

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006 (the Act)
PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS OF
EVE SLEEP LIMITED (the Company)

On 12 May 2017 the following resolutions were duly passed pursuant to Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Act as special resolutions by way of written resolutions (and in the case of resolution 4, as a unanimous resolution):

- 1 ***THAT the draft amended articles of association annexed to this resolution at Appendix 1 be adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing articles of association of the Company.***
- 2 ***THAT in accordance with Article 4.1 of the articles of association of the Company, the shareholders of the Company hereby waive the provisions of Article 4.2.***
- 3 ***THAT, conditional on admission of the ordinary shares of £0.001 each in the capital of the Company to trading on the AIM market of London Stock Exchange plc becoming effective (Admission) and, once effective, in substitution for all subsisting authorities to the extent unused, in accordance with section 570 of the Act, the directors of the Company be generally empowered to allot equity securities (as defined in section 560 of the Act) pursuant to the authority conferred by resolution 4, as if section 561(1) of the Act did not apply to any such allotment, provided that this power shall:***

(a) ***be limited to the allotment of equity securities in connection with an offer of equity securities:***

- i. ***to ordinary shareholders in proportion (as nearly as may be practicable) to their existing holdings; and***
- ii. ***to holders of other equity securities as required by the rights of those securities or as the directors otherwise consider necessary,***

and so that the directors of the Company may impose any limits or restrictions and make any arrangements which they consider necessary or appropriate to deal with any treasury shares, fractional entitlements or securities represented by depositary receipts, record dates, legal, regulatory or practical problems in, or under the laws of, any territory or the requirements of any regulatory body or stock exchange or any other matter; or



- (b) *be limited to the allotment of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal amount of £34,587.42 to be allotted to new investors at the time of the IPO and of £6,917 in substitution for all subsisting authorities to allot; and*
 - (c) *expire on the earlier of the conclusion of the next annual general meeting and 15 months from the date of Admission (unless renewed, varied or revoked by the Company prior to or on that date), save that the Company may, before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of any such offer or agreement notwithstanding that the power conferred by this resolution has expired.*
- 4 **THAT**, *the directors of the Company be generally empowered to amend the register of members of the Company, so that it accurately reflects:*
 - (a) *the disposal by Joseph Moore of 2,209 deferred shares of £0.01 each on 25 August 2015;*
 - (b) *the acquisition by the Company of 2,209 deferred shares of £0.01 each on 25 August 2015;*
 - (c) *the conversion of the 2,209 deferred shares of £0.01 each held by the Company into 2,209 ordinary shares of £0.01 each on 16 October 2015; and*
 - (d) *the subsequent sub-division of ordinary shares of £0.01 each in the capital of the Company into ordinary shares of £0.0001 each on 22 October 2015, so that:*
 - (i) *Joseph Moore's 137 ordinary shares of £0.01 each are subdivided into 13,700 ordinary shares of £0.0001 each; and*
 - (ii) *the Company's 2,209 ordinary shares of £0.01 each are subdivided into 220,900 ordinary shares of £0.0001 each.*

.....
Director



THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
NEW
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
of
EVE SLEEP LIMITED

(Adopted by a special resolution passed on 12 May 2017)

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized 'P' followed by the word 'Hart' and a long horizontal flourish.

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THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

EVE SLEEP LIMITED

(Adopted by a special resolution passed on 12 May 2017)

1. Introduction

- 1.1 The model articles for private companies limited by shares contained or incorporated in Schedule 1 to the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these articles (the "**Model Articles**") shall apply to the Company, save insofar as they are varied or excluded by, or are inconsistent with, the following Articles.
- 1.2 In these Articles and the Model Articles any reference to any statutory provision shall be deemed to include a reference to each and every statutory amendment, modification, re-enactment and extension thereof for the time being in force.
- 1.3 In these Articles:
- (a) article headings are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles;
 - (b) words denoting the singular include the plural and vice versa and reference to one gender includes the other gender and neuter and vice versa;
 - (c) Articles 8(2), 9(4), 10(3), 11(2), 13, 14, 17(2), 17(3), 19, 26(5), 27, 28, 29, 30(5) to (7) (inclusive), 44(4), 51, 52 and 53 of the Model Articles shall not apply to the Company.

2. Definitions

In these Articles the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings:

"A Ordinary Shareholders" means the holders from time to time of the A Ordinary Shares;

"A Ordinary Shares" means the ordinary A shares of £0.0001 each in the capital of the Company;

"Accounts" means the audited balance sheet and profit and loss account of the Company or, if at the relevant time the Company has any Subsidiary Undertaking(s), a consolidation of the audited balance sheets and profit and loss accounts of the Company and its Subsidiary Undertaking(s), for each Financial Year;

"Act" means the Companies Act 2006 (as amended from time to time);

"Acting in Concert" has the meaning given to it in The City Code on Takeovers and Mergers published by the Panel on Takeovers and Mergers (as amended from time to time);

"Actions" shall have the meaning given in Article 6.3;

"Anti-Dilution Shares" shall have the meaning given in Article 11.1;

"Arrears" means in relation to any Share, all arrears of any dividend or other sums payable in respect of that Share;

"Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue" has the meaning given in Article 5.2;

"Asset Sale" means the disposal by the Company of all or substantially all of its undertaking and assets;

"Associate" in relation to any person means:

- (a) *any person who is an associate of that person and the question of whether a person is an associate of another is to be determined in accordance with section 435 of the Insolvency Act 1986 (whether or not an associate as so determined);*
- (b) any Member of the same Group; and
- (c) any Member of the same Fund Group;

"Auditors" means the auditors of the Company from time to time;

"Available Profits" means profits available for distribution within the meaning of part 23 of the Act;

"B Ordinary Shareholders" means the holders from time to time of the B Ordinary Shares;

"B Ordinary Shares" means the ordinary B shares of £0.0001 each in the capital of the Company;

"Bad Leaver" means a person (not being a person who is a Good Leaver) who ceases to be an Employee at any time as a consequence of:

- (a) their resignation, except in circumstances which constitute a constructive wrongful and/or constructive unfair dismissal; or
- (b) their dismissal for "cause", where "cause" shall mean:
 - (i) the lawful termination of their contract of employment without notice or payment in lieu of notice as a consequence of their misconduct; and/or
 - (ii) their fair dismissal pursuant to section 98(2) (b) (conduct) of the Employment Rights Act 1996;

"Board" means the board of Directors and any committee of the board constituted for the purpose of taking any action or decision contemplated by these Articles;

"Bonus Issue" or **"Reorganisation"** means any return of capital, bonus issue of shares or other securities of the Company by way of capitalisation of profits or reserves (other than a capitalisation issue in substitution for or as an alternative to a cash

dividend which is made available to the Preferred Shareholders) or any consolidation or sub-division or redenomination or any repurchase or redemption of shares (other than Preferred Shares) or any variation in the subscription price or conversion rate applicable to any other outstanding shares of the Company in each case other than shares issued as a result of the events set out in Article 14.7;

"Business Day" means a day on which English clearing banks are ordinarily open for the transaction of normal banking business in the City of London (other than a Saturday or Sunday);

"Civil Partner" means in relation to a Shareholder, a civil partner (as defined in the Civil Partnership Act 2004) of the Shareholder;

"C Ordinary Shareholders" means the holders from time to time of the C Ordinary Shares;

"C Ordinary Shares" means the ordinary C shares of £0.0001 each in the capital of the Company;

"Company" means Eve Sleep Limited;

"Company's Lien" has the meaning given in Article 38.1;

"Conditions" has the meaning given in Article 10.1;

"Connected Person" means any person with whom any relevant person is connected (as determined in accordance with the provisions of section 1122 CTA 2010);

"Controlling Interest" means an interest in shares giving to the holder or holders control of the Company within the meaning of section 1124 of the CTA 2010;

"Conversion Date" has the meanings given in Article 10.1(a) and Article 10.1(b) (as applicable);

"Conversion Ratio" has the meaning given in Article 10.5;

"CTA 2010" means the Corporation Tax Act 2010;

"Date of Adoption" means the date of adoption of these Articles;

"Deferred Shares" means deferred shares of £0.0001 each in the capital of the Company;

"Director(s)" means a director or directors of the Company from time to time;

"DN Capital" means DN Capital Global Venture Capital III L.P. and its Permitted Transferees;

"DN Capital Director" means the director of the Company nominated by DN Capital under Article 30.1;

"Down Round Fund Raising" means the Company raising, at any time after the Date of Adoption any amount from an issue of Down Round Shares to any person or persons (excluding any Exempted Issuances) as part of the same investment round whether or not such issue takes place on the same day;

"Down Round Price" means the subscription price per relevant Share being less than £3.99;

"Down Round Share" means any Share subscribed or held by a Down Round Subscriber that is or was subscribed at the Down Round Price pursuant to a Down Round Fund Raising;

"Down Round Subscriber" means a subscriber or holder of Down Round Shares;

"Effective Termination Date" means the date on which the Employee's employment or consultancy terminates;

"electronic address" has the same meaning as in section 333 of the Act;

"electronic form" and **"electronic means"** have the same meaning as in section 1168 of the Act;

"Eligible Director" means a Director who would be entitled to vote on a matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a meeting of the Directors;

"Employee" means an individual who is employed by or who provides consultancy services to, the Company or any member of the Group;

"Employee Share Option Plan(s)" means the employee share option plan(s) of the Company, the terms of which have been approved by an Investor Majority;

"Employee Shares" in relation to an Employee means all Ordinary Shares in the Company held by:

- (a) the Employee in question; and
- (b) by any Permitted Transferee of that Employee other than those Ordinary Shares held by those persons that an Investor Majority declares itself satisfied were not acquired directly or indirectly from the Employee or by reason of their relationship with the Employee;

"Employee Trust" means a trust, the terms of which are approved by an Investor Majority, whose beneficiaries are the Employees;

"Encumbrance" means any mortgage, charge, security, interest, lien, pledge, assignment by way of security, equity, claim, right of pre-emption, option, covenant, restriction, reservation, lease, trust, order, decree, judgment, title defect (including without limitation any retention of title claim), conflicting claim of ownership or any other encumbrance of any nature whatsoever (whether or not perfected other than liens arising by operation of law);

"Equity Shares" means the Shares other than the Deferred Shares;

"Exempted Issuances" is determined in accordance with Article 11.1;

"Exercising Investor" means any Investor who exercises its rights to acquire Anti-Dilution Shares in accordance with Article 11.1;

"Existing Investors" means Fabrice Grinda and José Marin;

"Exit" means a Share Sale or an Asset Sale;

"Expert Valuer" is as determined in accordance with Article 19.1;

"Fair Value" is as determined in accordance with Article 19.3;

"Family Trusts" means as regards any particular individual member or deceased or former individual member, trusts (whether arising under a settlement, declaration of trust or other instrument by whomsoever or wheresoever made or under a testamentary disposition or on an intestacy) under which no immediate beneficial interest in any of the shares in question is for the time being vested in any person other than the individual and/or Privileged Relations of that individual; and so that for this purpose a person shall be considered to be beneficially interested in a share if such share or the income thereof is liable to be transferred or paid or applied or appointed to or for the benefit of such person or any voting or other rights attaching thereto are exercisable by or as directed by such person pursuant to the terms of the relevant trusts or in consequence of an exercise of a power or discretion conferred thereby on any person or persons;

"Financial Institution" means any financial investor authorised by or registered with the Financial Conduct Authority or the Prudential Regulation Authority (or a financial investor registered with the equivalent body or authority in the country of the relevant financial investor's principal place of business);

"Financial Year" and **"Financial Period"** means an accounting reference period (as defined by the Act) of the Company;

"First Hurdle" means: (i) in relation to a Share Sale or an Asset Sale, net proceeds (after the deduction of reasonable fees of the Company and Shareholders associated with the Share Sale or Asset Sale) of at least £16.93 received by the Shareholders per Ordinary Share held; and (ii) in relation to an IPO, an offering price of at least £16.93, per Ordinary Share both (i) and (ii) to be equitably adjusted for any bonus issues, sub-divisions, consolidations or similar transactions;

"Full Price A Share" means any Preferred A Share or any A Ordinary Share subscribed for at a subscription price equal to or more than £3.99;

"Full Price A Share Subscriber" means any holder or subscriber of Full Price A Shares (excluding OINL, Ed Rogers and José Marin);

"Fund Manager" means a person whose principal business is to make, manage or advise upon investments in securities;

"Funds" means Octopus Titan VCT Plc (company number 06397765) and Octopus Eclipse VCT Plc (company number 05074325) each of whose registered office is at 33 Holborn, London EC1N 2HT;

"Good Leaver" means a person who ceases to be an Employee at any time by reason of:

- (a) death;
- (b) permanent incapacity;
- (c) long-term illness or incapacity of either the Employee or that Employee's Privileged Relation;
- (d) dismissal by the Company (or a member of the Group) which is determined by an employment tribunal or at a court of competent jurisdiction from which there is *no right to appeal to be wrongful or constructive*; or
- (e) the Board, with the prior written approval of the Investor, determining that he is a Good Leaver;

"Group" means the Company and its Subsidiary Undertaking(s) (if any) from time to time and **"Group Company"** shall be construed accordingly;

"hard copy form" has the same meaning as in section 1168 of the Act;

"Holding Company" means a newly formed holding company, pursuant to which the membership, pro rata shareholdings and classes of shares comprised in such holding company matches that of the Company immediately prior to the transfer of the issued share capital of the Company to such holding company;

"Issue Price" means in respect of a share in the capital of the Company, the aggregate of the amount paid up (or credited as paid up) in respect of the nominal value and any share premium;

"Institutional Investor" means a fund, partnership, body corporate, trust or other person or entity whose principal business is to make investments or a person whose business is to make, manage or advise upon investments for any of the foregoing;

"Investment Agreement" means the agreement entered into on or around 30 September 2016 between (1) DN Capital (2) the Managers (3) the Existing Investor (4) OINL and the Funds (5) WIM and the Woodford Funds and (6) the Company relating to the Company, as amended and restated from time to time;

"Investment Fund" means a fund, partnership, company, syndicate, venture capital trust or other entity whose business is managed by a Fund Manager;

"Investors" means each of DN Capital, OINL and the Funds and the Woodford Funds (acting by WIM);

"Investor Directors" shall have the meaning set out in the Investment Agreement;

"Investor Director Consent" means the prior written consent of a majority of the Investor Directors;

"Investor Fund Manager" means a Fund Manager which advises or manages an Investor;

"Investor Majority" means the holders of a majority of the issued A Ordinary Shares and Preferred A Shares held by the Lead Investors from time to time;;

"Investor Majority Consent" means the prior written consent of the Investor Majority;

"IPO" means the admission of all or any of the Shares or securities representing those shares (including without limitation depositary interests, American depositary receipts, American depositary shares and/or other instruments) to or the grant of permission by any like authority for the same to be admitted to or traded or quoted on Nasdaq or the Official List of the United Kingdom Listing Authority or the AIM Market operated by the London Stock Exchange Plc or any other recognised investment exchange (as defined in section 285 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000);

"ITA" means Income Tax Act 2007;

"ITEPA" means Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003;

"Issue Price" means the price at which the relevant Share is issued, including any premium, provided that the Issue Price of any Anti-Dilution Shares shall be deemed to be the Issue Price of those Shares held by a Shareholder which carry a right to be issued such Anti-Dilution Shares;

"Joint Investor Director" shall have the meaning given in the Investment Agreement;

"Leaver's Percentage" means, in relation to and for the purposes of determining the number of Ordinary Shares that are required (pursuant to Article 9) to be converted into Deferred Shares as a result of a Manager ceasing to be an Employee within the period commencing on 2 March 2015 and ending on the Effective Termination Date, the percentage (rounded up to two decimal places) as calculated using the formula below:

$$75 - (1.5625 \times NM),$$

where NM = number of full calendar months from the 2 March 2015 to the Effective Termination Date such that the Leaver's Percentage shall be zero on the first day of the 49th month after the 2 March 2015;

"Lien Enforcement Notice" has the meaning given in Article 38.3;

"Majority Shareholder" means a Shareholder holding at least 3% of the entire issued share capital of the Company and which shall always include DN Capital, OINL and the Funds and the Woodford Funds save that Jose Marin and Fabrice Grinda shall each be a Majority Shareholder provided that they hold (when aggregated together) at least 3% of the entire issued share capital of the Company;

"Managers" means Jas Bagniewski, James Fryer and Kuba Wieczorek and **"Manager"** means any one of them;

"Manager Director" has the meaning given in the Investment Agreement;

"Manager Vesting Shares" means, in respect of each Manager, such number of Ordinary Shares held by him which are not Vested on 2 March 2015;

"a Member of the same Fund Group" means if the Shareholder is a fund, partnership, company, syndicate or other entity whose business is managed by a Fund Manager (an **"Investment Fund"**) or a nominee of that person:

- (a) any participant or partner in or member of any such Investment Fund or the holders of any unit trust which is a participant or partner in or member of any Investment Fund (but only in connection with the dissolution of the Investment Fund or any distribution of assets of the Investment Fund pursuant to the operation of the Investment Fund in the ordinary course of business);
- (b) any Investment Fund managed by that Fund Manager;
- (c) any Parent Undertaking or Subsidiary Undertaking of that Fund Manager, or any Subsidiary Undertaking of any Parent Undertaking of that Fund Manager; or
- (d) any trustee, nominee or custodian of such Investment Fund and vice versa;

"a Member of the same Group" means as regards any company, a company which is from time to time a Parent Undertaking or a Subsidiary Undertaking of that company or a Subsidiary Undertaking of any such Parent Undertaking;

"Nasdaq" means the Nasdaq Stock Market of the Nasdaq OMX Group Inc.;

"New Securities" means any shares or other securities convertible into, or carrying the right to subscribe for, those shares issued by the Company after the Date of Adoption (other than shares or securities issued as a result of the events set out in Article 15.6);

"Octopus Director" means the director of the Company nominated by the Octopus Manager on behalf of OINL and the Funds;

"Octopus Manager" means Octopus Investments Limited (company number 0394288) whose registered office is at 33 Holborn, London EC1N 2HT;

"Offer" has the meaning set out in Article 22.2;

"Offer By Way of Rights" has the meaning set out in Article 10.11;

"Offer Period" has the meaning set out in Article 22.3;

"OINL" Octopus Investments Nominees Limited (company number 05572093) whose registered office is at 33 Holborn, London EC1N 2HT;

"Ordinary Shareholders" means the holders from time to time of the Ordinary Shares;

"Ordinary Shares" means the ordinary shares of £0.0001 each in the capital of the Company;

"Original Shareholder" has the meaning set out in Article 17.1;

"Permitted Transfer" means a transfer of Shares in accordance with Article 17;

"Permitted Transferee" means:

- (a) in relation to a Shareholder who is an individual, any of his Privileged Relations, Trustees or Qualifying Company;
- (b) in relation to a Shareholder which is an undertaking (as defined in section 1161(1) of the Act) means any Member of the same Group;
- (c) in relation to a Shareholder which is an Investment Fund means any Member of the same Fund Group; and
- (d) in relation to an Investor:
 - (i) to any Member of the same Group;
 - (ii) to any Member of the same Fund Group;
 - (iii) to any other Investor;
 - (iv) to any Financial Institution or Institutional Investor; or
 - (v) to any nominee of an Investor;
- (e) in relation to any of the Woodford Funds (or their Permitted Transferees):
 - (i) any member of the same Fund Group;
 - (ii) any body corporate or other entity controlled by that Investor or another member of the same Fund Group or any investment manager or adviser to that Investor and/or member or which immediately following the transfer of Shares concerned will be such a body corporate;
 - (iii) any investment fund, trust, partnership or mandate controlled, managed, advised (in an investment adviser capacity) or promoted by:

(i) that Investor; (ii) another member of the same Fund Group; or (iii) any investment manager or advisor of that Investor and/or another member of the same Fund Group;

(iv) any trustee, manager, beneficiary, shareholder, partner, investor, unitholder or other participant in or of that Investor or any investment fund, trust, partnership or mandate referred to in paragraph (c) above;

(v) any directors or employees of that Investor or a member of the same Fund Group or any trust, carried interest or similar partnership in which they or any of them participate; or

(vi) a nominee or custodian for any of the above;

"Preference Amount" means in relation to each Preferred Share a price per share equal to the amount subscribed or deemed to have been subscribed (including premium) for such share together with a sum equal to any Arrears;

"Preferred A Shares" means the preferred A shares of £0.0001 each in the capital of the Company;

"Preferred A Shareholders" means the holders of the Preferred A Shares;

"Preferred Shares" means the series seed shares of £0.0001 each in the capital of the Company;

"Preferred Shareholders" means the holders of the Preferred Shares;

"Priority Rights" means the rights of Shareholders to purchase Shares contained in a Transfer Notice in the priority stipulated in Article 18.6 or Article 21.2 (as the case may be);

"Privileged Relation" in relation to a Shareholder who is an individual member or deceased or former member means a spouse, Civil Partner, child or grandchild (including step or adopted or illegitimate child and their issue);

"Proceeds of Sale" means the consideration payable (including any deferred consideration) whether in cash or otherwise to those Shareholders selling Shares under a Share Sale;

"Proposed Exit" has the meaning given in Article 6.3;

"Proposed Purchaser" means a proposed purchaser who at the relevant time has made an offer on arm's length terms;

"Proposed Sale Date" has the meaning given in Article 22.3;

"Proposed Sale Notice" has the meaning given in Article 22.3;

"Proposed Sale Shares" has the meaning given in Article 22.3;

"Proposed Seller" means any person proposing to transfer any shares in the capital of the Company;

"Proposed Transfer" has the meaning given in Article 22.1;

"Qualifying Company" means a company in which a Shareholder or Trustee(s) holds the entire issued share capital and over which that Shareholder or Trustee(s) exercises control (within the meaning of section 1124 of the CTA 2010);

"Qualifying IPO" means the legal completion of an IPO in which the net aggregate subscription amount in respect of new Ordinary Shares (subject to appropriate adjustment following any Bonus Issue or Reorganisation) issued at the time of the IPO is not less than £10,000,000 with a gross pre-IPO valuation of the Company of not less than £70,000,000;

"Qualifying Person" has the meaning given in section 318(3) of the Act;

"Relevant Date" means 5 March 2015;

"Relevant Period" means 48 months following the Relevant Date;

"Relevant Interest" has the meaning set out in Article 33.5;

"Sale Shares" has the meaning set out in Article 18.2(a);

"Second Hurdle" (i) in relation to a Share Sale or an Asset Sale, net proceeds (after the deduction of reasonable fees of the Company and Shareholders associated with the Share Sale or Asset Sale) of at least £24.11 received by the Shareholders per Ordinary Share held; and (ii) in relation to an IPO, an offering price of at least £24.11, per Ordinary Share both (i) and (ii) to be equitably adjusted for any bonus issues, subdivisions, consolidations or similar transactions;

"Seller" has the meaning set out in Article 18.2;

"Shareholder" means any holder of any Shares (but excludes the Company holding Shares as *Treasury Shares* from time to time);

"Shares" means the Ordinary Shares, the A Ordinary Shares, the B Ordinary Shares, the C Ordinary Shares, the Preferred Shares, the Preferred A Shares and the Deferred Shares from time to time;

"Share Sale" means the sale of (or the grant of a right to acquire or to dispose of) any of the shares in the capital of the Company (in one transaction or as a series of transactions) which will result in the purchaser of those shares (or grantee of that right) and persons Acting in Concert with him together acquiring a Controlling Interest in the Company, except where following completion of the sale the shareholders and the proportion of shares held by each of them are the same as the shareholders and their shareholdings in the Company immediately prior to the sale;

"Starting Price" means the Issue Price of the relevant Share (if applicable, adjusted as referred to in Article 11.3);

"Subsidiary", "Subsidiary Undertaking" and "Parent Undertaking" have the respective meanings set out in sections 1159 and 1162 of the Act;

"Transfer Notice" shall have the meaning given in Article 18.2;

"Transfer Price" shall have the meaning given in Article 18.2(c);

"Treasury Shares" has the meaning set out in section 724 of the Act;

"Trustees" in relation to a Shareholder means the trustee or the trustees of a Family Trust; and

"Vested" means in relation to Ordinary Shares those shares which are not, or are no longer capable of being converted into Deferred Shares under Article 9 and in relation to all other Equity Shares, the number of shares which are in issue.

"WIM" means Woodford Investment Management LLP;

"Woodford Director" means the director of the Company nominated by WIM on behalf of the Woodford Funds;

"Woodford Funds" means CF Woodford Equity Income Fund ("**WEIF**"), Woodford Patient Capital Trust Plc ("**WPCT**") and Omnis Income & Growth Fund ("**OIG**").

3. Share capital

- 3.1 In these Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, references to shares of a particular class shall include shares allotted and/or issued after the Date of Adoption and ranking *pari passu* in all respects (or in all respects except only as to the date from which those shares rank for dividend) with the shares of the relevant class then in issue.
- 3.2 Except as otherwise provided in these Articles, the Preferred Shares, the Preferred A Shares, the Ordinary Shares, the A Ordinary Shares, the B Ordinary Shares and the C Ordinary Shares shall rank *pari passu* in all respects but shall constitute separate classes of shares.
- 3.3 Whenever as a result of a consolidation of Shares any Shareholders would become entitled to fractions of a Share, the Directors may, on behalf of those Shareholders, sell the Shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those Shareholders, and the Directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the Shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.
- 3.4 When the Company sub-divides or consolidates all or any of its Shares, the Company may, subject to the Act and to these Articles, by ordinary resolution determine that, as between the Shares resulting from the sub-division or consolidation, any of them may have any preference or advantage or be subject to any restriction as compared with the others.
- 3.5 The words "and the directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares" shall be deleted from article 22(2) of the Model Articles.
- 3.6 Subject to the Act, the Company may purchase its own Shares with cash to the extent permitted by section 692(1)(b) of the Act (as amended from time to time).
- 3.7 Paragraph (c) of article 24(2) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the replacement of the words "that the shares are fully paid; and" with the words "the amount paid up on them; and".
- 3.8 In article 25(2) of the Model Articles, the words "payment of a reasonable fee as the directors decide" in paragraph (c) shall be deleted and replaced by the words "payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the Company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine".

- 3.9 For the avoidance of doubt, the Company itself is prohibited from exercising any right in respect of any Shares held by it as Treasury Shares (to the extent specified by the Act), including (without limitation) any right to:
- (a) receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the Company;
 - (b) receive or vote on any proposed written resolution; and
 - (c) receive a dividend or other distribution (save as otherwise provided in section 726(4) of the Act).
- 3.10 Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, where the Directors consider it necessary or appropriate in connection with or at around the time of a Qualifying IPO, they may determine in respect of any issue of shares that no certificates for those shares will be issued or that the issue of any certificates will be delayed.

4. Dividends

- 4.1 In respect of any Financial Year, the Company's Available Profits will be applied as set out in this Article 4 unless the provisions of this Article 4 are waived by a special resolution of the Shareholders of the Company.
- 4.2 Any profits which the Company determines to distribute in respect of any financial year, as approved by an Investor Majority, shall be distributed amongst the holders of the Deferred Shares (if any), the Ordinary Shareholders, A Ordinary Shareholders, B Ordinary Shareholders, C Ordinary Shareholders, Preferred A Shareholders and the Preferred Shareholders so that 0.0001% of such profits will be distributed to the holders of the B Ordinary Shares and the holders of the Deferred Shares pro-rata according to the number of B Ordinary Shares and Deferred Shares held by them and as to the balance to the Ordinary Shareholders, A Ordinary Shareholders, C Ordinary Shareholders, Preferred A Shareholders and Preferred Shareholders according to the number of Ordinary Shares, A Ordinary Shares, C Ordinary Shareholders, Preferred A Shares and Preferred Shares held by each of them as if the Ordinary Shares, A Ordinary Shares, C Ordinary Shares, Preferred A Shares and Preferred Shares constituted one and the same class PROVIDED ALWAYS that this Article 4 is subject to the limits in Article 7. Model Article 30 is modified accordingly.

5. Liquidation preference

- 5.1 Subject to Article 5.2, on a distribution of assets on a liquidation or a return of capital (other than a conversion, redemption or purchase of Shares) ("**Liquidty Event**") the surplus assets of the Company remaining after payment of its liabilities shall be applied (to the extent that the Company is lawfully permitted to do so):
- (a) first in paying a sum equal to £X plus £100 (where X is an amount equal to the aggregate Issue Price of all the A Ordinary Shares and Preferred A Shares in issue at the relevant time) to be distributed as to 0.0001% to the holders of the Ordinary Shares, B Ordinary Shares, C Ordinary Shares and Preferred Shares pro-rata according to the number of Ordinary Shares, B Ordinary Shares, C Ordinary Shares and Preferred Shares held by them and as to the balance to the holders of the A Ordinary Shares and Preferred A Shares such that each holder of A Ordinary Shares and Preferred A Shares receives in respect of each A Ordinary Share and Preferred A Share held the Issue Price of that A Ordinary Share and Preferred A Share (the sum received per A Ordinary Share or Preferred A Share being the "**A Price**");

- (b) second in paying a sum equal to £Y plus £100 (where Y is an amount equal to the Preference Amount multiplied by the number of Preferred Shares in issue at the relevant time) to be distributed as to 0.0001% to the holders of the Ordinary Shares, B Ordinary Shares, A Ordinary Shares, C Ordinary Shares and Preferred A Shares pro-rata according to the number of Ordinary Shares, B Ordinary Shares, A Ordinary Shares, C Ordinary Shares and Preferred A Shares held by them and as to the balance to the holders of the Preferred Shares such that each holder of Preferred Shares receives in respect of each Preferred Share held the Preference Amount of that Preferred Share;
- (c) thirdly in paying a sum equal to £Z plus £100 (where Z is an amount equal to the A Price multiplied by the aggregate number of Ordinary Shares, B Ordinary Shares and C Ordinary Shares in issue at the relevant time) to be distributed as to 0.0001% to the holders of the Preferred Shares, A Ordinary Shares and Preferred A Shares pro-rata according to the number of Preferred Shares, A Ordinary Shares and Preferred A Shares held by them and as to the balance to the holders of the Ordinary Shares, C Ordinary Shares and B Ordinary Shares such that each holder of Ordinary Shares, C Ordinary Shares and B Ordinary Shares receives in aggregate pursuant to Articles 5(a), 5(b) and 5(c) in respect of each Ordinary Share, C Ordinary Share or B Ordinary Share held an aggregate amount equal to the A Price;
- (d) the balance of the surplus assets (if any) shall be distributed among the holders of Deferred Shares (if any), Preferred Shares, Preferred A Shares, A Ordinary Shares, Ordinary Shares, the B Ordinary Shares and the C Ordinary Shares so that 0.0001% of such amount is distributed to the holders of the Preferred Shares and the holders of the Preferred A Shares pro-rata according to the number of Preferred Shares and Preferred A Shares held by them and as to the balance to the holders of the A Ordinary Shares, B Ordinary Shares, C Ordinary Shares and Ordinary Shares pro rata to the number of A Ordinary Shares, B Ordinary Shares, C Ordinary Shares and Ordinary Shares held by them provided that once the holders of the A Ordinary Shares, B Ordinary Shares, C Ordinary Shares and Ordinary Shares have received the sum of £10,000,000 per share the holders of the Deferred Shares (if any) shall be paid a total of £1.00 for the entire class of Deferred Shares (which payment shall be deemed satisfied by payment to any one holder of Deferred Shares),

PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT this Article 5 is subject always to the limits in Article 7.

- 5.2 If any Down Round Shares are subscribed (for the purposes of this Article 5.2 an **"Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue"**) then each sub-article of Article 5.1 where a Full Price A Share is entitled to any distribution or payment will be deemed to be amended so that (and will be applied such that) each Full Price A Share Subscriber will receive such increased proportion of any distribution or payment (as applicable) pursuant to the specified sub-article of Article 5.2 (as applicable) as it would have received if it had held a number of Full Price A Shares equivalent to NM rather than the actual number of Full Price A Shares held by such Full Price A Share Subscriber, and for these purposes NM will be calculated as follows:

- (a) first, in respect of each Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue which has taken place prior to the relevant Liquidity Event (as applicable), a number of Full Price A Shares will be calculated using the following formula:

$$N = \left(\left(\frac{SIP}{WA} \right) \times (Z + AN) \right) - (Z + AN)$$

- (b) second, immediately prior to the relevant Liquidity Event, NM will be calculated using the following formula:

$$NM = Z + AN$$

For the purposes of the formulas at Articles 5.2.1 and 5.2.2:

N= the number of Full Price A Shares in respect of the Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue, subject always to being more than zero;

$$WA = \frac{(SIP \times ESC) + (QISP \times NS)}{(ESC + NS)}$$

SIP = £3.99 or, in the event that there has been one or more previous Article 5.2 Qualifying Issues, the WA immediately following the immediately previous Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue;

ESC = the number of shares comprising the Fully Diluted Share Capital immediately prior to the Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue;

QISP = the lowest per share price of the Down Round Shares issued pursuant to the relevant Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue (and, for these purposes, the price of any Down Round Share not issued for cash shall be the sum certified by the Expert acting as experts and not arbitrators as being in their opinion the current cash value of the non cash consideration for the allotment of the Down Round Share);

NS = the number of Down Round Shares issued pursuant to the Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue;

AN = the aggregate number of Full Price A Shares calculated by aggregating N as calculated in respect of each previous Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue (if any) using the formula above and, if there has been no previous Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue, AN shall be zero; and

Z = the number of Full Price A Shares held by the Full Price A Share Subscriber immediately prior to the Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue.

PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT any application of article 5.1 (as adjusted by this article 5.2) is subject to article 7.

6. Exit provisions

- 6.1 On a Share Sale the Proceeds of Sale shall be distributed in the order of priority set out in Article 5 (save that the limits in Article 7 will not apply) and after application of Article 5.2 if relevant in the circumstances and the Directors shall not register any transfer of Shares if the Proceeds of Sale are not so distributed save in respect of any Shares not sold in connection with that Share Sale provided that if the Proceeds of Sale are not settled in their entirety upon completion of the Share Sale:

- (a) the Directors shall not be prohibited from registering the transfer of the relevant Shares so long as the Proceeds of Sale that are settled have been distributed in the order of priority set out in Article 5; and
 - (b) the Shareholders shall take any action required by an Investor Majority to ensure that the Proceeds of Sale in their entirety are distributed in the order of priority set out in Article 5.
- 6.2 On an Asset Sale the surplus assets of the Company remaining after payment of its liabilities shall be distributed (to the extent that the Company is lawfully permitted to do so) in the order of priority set out in Article 5 and after application of Article 5.2 if relevant in the circumstances provided always that if it is not lawful for the Company to distribute its surplus assets in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the Shareholders shall take any action required by an Investor Majority (including, but without prejudice to the generality of this Article 6.2, actions that may be necessary to put the Company into voluntary liquidation) so that Article 5 applies PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT Article 6.2 is subject to the limits in Article 7.
- 6.3 Subject to the provisions of Article 6.4, in the event of an Exit approved by the Board and an Investor Majority in accordance with the terms of these Articles (the "**Proposed Exit**"), all Shareholders shall consent to, vote for, raise no objections to and waive any applicable rights in connection with the Proposed Exit ("**Actions**"). The Shareholders shall be required to take all Actions with respect to the Proposed Exit as are required by the Board to facilitate the Proposed Exit. If any Shareholder fails to comply with the provisions of this Article, the Company shall be constituted the agent of each defaulting Shareholder for taking such actions as are necessary to effect the Proposed Exit and the Directors may authorise an officer or member to execute and deliver on behalf of such defaulting Shareholder the necessary documents and the Company may receive any purchase money due to the defaulting Shareholder in trust for each of the defaulting Shareholders.
- 6.4 Notwithstanding the provisions of this Article 6, Investor Majority Consent shall be required to effect any Exit pursuant to which the Proceeds of Sale distributed in accordance with this Article 6 to each Preferred Shareholder are less than two times the Preference Amount for such shareholder.
- 7. **Caps on Corporate Shareholders**
- 7.1 50% caps on Corporate Shareholders and their Connected Persons.
 - (a) The limitations in this Article 7.1 shall apply to:
 - (i) any Shareholder that is a "company" for the purpose of the independence requirement in section 296(2) of ITA (a "**Corporate Shareholder**"); and
 - (ii) any Shareholder that is a Connected Person in relation to that Corporate Shareholder (a "**Relevant Connected Person**").
 - (b) At any time, on a liquidation or other return of capital event (including the redemption or repurchase of Shares) the aggregate amount payable to any Corporate Shareholder and all of its Relevant Connected Persons shall not exceed 50% of the assets of the Company available for distribution amongst the participators (as defined in section 454 of CTA 2010) of the Company at that time.

- (c) At any time, on a distribution of any profits of the Company by way of dividend or otherwise (including on the redemption or repurchase of Shares) no distribution shall be made to any Corporate Shareholder and all of its Relevant Connected Persons if, and to the extent that, the aggregate amount that would (but for this Article 7.1(c)) be payable to that Corporate Shareholder and its Relevant Connected Persons would exceed 50% of the total amount of the profits of the Company available for distribution at that time.
- (d) At any time the aggregate number of votes attaching to all the Shares held by any Corporate Shareholder and all of its Relevant Connected Persons shall be restricted to the lower of:
 - (i) 49.99% of the votes attaching to all Shares; and
 - (ii) the total number of votes that would have been conferred on such Shareholders if this Article 7.1(d) did not apply.
- (e) At any time the aggregate number of votes attaching to all the Shares held by each of WEIF and OIG shall be restricted to the lower of:
 - (i) 19.5% of the votes attaching to all Shares; and
 - (ii) the total number of votes that would have been conferred on such Shareholder if this Article 7.1(e) did not apply, those votes to be split equally on a fractional basis amongst all Shares held by WEIF and OIG.

8. Votes in general meeting

- 8.1 The A Ordinary Shares shall confer on each holder of A Ordinary Shares the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company and to receive and vote on proposed written resolutions of the Company.
- 8.2 The Preferred A Shares shall confer on each holder of Preferred A Shares the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company and to receive and vote on proposed written resolutions of the Company.
- 8.3 The Preferred Shares shall confer on each holder of Preferred Shares the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company and to receive and vote on proposed written resolutions of the Company.
- 8.4 The Ordinary Shares shall confer on each holder of Ordinary Shares the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company and to receive and vote on proposed written resolutions of the Company.
- 8.5 The B Ordinary Shares shall not entitle the holders of them to receive notice of, to attend, to speak or to vote at any general meeting of the Company nor to receive or vote on, or otherwise constitute an eligible member for the purposes of, proposed written resolutions of the Company.
- 8.6 The C Ordinary Shares shall confer on each holder of C Ordinary Shares the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company and to receive and vote on proposed written resolutions of the Company.
- 8.7 The Deferred Shares (if any) shall not entitle the holders of them to receive notice of, to attend, to speak or to vote at any general meeting of the Company nor to receive or

vote on, or otherwise constitute an eligible member for the purposes of, proposed written resolutions of the Company.

- 8.8 Where Shares confer a right to vote, on a show of hands each holder of such shares who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative or by proxy shall have one vote and on a poll each such holder so present shall have one vote for each Share held by him.

9. Vesting of Ordinary Shares of the Managers

- 9.1 Subject to Articles 9.3 and 9.4, if at any time during the Relevant Period any Manager ceases to be an Employee in circumstances where he is not a Bad Leaver, the Leaver's Percentage of Employee Shares relating to such Manager shall immediately convert into Deferred Shares (rounded down to the nearest whole share).
- 9.2 Subject to Articles 9.3 and 9.4, if at any time during the Relevant Period the Manager ceases to be an Employee in circumstances where he is a Bad Leaver, all of the Manager Vesting Shares shall immediately convert into Deferred Shares (rounded down to the nearest whole share).
- 9.3 Notwithstanding the provisions of Articles 9.1 and 9.2, the Board (with Investor Director Consent) shall be entitled to determine at any time that all or part of the Manager Vesting Shares shall be Vested.
- 9.4 All of the Employee Shares held by any Manager shall immediately become Vested upon the occurrence of change of control (as control is defined in section 1124 of the CTA 2010) or a Qualifying IPO.

10. Conversion of Preferred Shares

- 10.1 Any holder of:
- (a) Preferred Shares shall be entitled, by notice in writing to the Company, to require conversion into Ordinary Shares of all of the Preferred Shares held by them at any time and those Preferred Shares shall convert automatically on the date of such notice (the "**Conversion Date**"), provided that the holder may in such notice, state that conversion of its Preferred Shares into Ordinary Shares is conditional upon the occurrence of one or more events (the "**Conditions**");
 - (b) Preferred A Shares shall be entitled, by notice in writing to the Company, to require conversion into Ordinary Shares of all of the Preferred A Shares held by them immediately prior to an Exit and those Preferred A Shares shall convert automatically on the date of such notice (the "**Conversion Date**"), provided that the holder may in such notice, state that conversion of its Preferred A Shares into Ordinary Shares is conditional upon the occurrence of one or more events (the "**Conditions**").
- 10.2 All of the A Ordinary Shares, Preferred Shares and Preferred A Shares shall automatically convert into Ordinary Shares immediately prior to the occurrence of a Qualifying IPO.
- 10.3 In the case of (i) Article 10.1, not more than five Business Days after the Conversion Date or (ii) in the case of Article 10.2, at least five Business Days prior to the occurrence of the Qualifying IPO, each holder of the relevant A Ordinary Shares, Preferred Shares and Preferred A Shares shall deliver the certificate (or an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board) in respect of the A Ordinary Shares, Preferred Shares and Preferred A Shares being converted to the Company at its registered office for the time being.

- 10.4 Where conversion is mandatory on the occurrence of a Qualifying IPO, that conversion will be effective only immediately prior to such Qualifying IPO (and "**Conversion Date**" shall be construed accordingly) and, if such Qualifying IPO does not become effective or does not take place, such conversion shall be deemed not to have occurred. In the event of a conversion under Article 10.1, if the Conditions have not been satisfied or waived by the relevant holder by the Conversion Date such conversion shall be deemed not to have occurred.
- 10.5 On the Conversion Date, the relevant A Ordinary Shares, Preferred Shares and Preferred A Shares shall without further authority than is contained in these Articles stand converted into Ordinary Shares on the basis of one Ordinary Share for each A Ordinary Share, Preferred Share or Preferred A Share held (the "**Conversion Ratio**"), subject to either the anti dilution formula set out in Article 11 or subject to Article 10.12 (in each case if applicable) and the Ordinary Shares resulting from that conversion shall in all other respects rank pari passu with the existing issued Ordinary Shares.
- 10.6 The Company shall on the Conversion Date enter the holder of the converted A Ordinary Shares, Preferred Shares and Preferred A Shares on the register of members of the Company as the holder of the appropriate number of Ordinary Shares and, subject to the relevant holder delivering its certificate(s) (or suitable indemnity) in respect of the A Ordinary Shares, the Preferred Shares and Preferred A Shares in accordance with this Article, the Company shall within 10 Business Days of the Conversion Date forward to such holder of A Ordinary Shares, Preferred Shares or Preferred A Shares by post to his address shown in the register of members, free of charge, a definitive certificate for the appropriate number of fully paid Ordinary Shares.
- 10.7 On the Conversion Date (or as soon afterwards as it is possible to calculate the amount payable), the Company will, if it has sufficient Available Profits, pay to holders of the Preferred Shares falling to be converted a dividend equal to all Arrears and accruals of dividends in relation to those Preferred Shares to be calculated on a daily basis down to and including the day immediately preceding the Conversion Date. If the Company has insufficient Available Profits to pay all such Arrears and accruals of dividends in full then it will pay the same to the extent that it is lawfully able to do so and any Arrears and accruals of dividends that remain outstanding shall continue to be a debt due from and immediately payable by the Company.
- 10.8 The Conversion Ratio shall from time to time be adjusted in accordance with the provisions of this Article:
- (a) if A Ordinary Shares, Preferred Shares or Preferred A Shares remain capable of being converted into new Ordinary Shares and there is a consolidation and/or sub-division of Ordinary Shares, the Conversion Ratio shall be adjusted by an amount, which in the opinion of the Board is fair and reasonable, to maintain the right to convert so as to ensure that each holder of A Ordinary Shares, Preferred Shareholder or Preferred A Shareholder is in no better or worse position as a result of such consolidation or sub-division, such adjustment to become effective immediately after such consolidation or sub-division; or
 - (b) if A Ordinary Shares, Preferred Shares or Preferred A Shares remain capable of being converted into Ordinary Shares, on an allotment of fully-paid Ordinary Shares pursuant to a capitalisation of profits or reserves to holders of Ordinary Shares the Conversion Ratio shall be adjusted (by resolution of the Board) to ensure that each A Ordinary Shareholder, Preferred Shareholder or Preferred A Shareholder is in no better or worse position as a result of such capitalisation of profits or reserves, such adjustment to become effective as at the record date for such issue.

- 10.9 If any A Ordinary Shareholder, Preferred Shareholder or Preferred A Shareholder becomes entitled to fractions of an Ordinary Share as a result of conversion ("**Fractional Holders**"), the Directors may (in their absolute discretion) deal with these fractions as they think fit on behalf of the Fractional Holders. In particular, the Directors may aggregate and sell the fractions to a person for the best price reasonably obtainable and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportions among the Fractional Holders or may ignore fractions or accrue the benefit of such fractions to the Company rather than the member. For the purposes of completing any such sale of fractions, the chairman of the Company or, failing him, the secretary will be deemed to have been appointed the Fractional Holder's agent for the purpose of the sale.
- 10.10 If a doubt or dispute arises concerning an adjustment of the Conversion Ratio in accordance with Article 10.8, or if so requested by an Investor Majority, the Board shall refer the matter to the Auditors for determination who shall make available to all Shareholders their report and whose certificate as to the amount of the adjustment is, in the absence of manifest error, conclusive and binding on all concerned and their costs shall be met by the Company.
- 10.11 If Preferred Shares or Preferred A Shares remain capable of being converted into new Ordinary Shares and Ordinary Shares are offered by the Company by way of rights to holders of Ordinary Shares (an "**Offer By Way of Rights**"), the Company shall on the making of each such offer, make a like offer to each Preferred Shareholder or Preferred A Shareholder as if immediately before the record date for the Offer By Way Of Rights, his Preferred Shares or Preferred A Shares had been converted into fully-paid Ordinary Shares at the then applicable Conversion Ratio.
- 10.12 If an Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue has taken place then the conversion ratio in Article 10.5 will be amended so that (and will be applied such that) each Full Price A Share Subscriber will receive such number of Ordinary Shares as it would have received if it held a number of Full Price A Shares equivalent to NM rather than the actual number of Full Price A Shares held by such Full Price Share Subscriber, and for these purposes NM will be calculated as follows:

- (a) first, in respect of each Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue which has taken place prior to the relevant conversion, a number of Full Price A Shares will be calculated using the following formula:

$$N = \left(\left(\frac{SIP}{WA} \right) \times (Z + AN) \right) - (Z + AN)$$

- (b) second, immediately prior to the relevant conversion, NM will be calculated using the following formula:

$$NM = Z + AN$$

For the purposes of the formulas at Articles 10.12(a) and 10.12(b):

N = the number of Full Price A Shares in respect of the Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue, subject always to being more than zero;

$$WA = \frac{(SIP \times ESC) + (Q/SP \times NS)}{(ESC + NS)}$$

SIP = £3.99 or, in the event that there has been one or more previous Article 5.2 Qualifying Issues the WA immediately following the immediately previous Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue;

ESC = the number of shares comprising the Fully Diluted Share Capital immediately prior to the Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue;

QISP = the lowest per share price of the Down Round Shares (issued pursuant to the relevant Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue (and, for these purposes, the price of any Down Round Share not issued for cash shall be the sum certified by the Expert acting as experts and not arbitrators as being in their opinion the current cash value of the non cash consideration for the allotment of the Down Round Share);

NS = the number of Down Round Shares issued pursuant to the Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue;

AN = the aggregate number of Full Price A Shares calculated by aggregating N as calculated in respect of each previous Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue (if any) using the formula above and, if there has been no previous Article 5.2 Qualifying Issue, AN shall be zero; and

Z = the number of Full Price A Shares held by the Full Price A Share Subscriber immediately prior to the Article 5.2 Qualifying issue.

11. Anti-Dilution protection

- 11.1 Save in the event of Exempted Issuances, if New Securities are issued by the Company at a price per New Security which equates to less than the Starting Price (a "Qualifying Issue") (which in the event that the New Security is not issued for cash shall be a price certified by the Auditors acting as experts and not as arbitrators as being in their opinion the current cash value of the new consideration for the allotment of the New Securities) then the Company shall, unless and to the extent that any of the holders of Preferred Shares shall have specifically waived their rights under this Article in writing shall have specifically waived the rights of all of the holders of Preferred Shares offer (such offer, unless waived, to remain open for acceptance for not less than 15 Business Days) to each holder of Preferred Shares (the "Exercising Investor") the right to receive a number of new Preferred Shares determined by applying the following formula (and rounding the product, N, down to the nearest whole share), subject to adjustment as certified in accordance with Article 11.3 (the "Anti-Dilution Shares"):

$$N = \left(\left(\frac{SIP}{WA} \right) \times Z \right) - Z$$

Where:

N= Number of Anti-Dilution Shares to be issued to the Exercising Investor

$$WA = \frac{(SIP \times ESC) + (QISP \times NS)}{(ESC + NS)}$$

SIP = Starting Price

ESC = the number of Equity Shares in issue plus the aggregate number of shares in respect of which options to subscribe have been granted, or

which are subject to convertible securities (including but not limited to warrants) in each case immediately prior to the Qualifying Issue

QISP = the lowest per share price of the New Securities issued pursuant to the Qualifying Issue (which in the event that that New Security is not issued for cash shall be the sum certified by the Auditors acting as experts and not arbitrators as being in their opinion the current cash value of the non cash consideration for the allotment of the New Security)

NS = the number of New Securities issued pursuant to the Qualifying Issue

Z = the number of Preferred Shares held by the Exercising Investor prior to the Qualifying Issue.

For the purposes of this Article 11.1, "**Exempted Issuances**" means:

- (a) issuances of Ordinary Shares or options to subscribe for Ordinary Shares to employees, consultants, officers or directors of the Company pursuant to purchase or option plans or agreements approved by the Board (including options disclosed to Investors as granted prior to the investment set out in the Investment Agreement);
- (b) shares issued in connection with any acquisition transactions approved by the Board (such approval to include the Investor Directors);
- (c) shares issued to financial institutions or lessors in connection with commercial credit arrangements, equipment financings or similar transactions approved by the Board (such approval to include the Investor Directors);
- (d) shares issued upon the conversion of Preferred Shares, or as a dividend or distribution on the Preferred Shares, or otherwise in connection with any stock split, stock dividend or similar transaction;
- (e) shares issued upon conversion or exercise of any debenture, warrant, option or other convertible or exercisable security;
- (f) shares issued in connection with strategic partnerships transactions approved by the Board including the affirmative vote or written consent of at least one Investor Director; and
- (g) issuances of shares which the Investor Majority agrees by prior written consent are exempted from the anti-dilution provisions under this Article 10.

11.2 The Anti-Dilution Shares shall:

- (a) be paid up by the automatic capitalisation of available reserves of the Company, unless and to the extent that the same shall be impossible or unlawful or the Exercising Investors shall agree otherwise, in which event the Exercising Investors shall be entitled to subscribe for the Anti-Dilution Shares in cash at par (being the par value approved in advance by the Investor Directors) and the entitlement of such Exercising Investors to Anti-Dilution Shares shall be increased by adjustment to the formula set out in Article 11.1 so that the Exercising Investors shall be in no worse position than if they had not so subscribed at par. In the event of any dispute between the Company and any Exercising Investor as to the effect of Article 11.1 or this Article 11.2, the matter shall be referred (at the cost of the Company) to the Auditors for certification of the number of Anti-Dilution Shares to be issued. The Auditor's

certification of the matter shall in the absence of manifest error be final and binding on the Company and the Exercising Investor; and

- (b) subject to the payment of any cash payable pursuant to Article 11.2(a) (if applicable), be issued, credited fully paid up in cash and shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the existing Preferred Shares, within five Business Days of the expiry of the offer being made by the Company to the Exercising Investor and pursuant to Article 11.2(a).

- 11.3 In the event of any Bonus Issue or Reorganisation, the Starting Price shall also be subject to adjustment on such basis as may be agreed by the Company with the Investor Majority within 10 Business Days after any Bonus Issue or Reorganisation. If the Company and the Investor Majority cannot agree such adjustment it shall be referred to the Auditors whose determination shall, in the absence of manifest error, be final and binding on the Company and each of the Shareholders. The costs of the Auditors shall be borne by the Company.

12. Conversion of C Ordinary Shares

- 12.1 Immediately prior to an Exit or IPO (and, for the avoidance of doubt, prior to any conversion under Article 12B) or, if earlier, on a decision of the Directors that an Exit or IPO is reasonably likely to occur, the following percentage of C Ordinary Shares shall convert to Deferred Shares:

- (a) If the Exit or IPO is below the First Hurdle, 50% of the C Ordinary Shares held by each C Ordinary Shareholder then in issue shall automatically convert to Deferred Shares;
- (b) If the Exit or IPO is equal to or above the First Hurdle but below the Second Hurdle, 25% of the C Ordinary Shares held by each C Ordinary Shareholder then in issue shall automatically convert to Deferred Shares; and
- (c) If the Exit or IPO is equal to or above the Second Hurdle then no C Ordinary Shares shall convert to Deferred Shares.

- 12.2 If the consideration received pursuant to an Exit is not wholly in cash, the Board (acting reasonably) shall determine the equivalent cash amount for the purposes of calculating whether the First Hurdle and Second Hurdle have been exceeded.

12A. Conversion of B Ordinary Shares

- 12A.1 All the B Ordinary Shares shall automatically convert to Ordinary Shares immediately upon the occurrence of a Qualifying IPO.

- 12A.2 At least five Business Days prior to the occurrence of the Qualifying IPO, each holder of B Ordinary Shares shall deliver the certificate (or an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board) in respect of the B Ordinary Shares being converted to the Company at its registered address for the time being.

- 12A.3 The conversion will be effective only immediately prior to such Qualifying IPO (and "**B Ordinary Share Conversion Date**" shall be construed accordingly) and, if such Qualifying IPO does not become effective or does not take place, such conversion shall be deemed not to have occurred.

- 12A.4 On the B Ordinary Share Conversion Date, the relevant B Ordinary Shares shall without further authority than is contained in these Articles stand converted into Ordinary Shares on the basis of one Ordinary Share for each B Ordinary Share held

(the "**B Ordinary Share Conversion Ratio**"), and the Ordinary Shares resulting from that conversion shall in all respect rank pari passu with existing Ordinary Shares.

- 12A.5 The Company shall on the B Ordinary Share Conversion Date enter the holder of the converted B Ordinary Shares on the register of members of the Company as the holder of the appropriate number of Ordinary Shares and, subject to the relevant holder delivering its certificate(s) (or suitable indemnity) in respect of the B Ordinary Shares in accordance with this Article, the Company shall within 10 Business Days of the B Ordinary Share Conversion Date forward to such holder of B Ordinary Shares by post to his address shown in the register of members, free of charge, a definitive certificate for the appropriate number of fully paid Ordinary Shares.
- 12A.6 If any B Ordinary Shareholder becomes entitled to fractions of an Ordinary Share as a result of conversion ("**B Ordinary Share Fractional Holder**"), the Directors may (in their absolute discretion) deal with these fractions as they think fit on behalf of the B Ordinary Share Fractional Holders. In particular, the Directors may aggregate and sell the fractions to a person for the best price reasonably obtainable and distribute the net profits of sale in due proportions amongst B Ordinary Share Fractional Holders or may ignore fractions or accrue the benefit of such fractions to the Company rather than the member. For the purposes of completing any such sale of fractions, the chairman of the Company or, failing him, the secretary will be deemed to have been appointed the B Ordinary Share Fractional Holder's agent for the purposes of sale.

12B. Conversion of C Ordinary Shares

- 12B.1 All the C Ordinary Shares shall automatically convert to Ordinary Shares immediately prior to the occurrence of a Qualifying IPO but after the conversion of any C Ordinary Shares into Deferred Shares in accordance with Article 12.
- 12B.2 At least five Business Days prior to the occurrence of the Qualifying IPO, each holder of C Ordinary Shares shall deliver the certificate (or an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board) in respect of the C Ordinary Shares being converted to the Company at its registered address for the time being.
- 12B.3 The conversion will be effective only immediately prior to such Qualifying IPO but after the conversion of any C Ordinary Shares into Deferred Shares in accordance with Article 12 (and "**C Ordinary Share Conversion Date**" shall be construed accordingly) and, if such Qualifying IPO does not become effective or does not take place, such conversion shall be deemed not to have occurred.
- 12B.4 On the C Ordinary Share Conversion Date, the relevant C Ordinary Shares shall without further authority than is contained in these Articles stand converted into Ordinary Shares on the basis of one Ordinary Share for each C Ordinary Share held (the "**C Ordinary Share Conversion Ratio**"), and the Ordinary Shares resulting from that conversion shall in all respect rank pari passu with existing Ordinary Shares.
- 12B.5 The Company shall on the C Ordinary Share Conversion Date enter the holder of the converted C Ordinary Shares on the register of members of the Company as the holder of the appropriate number of Ordinary Shares and, subject to the relevant holder delivering its certificate(s) (or suitable indemnity) in respect of the C Ordinary Shares in accordance with this Article, the Company shall within 10 Business Days of the C Ordinary Share Conversion Date forward to such holder of C Ordinary Shares by post to his address shown in the register of members, free of charge, a definitive certificate for the appropriate number of fully paid Ordinary Shares.
- 12B.6 If any C Ordinary Shareholder becomes entitled to fractions of an Ordinary Share as a result of conversion ("**C Ordinary Share Fractional Holder**"), the Directors may (in their absolute discretion) deal with these fractions as they think fit on behalf of the C

Ordinary Share Fractional Holders. In particular, the Directors may aggregate and sell the fractions to a person for the best price reasonably obtainable and distribute the net profits of sale in due proportions amongst C Ordinary Share Fractional Holders or may ignore fractions or accrue the benefit of such fractions to the Company rather than the member. For the purposes of completing any such sale of fractions, the chairman of the Company or, failing him, the secretary will be deemed to have been appointed the C Ordinary Share Fractional Holder's agent for the purposes of sale.

13. Deferred Shares

13.1 Any Deferred Shares which were issued as redeemable shares may be redeemed by the Company at any time at its option for one penny for all the Deferred Shares registered in the name of any holder without obtaining the sanction of the holder or holders.

13.2 The allotment or issue of Deferred Shares or the conversion of shares into Deferred Shares shall be deemed to confer irrevocable authority on the Company at any time after their allotment, issue or conversion to appoint any person to execute or give on behalf of the holder of those Deferred Shares:

- (a) an agreement to transfer and a transfer of such Deferred Shares to such person or persons as the Company may determine;
- (b) a consent to the cancellation of such Deferred Shares;
- (c) *an agreement to transfer and a transfer of such Deferred Shares to such person or persons as the Company may determine as custodian thereof; and/or*
- (d) an agreement for the Company to purchase such Deferred Shares in accordance with the Act,

in any such case for a price being not more than an aggregate sum of one penny for all the Deferred Shares so purchased without obtaining the sanction of such holder or holders and pending such transfer and/or purchase to retain the certificates (if any) in respect thereof.

14. Variation of rights

14.1 Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the special rights attached to any such class may only be varied or abrogated (either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding-up) with the consent in writing of the holders of more than 75 per cent. in nominal value of the issued shares of that class save that the special rights attaching to the Ordinary Shares held by the Existing Investors and the Preferred Shares may only be varied or abrogated with Investor Majority Consent.

14.2 The creation of a new class of shares which has preferential rights to one or more existing classes of shares shall not constitute a variation of the rights of those existing classes of shares.

14.3 No voting rights attached to a share which is nil paid may be exercised:

- (a) at any general meeting, at any adjournment of it or at any poll called at or in relation to it; or
- (b) on any proposed written resolution,

unless (i) all or some of the amounts payable to the Company in respect of that share have been paid; or (ii) the share is a Preferred Share and was issued as an Anti-Dilution Share.

15. Allotment of new shares or other securities: pre-emption

15.1 Subject to the remaining provisions of this Article 15, the Directors are generally and unconditionally authorised for the purpose of section 551 of the Act to exercise any power of the Company to:

- (a) allot Shares; or
- (b) grant rights to subscribe for or convert any securities into Shares,

to any persons, at any times and subject to any terms and conditions as the Directors think proper, provided that:

- (i) this authority shall be limited to a maximum nominal amount of £177.89403;
- (ii) this authority shall only apply insofar as the Company in general meeting has not waived or revoked it; and
- (iii) this authority may only be exercised for a period of five years commencing upon the Date of Adoption, save that the Directors may make an offer or agreement which would or might require Shares to be allotted or rights granted to subscribe for or convert any security into Shares after the expiry of such authority (and the Directors may allot Shares or grant such rights in pursuance of an offer or agreement as if such authority had not expired).

15.2 In accordance with sections 567(1) and/or 570 of the Act, sections 561(1) and 562(1) to (5) (inclusive) of the Act do not apply to an allotment of equity securities made by the Company.

15.3 Unless otherwise agreed by special resolution passed in general meeting or as a written resolution passed in accordance with part 13 of the Act, if the Company proposes to allot any New Securities those New Securities shall not be allotted to any person unless the Company has in the first instance offered them to all Majority Shareholders on the same terms and at the same price as those New Securities are being offered to other persons on a pari passu and pro rata basis to the number of Equity Shares held by those holders (as nearly as may be without involving fractions). The offer:

- (a) shall be in writing, give details of the number and subscription price of the New Securities; and
- (b) may stipulate that any Majority Shareholder who wishes to subscribe for a number of New Securities in excess of the proportion to which each is entitled shall in their acceptance state the number of excess New Securities ("**Excess Securities**") for which they wish to subscribe.

15.4 Any New Securities not accepted by Majority Shareholders pursuant to the offer made to them in accordance with Article 15.3 shall be used for satisfying any requests for Excess Securities made pursuant to Article 15.3 and in the event that there are insufficient Excess Securities to satisfy such requests, the Excess Securities shall be allotted to the applicants on a pro rata basis to the number of the relevant class of Equity Shares held by the applicants immediately prior to the offer made to Majority

Shareholders in accordance with Article 15.3 (as nearly as may be without involving fractions or increasing the number allotted to any Majority Shareholder beyond that applied for by him) and after that allotment, any Excess Securities remaining shall be offered, subject to Article 15.5, to any other person as the Directors may determine at the same price and on the same terms as the offer to the Majority Shareholders.

- 15.5 Subject to Articles 15.3 and 15.4 and to the provisions of section 551 of the Act, any New Securities shall be at the disposal of the Board who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to any persons at those times and generally on the terms and conditions they think proper.
- 15.6 The provisions of Articles 15.3 to 15.5 shall not apply to:
- (a) options to subscribe for Ordinary Shares under the Employee Share Option Plans;
 - (b) New Securities issued or granted in order for the Company to comply with its obligations under these Articles including, but not limited to the Anti-Dilution Shares;
 - (c) New Securities issued in consideration of the acquisition by the Company of any company or business which has been approved in writing by an Investor Majority;
 - (d) New Securities issued as a result of a bonus issue of shares which has been approved in writing by an Investor Majority;
 - (e) Shares issued to the Investors in accordance with the terms of the Investment Agreement;
 - (f) New Securities issued to financial institutions or lessors in connection with commercial credit arrangements, equipment financings or similar transactions approved by the Board (such approval to include the DN Capital Director and the Octopus Director);
 - (g) New Securities issued on conversion or exercise of any debenture, warrant, option or other convertible or exercisable security; and
 - (h) New Securities issued in connection with strategic partnerships transactions approved by the Board (such approval to include the DN Capital Director and the Octopus Director).
- 15.7 No Shares shall be allotted to any Employee, Director, prospective Employee or prospective director of the Company, who in the opinion of the Board is subject to taxation in the United Kingdom, unless such person has entered into a joint section 431 ITEPA election with the Company if so required by the Company.
- 15.8 Each of OINL and the Funds shall be able to nominate each other and/or any Member of the same Fund Group to take up any of its rights pursuant to this Article 14 in such proportions as the Octopus Manager sees fit (and the members hereby waive all and any pre-emption rights in respect of the same) and any such Member of the same Fund Group will be treated as if it were a shareholder for the purposes of this Article 15.
- 15.9 DN Capital shall be able to nominate any Member of the same Fund Group to take up any of its rights pursuant to this Article 15 in such proportions as DN Capital sees fit (and the members hereby waive all and any pre-emption rights in respect of the same)

and any such Member of the same Fund Group will be treated as if it were a shareholder for the purposes of this Article 15.

- 15.10 The Woodford Funds shall be able to nominate any Member of the same Fund Group to take up any of its rights pursuant to this Article 15 in such proportions as the Woodford Funds (acting by WIM) sees fit (and the members hereby waive all and any pre-emption rights in respect of the same) and any such Member of the same Fund Group will be treated as if it were a shareholder for the purposes of this Article 15.

16. Transfers of Shares – general

- 16.1 In Articles 16 to 24 inclusive, reference to the transfer of a Share includes the transfer or assignment of a beneficial or other interest in that Share or the creation of a trust or Encumbrance over that Share and reference to a Share includes a beneficial or other interest in a Share.
- 16.2 No Share may be transferred unless the transfer is made in accordance with these Articles.
- 16.3 If a Shareholder transfers or purports to transfer a Share otherwise than in accordance with these Articles he will be deemed immediately to have served a Transfer Notice in respect of all Shares held by him.
- 16.4 Any transfer of a Share by way of sale which is required to be made under Articles 16 to 24 (inclusive) will be deemed to include a warranty that the transferor sells with full title guarantee.
- 16.5 Unless express provision is made in these Articles to the contrary and subject always to article 17.14, no Ordinary Shares, B Ordinary Shares or C Ordinary Shares shall be transferred without Investor Majority Consent.
- 16.6 The Directors may refuse to register a transfer if:
- (a) it is a transfer of a Share to a bankrupt, a minor or a person of unsound mind;
 - (b) the transfer is to an Employee, Director or prospective Employee or prospective director of the Company, who in the opinion of the Board is subject to taxation in the United Kingdom, and such person has not entered into a joint section 431 ITEPA election with the Company;
 - (c) it is a transfer of a Share which is not fully paid:
 - (i) to a person of whom the Directors do not approve; or
 - (ii) on which Share the Company has a lien;
 - (d) the transfer is not lodged at the registered office or at such other place as the Directors may appoint;
 - (e) the transfer is not accompanied by the certificate for the Shares to which it relates (or an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board) and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer;
 - (f) the transfer is in respect of more than one class of Shares; or
 - (g) the transfer is in favour of more than four transferees.

If the Directors refuse to register a transfer, the instrument of transfer must be returned to the transferee with the notice of refusal unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent.

- 16.7 The Directors may, as a condition to the registration of any transfer of shares in the Company (whether pursuant to a Permitted Transfer or otherwise), require the transferee to execute and deliver to the Company a deed agreeing to be bound by the terms of the Investment Agreement or any other shareholders' agreement or similar document in force between some or all of the Shareholders and the Company in any form as the Directors may reasonably require (but not so as to oblige the transferee to have any obligations or liabilities greater than those of the proposed transferor under any such agreement or other document) and if any condition is imposed in accordance with this Article 16.7 the transfer may not be registered unless that deed has been executed and delivered to the Company's registered office by the transferee.
- 16.8 To enable the Directors to determine whether or not there has been any disposal of shares in the capital of the Company (or any interest in shares in the capital of the Company) in breach of these Articles the Directors may, with Investor Director Consent, require any holder or the legal personal representatives of any deceased holder or any person named as transferee in any transfer lodged for registration or any other person who the Directors or the Investor Directors may reasonably believe to have information relevant to that purpose, to furnish to the Company that information and evidence the Directors may request regarding any matter which they deem relevant to that purpose (acting reasonably), including (but not limited to) the names, addresses and interests of all persons respectively having interests in the shares in the capital of the Company from time to time registered in the holder's name. If the information or evidence is not provided to enable the Directors to determine to their reasonable satisfaction that no breach has occurred, or where as a result of the information and evidence the Directors are reasonably satisfied that a breach has occurred, the Directors shall immediately notify the holder of such shares in the capital of the Company in writing of that fact and the following shall occur:
- (a) the relevant shares shall cease to confer upon the holder of them (including any proxy appointed by the holder) any rights:
 - (i) to vote (whether on a show of hands or on a poll and whether exercisable at a general meeting or on a written resolution of the Company or at any separate meeting or written resolution of the class in question) provided that such rights shall not cease if as a result of such cessation the Company shall become a Subsidiary of an Investor; or
 - (ii) to receive dividends or other distributions (other than the amount they may be entitled to pursuant to the application of Article 4.2) otherwise attaching to those shares or to any further shares issued in respect of those shares; and
 - (b) the holder may be required at any time following receipt of the notice to transfer some or all of its Shares to any person(s) at the price that the Directors may require by notice in writing to that holder.

The rights referred to in (a) above may be reinstated by the Board subject to Investor Director Consent and shall in any event be reinstated upon the completion of any transfer referred to in (b) above.

- 16.9 In any case where the Board requires a Transfer Notice to be given in respect of any Shares, if a Transfer Notice is not duly given within a period of 10 Business Days of demand being made, a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given at the

expiration of that period. If a Transfer Notice is required to be given or is deemed to have been given under these Articles, the Transfer Notice will be treated as having specified that:

- (a) the Transfer Price for the Sale Shares will be as agreed between the Board (any director with whom the Seller is connected (within the meaning of section 252 of the Act) not voting) and the Seller, or, failing agreement within five Business Days after the date on which the Board becomes aware that a Transfer Notice has been deemed to have been given, will be the Fair Value of the Sale Shares;
- (b) it does not include a Minimum Transfer Condition (as defined in Article 18.2(d)); and
- (c) the Seller wishes to transfer all of the Shares held by it.

16.10 Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the directors, which is executed by or on behalf of:

- (a) the transferor; and
- (b) (if any of the shares is partly or nil paid) the transferee.

17. Permitted Transfers

17.1 A Shareholder (the "**Original Shareholder**") may transfer all or any of his or its Shares to a Permitted Transferee without restriction as to price or otherwise.

17.2 Shares previously transferred as permitted by Article 17.1 may be transferred by the transferee to any other Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder without restriction as to price or otherwise.

17.3 Where under the provision of a deceased Shareholder's will or laws as to intestacy, the persons legally or beneficially entitled to any Shares, whether immediately or contingently, are Permitted Transferees of the deceased Shareholder, the legal representative of the deceased Shareholder may transfer any Share to those Permitted Transferees, in each case without restriction as to price or otherwise.

17.4 If a Permitted Transferee who was a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder ceases to be a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder, the Permitted Transferee must not later than five Business Days after the date on which the Permitted Transferee so ceases, transfer the Shares held by it to the Original Shareholder or a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder (which in either case is not in liquidation) without restriction as to price or otherwise failing which it will be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of those Shares.

17.5 If a Permitted Transferee who was a Member of the same Fund Group as the Original Shareholder ceases to be a Member of the same Fund Group, the Permitted Transferee must not later than five Business Days after the date on which the Permitted Transferee so ceases, transfer the Shares held by it to the Original Shareholder or a Member of the same Fund Group as the Original Shareholder (which in either case is not in liquidation) without restriction as to price or otherwise failing which it will be deemed to give a Transfer Notice in respect of such Shares.

17.6 Trustees may (i) transfer Shares to a Qualifying Company or (ii) transfer Shares to the Original Shareholder or to another Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder or (iii) transfer Shares to the new or remaining trustees upon a change of Trustees without restrictions as to price or otherwise.

- 17.7 No transfer of Shares may be made to Trustees unless the Board, acting reasonably, is satisfied:
- (a) with the terms of the trust instrument and in particular with the powers of the trustees;
 - (b) with the identity of the proposed trustees;
 - (c) the proposed transfer will not result in 50% or more of the aggregate of the Company's equity share capital being held by trustees of that and any other trusts; and
 - (d) that no costs incurred in connection with the setting up or administration of the Family Trust in question are to be paid by the Company.
- 17.8 If a company to which a Share has been transferred under Article 17.6, ceases to be a Qualifying Company it must within five Business Days of so ceasing, transfer the Shares held by it to the Trustees or to a Qualifying Company (any may do so without restriction as to price or otherwise) failing which it will be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of such Shares.
- 17.9 If a Permitted Transferee who is a spouse or Civil Partner of the Original Shareholder ceases to be a spouse or Civil Partner of the Original Shareholder whether by reason of divorce or otherwise he must, within 15 Business Days of so ceasing either:
- (a) execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the Shares held by him to the Original Shareholder (or, to any Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder) for such consideration as may be agreed between them; or
 - (b) give a Transfer Notice to the Company in accordance with Article 18.2,
- failing which he shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice.
- 17.10 On the death (subject to Article 17.2), bankruptcy, liquidation, administration or administrative receivership of a Permitted Transferee (other than a joint holder) his personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy, or its liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver must within five Business Days after the date of the grant of probate, the making of the bankruptcy order or the appointment of the liquidator, *administrator or the administrative receiver execute and deliver to the Company* a transfer of the Shares held by the Permitted Transferee without restriction as to price or otherwise. The transfer shall be to the Original Shareholder if still living (and not bankrupt or in liquidation) or, if so directed by the Original Shareholder, to any Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder. If the transfer is not executed and delivered within five Business Days of such period or if the Original Shareholder has died or is bankrupt or is in liquidation, administration or administrative receivership, the personal representative or trustee in bankruptcy or liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver will be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice.
- 17.11 A transfer of any Shares approved by the Board and an Investor Majority may be made without restriction as to price or otherwise and each such transfer shall be registered by the Directors.
- 17.12 Any Shares may at any time be transferred where there is a sale of the entire issued share capital of the Company to a Holding Company, which has been approved by a majority of the Board, including Investor Director Consent.
- 17.13 The Company shall only be permitted to sell or transfer any Shares held as Treasury Shares to any person with Investor Majority Consent.

- 17.14 Subject to Articles 17.15 and 17.16, no Manager may transfer or attempt to transfer any Shares at any time prior to earlier of (i) the second anniversary of the adoption of these Articles or (ii) an IPO, subject to any lock-in agreements with relevant brokers pursuant to the IPO, (other than with Investor Majority Consent) or pursuant to Articles 20, 22, 23 or 24.
- 17.15 Prior to any Manager effecting a transfer of Shares pursuant to Article 17.14 to any party other than the Preferred Shareholders, such Manager shall notify each of the Preferred Shareholders of the identity of the proposed transferee (or each proposed transferee, if applicable) and shall provide such information in relation to the proposed transferee(s) as the Preferred Shareholders may reasonably request. The Board shall be entitled to (and, if so notified by an Investor Majority, shall) refuse to register the proposed transfer of Shares in the event that the Board (or the Investor Majority, as the case may be) reasonably determines that:
- (a) the proposed transferee (or any of them) or any of its or their group companies, or any Associate thereof, is a customer of or are a direct or indirect competitor of the Company or any Group Company; or
 - (b) the proposed transfer(s) may otherwise materially adversely affect any Group Company or the interests of any Group Company,
- and in the event of any purported transfer of Shares in breach of this Article 16.15, the Board may elect not to register such transfer, in which case such transfer shall be deemed to be void.
- 17.16 In addition to Article 17.15, in the event that any pre-emption rights contained in Article 16 are not exercised prior to any Manager effecting a transfer of Shares to any party other than the Preferred Shareholders, such proposed transfer of Shares must not be registered by the Board unless Investor Majority Consent approving the identity of the proposed transferee is obtained.
- 17.17 Notwithstanding the provisions of this Article 17, Articles 18 and 19 below and subject always to the Octopus Manager's prior approval, any person holding the beneficial interest in any Shares, the legal interest in which is held by OINL (or another company, trust, partnership or fund which holds shares as nominee and is managed by the Octopus Manager (or by a holding company of the Octopus Manager or any subsidiary company of such holding company ("**Associate Octopus Manager**")) (for the purpose of this Article 17.17, a "**Nominee**")) may transfer all or any such beneficial interest:
- (a) to any person (including without limitation a SIPP (or any other form of pension which may replace SIPPs from time to time)) on whose behalf OINL (or another Nominee) holds or will hold the legal interest only in any Shares; or
 - (b) to any company (including without limitation, any Investment Trust Company), trust, partnership or fund which is managed by the Octopus Manager or any Associate Octopus Manager,
- 17.18 In relation to Article 17.17 the Octopus Manager agrees it will provide the Company with such information as it may reasonably request from time to time in order to comply with its regulatory and reporting requirements in the relation to the beneficial ownership of Shares.
- 18. Transfers of Shares subject to pre-emption rights**
- 18.1 Save where the provisions of Articles 17, 22, 23 and 24 apply, any transfer of Shares by a Shareholder shall be subject to the pre-emption rights contained in this Article 18.

- 18.2 A Shareholder who wishes to transfer Shares (a "**Seller**") shall, except as otherwise provided in these Articles, before transferring or agreeing to transfer any Shares give notice in writing (a "**Transfer Notice**") to the Company specifying:
- (a) the number of Shares which he wishes to transfer (the "**Sale Shares**");
 - (b) if he wishes to sell the Sale Shares to a third party, the name of the proposed transferee;
 - (c) the price (in cash) at which he wishes to transfer the Sale Shares (which will be deemed to be Fair Value of the Sale Shares if no cash price is agreed between the Seller and the Board (including the DN Capital Director and the Octopus Director) (the "**Transfer Price**"); and
 - (d) whether the Transfer Notice is conditional on all or a specific number of the Sale Shares being sold to Shareholders (a "**Minimum Transfer Condition**").
- 18.3 Except with the written consent of the Investor Majority, no Transfer Notice once given or deemed to have been given under these Articles may be withdrawn.
- 18.4 A Transfer Notice constitutes the Company the agent of the Seller for the sale of the Sale Shares at the Transfer Price.
- 18.5 As soon as practicable following the later of:
- (a) receipt of a Transfer Notice; and
 - (b) in the case where the Transfer Price has not been specified or the Transfer Notice is deemed to have been served, the determination of the Transfer Price under Article 19,

the Board shall offer the Sale Shares for sale to the Shareholders in the manner set out in Articles 18.6 to 18.8. Each offer must be in writing and give details of the number and Transfer Price of the Sale Shares offered.

18.6 *Priority for offer of Sale Shares*

The Company shall offer the Sale Shares in the following priority:

- (i) first, to the Preferred A Shareholders and the A Ordinary Shareholders;
- (ii) second, to the Preferred Shareholders; and
- (iii) third, to the Ordinary Shareholders, the B Ordinary Shareholders and the C Ordinary Shareholders,

in each case on the basis as set out in Article 18.7.

18.7 *Transfers: First Offer*

- (a) The Board shall offer the Sale Shares pursuant to the Priority Rights to all shareholders specified in the offer other than the Seller (the "**Continuing Shareholders**") inviting them to apply in writing within the period from the date of the offer to the date 15 Business Days after the offer (inclusive) (the "**First Offer Period**") for the maximum number of Sale Shares they wish to buy.

- (b) If the Sale Shares are subject to a Minimum Transfer Condition then any allocation made under Articles 18.7 and 18.8 will be conditional on the fulfilment of the Minimum Transfer Condition.
- (c) If, at the end of the First Offer Period, the number of Sale Shares applied for is equal to or exceeds the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall allocate the Sale Shares to each Continuing Shareholder in the proportion (fractional entitlements being rounded to the nearest whole number) which his existing holding of the relevant class of Shares bears to the total number of the relevant class of Shares held by those Continuing Shareholders who have applied for Sale Shares but no allocation shall be made to a Shareholder of more than the maximum number of Sale Shares which he has stated he is willing to buy.
- (d) If not all Sale Shares are allocated in accordance with Article 18.7(c) but there are applications for Sale Shares that have not been satisfied those Sale Shares shall be allocated to the relevant applicant(s) in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 18.7(c).
- (e) If, at the end of the First Offer Period, the number of Sale Shares applied for is less than the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall allocate the Sale Shares to the Continuing Shareholders in accordance with their applications and the balance (the **"Initial Surplus Shares"**) will be dealt with in accordance with Article 18.8.

18.8 *Transfers: Second Offer*

- (a) At the end of the First Offer Period, the Board shall offer the Initial Surplus Shares to all the Continuing Shareholders inviting them to apply in writing within the period from the date of the offer to the date 10 Business Days after the date of the offer (inclusive) (the **"Second Offer Period"**) for the maximum number of the Initial Surplus Shares they wish to buy.
- (b) If, at the end of the Second Offer Period, the number of Initial Surplus Shares applied for exceeds the number of Initial Surplus Shares, the Board shall allocate the remaining Initial Surplus Shares to each Continuing Shareholder in the proportion (fractional entitlements being rounded to the nearest whole number) which his existing holding of Shares bears to the total number of Shares (including Sale Shares) held by those Continuing Shareholders who have applied during the Second Offer Period for Initial Surplus Shares but no allocation shall be made to a Shareholder of more than the maximum number of Initial Surplus Shares which he has stated he is willing to buy.
- (c) If, at the end of the Second Offer Period, the number of Initial Surplus Shares applied for is less than the number of Initial Surplus Shares, the Board shall allocate the Initial Surplus Shares to the Continuing Shareholders in accordance with their applications and the balance (the **"Second Surplus Shares"**) will be offered to any other person in accordance with Article 18.9(e).

18.9 *Completion of transfer of Sale Shares*

- (a) If the Transfer Notice includes a Minimum Transfer Condition and the total number of Shares applied for is less than the number of Sale Shares the Board shall notify the Seller and all those to whom Sale Shares have been conditionally allocated under Articles 18.7 and 18.8 stating the condition has not been met and that the relevant Transfer Notice has lapsed with immediate effect.
- (b) If:

- (i) the Transfer Notice does not include a Minimum Transfer Condition; and
- (ii) allocations have been made in respect of all the Sale Shares,

the Board shall, when no further offers are required to be made under Articles 18.7 and 18.8, give written notice of allocation (an "**Allocation Notice**") to the Seller and each Shareholder to whom Sale Shares have been allocated (an "**Applicant**") specifying the number of Sale Shares allocated to each Applicant and the place and time (being not less than 10 Business Days nor more than 20 Business Days after the date of the Allocation Notice) for completion of the transfer of the Sale Shares.

- (c) Upon service of an Allocation Notice, the Seller must, against payment of the Transfer Price, transfer the Sale Shares in accordance with the requirements specified in it.
- (d) If the Seller fails to comply with the provisions of Article 18.9(c):
 - (i) the chairman of the Company or, failing him, one of the directors, or some other person nominated by a resolution of the Board, may on behalf of the Seller:
 - (A) complete, execute and deliver in his name all documents necessary to give effect to the transfer of the relevant Sale Shares to the Applicants;
 - (B) receive the Transfer Price and give a good discharge for it; and
 - (C) (subject to the transfer being duly stamped) enter the Applicants in the register of Shareholders as the holders of the Shares purchased by them; and
 - (ii) the Company shall pay the Transfer Price into a separate bank account in the Company's name on trust (but without interest) for the Seller until he has delivered to the Company his certificate or certificates for the relevant Shares (or an indemnity for any lost certificate, in a form acceptable to the Board).
- (e) If an Allocation Notice does not relate to all the Sale Shares then, subject to Article 16.9(f), the Seller may, within eight weeks after service of the Allocation Notice, transfer the Second Surplus Shares to any person at a price at least equal to the Transfer Price provided that the sale of the Second Surplus Shares shall continue to be subject to any Minimum Transfer Conditions.
- (f) The right of the Seller to transfer Shares under Article 18.9(e) does not apply if the Board is of the opinion on reasonable grounds that:
 - (i) the transferee is a person (or a nominee for a person) who the Investor Directors determine in their absolute discretion is a competitor with (or an Associate of a competitor with) the business of the Company or with a Subsidiary Undertaking of the Company;
 - (ii) the sale of the Sale Shares is not bona fide or the price is subject to a deduction, rebate or allowance to the transferee; or

- (iii) the Seller has failed or refused to provide promptly information available to it or him and reasonably requested by the Board for the purpose of enabling it to form the opinion mentioned above.

18.10 *Waiver of restrictions*

The restrictions imposed by this Article may be waived in relation to any proposed transfer of Shares with Investor Director Consent.

- 18.11 Each of OINL and the Funds shall be able to nominate each other and/or any Member of the same Fund Group to take up any of the Sale Shares, Initial Surplus Shares and Second Surplus Shares offered to OINL and the Funds in such proportions as the Octopus Manager sees fit (and the members hereby waive all and any pre-emption rights in respect of any such transfer) and any such Member of the same Fund Group will be treated as if it were a shareholder for the purposes of this Article 18.
- 18.12 DN Capital shall be able to nominate any Member of the same Fund Group to take up any of the Sale Shares, Initial Surplus Shares and Second Surplus Shares offered to DN Capital in such proportions as DN Capital sees fit (and the members hereby waive all and any pre-emption rights in respect of any such transfer) and any such Member of the same Fund Group will be treated as if it were a shareholder for the purposes of this Article 18.
- 18.13 Each of the Woodford Funds shall be able to nominate any Member of the same Fund Group to take up any of the Sale Shares, Initial Surplus Shares and Second Surplus Shares offered to that member of the Woodford Funds in such proportions as the Woodford Funds (acting by WIM) sees fit (and the members hereby waive all and any pre-emption rights in respect of any such transfer) and any such Member of the same Fund Group will be treated as if it were a shareholder for the purposes of this Article 18.

19. **Valuation of Shares**

- 19.1 If a Transfer Notice does not specify a Transfer Price or, subject to Article 16.9, if a Transfer Notice is deemed to have been served then, upon service of the Transfer Notice or, in the case of the deemed service of a Transfer Notice, on the date on which the Board first has actual knowledge of the facts giving rise to such deemed service, the Board shall either:
 - (a) appoint an expert valuer in accordance with Article 19.2 (the "**Expert Valuer**") to certify the Fair Value of the Sale Shares; or (if the Fair Value has been certified by an Expert Valuer within the preceding 12 weeks); or
 - (b) specify that the Fair Value of the Sale Shares will be calculated by dividing any Fair Value so certified by the number of Sale Shares to which it related and multiplying such Fair Value by the number of Sale Shares the subject of the Transfer Notice.
- 19.2 The Expert Valuer will be either:
 - (a) the Auditors; or (if so specified in the relevant Transfer Notice); or
 - (b) an independent firm of Chartered Accountants to be agreed between the Board and the Seller or failing agreement not later than the date 10 Business Days after the date of service of the Transfer Notice to be nominated by the then President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales on the application of either party and approved by the Company.

- 19.3 The "**Fair Value**" of the Sale Shares shall be determined by the Expert Valuer on the following assumptions and bases:
- (a) valuing the Sale Shares as on an arm's-length sale between a willing seller and a willing buyer;
 - (b) if the Company is then carrying on business as a going concern, on the assumption that it will continue to do so;
 - (c) that the Sale Shares are capable of being transferred without restriction;
 - (d) valuing the Sale Shares as a rateable proportion of the total value of all the issued Shares without any premium or discount being attributable to the percentage of the issued share capital of the Company which they represent; and
 - (e) reflect any other factors which the Expert Valuer reasonably believes should be taken into account.
- 19.4 If any difficulty arises in applying any of these assumptions or bases then the Expert Valuer shall resolve that difficulty in whatever manner they shall in their absolute discretion think fit.
- 19.5 The Expert Valuer shall be requested to determine the Fair Value within 20 Business Days of their appointment and to notify the Board of their determination.
- 19.6 The Expert Valuer shall act as experts and not as arbitrators and their determination shall be final and binding on the parties (In the absence of fraud or manifest error).
- 19.7 The Board will give the Expert Valuer access to all accounting records or other relevant documents of the Company subject to them agreeing such confidentiality provisions as the Board may reasonably impose.
- 19.8 The Expert Valuer shall deliver their certificate to the Company. As soon as the Company receives the certificate it shall deliver a copy of it to the Seller. Unless the Sale Shares are to be sold under a Transfer Notice, which is deemed to have been served, the Seller may by notice in writing to the Company within five Business Days of the service on him of the copy certificate, cancel the Company's authority to sell the Sale Shares.
- 19.9 The cost of obtaining the certificate shall be paid by the Company unless:
- (a) the Seller cancels the Company's authority to sell; or
 - (b) the sale is pursuant to a Transfer Notice which is deemed to have been served, and the Sale Price certified by the Expert Valuer is less than the price (if any) offered by the directors to the Seller for the Sale Share before Expert Valuer was instructed,

in which case the Seller shall bear the cost.

20. Compulsory transfers – general

- 20.1 A person entitled to a Share in consequence of the bankruptcy of a Shareholder shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of that Share at a time determined by the Directors.

20.2 If a Share remains registered in the name of a deceased Shareholder for longer than one year after the date of his death the Directors may require the legal personal representatives of that deceased Shareholder either:

- (a) to effect a Permitted Transfer of such Shares (including for this purpose an election to be registered in respect of the Permitted Transfer); or
- (b) to show to the satisfaction of the Directors that a Permitted Transfer will be effected before or promptly upon the completion of the administration of the estate of the deceased Shareholder.

If either requirement in this Article 20.2 shall not be fulfilled to the satisfaction of the Directors a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of each such Share save to the extent that, the Directors may otherwise determine.

20.3 If a Shareholder which is a company, either suffers or resolves for the appointment of a liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver over it or any material part of its assets (other than as part of a bona fide restructuring or reorganisation), the relevant Shareholder (and all its Permitted Transferees) shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all the shares held by the relevant Shareholder and its Permitted Transferees save to the extent that, and at a time, the Directors may determine.

20.4 If there is a change in control (as control is defined in section 1124 of the CTA 2010) of any Shareholder which is a company, it shall be bound at any time, if and when required in writing by the Directors to do so, to give (or procure the giving in the case of a nominee) a Transfer Notice in respect of all the Shares registered in its and their names and their respective nominees' names save that, in the case of the Permitted Transferee, it shall first be permitted to transfer those Shares back to the original Shareholder from whom it received its Shares or to any other Permitted Transferee before being required to serve a Transfer Notice. This Article 19.4 shall not apply to a member that is an Investor.

21. Compulsory transfer – employees other than the Managers

21.1 If any Employee (other than the Managers) ceases for any reason to be an Employee, the relevant Employee shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all the Employee Shares on the Effective Termination Date. In such circumstances the Transfer Price shall be as follows:

- (a) where the relevant Employee ceases to be an Employee by reason of being a Bad Leaver, the lower of Fair Value and the nominal value of the Employee Shares; and
- (b) where the relevant Employee ceases to be an Employee by reason of being a Good Leaver, the Fair Value.

21.2 For the purposes of this Article, the Priority Rights shall be such that the Employee Shares are offered in the following order of priority:

- (a) to a person or persons nominated by an Investor Majority to take the departing Employee's place conditionally upon them commencing employment with the Company;
- (b) to any of the existing Employees (other than the departing Employee);
- (c) to other participants or potential participants in, or trustees of the Employee Share Option Plan (other than the departing Employee);

- (d) to any other person or persons approved by the Investor Directors and by the Board (other than the departing Employee); and/or
- (e) to the Company (subject always to the provisions of the Act) subject to the prior written consent of the Octopus Manager and DN Capital.

22. Mandatory Offer on a Change of Control

- 22.1 Except in the case of Permitted Transfers and transfers pursuant to Articles 20 and 21, after going through the pre-emption procedure in Article 18, the provisions of Article 22.2 will apply if one or more Proposed Sellers propose to transfer in one or a series of related transactions any Equity Shares (the **"Proposed Transfer"**) which would, if put into effect, result in any Proposed Purchaser (and Associates of his or persons Acting In Concert with him) acquiring a Controlling Interest in the Company.
- 22.2 A Proposed Seller must, before making a Proposed Transfer procure the making by the Proposed Purchaser of an offer (the **"Offer"**) to all holders of Equity Shares to acquire all of the Equity Shares for a consideration per share the value of which is at least equal to the Specified Price (as defined in Article 22.7).
- 22.3 The Offer must be given by written notice (a **"Proposed Sale Notice"**) at least 10 Business Days (the **"Offer Period"**) prior to the proposed sale date (**"Proposed Sale Date"**). The Proposed Sale Notice must set out, to the extent not described in any accompanying documents, the identity of the Proposed Purchaser, the purchase price and other terms and conditions of payment, the Proposed Sale Date and the number of Shares proposed to be purchased by the Proposed Purchaser (the **"Proposed Sale Shares"**).
- 22.4 If any other holder of Equity Shares is not given the rights accorded him by this Article, the Proposed Sellers will not be entitled to complete their sale and the Company will not register any transfer intended to carry that sale into effect.
- 22.5 If the Offer is accepted by any Shareholder (an **"Accepting Shareholder"**) within the Offer Period, the completion of the Proposed Transfer will be conditional upon the completion of the purchase of all the Shares held by Accepting Shareholders.
- 22.6 The Proposed Transfer is subject to the pre-emption provisions of Article 18 but the purchase of the Accepting Shareholders' shares shall not be subject to Article 18.
- 22.7 For the purpose of this Article:
 - (a) the expression **"transfer"** and **"purchaser"** shall include the renunciation of a renounceable letter of allotment and the renounee under any such letter of allotment respectively;
 - (b) the expression **"Specified Price"** shall mean in respect of each Share a sum in cash equal to the highest price per Share offered or paid by the Proposed Purchaser:
 - (i) in the Proposed Transfer; or
 - (ii) in any related or previous transaction by the Proposed Purchaser or any person Acting in Concert with the Proposed Purchaser in the 12 months preceding the date of the Proposed Transfer,
 plus an amount equal to the Relevant Sum, as defined in Article 22.7 (c), of any other consideration (in cash or otherwise) paid or payable by the Proposed Purchaser or any other person Acting in Concert with the Proposed Purchaser,

which having regard to the substance of the transaction as a whole, can reasonably be regarded as an addition to the price paid or payable for the Shares, provided however that in the case of the Preferred Shares the "Specified Price" shall not be less per share than the Preference Amount (the **"Supplemental Consideration"**); and

(c) **Relevant Sum** = C + A

where: A = number of Equity Shares being sold in connection with the relevant Proposed Transfer;

C = the Supplemental Consideration.

23. Co-Sale right

23.1 Other than in connection with article 17.14, no transfer (other than a Permitted Transfer) of any of the Equity Shares held by a Manager may be made or validly unless the relevant Manager (a **"Selling Manager"**) shall have observed the following procedures of this Article.

23.2 After the Selling Manager has gone through the pre-emption process set out in Article 18, the Selling Manager shall give to each holder of Preferred Shares and each Existing Investor who has not taken up their pre-emptive rights under Article 18 (an **"Equity Holder"**) not less than 10 Business Days' notice in advance of the proposed sale (a **"Co-Sale Notice"**). The Co-Sale Notice shall specify:

- (a) the identity of the proposed purchaser (the **"Buyer"**);
- (b) the price per share which the Buyer is proposing to pay provided that in the case of the Preferred Shares the price per share shall not be less than the Preference Amount;
- (c) the manner in which the consideration is to be paid;
- (d) the number of Equity Shares which the Selling Manager proposes to sell; and
- (e) the address where the counter-notice should be sent.

23.3 Each Equity Holder shall be entitled within five Business Days after receipt of the Co-Sale Notice, to notify the Selling Manager that they wish to sell a certain number of Equity Shares held by them at the proposed sale price, by sending a counter-notice which shall specify the number of Equity Shares which such Equity Holder wishes to sell. The maximum number of shares which an Equity Holder can sell under this procedure shall be:

$$\left(\frac{X}{Y} \right) \times Z$$

where:

X is the number of Equity Shares held by the Equity Holder;

Y is the total number of Equity Shares;

Z is the number of Equity Shares the Selling Manager proposes to sell.

Any Equity Holder who does not send a counter-notice within such five Business Day period shall be deemed to have specified that they wish to sell no shares.

23.4 Following the expiry of five Business Days from the date the Equity Holders receive the Co-Sale Notice, the Selling Manager shall be entitled to sell to the Buyer on the terms notified to the Equity Holders a number of shares not exceeding the number specified in the Co-Sale Notice less any shares which Equity Holders have indicated they wish to sell, provided that at the same time the Buyer (or another person) purchases from the Equity Holders the number of shares they have respectively indicated they wish to sell on terms no less favourable than those obtained by the Selling Manager from the Buyer.

23.5 No sale by the Selling Manager shall be made pursuant to any Co-Sale Notice more than three months after service of that Co-Sale Notice.

23.6 Sales made in accordance with this Article 23 shall not be subject to Article 18.

24. Drag-along

24.1 If holders of 50.01% of the Equity Shares plus the Investor Majority (the "**Selling Shareholders**") wish to transfer all their interest in Shares (the "**Sellers' Shares**") to a Proposed Purchaser, the Selling Shareholders shall have the option (the "**Drag Along Option**") to require all the other holders of Shares (the "**Called Shareholders**") to sell and transfer all their Shares to the Proposed Purchaser or as the Proposed Purchaser shall direct in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

24.2 The Selling Shareholders may exercise the Drag Along Option by giving a written notice to that effect (a "**Drag Along Notice**") to the Company which the Company shall forthwith copy to the Called Shareholders at any time before the transfer of the Sellers' Shares to the Proposed Purchaser. A Drag Along Notice shall specify that the Called Shareholders are required to transfer all their Shares (the "**Called Shares**") under this Article, the person to whom they are to be transferred, the consideration for which the Called Shares are to be transferred (calculated in accordance with this Article) and the proposed date of transfer.

24.3 Drag Along Notices shall be irrevocable but will lapse if for any reason there is not a sale of the Sellers' Shares by the Selling Shareholders to the Proposed Purchaser within 40 Business Days after the date of service of the Drag Along Notice. The Selling Shareholders shall be entitled to serve further Drag Along Notices following the lapse of any particular Drag Along Notice.

24.4 The consideration (in cash or otherwise) for which the Called Shareholders shall be obliged to sell each of the Called Shares shall be that to which they would be entitled if the total consideration proposed to be paid by the Proposed Purchaser were distributed to the holders of the Called Shares and the Sellers' Shares in accordance with the provisions of Article 5.

24.5 No Drag Along Notice may require a Called Shareholder to agree to any terms except those specifically provided for in this Article.

24.6 Within five Business Days of the Proposed Purchaser serving a Drag Along Notice on the Called Shareholders, the Called Shareholders shall deliver stock transfer forms for their Shares in favour of the Proposed Purchaser or as the Proposed Purchaser shall direct, together with the relevant share certificate(s) (or an indemnity for any lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board) to the Company. On the expiration of that five Business Day period the Company shall pay the Called Shareholders, on behalf of the Proposed Purchaser, the amounts they are due pursuant to Article 24.4 to the extent the Proposed Purchaser has put the Company in the requisite funds. The

Company's receipt for the amounts due pursuant to Article 24.4 shall be a good discharge to the Purchaser. The Company shall hold the amounts due to the Called Shareholders pursuant to Article 24.4 in trust for the Called Shareholders without any obligation to pay interest.

- 24.7 To the extent that the Proposed Purchaser has not, on the expiration of such five Business Day period, put the Company in funds to pay the amounts due pursuant to Article 24.4, the Called Shareholders shall be entitled to the immediate return of the stock transfer forms and share certificate (or suitable indemnity) for the relevant Shares and the Called Shareholders shall have no further rights or obligations under this Article 24 in respect of their Shares.
- 24.8 If a Called Shareholder fails to deliver stock transfer forms and share certificates (or suitable indemnity) for its Shares to the Company upon the expiration of such five Business Day period, the Company and each Director shall be constituted the agent of such defaulting Called Shareholder for taking such actions as are necessary to effect the transfer of the Called Shareholder's Shares and the Directors shall, if requested by the Proposed Purchaser, authorise any Director to transfer the Called Shareholder's Shares on the Called Shareholder's behalf to the Proposed Purchaser (or its nominee(s)) to the extent the Proposed Purchaser has, at the expiration of that five Business Day period, put the Company in funds to pay the amounts due pursuant to Article 24.4 for the Called Shareholder's Shares offered to him. The Board shall then authorise registration of the transfer once appropriate stamp duty has been paid. The defaulting Called Shareholder shall surrender his share certificate for his Shares (or suitable indemnity) to the Company. On surrender, he shall be entitled to the amount due to him pursuant to Article 24.4.
- 24.9 Any transfer of Shares to a Proposed Purchaser (or as they may direct) pursuant to a sale in respect of which a Drag Along Notice has been duly served shall not be subject to the provisions of Article 18.
- 24.10 On any person, following the issue of a Drag Along Notice, becoming a Shareholder of the Company pursuant to the exercise of a pre-existing option to acquire shares in the Company or pursuant to the conversion of any convertible security of the Company (a "New Shareholder"), a Drag Along Notice shall be deemed to have been served on the New Shareholder on the same terms as the previous Drag Along Notice who shall then be bound to sell and transfer all Shares so acquired to the Proposed Purchaser or as the Proposed Purchaser may direct and the provisions of this Article shall apply with the necessary changes to the New Shareholder except that completion of the sale of the Shares shall take place immediately on the Drag Along Notice being deemed served on the New Shareholder.

25. General meetings

- 25.1 If the Directors are required by the Shareholders under section 303 of the Act to call a general meeting, the Directors shall convene the meeting for a date not later than 28 days after the date on which the Directors became subject to the requirement under section 303 of the Act.
- 25.2 The provisions of section 318 of the Act shall apply to the Company, save that if a quorum is not present at any meeting adjourned for the reason referred to in article 41 of the Model Articles, then, provided that the Qualifying Person present holds or represents the holder of at least 25 per cent in nominal value of the Shares, any resolution agreed to by such Qualifying Person shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed unanimously at a general meeting of the Company duly convened and held.

- 25.3 If any two or more Shareholders (or Qualifying Persons representing two or more Shareholders) attend the meeting in different locations, the meeting shall be treated as being held at the location specified in the notice of the meeting, save that if no one is present at that location so specified, the meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest number of Qualifying Persons is assembled or, if no such group can be identified, at the location of the chairman.
- 25.4 If a demand for a poll is withdrawn under article 44(3) of the Model Articles, the demand shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made and the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.
- 25.5 Polls must be taken in such manner as the chairman directs. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment must be held immediately. A poll demanded on any other question must be held either immediately or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than 14 days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded.
- 25.6 No notice need be given of a poll not held immediately if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
- 25.7 If the poll is to be held more than 48 hours after it was demanded the Shareholders shall be entitled to deliver Proxy Notices in respect of the poll at any time up to 24 hours before the time appointed for taking that poll. In calculating that period, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.

26. Proxies

- 26.1 Paragraph (c) of article 45(1) of the Model Articles shall be deleted and replaced by the words: "is signed by or on behalf of the shareholder appointing the proxy and accompanied by any the authority under which it is signed (or a certified copy of such authority or a copy of such authority in some other way approved by the directors)".
- 26.2 The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is signed or a certified copy of such authority or a copy in some other way approved by the Directors may:
- (a) be sent or supplied in hard copy form, or (subject to any conditions and limitations which the Board may specify) in electronic form, to the registered office of the Company or to such other address (including electronic address) as may be specified for this purpose in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy or any invitation to appoint a proxy sent or supplied by the Company in relation to the meeting at any time before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote;
 - (b) be delivered at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote to the chairman or to the company secretary or to any Director; or
 - (c) in the case of a poll, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the company secretary or to any Director, or at the time and place at which the poll is held to the Chairman or to the company secretary or to any Director or scrutineer,

and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.

27. Directors' borrowing powers

The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow or raise money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities as security for any debt, liability of obligation of the Company or of any third party.

28. Alternate Directors

28.1 Notwithstanding any provision of these Articles to the contrary, any person appointed as a Director (the "**Appointor**") may appoint any director or any other person as he thinks fit to be his alternate Director to:

- (a) exercise that Director's powers; and
- (b) carry out that Director's responsibilities in relation to the taking of decisions by the Directors in the absence of the alternate's Appointor.

The appointment of an alternate Director shall not require approval by a resolution of the Directors.

28.2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the Company signed by the Appointor, or in any other manner approved by the Directors.

28.3 The notice must:

- (a) identify the proposed alternate; and
- (b) in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that the proposed alternate is willing to act as the alternate of the Director giving the notice.

28.4 An alternate Director may act as an alternate to more than one Director and has the same rights, in relation to any Directors' meeting (including as to notice) or Directors' written resolution, as the alternate's Appointor.

28.5 Except as these Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:

- (a) are deemed for all purposes to be Directors;
- (b) are liable for their own acts and omissions;
- (c) are subject to the same restrictions as their Appointors; and
- (d) are not deemed to be agents of or for their Appointors,

and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of Directors and of all meetings of committees of Directors of which his Appointor is a member.

28.6 A person who is an alternate Director but not a Director:

- (a) may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is participating (but only if that person's Appointor is not participating); and

- (b) may sign a Directors' written resolution (but only if his Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision, but does not participate).

No alternate may be counted as more than one Director for such purposes.

- 28.7 A Director who is also an alternate Director is entitled, in the absence of his Appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of each Appointor, in addition to his own vote on any decision of the Directors (provided that his Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision).
- 28.8 An alternate Director is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an alternate Director, except such part of the alternate's Appointor's remuneration as the Appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the Company.
- 28.9 An alternate Director's appointment as an alternate shall terminate:
 - (a) when the alternate's Appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the Company in writing specifying when it is to terminate;
 - (b) on the occurrence in relation to the alternate of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's Appointor, would result in the termination of the Appointor's appointment as a Director;
 - (c) on the death of the alternate's Appointor; or
 - (d) when the alternate's Appointor's appointment as a Director terminates.

29. Number of Directors

Unless and until the Company shall otherwise determine by ordinary resolution, the number of Directors shall be not less than two.

30. Appointment of Directors

- 30.1 DN Capital shall be entitled to nominate one person to act as a Director of the Company by notice in writing addressed to the Company from time to time and the other holders of Shares shall not vote their Shares so as to remove those Directors from office. DN Capital shall be entitled to remove their nominated Director so appointed at any time by notice in writing to the Company served at its registered office and appoint another person to act in his place.
- 30.2 OINL and the Funds (acting by the Octopus Manager) shall be entitled to nominate one person to act as a Director of the Company by notice in writing addressed to the Company from time to time and the other holders of Shares shall not vote their Shares so as to remove those Directors from office. OINL and the Funds (acting by the Octopus Manager) shall be entitled to remove their nominated Director so appointed at any time by notice in writing to the Company served at its registered office and appoint another person to act in his place.
- 30.3 For so long as any of the Managers (i) hold any Shares and (ii) are employed by the Company (the "**Eligible Managers**"), the Eligible Managers shall, acting together by majority of the Shares held between them, have the right:
 - (a) to appoint and maintain in office two natural persons as the Eligible Managers may from time to time nominate as a director of the Company (and as a member of each and any committee of the Board) and to remove any director so appointed and, upon his removal whether by the Eligible Managers or otherwise, to appoint another director in his place;

- (b) appoint and maintain in office such additional natural person as the Eligible Managers may nominate, and with Investor Majority Consent, as a director of the Company (the "**Independent Director**") (and as a member of each and any committee of the Board) and to remove any director so appointed and, upon his removal to appoint another director in his place;
- 30.4 WIM on behalf of the Woodford Funds shall be entitled to nominate one person to act as a Director of the Company by notice in writing addressed to the Company from time to time and the other holders of Shares shall not vote their Shares so as to remove that Director from office. WIM on behalf of the Woodford Funds shall be entitled to remove its nominated Director so appointed at any time by notice in writing to the Company served at its registered office and appoint another person to act in his place.
 - 30.5 An appointment or removal of a Director under Article 30.1 to Article 30.3 (inclusive) will take effect at and from the time when the notice is received at the registered office of the Company or produced to a meeting of the directors of the Company.
 - 30.6 Any of the Investor Directors shall be entitled at his request to be appointed to any committee of the Board established from time to time and to the board of directors of any Subsidiary Undertaking.
 - 30.7 The Managers (acting together), OINL and the Funds (acting by the Octopus Manager), DN Capital and the Woodford Funds (acting by WIM) shall each be entitled to appoint one person to act as an observer to the Board. Each observer shall be entitled to attend and speak at all meetings of the Board and receive copies of all board papers as if he were a Director but shall not be entitled to vote on any resolutions proposed at a board meeting.
 - 30.8 All other directors of the Company other than the DN Capital Director, the Octopus Director, the two Manager Directors, the Independent Director and the Woodford Director shall be appointed by the majority of the Board, provided that majority includes a Manager Director and an Investor Director.
 - 30.9 Any appointment of a director under this Article 30 is in addition to the powers of appointment under article 17(1) of the Model Articles.

31. Disqualification of Directors

In addition to that provided in article 18 of the Model Articles, the office of a Director shall also be vacated if:

- (a) he is convicted of a criminal offence (other than a minor motoring offence) and the Directors resolve that his office be vacated; or
- (b) in the case of Directors other than a Investor Director, if a majority of his co-Directors serve notice on him in writing, removing him from office.

32. Proceedings of Directors

- 32.1 The quorum for Directors' meetings shall be three Directors who must include a Manager Director (if appointed), the Octopus Director (if appointed), the DN Capital Director (if appointed) and the Woodford Director (if appointed) (save that where a Relevant Interest of the Manager Director or Octopus Director or DN Capital Director or Woodford Director is being authorised by other Directors in accordance with section 175(5)(a) of the Act, such Manager Director or Octopus Director or DN Capital Director or Woodford Director and any other interested Director shall not be included in the quorum required for the purpose of such authorisation but shall otherwise be included for the purpose of forming the quorum at the meeting). If such a quorum is not present

within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting such quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or at such time and place as determined by the Directors present at such meeting and the Investor Directors. If a quorum is not present at any such adjourned meeting within half an hour from the time appointed, then the meeting shall proceed.

- 32.2 In the event that a meeting of the Directors is attended by a Director who is acting as alternate for one or more other Directors, the Director or Directors for whom he is the alternate shall be counted in the quorum despite their absence, and if on that basis there is a quorum the meeting may be held despite the fact (if it is the case) that only one Director is physically present.
- 32.3 If all the Directors participating in a meeting of the Directors are not physically in the same place, the meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of participants in number is assembled. In the absence of a majority the location of the chairman shall be deemed to be the place of the meeting.
- 32.4 Notice of a Directors' meeting need not be given to Directors who waive their entitlement to notice of that meeting, by giving notice to that effect to the Company at any time before or after the date on which the meeting is held. Where such notice is given after the meeting has been held, that does not affect the validity of the meeting, or of any business conducted at it.
- 32.5 Provided (if these Articles so require) that he has declared to the Directors, in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the nature and extent of his interest (and subject to any restrictions on voting or counting in a quorum imposed by the Directors in authorising a Relevant Interest, a Director may vote at a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has an interest, whether a direct or an indirect interest, or in relation to which he has a duty and shall also be counted in reckoning whether a quorum is present at such a meeting.
- 32.6 Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of any equality of votes, the chairman shall not have a second or casting vote.
- 32.7 If the chairman of the Board has not been appointed within three months of the Date of Adoption or within three months of the resignation of a chairman the Investor Majority shall be entitled to appoint a chairman by notice in writing addressed to the Company. Article 12 of the Model Articles shall be modified accordingly.
- 32.8 A decision of the Directors may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing (including confirmation given by electronic means). Reference in article 7(1) of the Model Articles to article 8 of the Model Articles shall be deemed to include a reference to this article also.

33. Directors' interests

Specific interests of a Director

- 33.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act and provided (if these Articles so require) that he has declared to the Directors in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the nature and extent of his interest, a Director may (save as to the extent not permitted by law from time to time), notwithstanding his office, have an interest of the following kind:

- (a) where a Director (or a person connected with him) is party to or in any way directly or indirectly interested in, or has any duty in respect of, any existing or proposed contract, arrangement or transaction with the Company or any other undertaking in which the Company is in any way interested;
- (b) where a Director (or a person connected with him) is a director, employee or other officer of, or a party to any contract, arrangement or transaction with, or in any way interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested;
- (c) where a Director (or a person connected with him) is a shareholder in the Company or a shareholder in, employee, director, member or other officer of, or consultant to, a Parent Undertaking of, or a Subsidiary Undertaking of a Parent Undertaking of, the Company;
- (d) where a Director (or a person connected with him) holds and is remunerated in respect of any office or place of profit (other than the office of auditor) in respect of the Company or body corporate in which the Company is in any way interested;
- (e) where a Director is given a guarantee, or is to be given a guarantee, in respect of an obligation incurred by or on behalf of the Company or any body corporate in which the Company is in any way interested;
- (f) where a Director (or a person connected with him or of which he is a member or employee) acts (or any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested of which he is a director, employee or other officer may act) in a professional capacity for the Company or any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is in any way interested (other than as auditor) whether or not he or it is remunerated for this;
- (g) an interest which cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest; or
- (h) any other interest authorised by ordinary resolution.

Interests of an Investor Director

33.2 In addition to the provisions of Article 33.1, subject to the provisions of the Act and provided (if these Articles so require) that he has declared to the Directors in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the nature and extent of his interest, where a Director is an Investor Director he may (save as to the extent not permitted by law from time to time), notwithstanding his office, have an interest arising from any duty he may owe to, or interest he may have as an employee, director, trustee, member, partner, officer or representative of, or a consultant to, or direct or indirect investor (including without limitation by virtue of a carried interest, remuneration or incentive arrangements or the holding of securities) in:

- (a) an Investor Fund Manager;
- (b) any of the funds advised or managed by an Investor Fund Manager from time to time; or
- (c) another body corporate or firm in which an Investor Fund Manager or any fund advised by such Fund Manager has directly or indirectly invested, including without limitation any portfolio companies.

Interests of which a Director is not aware

- 33.3 For the purposes of this Article 33, an interest of which a Director is not aware and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to be aware shall not be treated as an interest of his.

Accountability of any benefit and validity of a contract

- 33.4 In any situation permitted by this Article 33 (save as otherwise agreed by him) a Director shall not by reason of his office be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from that situation and no such contract, arrangement or transaction shall be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit.

Terms and conditions of Board authorisation

- 33.5 Subject to Article 33.6, any authority given in accordance with section 175(5)(a) of the Act in respect of a Director ("**Interested Director**") who has proposed that the Directors authorise his interest ("**Relevant Interest**") pursuant to that section may, for the avoidance of doubt:

- (a) be given on such terms and subject to such conditions or limitations as may be imposed by the authorising Directors as they see fit from time to time, including, without limitation:
 - (i) restricting the Interested Director from voting on any resolution put to a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors in relation to the Relevant Interest;
 - (ii) restricting the Interested Director from being counted in the quorum at a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors where such Relevant Interest is to be discussed; or
 - (iii) restricting the application of the provisions in Articles 33.7 and 33.8, so far as is permitted by law, in respect of such Interested Director; or
- (b) be withdrawn, or varied at any time by the Directors entitled to authorise the Relevant Situation as they see fit from time to time,

subject to Article 33.6, an Interested Director must act in accordance with any such terms, conditions or limitations imposed by the authorising Directors pursuant to section 175(5)(a) of the Act and this Article 33.

Terms and conditions of Board authorisation for a Investor Director

- 33.6 Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Article 33, it shall not (save with the consent in writing of a Investor Director) be made a condition of any authorisation of a matter in relation to that Investor Director in accordance with section 175(5)(a) of the Act, that he shall be restricted from voting or counting in the quorum at any meeting of, or of any committee of the Directors or that he shall be required to disclose, use or apply confidential information as contemplated in Article 33.8.

Director's duty of confidentiality to a person other than the Company

- 33.7 Subject to Article 33.8 (and without prejudice to any equitable principle or rule of law which may excuse or release the Director from disclosing information, in circumstances where disclosure may otherwise be required under this Article 33), if a Director, otherwise than by virtue of his position as director, receives information in respect of

which he owes a duty of confidentiality to a person other than the Company, he shall not be required:

- (a) to disclose such information to the Company or to any Director, or to any officer or employee of the Company; or
- (b) otherwise to use or apply such confidential information for the purpose of or in connection with the performance of his duties as a Director.

33.8 Where such duty of confidentiality arises out of a situation in which a Director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company, Article 33.7 shall apply only if the conflict arises out of a matter which falls within Article 33.1 or Article 33.2 or has been authorised under section 175(5)(a) of the Act.

Additional steps to be taken by a Director to manage a conflict of interest

33.9 Where a Director has an interest which can reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest, the Director may take such additional steps as may be necessary or desirable for the purpose of managing such conflict of interest, including compliance with any procedures laid down from time to time by the Directors for the purpose of managing conflicts of interest generally and/or any specific procedures approved by the Directors for the purpose of or in connection with the situation or matter in question, including without limitation:

- (a) absenting himself from any discussions, whether in meetings of the Directors or otherwise, at which the relevant situation or matter falls to be considered; and
- (b) excluding himself from documents or information made available to the Directors generally in relation to such situation or matter and/or arranging for such documents or information to be reviewed by a professional adviser to ascertain the extent to which it might be appropriate for him to have access to such documents or information.

Requirement of a Director is to declare an interest

33.10 Subject to section 182 of the Act, a Director shall declare the nature and extent of any interest permitted by Article 33.1 or Article 33.2 at a meeting of the Directors, or by general notice in accordance with section 184 (notice in writing) or section 185 (general notice) of the Act or in such other manner as the Directors may determine, except that no declaration of interest shall be required by a Director in relation to an interest:

- (a) falling under Article 33.1(g);
- (b) if, or to the extent that, the other Directors are already aware of such interest (and for this purpose the other Directors are treated as aware of anything of which they ought reasonably to be aware); or
- (c) if, or to the extent that, it concerns the terms of his service contract (as defined by section 227 of the Act) that have been or are to be considered by a meeting of the Directors, or by a committee of Directors appointed for the purpose under these Articles.

Shareholder approval

33.11 Subject to section 239 of the Act, the Company may by ordinary resolution ratify any contract, transaction or arrangement, or other proposal, not properly authorised by reason of a contravention of any provisions of this Article 33.

31.12 For the purposes of this Article 33:

- (a) a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties;
- (b) the provisions of section 252 of the Act shall determine whether a person is connected with a Director; and
- (c) a general notice to the Directors that a Director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the Director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified.

34. Notices

34.1 Subject to the requirements set out in the Act, any notice given or document sent or supplied to or by any person under these Articles, or otherwise sent by the Company under the Act, may be given, sent or supplied:

- (a) in hard copy form;
- (b) in electronic form; or
- (c) (by the Company) by means of a website (other than notices calling a meeting of Directors),

or partly by one of these means and partly by another of these means.

Notices shall be given and documents supplied in accordance with the procedures set out in the Act, except to the extent that a contrary provision is set out in this Article 34.

Notices in hard copy form

34.2 Any notice or other document in hard copy form given or supplied under these Articles may be delivered or sent by first class post (airmail if overseas):

- (a) to the Company or any other company at its registered office;
- (b) to the address notified to or by the Company for that purpose;
- (c) in the case of an intended recipient who is a member or his legal personal representative or trustee in bankruptcy, to such member's address as shown in the Company's register of members;
- (d) in the case of an intended recipient who is a Director or alternate, to his address as shown in the register of Directors;
- (e) to any other address to which any provision of the Companies Acts (as defined in the Act) authorises the document or information to be sent or supplied; or

- (f) where the Company is the sender, if the Company is unable to obtain an address falling within one of the addresses referred to in (a) to (e) above, to the intended recipient's last address known to the Company.

34.3 Any notice or other document in hard copy form given or supplied under these Articles shall be deemed to have been served and be effective:

- (a) if delivered, at the time of delivery; and
- (b) if posted, on receipt or 48 hours after the time it was posted, whichever occurs first.

Notices in electronic form

34.4 Subject to the provisions of the Act, any notice or other document in electronic form given or supplied under these Articles may:

- (a) if sent by fax or email (provided that a fax number or an address for email has been notified to or by the Company for that purpose), be sent by the relevant form of communication to that address;
- (b) if delivered or sent by first class post (airmail if overseas) in an electronic form (such as sending a disk by post), be so delivered or sent as if in hard copy form under Article 34.2; or
- (c) be sent by such other electronic means (as defined in section 1168 of the Act) and to such address(es) as the Company may specify:
 - (i) on its website from time to time; or
 - (ii) by notice (in hard copy or electronic form) to all members of the Company from time to time.

34.5 Any notice or other document in electronic form given or supplied under these Articles shall be deemed to have been served and be effective:

- (a) if sent by facsimile or email (where a fax number or an address for email has been notified to or by the Company for that purpose), on receipt or 48 hours after the time it was sent, whichever occurs first;
- (b) if posted in an electronic form, on receipt or 48 hours after the time it was posted, whichever occurs first;
- (c) if delivered in an electronic form, at the time of delivery; and
- (d) if sent by any other electronic means as referred to in Article 34.4(c), at the time such delivery is deemed to occur under the Act.

34.6 Where the Company is able to show that any notice or other document given or sent under these Articles by electronic means was properly addressed with the electronic address supplied by the intended recipient, the giving or sending of that notice or other document shall be effective notwithstanding any receipt by the Company at any time of notice either that such method of communication has failed or of the intended recipient's non-receipt.

Notice by means of a website

- 34.7 Subject to the provisions of the Act, any notice or other document or information to be given, sent or supplied by the Company to Shareholders under these Articles may be given, sent or supplied by the Company by making it available on the Company's website.

General

- 34.8 In the case of joint holders of a share all notices shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members of the Company in respect of the joint holding (the "Primary Holder"). Notice so given shall constitute notice to all the joint holders.
- 34.9 Anything agreed or specified by the Primary Holder in relation to the service, sending or supply of notices, documents or other information shall be treated as the agreement or specification of all the joint holders in their capacity as such (whether for the purposes of the Act or otherwise).

35. Indemnities and Insurance

- 35.1 Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by, the Act:

(a) every Director or other officer of the Company (excluding the Company's auditors) shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company (and the Company shall also be able to indemnify directors of any associated company (as defined in section 256 of the Act)) out of the Company's assets against all liabilities incurred by him in the actual or purported execution or discharge of his duties or the exercise or purported exercise of his powers or otherwise in relation to or in connection with his duties, powers or office, provided that no director of the Company or any associated company is indemnified by the Company against:

- (i) any liability incurred by the director to the Company or any associated company;
- (ii) any liability incurred by the director to pay a fine imposed in criminal proceedings or a sum payable to a regulatory authority by way of a penalty in respect of non-compliance with any requirements of a regulatory nature; or
- (iii) any liability incurred by the director:
 - (A) in defending any criminal proceedings in which he is convicted;
 - (B) In defending civil proceedings brought by the Company or any associated company in which final judgment (within the meaning set out in section 234 of the Act) is given against him; or
 - (C) in connection with any application under sections 661(3) or 661(4) or 1157 of the Act (as the case may be) for which the court refuses to grant him relief,

save that, in respect of a provision indemnifying a director of a company (whether or not the Company) that is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as that term is used in section 235 of the Act) against liability incurred in connection with that company's activities as trustee of the scheme, the

Company shall also be able to indemnify any such director without the restrictions in Articles 35.1(a)(i), 35.1(a)(iii)(B) and 35.1(a)(iii)(C) applying;

- (b) the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to purchase and maintain insurance for any such Director or other officer against any liability which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to him in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust of which he may be guilty in relation to the Company, or any associated company including (if he is a director of a company which is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme) in connection with that company's activities as trustee of an occupational pension scheme.

35.2 The Company shall (at the cost of the Company) effect and maintain for each Director policies of insurance insuring each Director against risks in relation to his office as each director may reasonably specify including without limitation, any liability which by virtue of any rule of law may attach to him in respect of any negligence, default of duty or breach of trust of which he may be guilty in relation to the Company.

36. Data Protection

36.1 Each of the Shareholders and Directors consent to the processing of their personal data by the Company, the Shareholders and Directors (each a "**Recipient**") for the purpose of due diligence exercises, compliance with applicable laws, regulations and procedures and the exchange of information among themselves. A Recipient may process the personal data either electronically or manually. The personal data which may be processed under this Article shall include any information which may have a bearing on the prudence or commercial merits of investing, or disposing of any shares (or other investment or security) in the Company. Other than as required by law, court order or other regulatory authority, that personal data may not be disclosed by a Recipient or any other person except to a Member of the same Group ("**Recipient Group Companies**") and to employees, directors and professional advisers of that Recipient or the Recipient Group Companies and funds managed by any of the Recipient Group Companies. Each of the Shareholders and Directors consent to the transfer of relevant personal data to persons acting on behalf of the Recipient and to the offices of any Recipient both within and outside the European Economic Area for the purposes stated above, where it is necessary or desirable to do so.

37. Secretary

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may appoint a secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

38. Lien

38.1 The Company shall have a first and paramount lien (the "**Company's Lien**") over every Share not fully paid for all and any indebtedness of any holder of it to the Company (whether a sole holder or one of two or more joint holders), whether or not that indebtedness or liability is in respect of the Shares concerned and whether or not it is presently payable.

38.2 The Company's Lien over a Share:

- (a) shall take priority over any third party's interest in that Share; and
- (b) extends to any dividend or other money payable by the Company in respect of that Share and (if the lien is enforced and the Share is sold by the Company) the proceeds of sale of that Share.

The Directors may at any time decide that a Share which is, or would otherwise be, subject to the Company's Lien shall not be subject to it, either wholly or in part.

38.3 Subject to the provisions of this Article 38, if:

- (a) a notice complying with Article 38.4 (a "**Lien Enforcement Notice**") has been given by the Company in respect of a Share; and
- (b) the person to whom the notice was given has failed to comply with it,

the Company shall be entitled to sell that Share in such manner as the Directors decide.

38.4 A Lien Enforcement Notice:

- (a) may only be given by the Company in respect of a Share which is subject to the Company's Lien, in respect of which a sum is payable and the due date for payment of that sum has passed;
- (b) must specify the Share concerned;
- (c) must require payment of the sum payable within 14 days of the notice;
- (d) must be addressed either to the holder of the Share or to a person entitled to it by reason of the holder's death, bankruptcy or otherwise; and
- (e) must state the Company's intention to sell the Share if the notice is not complied with.

38.5 Where any Share is sold pursuant to this Article 38:

- (a) the Directors may authorise any person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Share to the purchaser or a person nominated by the purchaser; and
- (b) the transferee shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, and the transferee's title shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the sale.

38.6 The net proceeds of any such sale (after payment of the costs of sale and any other costs of enforcing the lien) must be applied:

- (a) first, in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as was payable at the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice; and
- (b) secondly, to the person entitled to the Share at the date of the sale, but only after the certificate for the Share sold has been surrendered to the Company for cancellation or an indemnity for lost certificate in a form acceptable to the Board has been given for any lost certificate, and subject to a lien equivalent to the Company's Lien for any money payable (whether or not it is presently payable) as existing upon the Share before the sale in respect of all Shares registered in the name of that person (whether as the sole registered holder or as one of several joint holders) after the date of the Lien Enforcement Notice.

38.7 A statutory declaration by a Director or the company secretary that the declarant is a Director or the company secretary and that a Share has been sold to satisfy the Company's Lien on a specified date:

- (a) shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share; and
- (b) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by these Articles or by law, shall constitute a good title to the Share.

39. Call Notices

39.1 Subject to these Articles and the terms on which Shares are allotted, the Directors may send a notice (a "**Call Notice**") to a Shareholder requiring the Shareholder to pay the Company a specified sum of money (a "**call**") which is payable to the Company by that Shareholder when the Directors decide to send the Call Notice.

39.2 A Call Notice:

- (a) may not require a Shareholder to pay a call which exceeds the total sum unpaid on that Shareholder's Shares (whether as to the Share's nominal value or any sum payable to the Company by way of premium);
- (b) shall state when and how any call to which it relates it is to be paid; and
- (c) may permit or require the call to be paid by instalments.

39.3 A Shareholder shall comply with the requirements of a Call Notice, but no Shareholder shall be obliged to pay any call before 14 days have passed since the notice was sent.

39.4 Before the Company has received any call due under a Call Notice the Directors may:

- (a) revoke it wholly or in part; or
- (b) specify a later time for payment than is specified in the Call Notice, by a further notice in writing to the Shareholder in respect of whose Shares the call is made.

39.5 Liability to pay a call shall not be extinguished or transferred by transferring the Shares in respect of which it is required to be paid. Joint holders of a Share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of that Share.

39.6 Subject to the terms on which Shares are allotted, the Directors may, when issuing Shares, provide that Call Notices sent to the holders of those Shares may require them to:

- (a) pay calls which are not the same; or
- (b) pay calls at different times.

39.7 A Call Notice need not be issued in respect of sums which are specified, in the terms on which a Share is issued, as being payable to the Company in respect of that Share (whether in respect of nominal value or premium):

- (a) on allotment;
- (b) on the occurrence of a particular event; or
- (c) on a date fixed by or in accordance with the terms of issue.

39.8 If the due date for payment of such a sum as referred to in Article 37.7 has passed and it has not been paid, the holder of the Share concerned shall be treated in all respects

as having failed to comply with a Call Notice in respect of that sum, and shall be liable to the same consequences as regards the payment of interest and forfeiture.

39.9 If a person is liable to pay a call and fails to do so by the Call Payment Date (as defined below):

- (a) the Directors may issue a notice of intended forfeiture to that person; and
- (b) until the call is paid, that person shall be required to pay the Company interest on the call from the call payment date at the Relevant Rate (as defined below).

39.10 For the purposes of Article 39.9:

- (a) the **"Call Payment Date"** shall be the time when the call notice states that a call is payable, unless the Directors give a notice specifying a later date, in which case the **"Call Payment Date"** is that later date;

- (b) the **"Relevant Rate"** shall be:

- (i) the rate fixed by the terms on which the Share in respect of which the call is due was allotted;
- (ii) such other rate as was fixed in the Call Notice which required payment of the call, or has otherwise been determined by the Directors; or
- (iii) If no rate is fixed in either of these ways, five per cent. a year,

provided that the Relevant Rate shall not exceed by more than five percentage points the base lending rate most recently set by the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England in connection with its responsibilities under Part 2 of the Bank of England Act 1998(a).

39.11 The Directors may waive any obligation to pay interest on a call wholly or in part.

39.12 The Directors may accept full payment of any unpaid sum in respect of a Share despite payment not being called under a Call Notice.

40. Forfeiture of Shares

40.1 A notice of intended forfeiture:

- (a) may be sent in respect of any Share in respect of which a call has not been paid as required by a Call Notice;
- (b) shall be sent to the holder of that Share or to a person entitled to it by reason of the holder's death, bankruptcy or otherwise;
- (c) shall require payment of the call and any accrued interest and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment by a date which is not fewer than 14 days after the date of the notice;
- (d) shall state how the payment is to be made; and
- (e) shall state that if the notice is not complied with, the Shares in respect of which the call is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

40.2 If a notice of intended forfeiture is not complied with before the date by which payment of the call is required in the notice of intended forfeiture, then the Directors may decide

that any Share in respect of which it was given is forfeited, and the forfeiture is to include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited Shares and not paid before the forfeiture.

40.3 Subject to these articles, the forfeiture of a Share extinguishes:

- (a) all interests in that Share, and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of it; and
- (b) all other rights and liabilities incidental to the Share as between the person whose Share it was prior to the forfeiture and the Company.

40.4 Any Share which is forfeited in accordance with these Articles:

- (a) shall be deemed to have been forfeited when the Directors decide that it is forfeited;
- (b) shall be deemed to be the property of the Company; and
- (c) may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of as the Directors think fit.

40.5 If a person's Shares have been forfeited then:

- (a) the Company shall send that person notice that forfeiture has occurred and record it in the register of members;
- (b) that person shall cease to be a Shareholder in respect of those Shares;
- (c) that person shall surrender the certificate for the Shares forfeited to the Company for cancellation;
- (d) that person shall remain liable to the Company for all sums payable by that person under the articles at the date of forfeiture in respect of those Shares, including any interest (whether accrued before or after the date of forfeiture); and
- (e) the Directors shall be entitled to waive payment of such sums wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the Shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal.

40.6 At any time before the Company disposes of a forfeited Share, the Directors shall be entitled to decide to cancel the forfeiture on payment of all calls and interest and expenses due in respect of it and on such other terms as they think fit.

40.7 If a forfeited Share is to be disposed of by being transferred, the Company shall be entitled to receive the consideration for the transfer and the Directors shall be entitled to authorise any person to execute the instrument of transfer.

40.8 A statutory declaration by a Director or the company secretary that the declarant is a Director or the company secretary and that a Share has been forfeited on a specified date:

- (a) shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the Share; and
- (b) subject to compliance with any other formalities of transfer required by the articles or by law, constitutes a good title to the Share.

40.9 A person to whom a forfeited Share is transferred shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration (if any) nor shall that person's title to the Share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the process leading to the forfeiture or transfer of the Share.

40.10 If the Company sells a forfeited Share, the person who held it prior to its forfeiture shall be entitled to receive the proceeds of such sale from the Company, net of any commission, and excluding any sum which:

(a) was, or would have become, payable; and

(b) had not, when that Share was forfeited, been paid by that person in respect of that Share,

but no interest shall be payable to such a person in respect of such proceeds and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned on such proceeds.

41. Surrender of Shares

41.1 A Shareholder shall be entitled to surrender any Share:

(a) in respect of which the Directors issue a notice of intended forfeiture;

(b) which the Directors forfeit; or

(c) which has been forfeited.

The Directors shall be entitled to accept the surrender of any such Share.

41.2 The effect of surrender on a Share shall be the same as the effect of forfeiture on that Share.

41.3 The Company shall be entitled to deal with a Share which has been surrendered in the same way as a Share which has been forfeited.

42. Put Option

Each C Ordinary Shareholder shall have the right for the period of 20 Business Days following the issue to them of C Ordinary Shares to require the Company (or such third party as the Company shall direct) to purchase his entire holding (but not some only) of the C Ordinary Shares for two thousand British Pounds (the "Put Option") on the terms of this Article 42. The procedure for exercising and completing the sale and purchase pursuant to the Put Option is as follows:

(a) Any C Ordinary Shareholder wishing to exercise the Put Option shall only be able to do so by serving written notice of his intention on the Company (the "Put Notice");

(b) Within twenty (20) Business Days (the "Completion Date") of service of a Put Notice the Company shall (conditional upon receipt of all requisite documentation from the relevant C Ordinary Shareholder) acquire (to the extent it is lawfully able to do so) and the C Ordinary Shareholder shall sell all of the relevant C Ordinary Shareholder's C Ordinary Shares for an aggregate sum of GBP 2,000 (and shall take and procure the taking of all actions necessary and/or ancillary in relation thereto to complete such purchase). If the Company is not able to acquire such Shares at such price for whatever reason (or otherwise defaults in so doing on the Completion Date) the Company shall procure that a third party will, within 5 Business Days of the Completion Date

acquire the relevant C Ordinary Shareholder's C Ordinary Shares (and the Company shall take and procure the taking of all actions necessary and/or ancillary in relation thereto to complete such purchase).