, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively
A7	Articles of association o	
	Please choose one option only and tick one box only	For details of which company type
Option 1	I wish to adopt one of the following model articles in its entirety. Please tick only one box.  Private limited by shares. Private limited by guarantee. Public company	can adopt which model articles, please go to our website www.companieshouse gov.uk
Option 2	I wish to adopt the following model articles with additional and/or amended provisions. I attach a copy of the additional and/or amended provision(s). Please tick only one box.  Private limited by shares.  Private limited by guarantee.  Public company.	
Option 3	I wish to adopt entirely bespoke articles. I attach a copy of the bespoke articles to this application.	
A8	Restricted company articles ©	
	Please tick the box below if the company's articles are restricted	• Restricted company articles Restricted company articles are rhose containing provision for entrenchment. For more details, please go to our ফebsite ১৯৯৯৯৯৯ companieshouse goviuk

Application to register a company

# Part 2 Proposed officers

For private companies the appointment of a secretary is optional, however, if you do decide to appoint a company secretary you must provide the relevant details. Public companies are required to appoint at least one secretary.

Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual.

For a secretary who is an individual, go to Section B1, For a corporate secretary, go to Section C1, For a director who is an individual, go to Section D1, For a corporate director, go to Section E1

#### Secretary

B1	Secretary appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the secretary appointments taken on formation For a corporate secretary, complete Sections C1-C5	• Corporate appointments For corporate secretary appointments, please complete
Title*	MR	section C1-C5 instead of section B
Full forename(s)	MICHAEL PHILIP	Additional appointments
Surname	SMITH	If you wish to appoint more than one secretary, please use
Former name(s) @		the 'Secretary appointments' continuation page
		Please provide any previous names which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used for business purposes
B2	Secretary's service address €	<del></del>
Building name/number		Service address
Street	THE COMPANY'S REGISTERED CEFICE	This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.
Post town		Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service
County/Region		address will be recorded in the proposed company's register
Postcode		of secretaries as the company's registered office
Country		If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record
В3	Signature o	
	I consent to act as secretary of the proposed company named in Section A1	Signature The person named above consents
Signature	Signature X	to act as secretary of the proposed company

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Application to register a company

#### **Corporate secretary**

C1	Corporate secretary appointments •				
	Please use this section to list all the corporate secretary appointments taken on formation	• Additional appointments  If you wish to appoint more than one corporate secretary, please use the			
Name of corporate body/firm		'Corporate secretary appointments' continuation page  Registered or principal address			
Building name/number		This is the address that will appear on the public record This address			
Street		must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained			
Post town		within a full address), DX number or LP (Legai Post in Scotland) number			
County/Region					
Postcode					
Country					
C2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm				
_	Is the corporate secretary registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)?  → Yes Complete Section C3 only → No Complete Section C4 only				
<b>C</b> 3	EEA companies <sup>©</sup>	-			
_	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	<b>② EEA</b> A fu'l list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance			
Where the company/ firm is registered •		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
Registration number		Directive (68/151/EEC)			
C4	Non-EEA companies	<u>'</u>			
_	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	ONon-EEA  Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered,			
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		you must also provide its number in that register			
Governing law					
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •					
Registration number					
<b>C</b> 5	Signature 9				
	I consent to act as secretary of the proposed company named in Section A1	<b>⊗</b> Signature			
Signature	Sensitive X	The person named above consents to act as corporate secretary of the proposed company			

Application to register a company

#### Director

S-11 C 6 C 6 C 6 C 6 C 6 C 6 C 6 C 6 C 6 C		
D1	Director appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5	● Appointments  Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an
Title*	MISS	andwidual Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of
Full forename(s)	HARRIET GRACE	which must be an individual
Surname	HOPKINS	Please provide any previous names
Former name(s) 2		which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give
Country/State of		former names unless previously used for business purposes
residence 0	WALES	© Country/State of residence
Nationality	WELSH	This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in
Date of birth	12 9 TO 12 9 8 5	section D4
Business occupation (if any) <b>o</b>	LIBRARY SUPERVISOR	O Business occupation  If you have a business occupation please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank
		Additional appointments
		If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page
		1
D2	Director's service address <sup>©</sup>	<u> </u>
	Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's	<b>⊙</b> Service address
	usual residential address in Section D4	This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not
Building name/number		have to be your usual residential address
Street	THE COMPANY'S REGUTERS OFFICE	Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service
Post town		address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of
County/Region		directors as the company's registered office
Postcode		If you provide your residential address here it พาที appear on the
Country		public record
<b>D</b> 3	Signature <sup>O</sup>	·
j	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	OSignature The person named above consents
Signature	Sittedure	to act as director of the proposed
	X	company

# Director

D1	Director appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5	Appointments     Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an
Title*	MR	individual Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of
Full forename(s)	[av-1	which must be an individual
Surname	O'DONNELL	O Former name(s)  Please provide any previous names
Former name(s) •		which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used
Country/State of residence 6	UK	for business purposes  Country/State of residence
Nationality	ENGLISM	This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in
Date of birth	0/2 10/4 119/7-4	section D4
Business occupation (if any) •	AUDIENCE DEVELOPMENT OFFICER	Business occupation     If you have a business occupation,     please enter here. If you do not,     please leave blank
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director' appointments' continuation page
D2	Director's service address <sup>©</sup>	
	Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4	Service address This is the address that will appear
Building name/number		on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential.
Street	THE COMPANY'S RECISTERED OFFICE	address  Please state The Company's  Registered Office' if your service
Post town		address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of
County/Region		directors as the company's registered office
Postcode		If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the
Country		publ.c record
D3	Signature <sup>O</sup>	<u> </u>
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	O Signature The person named above consents
Signature	X Control X	To act as director of the proposed company

Application to register a company

#### Director

Director						
D1	Director appointments •					
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5	● Appointments  Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an				
Title*	MR	individual Public companies must				
Full forename(s)	MICHAEL PHILIP	appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual				
Surname	SMITH	Please provide any previous names				
Former name(s) 9	3,511	which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years				
Country/State of		Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used for business purposes				
residence	UK	<b>②</b> Country/State of residence				
Nationality	BRITISH	This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in				
Date of birth	1212 10 11957	section D4				
Business occupation (if any) @	JOURNAUST	Business occupation     If you have a business occupation,     please enter here. If you do not,     please leave blank				
		Additional appointments  If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation bage				
D2	Director's service address <sup>6</sup>					
	Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4	<b>⊙</b> Service address  This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not				
Building name/number		have to be your usual residential				
Street	THE COMPANY'S REGISTERED OFFICE	address  Please state 'The Company's  Registered Office' if your service  address will be recorded in the				
Post town		proposed company's register of directors as the company's registered				
County/Region		office				
Postcode		If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the				
Country		aub'ıc record				
D3	Signature O	1				
<del></del>	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	<b>3</b> Signature The person named above consents				
Signature	2 -ar	ro act as director of the proposed				
	× ×	company				

CHFP000 05/12 Version 5 0

# INO1

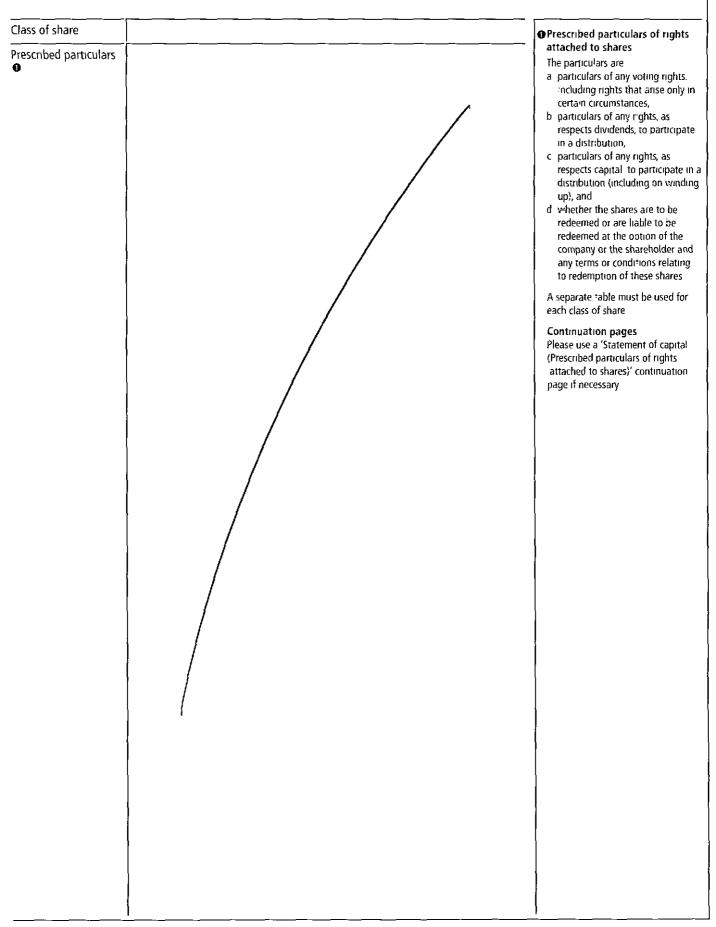
Application to register a company

#### **Corporate director**

E1	Corporate director appointments •			
<b>_</b>	Please use this section to list all the corporate directors taken on formation	Additional appointments  If you wish to appoint more than one		
Name of corporate body or firm		corporate director, please use the Corporate director appointments' continuation page		
Building name/number		Registered or principal address		
Street		This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be		
Post town		a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or		
County/Region		LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number		
Postcode				
Country				
E2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm			
	Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)?  → Yes Complete Section E3 only  → No Complete Section E4 only			
E3	EEA companies <sup>®</sup>			
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	● EEA  A fu'l list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance		
Where the company/		www.companieshouse.gov.uk		
firm is registered •		This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law		
Registration number		Directive (68/151/EEC)		
E4	Non-EEA companies			
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	O Non-EEA  Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered,		
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		you must a'so provide its number in that register		
Governing law				
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •				
If applicable, the registration number				
E5	Signature 9			
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	<b>⊙</b> Signature		
Signature	X X	The person named above consents to act as corporate director of the proposed company		
		1		

	Application to reg	Jister a company				
Part 3	Statement	of capital				
	1	have share capital? plete the sections below p Part 4 (Statement of				
F1	Share capital in	pound sterling (£)				
		ach class of shares held complete Section F1 and				
Class of shares (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc	:1	Amount paid up on each share •	Amount (if any) unpaid on each share	Number of shar	es <b>0</b>	Aggregate nominal value
						£
						£
						£
						£
			Totals			£
F2	Share capital in	other currencies				
Please complete the to Please complete a sep		ny class of shares held in urrency	other currencies	<del></del>		
Currency				<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Class of shares (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc	:)	Arrount paid up on each share	Amount (if any) unpaid on each share 0	Number of share	es <b>0</b>	Aggregate nominal value 9
					•	
			Totals			
_						
Currency						
Class of shares (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc	:1	Amount pard up on each share	Amount (if any) unpaid on each share	Number of shar	es <b>0</b>	Aggregate nominal value 🛭
		<u> </u>				
			Ţ			
			Totals			<u> </u>
F3	Totals					
	Please give the tota issued share capital	l number of shares and t	otal aggregate nominal	value of	Please li	gregate nominal value st total aggregate values in
Total number of shares						currencies separately For £100 + €100 + \$10 e <sup>2</sup> c
Total aggregate nominal value <b>O</b>						
<ul> <li>Including both the noming share premium</li> <li>Total number of issued states</li> </ul>		Number of shares issued in nominal value of each sha	are Plea	itinuation Page use a Statem e if necessary		al continuation

F4	Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)	<del></del>
	Please give the prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares for each class of share shown in the statement of capital share tables in Sections F1 and F2	OPrescribed particulars of rights attached to shares
Class of share Prescribed particulars		The particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only in certain circumstances.  b particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution,  c particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in a distribution (including on winding up), and  d whether the shares are to be redeemed or are hable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder and any terms or conditions relating to redemption of these shares  A separate table must be used for each class of share  Continuation pages Please use the next page or a 'Statement of Capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary



# F5 Initial shareholdings

This section should only be completed by companies incorporating with share capital

Please complete the details below for each subscriber

The addresses will appear on the public record. These do not need to be the subscribers' usual residential address.

Initial shareholdings Please list the company's subscribers in alphabetical order

Please use an Initial shareholdings' continuation page if necessary

SUBSCRIDE	subscribers' usual residential address				continuation page if necessary		
Subscriber's details	Class of share	Number of shares	Currency	Nominal value of each share	Amount (if any) unpaid	Amount paid	
tlane							
Address							
Name							
Add ass							
Рапе							
Address							
t'arre				·			
Address							
₩-m>							
ington fee							

Application to register a company

Part 4	Statement of guarantee	
	Is your company limited by guarantee?	
	→ Yes Complete the sections below	
	→ No Go to Part 5 (Statement of compliance)	
G1	Subscribers	
	Please complete this section if you are a subscriber of a company limited by guarantee. The following statement is being made by each and every person named below.	Name     Please use capital letters     Address
	I confirm that if the company is wound up while I am a member, or within one year after I cease to be a member, I will contribute to the assets of the company by such amount as may be required for	The addresses in this section will appear on the public record They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address
	- payment of debts and liabilities of the company contracted before I cease to be a member,	Amount guaranteed     Any valid currency is permitted
	<ul> <li>payment of costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and,</li> <li>adjustment of the rights of the contributors among ourselves,</li> <li>not exceeding the specified amount below</li> </ul>	Continuation pages Please use a 'Subscribers' continuation page if necessary
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •	HARRIET GRACE	-
Surname •	Holkin	-
Address 🛭	33 TY DRAW ROAD	-
	CARVIFF	-
Postcode	CF23 5HA	
Amount guaranteed 9	£1	
	Subscriber's details	-
Forename(s) •	GUY SOUTHERN	_
Surname 0	0' DONNELL	
Address 🛭	CAPOIFF	_
Postcode	CF23 JHA	
Amount guaranteed 9		-
	Subscriber's details	_
Forename(s) •	MICHAEL PHILIP	
Surname •	SMITH	
Address 😉	33 TY DRAW ROAD	 
	CARD IFF	
Postcode	C F 2 3   5 H A	_
Amount guaranteed	£1	

# Presenter information

You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

CONTACT TAME MR JAYESH PARMAR
COMPANY NEW IN FOCUS LTD
ACTIONS ENTERIKISE CENTRE
bryn Read
TONOU
BRIDGEND
Crity-Region BLINGEAD
20 C F 3 2 9 B S
Country Uh
Dχ
Te entire 01656 724414

# ✓ Certificate

We will send your certificate to the presenters address (shown above) or if indicated to another address shown below

At the registered office address (Given in Section A6)
At the agents address (Given in Section H2)

### ✓ Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing

# Please make sure you have remembered the following

- You have checked that the proposed company name is available as well as the various rules that may affect your choice of name. More information can be found in guidance on our website.
- If the name of the company is the same as one already on the register as permitted by The Company and Business Names (Miscellaneous Provisions)

  Regulations 2008, please attach consent
- You have used the correct appointment sections
  Any addresses given must be a physical location
  They cannot be a PO Box number (unless part of a full service address), DX or LP (Legal Post in Scotland)
- The document has been signed, where indicated
- All relevant attachments have been included

  You have enclosed the Memorandum of Association
  - You have enclosed the correct fee

#### Important information

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record, apart from information relating to usual residential addresses

#### How to pay

#### A fee is payable on this form

Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House' For information on fees, go to www.companieshouse.gov.uk

### Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below

For companies registered in England and Wales The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff

For companies registered in Scotland
The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,
Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2,
139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF
DX ED235 Edinburgh 1
or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post)

For companies registered in Northern Ireland The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG DX 481 N R Belfast 1

#### Section 243 exemption

If you are applying for, or have been granted a section 243 exemption, please post this whole form to the different postal address below The Registrar of Companies, PO Box 4082, Cardiff, CF14 3WE

### Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk

**Company Number:** 

# THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

# COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF

# The Arts Awards Ltd

#### COMPANY NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

### Memorandum of association of THE ARTS AWARDS LTD

Each subscriber to this memorandum of association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the company

Name of each subscriber

Authentication by each subscriber

Harriet Hopkins

GUY O'DONNELL

MICHAEL SMITH

M

# Articles of Association for a Company THE COMPANIES ACT 2006 COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

#### Articles of Association of The Arts Awards Ltd

#### 1 The company's name is The Arts Awards Ltd

(and in this document it is called the "company")

#### Interpretation

#### 2 In the articles

"address" means a postal address or, for the purposes of electronic communication, a fax number, an e-mail or postal address or a telephone number for receiving text messages in each case registered with the company,

"the articles" means the company's articles of association,

"the company" means the company intended to be regulated by the articles,

"clear days" in relation to the period of a notice means a period excluding

- the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given, and
- the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect

"Companies Acts" means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006) insofar as the apply to the company,

"the directors" means the directors of the company

"document" includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form,

"electronic form" has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006,

"the memorandum" means the company's memorandum of association,

"officers" includes the directors and the secretary (if any),

"the seal" means the common seal of the company if it has one,

"secretary" means any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company,

"the United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and

words importing one gender shall include all genders, and the singular includes the plural and vice versa

Unless the context otherwise requires words or expressions contained in the articles have the same meaning as in the Companies Acts but excluding any statutory modification not in force when this constitution becomes binding on the company

Apart from the exception mentioned in the previous paragraph a reference to an Act of Parliament includes any statutory modification or re-enactment of it for the time being in force

#### **Liability of members**

- 3 (1) The liability of the members is limited
  - (2) Every member of the company promises, if the company is dissolved while he or she or it is a member or within twelve months after he or she or it ceases to be a member, to contribute such sum (not exceeding £1) as may be demanded of him or her or it towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the company incurred before he or she or it ceases to be a member, and of the costs charges and expenses of winding up, and the adjustments of the rights of the contributories among themselves

#### **Objects**

- 4 The Company's objects ("Objects") are specifically restricted to the following
  - To organise award schemes in Wales, including recognising excellence in the arts that have been created and presented in Wales
  - To create, administer and raise funds for a development scheme to help expand the scope of reviewing in Wales, both the amount of reviewing, the quality of reviewing, the geographic reach of reviewers and the inclusion of new and diverse voices
  - To work in partnership with like-minded organisations, including arts
    organisations, venues and individual artists and the media, to promote and
    enable participation and social inclusion in reviewing in Wales, including
    creating opportunities for new and existing critics to attend live events and
    share their experiences by reviewing for a plurality of media outlets, including
    print, broadcast and digital

#### **Powers**

- The company has power to do anything which is calculated to further its Object(s) or is conducive or incidental to doing so. In particular, the company has power
  - (1) to raise funds. In doing so, the charity must not undertake any substantial permanent trading activity and must comply with any relevant statutory regulations,
  - (2) to buy, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any property and to maintain and equip it for use,
  - (3) to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the property belonging to the company
  - (4) to borrow money and to charge the whole or any part of the property belonging to the company as security for repayment of the money borrowed or as security for a grant or the discharge of an obligation
  - (5) to co-operate with other companies, charities, voluntary bodies and statutory authorities and to exchange information and advice with them,
  - (6) to establish or support any charitable trusts, associations or institutions formed for any of the purposes included in the Objects;
  - (7) to acquire, merge with or to enter into any partnership or joint venture arrangement with any other company,
  - (8) to set aside income as a reserve against future expenditure but only in accordance with a written policy about reserves,
  - (9) to employ and remunerate such staff as are necessary for carrying out the work of the company. The company may employ or remunerate a director only to the extent it is permitted to do so by article 6 and provided it complies with the conditions in that article,
  - (10) to
    - (a) deposit or invest funds,
    - (b) employ a professional fund-manager, and
    - (c) arrange for the investments of other property of the company to be held in the same name of a nominee,
  - (11) to provide indemnity insurance for the directors in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, section 73F of the Charities Act 1993,

(12) to pay out of the funds of the company the costs of forming and registering the company,

#### Application of income and property

#### Universal clauses

- 6 (1) The income and property of the company shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the Objects.
  - (2) (a) A director is entitled to be reimbursed from the property of the company or may pay out such property reasonable expenses properly incurred by him of her when acting on behalf of the company
    - (b) A director may benefit from trustee indemnity insurance cover purchased at the company's expense in accordance with
    - (c) A director may receive an indemnity from the company in the circumstance specified in article 56
  - (3) None of the income or property of the company may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any member of the company. This does not prevent a member who is not also a director receiving
    - (a) a benefit from the company in the capacity of a beneficiary of the company,
    - (b) reasonable and proper remuneration for any goods or services supplied to the company

#### Directors' benefits

# Provision of goods and services, employment, other remuneration/financial benefits – directors/connected persons

- (4)(A) No director or connected person may
  - (a) buy any goods or services from the company on terms preferential to those applicable to members of the public,
  - (b) sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the company,
  - (c) be employed by, or receive any remuneration from the company;
  - (d) receive any other financial benefit from the company,

#### unless

(i) the payment is permitted by article 6 (4)(B)(a)

#### Scope and powers permitting directors'/connected persons' benefits

- (4)(B) (a) (i) A director or connected person may receive a benefit from the company in the capacity of a beneficiary of the charity provided that a majority of the directors do not benefit in this way
  - (ii) A director or connected person may enter into a contract for the supply of services, or of goods that are supplied in connection with the provision of services, to the company
  - (ii) Subject to article 6(4)(C) a director or connected person may provide the company with goods that are not supplied in connection with services provided to the company by the director or connected person
  - (III) A director or connected person may receive interest on money lent to the company at a reasonable and proper rate which must be 2% (or more) per annum below the base rate of a clearing bank to be selected by the directors
  - (iv) A director or connected person may receive rent for premises let by the director or connected person to the company if the amount of the rent and the other terms of the lease are reasonable and proper and provided that the director concerned shall withdraw from any meeting at which such a proposal or the rent or other terms of the lease are under discussion
  - (v) The directors may arrange for the purchase, out of the funds of the company, of insurance designed to indemnify the directors
  - (vi) A director or connected person may take part in the normal trading and fundraising activities of the company on the same terms as a member of the public

#### Payment for supply of goods only - controls

- (4)(C) The company and its directors may only rely upon the authority provided by article 6(4)(B)(a)(iii) if each of the following conditions is satisfied
  - (a) The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods is set out in an agreement in writing between
    - (i) the company or its directors (as the case may be), and

- (ii) the director or connected person supplying the goods ("the supplier") under which the supplier is to supply the goods in question to or on behalf of the company
- (b) The amount or maximum of the payment for the goods does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question
- (c) The other directors are satisfied that it is in the best interests of the company to contract with the supplier rather than with someone who is not a director or connected person. In reaching that decision the directors must balance the advantage of contracting with a director or connected person against the disadvantages of doing so
- (d) The supplier is absent from the part of any meeting at which there is discussion of the proposal to enter into a contract or arrangement with him or her or it with regard to the supply of goods to the company
- (e) The supplier does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of directors is present at the meeting
- (f) The reason for their decision is recorded by the directors in the minute book
- (g) A majority of the directors then in office are not in receipt of remuneration or payments authorised by article 6 (4)(A)
- (5) (a) In sub-clauses (2)-(4) of this article 6 "company" shall include any company in which the company
  - has the right to appoint one or more directors to the board of the company,
  - (b) In sub-clause (4) of this article 6, sub-clause (2) of article 45 and sub-clause (2) of article 46 "connected person" means
    - (i) a child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother or sister of the director,
    - (ii) the spouse or civil partner of the director or of any person falling within paragraph (i) above,
    - (iii) a person carrying on business in partnership with the director or with any person falling within paragraph (i) or (ii) above,
    - (iv) an institution which is controlled -

- (I) by the director or any connected person falling within paragraph (i), (ii), or (iii) above, or
- (II) by two or more persons falling within sub-paragraph (I), when taken together
- (v) a body corporate in which -
  - (I) the director or any connected person falling within paragraphs (i) to (iii) has a substantial interest, or
  - (II) two or more persons falling within sub-paragraph (I) who, when taken together, have a substantial interest

#### Members

- 7 (1) The subscribers to the memorandum are the first members of the company
  - (2) Membership is open to other individuals or organisations who
    - (a) apply to the company in the form required by the directors,
    - (b) are approved by the directors
  - (3) (a) The directors may only refuse an application for membership if, acting reasonably and properly, they consider it to be in the best interests of the company to refuse the application
    - (b) The directors must inform the applicant in writing of the reasons for the refusal within twenty-one days of the decision
    - (c) The directors must consider any written representations the applicant may make about the decision. The directors' decision following any written representations must be notified to the applicant in writing but shall be final.
  - (4) Membership is not transferable
  - (5) The directors must keep a register of names and addresses of the members

#### Classes of Membership

- 8 (1) The directors may establish classes of membership with different rights and obligations and shall record the rights and obligations in the register of members
  - (2) The directors may not directly or indirectly alter the rights or obligations attached to a class of membership
  - (3) The rights attached to a class of membership may only be varied if
    - (a) three-quarters of the members of that class consent in writing to the variation, or
    - (b) a special resolution is passed at a separate general meeting of the members of that class agreeing to the variation
  - (4) The provisions in the articles about general meetings shall apply to any meeting relating to the variation of the rights of any class of members

#### Termination of membership

- 9 Membership is terminated if
  - (1) the member dies or, if it is an organisation, ceases to exist,
  - (2) the member resigns by written notice to the company unless, after the resignation, there would be less than two members,
  - (3) any sum due from the member to the company is not paid in full within six months of it falling due,
  - (4) the member is removed from membership by a resolution of the directors that it is in the best interests of the company that his or her or its membership is terminated. A resolution to remove a member from membership may only be passed if
    - (a) the member has been given at least twenty-one days' notice in writing of the meeting of the directors at which the resolution will be proposed and the reasons why it is to be proposed,

(b) the member or, at the option of the member, the member's representative (who need not be a member of the company) has been allowed to make representations to the meeting

#### General meetings

- 10 (1) The company must hold its first annual general meeting within eighteen months after the date of its incorporation
  - (2) An annual general meeting must be held in each subsequent year and not more than fifteen months may elapse between successive annual general meetings
- 11 The directors may call a general meeting at any time

#### **Notice of General Meetings**

- 12 (1) The minimum periods of notice required to hold a general meeting of the company are
  - (a) twenty-one clear days for an annual general meeting or a general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution,
  - (b) fourteen clear days for all other general meetings
  - (2) A general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority who together hold not less than 90 percent of the total voting rights
  - (3) The notice must specify the date, time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. If the meeting is to be an annual general meeting, the notice must say so. The notice must also contain a statement setting out the right of members to appoint a proxy.
  - (4) The notice must be given to all the members and to the directors and auditors
- 13 The proceedings at a meeting shall not be invalidated because a person who is entitled to receive notice of the meeting did not receive it because of an accidental omission by the company

#### **Proceedings at General Meetings**

- 14 (1) No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present
  - (2) A quorum is
    - (a) 3 members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote upon the business to be conducted at the meeting, or
  - (3) The authorised representative of a member organisation shall be counted in the quorum
- 15 (1) If
  - (a) a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or
  - (b) during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present,

the meeting shall be adjourned to such time and place as the directors shall determine

- (2) The directors must reconvene the meeting and must give at least seven clear days' notice of the reconvened meeting stating the date, time and place of the meeting
- (3) If no quorum is present at the reconvened meeting within fifteen minutes of the time specified for the start of the meeting the members present in person or by proxy at the time shall constitute the quorum for that meeting
- 16 (1) General meetings shall be chaired by the person who has been appointed to chair meetings of the directors
  - (2) If there is no such person or he or she is not present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for the meeting a director nominated by the directors shall chair the meeting.
  - (3) If there is only one director present and willing to act, he or she shall chair the meeting
  - (4) If no director is present and willing to chair the meeting within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding it, the members present in person or by

proxy and entitled to vote must choose one of their number to chair the meeting

- 17 (1) The members present in person or by proxy at a meeting may resolve by ordinary resolution that the meeting shall be adjourned
  - (2) The person who is chairing the meeting must decide the date, time and place at which the meeting is to be reconvened unless those details are specified in the resolution
  - (3) No business shall be conducted at a reconvened meeting unless is could properly have been conducted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place
  - (4) If a meeting is adjourned by resolution of the members for more than seven days, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given of the reconvened meeting stating the date, time and place of the meeting
- 18 (1) Any vote at a meeting shall be decided by a show of hands unless before, or on the deceleration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is demanded
  - (a) by the person chairing the meeting, or
  - (b) by at least two members present in person or by proxy and having the right to vote at the meeting, or
  - (c) by a member or members present in person or by proxy representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting
  - (2) (a) The declaration by the person who is chairing the meeting of the result of a vote shall be conclusive unless a poll is demanded
    - (b) The result of the vote must be recorded in the minutes of the charity but the number or proportion of votes cast need not be recorded
  - (3) (a) A demand for a poll may be withdrawn, before the poll is taken, but only the consent of the person who is chairing the meeting
    - (b) If the demand for a poll is withdrawn the demand shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made
  - (4) (a) A poll must be taken as the person who is chairing the meeting directs, who may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and who may fix a time and place for declaring the results of the poll

- (b) The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll is demanded
- (5) (a) A poll demanded on the election of a person to chair a meeting or on a question of adjournment must be taken immediately
  - (b) A poll demanded on any other question must be taken either immediately or at such time and place as the person who is chairing the meeting directs
  - (c) The poll must be taken within thirty days after it has been demanded
  - (d) If the poll is not taken immediately at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken
  - (e) If a poll is demanded the meeting may continue to deal with any other business that may be connected at the meeting

#### Content of proxy notices

- 19 (1) Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (a "proxy notice") which
  - (a) states the name and address of the member appointing the proxy,
  - (b) Identifies the person appointed to be that member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed,
  - (c) is signed by or on behalf of the member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the directors may determine, and
  - (d) is delivered to the company in accordance with the articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate
  - (2) The company may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes
  - (3) Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions
  - (4) Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as
    - (a) allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting, and
    - (b) appointing that person as proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself

#### **Delivery of proxy notices**

- 19A (1) A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the company by or on behalf of that person
  - (2) An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the charity a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given.
  - (3) A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates
  - (4) If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf

#### Written resolutions

- 20 (1) A resolution in writing agreed by a simple majority (or in the case of a special resolution by a majority of not less than 75%) of the members who would have been entitled to vote upon it had it been proposed at a general meeting shall be effective provided that
  - (a) a copy of the proposed resolution has been sent to every eligible member,
  - (b) a simple majority (or in the case of a special resolution a majority of not less than 75%) of members has signified its agreement to the resolution, and
  - (c) It is contained in an authenticated document which has been received at the registered office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date
  - (2) A resolution in writing may comprise several copies to which one or more members have signified their agreement
  - (3) In the case of a member that is an organisation, its authorised representative may signify its agreement

#### Votes of members

- 21 Subject to article 8, every member, whether an individual or an organisation, shall have one vote
- Any objection to the qualification of any voter must be raised at the meeting at which the vote is tendered and the decision of the person who is chairing the meeting shall be final
  - 23 (1) Any organisation that is a member of the company may nominate any person to act as its representative at any meeting of the company
  - (2) The organisation must give written notice to the company of the name of its representative. The representative shall not be entitled to represent the organisation at any meeting unless the notice has been received by the company. The representative may continue to represent the organisation until written notice to the contrary is received by the company.
  - (3) Any notice given to the company will be conclusive evidence that the representative is entitled to represent the organisation or that hi or her authority has been revoked. The charity shall not be required to consider whether the representative has been properly appointed by the organisation

#### **Directors**

- 24 (1) A director must be a natural person aged 16 years or older
  - (2) No one may be appointed a director if he or she would be disqualified from acting under the provisions of article 36
- 25 The number of directors shall be not less than three but no more than ten.
- The first directors shall be those persons notified to Companies House as the first directors of the company
- 27 A director may not appoint an alternate director or anyone to act on his or her behalf at meetings of the directors

#### **Powers of directors**

- 28 (1)The directors shall manage the business of the company and may exercise all the powers of the company unless they are subject to any restrictions imposed by the Companies Acts, the articles or any special resolution
  - (2) No alteration of the articles or any special resolution shall have retrospective effect to invalidate any prior act of the directors
  - (3) Any meeting of directors at which a quorum is present at the time the relevant decision is made may exercise all the powers exercisable by the directors

#### Retirement of directors

- At the first Annual General Meeting one third of the directors must retire from office unless by the close of the meeting the members have failed to elect sufficient directors to hold a quorate meeting of the directors. At each subsequent annual general meeting one-third of the directors or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to one-third, must retire from office. If there is only one director he or she must retire
- 30 (1) The directors to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment. If any directors become or were appointed directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot
  - (2) If a director is required to retire at an annual general meeting by a provision of the articles the retirement shall take effect upon the conclusion of the meeting

#### **Appointment of directors**

- 31 The company may be ordinary resolution
  - (1) appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director, and
  - (2) determine the rotation in which any additional directors are to retire
- No person other than a director retiring by rotation may be appointed a director at any general meeting unless
  - (1) he or she is recommended for re-election by the directors, or
  - (2) not less than fourteen nor more than thirty-five clear days before the date of the meeting, the company is given a notice that
    - (a) is signed by a member entitled to vote at the meeting,
    - (b) states the member's intention to propose the appointment of a person as a director;
    - (c) contains the details that, if the person were to be appointed, the company would have to file at Companies House, and
    - (d) is signed by the person who is to be proposed to show his or her willingness to be appointed
- All members who are entitled to receive notice of a general meeting must be given not less than seven nor more than twenty-eight clear days' notice of any resolution to be put to the meeting to appoint a director other than a director who is to retire by rotation

- 34 (1) The directors may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a director
  - (2) A director appointed by a resolution of the other directors must retire at the next annual general meeting and must not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to retire by rotation
- 35 The appointment of a director, whether by the company in general meeting or by the other directors, must not cause the number fixed as the maximum number of directors

#### Disqualification and removal of directors

- 36 A director shall cease to hold office if he or she
  - (1) ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision in the Companies Acts or is prohibited by law from being a director;
  - (2) ceases to be a member of the company,
  - (3) becomes incapable by reason of mental disorder, illness or injury of managing and administering his or her own affairs,
  - (4) resigns as a director by notice to the company (but only if at least two directors will remain in office when the notice of resignation is to take effect), or
  - (5) is absent without the permission of the directors from all their meetings held within a period of six consecutive months and the directors resolve that his or her office be vacated

#### Remuneration of directors

37 The directors must not be paid any remuneration unless it is authorised by article 6

#### **Proceedings of directors**

- 38 (1) The directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit, subject to the provision of the articles
  - (2) Any director may call a meeting of the directors
  - (3) The secretary (if any) must call a meeting of the directors if requested to do so by a director
  - (4) Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes
  - (5) In the case of an equality of votes, the person who is chairing the meeting shall have a casting vote

- (6) A meeting may be held by suitable electronic means agreed by the directors in which each participant may communicate with all the other participants
- 39 (1) No decision may be made by a meeting of the directors unless a quorum is present at the time the decision is purported to be made. 'Present' includes being present by suitable electronic means agreed by the directors in which a participant of participants may communicate with all the other participants.
  - (2) The quorum shall be three, or such number as may be decided from time to time by the directors
  - (3) A director shall not be counted in the quorum present when any decision is made about a matter upon which that director is not entitled to vote
- 40 If the number of directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing directors or director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting
- 41 (1) The directors shall appoint a director to chair their meetings and may at any time revoke such appointment
  - (2) If no-one has been appointed to chair meetings of the directors or if the person appointed is unwilling to preside or is not present within ten minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their number to chair that meeting
  - (3) The person appointed to chair meetings of the directors shall have no functions or powers except those conferred by the articles or delegated to him or her by the directors.
- 42 (1) A resolution in writing or in electronic form agreed by a simple majority of all the directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors and to vote upon the resolution shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or (as the case may be) a committee of directors duly convened and held provided that
  - (a) a copy of the resolution is sent of submitted to all the directors eligible to vote, and
  - (b) a simple majority of directors has signified its agreement to the resolution in an authenticated document or documents which are received at the registered office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date
  - (2) The resolution in writing may comprise several documents containing the text of the resolution in like form to each of which one or more directors has signified their agreement

#### Delegation

- 43 (1) The directors may delegate any of their powers or functions to a committee of two or more directors but the terms of any delegation must be recorded in the minute book
  - (2) The directors may impose conditions when delegating, including the conditions that
    - (a) the relevant powers are to be exercised exclusively by the committee to whom they delegate,
    - (b) no expenditure may be incurred on behalf of the company except in accordance with a budget previously agreed with the directors
  - (3) The directors may revoke or alter a delegation
  - (4) All acts and proceedings of any committees must be fully and promptly reported to the directors

#### Declaration of directors' interests

A director must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the company or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the company which has not previously been declared. A director must absent himself or herself from any discussions of the directors in which it is possible that a conflict will arise between his or her duty to act solely in the interests of the company and any personal interest (including but not limited to any personal financial interest)

#### **Conflicts of interests**

- 45 (1) It a conflict of interest arises for a director because of a duty of loyalty owed to another organisation or person and the conflict is not authorised by virtue of any other provision in the articles, the unconflicted directors may authorise such a conflict of interests where the following conditions apply
  - (a) the conflicted director is absent from the part of the meeting at which there is discussion of any arrangement or transaction affecting that other organisation or person,
  - (b) the conflicted director does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when considering whether a quorum of directors is present at the meeting, and
  - (c) the unconflicted directors consider it is in the interests of the company to authorise the conflict of interests in the circumstances applying

(2) In this article a conflict of interests arising because of a duty of loyalty owed to another organisation or person only refers to such a conflict which does not involve a direct or indirect benefit of any nature to a director or to a connected person

#### Validity of directors' decisions

- 46 (1) Subject to article 46 (2), all acts done by a meeting of directors, or of a committee of directors, shall be valid notwithstanding the participation in any vote of a director
  - (a) who was disqualified from holding office,
  - (b) who had previously retired or who had been obliged by the constitution to vacate office,
  - (c) who was not entitle to vote on the matter, whether by reason of conflict of interests or otherwise,

#### if without

- (d) the vote of that director, and
- (e) that director being counted in the quorum,

the decision has been made by a majority of the directors at a quorate meeting

(2) Article 46 (1) does not permit a director or a connected person to keep any benefit that may be conferred upon him or her by a resolution of the directors or of a committee of directors if, but for article 46 (1), the resolution would have been void, or if the director has not complied with article 44

#### Seal

- 47 If the company has a seal it must only be used by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a director and by the secretary (if any) or by a second director.
- 48 The directors must keep minutes of all
  - (1) appointments of officers made by the directors,
  - (2) proceedings at meetings of the company,
  - (3) meetings of the directors and committees of directors including
    - (a) the names of the directors present at the meeting,

- (b) the decisions made at the meetings, and
- (c) where appropriate the reasons for the decisions

#### **Accounts**

- 49 (1) The directors must prepare for each financial year accounts as required by the Companies Acts. The accounts must be prepared to show a true and fair view and follow accounting standards issued or adopted by the Accounting Standards Board or its successors and adhere to the recommendations of applicable Statements of Recommended Practice
  - (2) The directors must keep accounting records as required by the Companies Acts

#### **Annual Report and Return**

- 50 (1) The directors must comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with regard to the
  - (a) transmission of the statements of account to Companies House,
  - (b) preparation of an Annual Report and its transmission to Companies House
  - (c) preparation of an Annual Return and its transmission to Companies House

#### Means of communication to be used

- 51 (1) Subject to the articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the company under the articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of the Act to be sent or supplied by or to the company
- (2) Subject to the articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a director in connection with the taking of decisions by directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that the director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being
- 52 Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to the articles
  - (1) must be in writing, or
  - (2) must be given in electronic form
- 53 (1) The company may give any notice to a member either
  - (a) personally, or

- (b) by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his or her address, or
- (c) by leaving it at the address of the member, or
- (d) by giving it an electronic form to the member's address
- (2) A member who does not register and address with the company or who registers only a postal address that is not within the United Kingdom shall not be entitled to receive any notice from the company
- A member present in person at any meeting of the company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and the purposes for which it was called
- 55 (1) Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given
  - (2) Proof that an electronic form of notices was given shall be conclusive where the company can demonstrate that it was properly addressed and sent, in accordance with section 1147 of the Companies Act 2006
  - (3) In accordance with section 1147 of the Companies Act 2006 notice shall be deemed to be given
    - (a) 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted, or
    - (b) In the case of an electronic form of communication, 48 hours after it was sent

#### Indemnity

- The company shall indemnify any director against any liability incurred by him or her in that capacity, to the extent permitted by sections 232 to 234 of the Companies Act 2006
  - (2) In this article a "relevant director" means any director or former director of the company

#### Rules

- 57 (1) The directors may from time to time make such reasonable and proper rules or bye laws as they may deem necessary or expedient for the proper conduct and management of the company
  - (2) The bye laws may regulate the following matters but are not restricted to them
    - (a) the admission of members of the company (including the admission of organisations to membership) and the rights and privileges of such

- members, and the entrance fees, subscriptions and other fees or payments to be made by members,
- (b) the conduct of members of the company in relation to one another, and to the company's employees and volunteers,
- (c) the setting aside of the whole or any part or parts of the company's premises at any particular time or times or for any particular time or times or for any particular purpose or purposes,
- (d) the procedure at general meetings and meetings of the directors in so far as such procedure is not regulated by the Companies Acts or by the articles,
- (e) generally, all such matters as are commonly the subject matter of company rules
- (3) The company in general meeting has the power to alter, add to or repeal the rules or bye laws
- (4) The directors must adopt such means as they think sufficient to bring the rules and bye laws to the notice of members of the company
- (5) The rules or bye laws shall be binding on all members of the company. No rule or bye law shall be inconsistent with, or shall affect or repeal anything contained in, the articles

#### **Dissolution**

- 58 (1) The members of the company may at any time before, and in expectation of dissolution resolve that any net assets of the Company after all its debts and liabilities have been paid, or provision has been made for them, shall on or before the dissolution of the company be applied or transferred in any of the following ways
  - (a) directly for the Objects, or
  - (b) by transfer to any charity or Companies for purposes similar to the Objects, or
  - (c) to any company or charities for use for particular purposes that fall within the Objects
  - (2) Subject to any such resolution of the members of the charity, the directors of the charity may at any time before and in expectation of its dissolution resolve that any net assets of the charity after all its debts and liabilities have been paid, or provision made for them, shall on or before dissolution of the charity be applied or transferred

- (a) directly for the Objects, or
- (b) by transfer to any charity or charities for purposes similar to the Objects, or
- (c) to any charity or charities for use for particular purposes that fall within the Objects
- (3) In no circumstances shall the net assets of the company be paid to or distributed among the members of the charity (except to a member that is itself a company) and if no resolution in accordance with article 58 (1) is passed by the members or the directors the net assets of the company

#### **Application of surplus**

- The surplus funds of the Company shall be applied in the following ways, in such proportions and in such a manner as may be recommended by the Board of Directors and approved at the Annual General Meeting
  - a to create a general reserve for the continuation and development of the Company,
  - b To make a payment for social or charitable purposes

#### **Social Audit**

A social audit of the Company may, by resolution of the Company in General Meeting, be undertaken annually of the Company's activities, in addition to any financial audit required by law. The role of such an audit would be to attempt to identify the social costs and benefits of the Company's work, and to enable as assessment to be made more easily than may be made from financial accounts only of the Company's overall performance in relation to its Objects.

Such an audit may be drawn up by an independent assessor appointed by the Company in General Meeting, or by the Board of Directors who may submit their report for verification or comments to an independent assessor

A social audit may include an assessment of the internal collective working of the employees of the Company, including employees' views, internal democracy and decision making, wages, Health and Safety, skill sharing and education opportunities, or other matters concerning their overall personal or job satisfaction, and assessment of the Company's activities externally, including its effects on persons involved in the same or similar trade, on clients and funders, and on persons residing in areas where the Company is located